Win the War

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

FINAL EDITION

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SHUTDOWN NOW IN FORCE

BERLIN DENIES RUSS DEMANDS ON U. S. RULING

Rights of a Republic Now Raised in the Peace Parley.

(By the Associated Press.)

BERLIN, via London, Jan. 17.—The central powers have refused as "one sided" the Russian demands concerning the self-determination of the peoples in occupied territories, which have declared independence of Russian rule.

The Teutonic allies base their refusal on a decision of the United States Supreme court in 1808: "That the sovereign rights of the United States must be recognized as having fully and completely existed from the day of the announcement of its independence, that is to say, as from the 4th of July, 1776, quite independent of its recognition on the part of England in the treaty of the year 1782."

Urges Verbal Discussions.

Dr. von Kuehlmann announced that the central powers had decided to reply verbally in formulated form to the formulated proposals of the Russian delegation. He urged that the present method of drawing up formulated documents wasted much time and led to little progress.

He advised that they talk matters over in the future, entrusting their paper drafts to one representative from each side. These two representatives should form an editorial committee, who should reach an understanding between themselves in ascertaining and setting down points of difference.

The Teutons' Reply.

The reply of the central powers was then read, as follows:

"The proposals of the Russian delegation with regard to the development of matters in regions of Russia occupied by the central powers diverge to such a degree from the views of the central powers that in their present form they must be characterized as inacceptable. They do not possess the character of an attitude of compromise for which the central powers have striven, but represent a one-sided Russian demand which excludes the just basis of the opposite party being taken into consideration.

"In spite of that, the central powers are prepared again to give a clearly formulated expression of their opinions upon pending questions, this time in a formulated manner, and also to try to find out if the compromise striven for by them offers any prospect of realization.

Four Transition Stages.

"One portion of the territories occupied by the central powers is dealt with in article 1 of the German draft. This matter has been deliberated upon and requires no further discussion. The question according to which—[blank in the wireless dispatch received by the British admiralty]—state life should be granted was purely a temporary organization and had four stages: (1) The time between the conclusion of peace with Russia and the termination of Russian demobilization; (2) the time between the Russian peace and a general peace; (3) the time for the transition stage of the new peoples; (4) the finally definitive stage which the new states require for the complete installation of their state organization.

Apart from General Peace.

"It must be repeatedly pointed out that for the central powers, as distinct from the case of Russia, the conclusion of peace with Russia by no means has any connection with a general peace, and that the central powers will be compelled to continue the war against their other enemies. On the other hand, the Russian government declares again to the allied (Teutonic) delegation that it is of the opinion that the existing constitutional organizations of newly created states may be considered for the present fully competent to express the will of wide circles of the people.

"Of great importance for the question [blank in the wireless dispatch] of the individuality of a state is the decision reached by the Supreme court law and given at Washington in the year 1808."

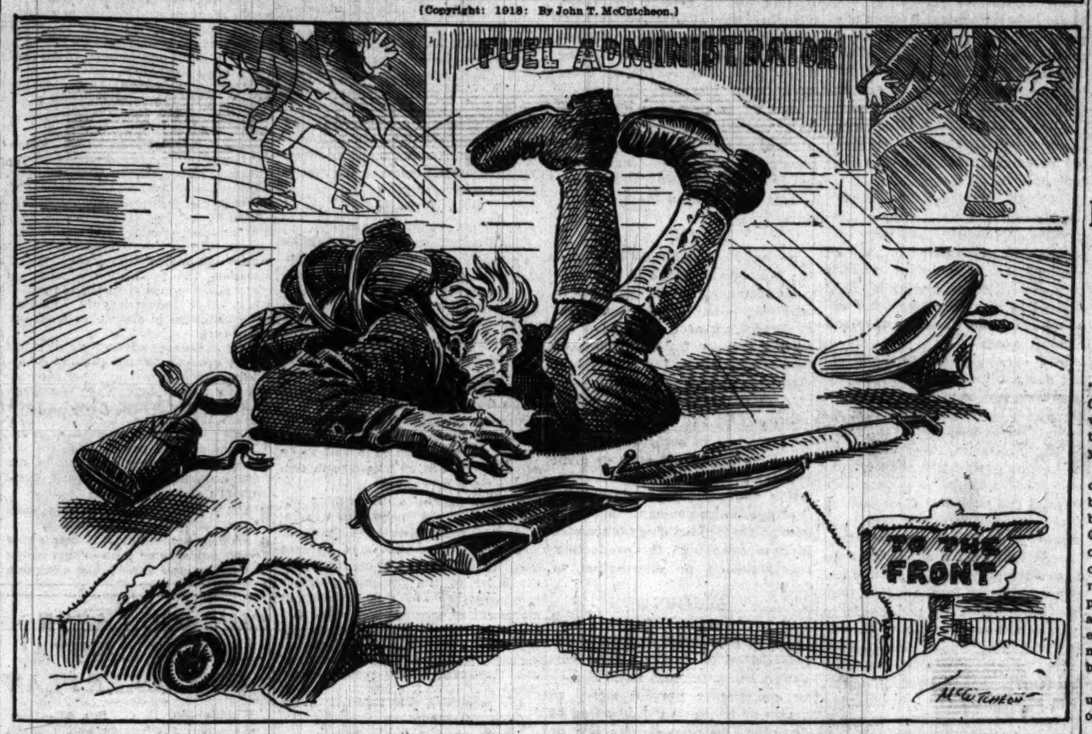
Old Empire Frontiers Gone.

The reply then quotes the United States Supreme court decision given above. Continuing, the reply says:

"The delegation takes note of the declaration 'that the Russian government, from the fact that the occupied

(Continued on page 11, column 1.)

EITHER LACK OF FORESIGHT; OR SOMEONE LEFT THE COAL HOLE OPEN



LATE NEWS BULLETINS

LONDON, Jan. 17.—The following official communication dealing with aviation was issued this evening:

"In spite of very bad weather Wednesday night bombs were dropped on large railway sidings at Bernsdorff, thirty miles southeast of Metz and on the railway south of Metz. All our machines returned."

BASEL, Jan. 17.—Basel newspapers publish detailed accounts of Monday's raid by British airmen on the German city of Karlsruhe. One report says that at least ten machines were counted. Bombs rained on the town during several minutes and the noise of the explosions was heard in villages several miles away. Firemen speedily mastered the fires which occurred. Several British and French officers among the many hostages which the military authorities have assembled in the city are stated to have been killed. The utmost indignation, it is said, prevails among the population.

MADRID, Jan. 17.—Unrest due to the high cost of living is daily growing in intensity. Disturbances have occurred at Barcelona and Malaga, where crowds of men and women stormed and ransacked the warehouses in the harbor. Two women and one man were killed and fourteen injured. Peace has been restored, but industry is paralyzed and the town is patroled by troops. A general stoppage of industry is also reported from Valencia.

SPLIT IN IRISH CONVENTION IS GROWING WIDER

DUBLIN, Jan. 17.—The situation as regards the Irish convention, which body after a further discussion yesterday of the report of its grand committee, adjourned until today, is at a critical stage, and according to the view current here the prospects of even a modified form of substantial agreement have receded.

The hope of an agreement taking in all Ireland, including Ulster, has been virtually abandoned, as the Ulster Unionist newspapers, which are believed to be well acquainted with the sentiments of the leading Ulster representatives, have replied to the recent urgent demands of the London press for an agreement by the declaration: "We cannot and will not be ruled by a Dublin parliament."

Besides, however, uniting in an agreement for home rule the Nationalists and Unionists of the south and west of Ireland, the convention has brought into line other elements such as the Dublin chamber of commerce, which, apart from politics, is interested in a settlement on commercial grounds

SENATORS DRAW ACTS REMOLDING WAR MACHINERY

Director of Munitions and War Council Provided.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—Framing of legislation contemplating drastic changes in the government's war machinery, including creation of an American war council similar to those of England and France and a director of munitions, was begun today by the senate military committee.

Two bills—one proposing the war council of five members, including the secretaries of war and navy and three civilians appointed by the president, and a second to centralize munitions control in a director of munitions—were prepared today by a subcommittee consisting of Chairman Chamberlain and Senators Hitchcock and Wadsworth. The munitions director measure it is planned to present to the full committee tomorrow and immediately introduce it in the senate.

Agree on Both Bills.

Chairman Chamberlain announced that the committee virtually had agreed upon the two bills in lieu of his measure for a separate department of munitions with a new cabinet member. The attitude of the administration toward them has not been disclosed. President Wilson and Secretary Baker opposed the original Chamberlain bill.

The plan of the committee for the war council is to have it under the president but wholly independent of the cabinet.

"It would sit with and advise the president in forming broad war policies, similar to the British war cabinet and the French war ministry," Senator Chamberlain said.

Like British Measure.

The bill to establish a director of munitions is modeled after the British law. The committee proposes that the director should be subordinate only to the war council and the president and not the cabinet, taking over many supply functions of the war, navy, shipbuilding, and other branches. The director would have control of all war supplies, their production, purchase, transportation, and distribution.

It is intended that the president shall appoint the war council members and also the director of munitions, subject to confirmation by the senate.

DR. GARFIELD EXPLAINS ORDER; "THIS IS WAR," HE EXCLAIMS

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—Fuel Administrator Garfield's statement, issued this evening in explanation of his shutdown order, follows:

The most urgent thing to be done is to send to the American forces abroad and to the allies the food and war supplies which they vitally need. War munitions, food, manufactured articles of every description, lying in Atlantic ports in tens of thousands of tons, where literally hundreds of ships, loaded with war goods for our men and the allies, cannot take the seas because their bunkers are empty of coal. The coal to send them on their way is waiting behind the congested freight that has jammed all terminals.

It is worse than useless to bend our energies to more manufacturing when what we have already manufactured lies at tidewater congesting terminal facilities, jamming the railroad yards and sidetracks for long distances back into the country. No power on earth can move this freight into the war zone where it is needed until we supply the ships with fuel.

Once the docks are cleared of the valuable freight for which our men and associates in the war now wait in vain, then again our energies and power may be turned to manufacturing, more efficient than ever, so that a steady and uninterrupted stream of vital supplies may be this nation's answer to the allies' "cry for help."

It has been excess of production, in our wartime speeding up, that has done so much to cause congestion on our railroads; that has filled the freight yards to overflowing; that has cluttered the docks of our Atlantic ports with goods waiting to go abroad. At tidewater the flood of freight has stopped. The ships were unable to complete the journey from our factories to the war depots behind the firing line.

Added to this has been difficulty of transporting coal for our own domestic needs.

On top of these difficulties has come one of the most terribly severe winters we have known in years.

The wheels were choked and stopped; zero weather and snowbound trains; terminals congested; harbors with shipping frozen in; rivers and canals unpassable—it was useless to continue manufacture and pile confusion on top of confusion.

A clear line from the manufacturing establishments to the seaboard and beyond; that was the imperative need. It was like soldiers marching to the front. The men in the foremost ranks must have room to move.

More than a shock was needed to make a way through that congestion at the terminals and on the docks so that the aid so vitally needed by the allies could get through.

The incidental effect of this transportation situation on coal production has been disastrous. There is and always has been plenty of fuel, but it cannot be moved to those places where it is so badly needed while railroad lines and terminals are choked.

Throughout the coal fields scores, even hundreds, of mines are lying idle because of railroad inability to supply the cars to carry away their product. Coal mines cannot operate without cars. Cars cannot be supplied while the railroads are crippled by the present freight congestion, which keeps idle cars lying useless in the freight yards.

In the last week the production of coal has been disastrously reduced. Reports in some cases have shown 90 per cent of the mines in certain fields closed completely for lack of cars.

This is war. Whatever the cost we must pay so that in the face of the enemy there can never be the reproach that we held back from doing our full share. Those ships laden with our supplies of food for men and food for guns must have coal and put to sea.

THE WAR

Bolsheviki capture towns in Siberia and disarm Cossacks and guards. Premier Lenine of Russia orders arrest and imprisonment of the king of Roumania. Teutons refuse to withdraw troops from occupied territories of Russia while the war continues.

Rome reports repulse of desperate Austrian attacks on lower Piave. Italians take 119 prisoners and 500 rifles. Enemy dead litter field.

Do Six Days' Work in Five, Plan Put Up to the Unions

"Save the extra day" was suggested in certain industries yesterday, when officers of the labor unions were approached with the proposition that Monday's lost time be distributed over the remaining five working days.

It was proposed that each working day of eight hours, during the fuel saving term, be extended an equivalent of an hour and thirty-six minutes so that the week, as normally, shall embrace forty-eight hours. Thus the workers will be able to collect their full wages and the employers will receive the full amount of effort.

Draft Plan for Ireland Killed by Large Vote

LONDON, Jan. 17.—The house of commons by a vote of 136 to 48 today rejected an amendment to the "man power" bill, which proposed to apply conscription to Ireland.

James M. Hogge, Liberal, referred to grave matters which had been communicated to him privately and which he contended it was essential the house should know. He asked for a secret session. Premier Lloyd George intimated his acquiescence and the galleries were cleared.

After the secret session the second reading of the bill was carried without division and the bill was sent to a committe of the whole of the house.

ONE BILLION CAPITAL IDLE IN CITY TODAY

Protests on Coalless Day Order Prove Futile.

More than $1,000,000,000 in capital is "tied up" in Chicago today by the Garfield coal curtailment order which went into effect at midnight. Production at the rate of $1,500,000,000 a year was stopped for five days.

If the fuelless program is carried out in its entirety, the wage loss—borne either by the employés or shared by some employers—will exceed $17,000,000. The wages of idle employés of the manufacturing industries of the city—exclusive of the steel mills—will reach $11,000,000. The loss of the employés of those mills in the Chicago area will come to $3,853,400. Loss to employés of stores, saloons, amusement places, and other activities will be more than $2,000,000.

The enforcement of the fuel order is up to Hinton G. Clabaugh, local chief of the department of justice.

High Record Here.

These are the figures resulting from a careful revision of the latest census reports after an investigation of business conditions in Chicago today. The city will suffer probably more heavily than any other in the country, for it stands at the top of the list of American municipalities for the amount of capital invested in manufacturing and second in point of production.

Efforts to obtain a modification of the Garfield order for Illinois failed yesterday, and the first part of the retrenchment program required—the shutting down of manufacturing industries for five days—is now in force.

The Chicago Association of Commerce, the Illinois Manufacturers' association, and State Fuel Administrator John E. Williams made separate attempts to bring about a less drastic scheme for fuel saving in this state. But the only response received was a telegram from the fuel administration at Washington to Mr. Williams saying that "Dr. Garfield will make no exceptions to the finished order," sent out last night.

Storm Defense Building.

All day long the State Council of Defense building was stormed by men demanding information. About 500 letters and 200 telegrams submitting problems were received. It was predicted that owners of scores of plants would not know for several days whether to close down.

A number of large manufacturing concerns and business houses indicated their intention either of paying their employes for full time or half time or caring for their monetary needs in some way for their days of enforced idleness.

Effect on Various Lines.

It is assured, however, that all manufacturers of essential foods will continue to operate. Grocery stores, bakeries, and meat markets will remain open, with a half day closing only on the ten Mondays.

Elevators in loop buildings will run on holiday schedules on Mondays and the buildings will be heated as required by the fuel order. Churches plan to save fuel by holding union meetings and by the use of small rooms where possible.

The stores, other than those specified above, will close on Mondays, but are seeking a ruling allowing them to stay open six days on shorter hours. Theaters will close on Mondays, but some of the movies will remain open without heat.

The Case of the Saloons.

The saloons as a rule will be closed on Mondays, but in many instances where the owner lives in the same building as his business is located in they will stay open. Others will stay open without heat—the cold room will act as a stimulant to stimulant, one saloon man thought. Hotels and clubs probably will shut off the sale of liquor on Mondays.

MANUFACTURERS PROTEST

A flood of telegrams of protest from leaders in various industries began to pour in on officials at Washington yesterday afternoon. Fearing great loss to business, as well as serious injury to manufacturing plants, leaders in various industries urged that the drastic order of Fuel Administrator Garfield be modified. Messages to this

(Continued on page 4, column 5.)

CLOSED AND OPEN

Facts Showing How Order Affects the Various Industries of Chicago.

FOOD—Manufacturers of essential food supplies will operate practically as usual. Groceries, bakeries, and meat markets keep open. Their half-day is enforced only on the ten Mondays. Some special rulings.

COAL—Supply coming into city increasing and nearing normal. Operators and roads agree enough can be produced if cars are provided.

CAPITAL—One billion dollars estimate of investment in Chicago idle today. Production at rate of $1,500,000,000 a year halted.

CHURCHES—Agree to use small rooms for meetings when possible and plan to save by having union meetings.

OFFICE BUILDINGS—Elevators to run on holiday schedules on Mondays; heating in compliance with order.

STORES—Will close Mondays under present order, but seek ruling to remain open six days on schedule of shorter hours.

AUTO SERVICE — Service stations and salesrooms to close on Mondays.

SALOONS—Practically all will close on Mondays, but some will stay open without heat.

WAGES—Majority of workers will not be paid while idle, but many firms will pay employés.

TRANSPORTATION — Companies not to decide on schedules until Sunday. Expected to observe holiday schedules.

THEATERS—Theaters will close Mondays; several downtown houses last night sold tickets, however, for next Monday providing for any change in the order; some of the movies will remain open without heat.

SALOONS—To close Mondays; restaurants not to serve drinks on Mondays.

HOTELS—Awaiting ruling from capital, but probably will shut off sale of liquor on Mondays.

CLEANERS AND DYERS — 10,000 idle tailors and designers agree to close business according to ruling.

LAUNDRIES—Open as usual except on Mondays.

CHARITIES—All agencies prepare for rush of pleas for aid due to laying off of hundreds of thousands of wage earners.

COUNT MINOTTO IS MENTIONED IN CAILLAUX CASE

BUENOS AIRES, Jan. 17.—Investigation has disclosed that former Premier Caillaux of France met Count James Minotto, son-in-law of Louis F. Swift of Chicago, on his way from Brazil to this city and that they were together almost constantly the twenty-six days Caillaux spent here.

Count Minotto also was on friendly terms with Count von Luxburg, the former German minister to this country, and intimations have been heard in unofficial quarters tha he may have acted as an intermediary between the former French premier and the German diplomat.

At the receht hearings in Chicago of the charges against Minotto, the count admitted knowing both Caillaux and Von Luxburg, but stated that the acquaintance was only a casual social one. The summary of the local hearing was carried away to Washington by federal officials and no decision has ever been given out.

THE WEATHER.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 18, 1918.

Sunrise, 7:14; sunset, 4:47. Moon sets at 10:51 p. m.

Chicago and vicinity — Fair and continued cold Friday; Saturday fair, not quite so cold in afternoon; moderate northwest winds.

Illinois — Fair and continued cold Friday; Saturday fair with slowly rising temperature.

TRIBUNE BAROMETER.

TEMPERATURE IN CHICAGO. (Last 24 hours.)

MAXIMUM, 11:30 A. M. 15
MINIMUM, 2 A. M. FRIDAY 0

3 a. m.	13	11:30 a. m.	15
4 a. m.	12	Noon	13
5 a. m.	12	1 p. m.	13
6 a. m.	12	2 p. m.	11
7 a. m.	13	3 p. m.	10
8 a. m.	12	4 p. m.	9
9 a. m.	13	5 p. m.	7
10 a. m.	13	6 p. m.	6
11 a. m.	13	7 p. m.	6
		8 p. m.	4
		9 p. m.	3
		10 p. m.	2
		11 p. m.	2
		Midnight	1
		1 a. m.	1
		2 a. m.	0

Mean temperature for 24 hours to 7 p. m., 10; normal for the day, 23. Deficiency since Jan. 1, 175 degrees.
Precipitation for 24 hours to 7 p. m., .03. Excess since Jan. 1, 1.94 inches.
Highest wind velocity, 23 miles an hour from S. W., at 2:08 a. m.

YESTERDAY ELSEWHERE.

	Temp., 7 p.m.	High.	Low prev. night.	
New York	32	34	26	Clear
Washington	34	36	28	Cloudy
Minneapolis	2	4	—4	Clear
San Francisco	58	60	50	Cloudy
Galveston	60	62	42	Clear

GARFIELD FIAT GOES; SENATE ACT IGNORED

Some See Move to Save McAdoo in Rail Crisis.

BY ARTHUR SEARS HENNING.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—(Special.)—Fuel Administrator Garfield at 6 o'clock tonight signed the order which goes into effect in the morning and shuts down practically all industry east of the Mississippi river. He signed while Washington was being deluged with protests and appeals from all over the great region affected.

Before attaching his signature and giving the industry closing order the effect of law, the fuel administrator was in telephonic communication with President Wilson and was advised that the president would ignore a request made by the senate for a delay of five days.

The order as promulgated by Dr. Garfield is practically identical with the preliminary forecast outlined by the fuel administrator last night. The government stands pat.

Some Modification Later.

But orders that will go forward to state fuel administrators will bring modifications, nevertheless, although they are not specifically pointed out in the formal order.

Ship yards, both government and private, and essential war industries will get coal and remain in operation during the five fuelless and workless days.

The storm of protests against lessening of war activities forced this modification, coupled with the angry protests of army and navy construction and supply chiefs.

Baker and Daniels Accede.

Secretaries Baker and Daniels were forced to accede to the pressure of their commissioned chiefs. After being in conference most of the day with Admiral Taylor, chief of construction and repair, Admiral Griffin, chief of steam engineering, and other construction chiefs, Secretary Daniels announced he had requested the exemption of ship yards engaged in battleship construction from the fuel suspension order.

Secretary Baker, after a conference with the president, late in the afternoon told newspaper men that manufacturing plants engaged in production of essential war munitions and supplies would be given fuel and continue to operate.

"War," Garfield Says.

Fuel Administrator Garfield made an extended statement which accompanied the formal order given to the press tonight.

"This is war," his statement concluded. "Whatever the cost we must pay it."

Dr. Garfield ascribed railroad congestion as the reason for his drastic order. The breaking of this blockade so that ships might be coaled was the thing he said the closing of industries would accomplish.

White House Under Fire.

For twenty-four hours promulgation of the fuel order was held up while the White House and fuel administration faced the

strongest pressure and harshest criticism that has been hurled against the administration during the war.

The air was charged with rumors of an impending break in the war administration. Responsibility for the drastic order which created such a storm in the country was shifted, in these reports, from the shoulders of Dr. Garfield, and laid to others among the president's advisers.

The most persistent report, and one that was accepted by many in congress and the government as the real explanation, despite repeated denials, was that Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, and not Dr. Garfield, was the real author of the drastic order.

Try to Save McAdoo.

As director general of the railroads, this report had it, Mr. McAdoo had been unable to meet expectations that with powers of government control he would break the railroad blockade. Drastic steps were necessary. It was felt that industry must suspend so that Director McAdoo could save the government railroad operation from complete disaster.

Unwilling to make Director General McAdoo face the storm which it was anticipated would break, the president, this report said, had picked Dr. Garfield as the "goat" and had directed him to issue the order closing industries for the five day period beginning tonight at midnight and for the nine Monday "holidays" to follow.

Garfield Stands Firm.

When the senate raised a storm over the order and summoned Dr. Garfield to appear, there were insistent reports that the president would not be able to withstand the pressure and would order Dr. Garfield to suspend the order. If the president took this action, the fuel administrator's friends said, Dr. Garfield would resign.

Whether the author of the regulation or not, his friends asserted, Garfield would not remain as fuel administrator a day longer if the president failed to back his order and left him to bear alone the wave of protest arising from the sections of the country affected by the suspension of industry.

Another report given wide circulation was that the order closing industries was promulgated to give the nation a real taste of war and to relieve the growing pressure on the president for the reorganization of his cabinet.

Senate Disclosures Cited.

The senate disclosures of army unpreparedness created an almost irresistible demand for a ministry of munitions, or at least a director of munitions.

While the immediate demand from the country, following these disclosures, was for the resignation of Secretary of War Baker, much of the criticism went over the head of Mr. Baker and placed responsibility on the president for the delay after going to war in getting into the fight.

No matter how vigorously officials attacked these rumors and insisted that the order was issued because the nation and the allies faced a real crisis they could not be downed.

Can't Convince Opponents.

No amount of argument served to convince opponents of this drastic order of the logic of closing practically all the manufacturing industries in the great industrial section of the country so that coal now in gunshot of the seaboard might be loaded on waiting troopships.

Fuel administration officials said there were 240 ships from Mobile to New York loaded and ready to sail with supplies to Pershing and the allies that could not be moved for want of coal. They insisted that if all industry except that vitally essential were suspended for five days the coal blockade would be lifted and the ships sent on their way.

Critics of the industry-staggering plan adopted to break this blockade could not be convinced that it was necessary to close down a quarter of a million plants, employing 7,000,000 workers and vitally affecting about 75,000,000 of the nation's population to break a seaboard coal blockade and coal 240 vessels.

No McAdoo Statement.

While Director General of Railroads McAdoo would make no statement regarding the order of Dr. Garfield, and it was insisted by his advisers that he had nothing to do with its origination, Mr. McAdoo pointed out today that it would undoubtedly result in relieving a good deal of freight congestion and place coal in the hands of those essential industries and the public most in need of fuel at this time.

Mr. McAdoo said the order was issued as a war measure to afford temporary relief to those institutions and consumers mostly in need of it.

West Park to Close All Its Buildings on Monday

All buildings, dance and recreation rooms in the west park system are to be closed every Monday hereafter. The only rooms that will be kept open will be those used by exemption boards. Announcement of this change was made yesterday by John S. Smulski, president of the west park board.

Several hundred playground and park directors of the Lincoln, west, and south park systems are to meet at the Woman's City club this morning to arrange for handling the enormous crowds that are expected at the club houses and gymnasiums in the parks as a result of the heatless days. John C. Cannon, superintendent of Lincoln park, is one of the leaders in the movement to have the general public use the parks as much as possible on the enforced holidays.

Tailors and Designers Agree to Close Mondays

At a meeting of the executive committee of the Merchant Tailors and Designers' association of Chicago, the following resolution was adopted:

"Whereas, We can arrange of business to make deliveries on Friday and Saturday of each week; and,

"Whereas, The demand of the government is to close on Monday for a certain time to help overcome the coal shortage; be it

"Resolved, To abide by the order of the coal administration to close our places of business on Mondays as above ordered.

St. Louis Hears of Plan to Put Fuel Ban on Missouri

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 17.—Information was received today by Fuel Administrator Crossley of Missouri that "strong pressure" is being brought to bear by Chicago interests to have St. Louis and all of Missouri included in the district affected by the coal order.

GARFIELD'S OWN STORY OF 'LOSS OF ONE BILLION'

'Coal Order Necessary to Stop Rail Jam and Bunker Ships.'

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—[Special.]—Fuel Administrator Garfield's examination of the industrial cessation order before the senate committee on manufactures, called on a moment's notice, was held amidst confusion of arrangements such as have seldom characterized a senate investigation.

As soon as Dr. Garfield had been seated, Senator Reed, chairman of the committee, launched into the inquiry in order to be able to report to the senate as soon as possible.

Permits All Coal Shipments.

"The chief differences in the order to be issued tonight and the outline made public last night," Dr. Garfield said, "concern the shipment of coal from the mines, and certain war industries that are to be excepted from the closing order."

"Then it will not interfere with general shipments?" asked Senator Reed.

"Except that the coal must go first to the preferential list. But the order does not include any ratio of priority in the preferential list. If a dealer in a city has coal, he may deliver it to any one of the destinations included in the preferential list. They are all in one group."

Some Factories Excepted.

"Are there any exceptions to the factories that are to be closed by this order?" Senator Reed asked.

"Yes," Dr. Garfield replied, "but they are not named in the order and were not made known last night. There are certain things that must go on and that will be, so to speak, put on a reserve list. I reserve the right to include in that list anything which I find on investigation should properly be included."

"What is embraced in that list?" Senator Reed asked.

"Well, I can illustrate," Dr. Garfield said, "by saying, first, ships and shipbuilding. Shipbuilding must not stop: I called Chairman Hurley of the shipping board on the telephone last night and told him about the order and said he was to understand that the order would not apply to shipbuilding."

Explains Reason for Order.

"Will you tell us just why this order was issued?" Senator Reed asked bluntly.

"Yes," Dr. Garfield said, "Primarily because of a lack of coal for domestic consumers and for public utilities furnishing light, heat, power, and transportation to domestic consumers. The shortage is not due to a lack of coal produced from day to day, and the the condition of transportation accentuated and in very large degree caused by weather conditions in the last few weeks. The unusually severe weather has made it impossible to catch up with the loss occasioned since Dec. 8. Whe have got to save the coal somewhere."

Need Coal for Ships.

"Suppose some of these factories have coal," Senator Reed continued. "Do you propose to take the coal they have on hand for distribution to the public?"

"State fuel administrators already had power to take coal destined to factories for diversion to people in comunities that were suffering," Dr. Garfield said.

"Coal was necessary for the safekeeping and transportation of important food products. In the same category is placed the bunkering of ships waiting in our harbors to carry troops, supplies, and munitions to our allies and our own forces abroad.

"If I were to pick out a preferential reason, one would stand out above all others, the bunkering of ships, the reason being that we have noted a steady increase of ships waiting for bunker at New York, Hampton Roads, and other points. Our docks and warehouses are full and overcrowded for want of ships to clear them and many ships without coal are full of supplies. In addition to that, at all our ports there are thousands of tons of supplies piled up on the docks."

"As a matter of fact," Senator Reed continued, "is it not the purpose of this order to produce a surplus of coal and to get industries supplied that are now short?"

"Yes, and also to aid the director general of railways to overcome the transportation congestion."

Stop New Shipments.

"Well, why is it necessary to stop the factories that have coal; why shut down an industry that is making a useful thing if it has coal on hand?" the chairman asked.

"In the first place," Dr. Garfield replied, "to aid effectively in stopping the congestion in the country. We want to stop putting the products of the factories on the railroad tracks until they can be cleared up."

"Do you think it wise and just that a factory which can operate should be closed, the thousands who work there be thrown out of employment, and the economic value of their labor lost merely to see to it that a manufacturer who has coal should not have advantage over one who has none?"

"If that were the only reason I would agree with your position," Dr. Garfield said.

"Must Make Up Shortage."

"What are the other reasons?"

"Lack of transportation alone has brought about a shortage of bituminous coal production of last year of 35,000,000 tons. We must make it up somewhere."

"Let's see whether you will conserve coal," Senator Reed said. "You are 35,000,000 tons short. If you stop every factory that action will not produce another ton of coal."

"Yes, but by not using coal we will make up the deficiency," Dr. Garfield answered.

"But at what cost?" the chairman added. "In order to make up 35,000,000 tons of coal you must dig it out of the ground. If we are to make it up by closing the factories we have still got to produce all the goods we would have made in the five days the factories were closed. We will be short the goods and we will eventually have to transform that coal into goods to make good. Instead of enriching ourselves by stopping the factories we have an equivalent shortage in goods. Besides that, we have lost fifty times the value of the coal in wages and production."

Wants Employers to Pay.

"I think that I or any other man ought to go very slowly in determining upon an order of this kind," Dr. Garfield replied. "I have been considering it with business men of the country for more than a month.

"As to the labor matter, if the manufacturers of the country cause the burden of this sacrifice to be shifted on labor for the few days that they would be shut down they would fail in bearing their part of the burden, which I believe to be a proper war burden.

"The United States went into this war with its eyes open, influenced by a high ideal. Surely we dare not, at such a time, lay ourselves open to the mere argument that it will take dollars out of our pockets to improve a bad situation. We must not allow the manufacturers of the country to shift such a burden to the shoulders of laboring men."

"You don't mean to say that it would be an evidence of cowardice on the part of a manufacturer if he should also take into consideration the economic loss to the country that this order will cause," Senator Reed said.

"For all to continue means the backing up of industry and the continued clogging up of the railroads," said Dr. Garfield.

Costs U. S. $1,000,000,000.

"There are about 11,000,000 wage earners in the country today," Senator Reed continued. "This order will throw, in my opinion, about 50 per cent of them out of work, 5,000,000 at a low estimate, for the period prescribed, fifteen days altogether. That would be equivalent to 75,000,000 out of work for one day. They would earn an average of $3 a day. That means a loss of $225,000,000 in wages alone. You have also lost the things that they would produce, which would be worth five times as much as the wages. If these figures are right this order will cost the United States over a billion dollars."

"That argument is open to the same kind of fallacy, for instance, as the argument made regarding economic loss through holidays," Dr. Garfield said. "Of course the economic loss of war is inestimable. But in face of necessity we throw it aside and we are compelled to go forward regardless of it.

"I still insist it is not necessary to stop industries with coal on hand," said Senator Reed, abruptly ending the hearing with the remark that the committee must report to the senate, as the hour was rapidly drawing near when manufacturers should know whether they would have to close their plants tonight.

TEXT OF DRASTIC FUEL CURTAILMENT ORDER AS FINALLY PROMULGATED BY DR. GARFIELD

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 17.—Fuel Administrator Garfield's drastic order restricting the use of fuel, effective at midnight tonight, was promulgated shortly before 6 o'clock, within a few minutes after the senate had adopted a resolution asking that the order be postponed for five days.

Virtually no substantial changes were made in the order, though some war industries specially designated will be exempted from the provision closing manufacturing plants for five days, beginning tomorrow, and from the Monday holidays during the next ten weeks.

The text of the order follows:

United States Fuel Administration, Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—Regulation making provision for a more adequate supply of fuel for railroads, domestic consumers, public utilities and other uses necessary to the national security.

The United States fuel administrator, acting under the authority of an executive order of the president of the United States, dated 23 August, 1917, appointing said administrator, in furtherance of the purposes of said order and of the purposes of the act of congress therein referred to, approved 10 August, 1917, and finding it essential effectively to carry out the provisions of this act, to make provision for a more adequate supply of fuel for railroads, domestic consumers, public utilities, and for other uses necessary to the national security in certain parts of the United States, hereby makes and prescribes the following regulations:

SECTION 1.

Until further order of the United States fuel administrator, all persons selling fuel in whatever capacity shall, in filling their contracts or orders now on hand, give preference to necessary current requirements of: Railroads, domestic consumers, hospitals, charitable institutions, army and navy cantonments, public utilities, by-product coke plants supplying gas for household use, telephone and telegraph plants, shipping for bunker purposes, the United States for strictly governmental purposes (not including factories or plants working on contracts for the United States), manufacturers of perishable food or of food for necessary immediate consumption, and municipal, county or state governments for necessary public uses.

Any tonnage remaining after the foregoing preferred shipments have been made may be applied in filling any other contracts or orders.

SECTION 2.

On the following days, namely, Jan. 18, 19, 20, 21, and 22, 1918, the state fuel administrators and their accredited representatives in the various communities in the territory in which this regulation applies are hereby empowered and directed to divert such fuel as arrives in such communities in carload lots to meet the current requirements and to provide an adequate and normal supply for such consumers of fuel as are specified in Section 1 hereof.

SECTION 3.

On the following days, namely, Jan. 18, 19, 20, 21, and 22, 1918, and, also, on each and every Monday beginning Jan. 28, 1918, and continuing up to and including March 25, 1918, no manufacturer or manufacturing plant shall burn fuel or use power derived from fuel for any purpose, with the following exceptions:

A—Plants which necessarily must be continuously operated seven days each week to avoid serious injury to the plant itself or its contents may use only such quantities of fuel as is necessary to prevent such injury to the plant or its contents.

B—Manufacturers or plants manufacturing perishable foods or foods for necessary immediate consumption;

C—Manufacturers of food not perishable and not necessary for immediate consumption may burn fuel to the extent authorized by the fuel administrator of the state in which such plant is located or by his duly authorized representative upon application by the United States food administrator;

D—Plants necessary to the printing and publication of daily papers may burn fuel or use power derived therefrom as usual, except that on every Monday from Jan. 21 to March 25, 1918, inclusive, they may burn fuel or use power derived therefrom only to such extent as is necessary to print and publish such editions as such plants customarily print and publish on legal holidays other than the Sabbath; or, if such plants do not customarily print or publish any editions on such legal holidays, they may burn fuel or use such power to such extent as is necessary to issue one edition on the said Mondays;

E—Printing establishments may burn fuel on Jan. 18, 19, 20, 21, and 22, 1918, to such extent as is necessary to issue current numbers of magazines and other publications periodically issued.

SECTION 4.

On each Monday, beginning Jan. 21, 1918, and continuing up to and including Monday, March 25, 1918, no fuel shall be burned (except to such extent as is essential to prevent injury to property from freezing) for the purpose of supplying heat for:

A—Any business or professional offices, except offices used by the United States, state, county, or municipal governments, transportation companies, public utility companies, telephone or telegraph companies, banks, trust companies, physicians, or dentists.

B—Wholesale or retail stores, or any other stores, business houses, or business buildings whatever, except that for the purpose of selling food only, stores may maintain necessary heat on any of the specified days until 12 o'clock noon; and except that for the purpose of selling drugs and medical supplies only, stores may maintain necessary heat throughout the day and evening.

C—Theatres, moving picture houses, bowling alleys, billiard rooms, private or public dance halls, or any other place of public amusement.

SECTION 5.

On each Monday beginning Jan. 21, 1918, and continuing up to and including March 25, 1918, no fuel shall be burned for the purpose of heating rooms in which intoxicating liquor is sold or served on those days.

Nothing in this regulation shall be construed to forbid the heating of restaurants, hotels, or other places in which meals are served, but in which no intoxicating liquor is sold or served on the said Mondays.

SECTION 6.

No fuel shall be burned on any of the Mondays specified in the foregoing section for the purpose of supplying power for the movement of surface, elevated, subway, or suburban cars or trains in exess of the amount used on the Sunday previous thereto.

SECTION 7.

Nothing in this regulation shall be construed to apply to or affect the operation of any mine or plant producing fuel, nor shall this regulation be construed to forbid the heating of such rooms or offices, or such portions of buildings as are used in connection with the production, transportation or distribution of fuel.

SECTION 8.

State fuel administrators and their representatives specifically authorized so to do are hereby empowered to grant such relief as may be essential to prevent injury to health or to prevent destruction of or injury to property by fire or freezing.

SECTION 9.

This regulation is effective throughout the United States east of the Mississippi river, including the whole of the states of Louisiana and Minnesota.

SECTION 10.

Any person, firm, association or corporation which violates or refuses to conform to the above regulation may be liable to the penalty prescribed in the aforesaid act of congress.

H. A. GARFIELD,
United States Fuel Administrator.

HOW THE CITIES ARE HIT BY ORDER

The latest official figures of the federal census bureau show that a dozen cities producing more than $200,000,000 worth of goods a year are hit by the Garfield order. The figures as of 1914, showing the amount of capital invested and the annual product of each city, are as follows:

	Capital.	Product.
Chicago	$1,190,069,000	$1,488,498,000
New York	1,026,134,000	2,292,832,000
Philadelphia	772,686,000	784,560,000
St. Louis	314,728,000	360,480,000
Detroit	293,493,000	400,348,000
Cleveland	312,909,000	352,418,000
Milwaukee	240,780,000	223,555,000
Newark, N. J.	214,169,000	210,601,000
Boston	215,177,000	284,202,000
Buffalo	243,290,000	247,516,000
Cincinnati	157,468,000	210,860,000
Pittsburgh	309,217,000	246,094,000

All these cities lie east of the Mississippi in the territory covered by the fuel retrenchment order.

WILSON PLANS DRASTIC RED TAPE CUTTING

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—[Special.]—Drastic red tape cutting by unification and better business organization in all the departments, especially the war and navy departments, is forecast in President Wilson's program of legislation submitted today to Democratic Leader Kitchin.

The first item suggests additional legislation to remove all "statutory obstacles to the most effective business organization of the work of the departments."

This legislation, in a large measure, it is believed, will meet the severe criticism that has been directed at the organization of the several departments, and tend to facilitate the work of the shipping board, food and fuel administrations, and other organizations created by the war emergency.

27,000 Bartenders and Waiters to Be Laid Off

According to C. I. Goodrich, secretary of the Chicago Waiters' union, over 12,000 bartenders and 15,000 waiters will be thrown out of work on the fourteen holidays ordered by Mr. Garfield.

"During the five day period 2,400 bartenders will be idle," said Mr. Goodrich. "Already waiters who were employed in industrial neighborhoods have been laid off while the factories are closed down."

I. W. W. HEARING JAN. 23.

Seventy-eight demurrers to indictments under which the accused persons are charged with being members of the Industrial Workers of the World will be heard before Federal Judge Landis Wednesday, Jan. 23.

MAXIMUM FUEL PRODUCTION NOT TO BE CHECKED

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—To keep up a maximum fuel production, Dr. Garfield tonight wired coal operators who are under contract to supply industries which will be shut down to ship their coal as usual, consigning it to state administrators, with draft attached. The government thus will become purchaser of all coal mined of which the consignee is forbidden from receiving it. A sum of $25,000,000 will be set aside for making purchases.

The fuel administrator today sent the following telegram to John P. White, his assistant, at the miners' convention at Indianapolis:

"Please state that the order closing industries for five days will not slow down mines. I am making provision for that, and also include in my appeal the request that labor be not allowed to suffer during the five days or subsequent Mondays affected by the order. I feel confident the great mass of employers throughout the country will regard this as a necessary incident of the war to be borne by them and not shifted to labor."

Cleaners and Dyers Quit; 10,000 Idle for Five Days

Operations seased last night in every one of the cleaning and dyeing plants in Chicago and 10,000 persons are idle today. The plants will remain closed until next Wednesday morning.

Robert M. Birck, chairman of the Cleaning and Dyeing association of Chicago, gave out the following statement last night:

"Members of the association met in special session yesterday afternoon at the Morrison hotel and decided to do their bit by coöperating with the government in every way. The order came as a distinct surprise, but this is wartime and we must grin and bear it. Our association includes every cleaning and dyeing plant in the city."

Auto Service Stations and Salesrooms Close

Members of the Automobile Trades association are hit by both sections of the coal retrenchment program. According to their legal advisers they maintain both manufacturing industries and stores. Therefore, their 179 service stations will be closed from this morning until next Wednesday morning and their 179 salesroom establishments will be closed next Monday and the nine succeeding Mondays. This was the announcement of Joseph F. Davis, president of the association.

HOUSE LEADERS SEEK TO HALT 'DISASTER' ORDER

Gillett Offers Resolution; Say Kaiser Gloats Over Blunder.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—Republican leaders in the house started a movement late today to postpone Fuel Administrator Garfield's order. Republican Leader Gillett offered such a resolution, but after a sharp debate a vote was prevented by refusal of Representative Cox of Indiana, Democrat, to give unanimous consent for its consideration.

Gillett, after a conference with Representatives Lenroot of Wisconsin, Moore of Pennsylvania, and others, perfected the postponement resolution and immediately conferred with Democratic Leader Kitchin with a view to enlisting support from the Democratic side.

Mr. Kitchin announced, however, that he could not support the resolution and would object to it.

Text of Resolution.

The Gillett resolution says:

"Resolved, That the house regrets the summary action of the fuel administrator in suddenly closing the industries dependent upon a coal supply, and in view of the disorganization of essential industries certain to follow and the consequent idleness and distress of labor, urges a reconsideration of the order by the president, and that final action thereon by taken only after he is fully advised of its effect."

After considerable debate Representative Gillett took the floor again to advocate his resolution. He had made minor changes in its language in conferring with colleagues.

A joint resolution to prevent enforcement of the fuel order was introduced by Representative Smith of New York. The resolution declares that "it is the sense of congress that the order of the fuel administrator is unnecessary and that an efficient movement of cars and ships and full operation of coal mines will obviate the need of shutting down of the industrial machinery of the country and meet the need of the present situation."

The resolution was referred to the agricultural committee.

Denounced by Madden.

Representative Madden of Illinois, Republican, denounced the Garfield order as unnecessary.

He also criticized Director General McAdoo as an incompetent railroad manager.

"If there ever was a time in the history of America when the factories should be open and speeded up, this is the time," he said. "If we are going to conclude this war successfully we are not going to be able to do it by closing factories. What we need is the speeding up of the management."

Mr. Madden declared it unnecessary for the government to take over the roads.

"We had to put as director general in charge," he added, "a man who knows nothing whatever about railroads and he seems to be qualifying for his job by letting the most important man he has on his staff, Mr. Willard, go. It seems to me what they need up there at the other end of the avenue is some experience. They say we ought to have patriotism to support the administration, and we have and we ought to, but we want the administration to support the people in the effort to do the things that are necessary if we are going to win this war."

Representative Fess, Ohio, Republican, declared that while the country was willing to submit to any inevitable injury necessary to win the war, "it will not tolerate insufferable orders which result from inefficient administration."

Reply by Rainey.

Representative Rainey, Illinois Democrat, replying to the criticism by Representative Madden, said he admitted the country was without information as to the situation back of the step, but that every loyal citizen should uphold the order. He urged that criticism should await investigation and that there should be constructive work in the house and not "firing into the backs of those who are leading the country."

Representative Lenroot, Wisconsin, Republican, in reply said the country was "stung," and that "if this order is necessary now it is due to absolute incompetency on the part of some one during the last few months."

"If it is necessary," Mr. Lenroot added, "then we have now, on American soil, lost the first battle against Germany."

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INTERPRETATION OF COAL ORDER HERE

Special Committee Explains Details of Fuel Ruling.

J. E. WILLIAMS, United States fuel administrator for Illinois, on the recommendation of a special committee appointed for that purpose, made public last night official interpretations of the order issued by Fuel Administrator Garfield.

The committee, which met in the rooms of the State Council of Defense, was composed of Raymond E. Durham, fuel administrator for Cook county; Earl Dean Howard, deputy fuel administrator; Kellogg Fairbank, D. F. Kelly, John W. O'Leary, Charles W. Folds, Hopewell L. Rogers, and S. M. Hastings.

The instructions are as follows:

1. Read the order of the fuel administration over carefully twice.
2. All plants are permitted to maintain sufficient heat in only such parts of their premises as is necessary to prevent freezing of plumbing, pipes, sprinkling systems, or damage to other property. This does not permit the operation of the manufacturing plant for any purpose on the days specified.
3. No manufacturing plant can operate during the specified days on power derived from fuel, whether generated by them or purchased from central station companies.
4. Offices in manufacturing plants may be heated on the five days named, but not on the Mondays named, except as provided in ruling 2.
5. The order does not contemplate the cessation of industries whose principal business is the production or distribution of fuel. The intention of the order being to meet the deficiency caused by the loss of coal production, it is especially desired and an earnest appeal is made to the patriotism of miners and producers to encourage and stimulate the production of coal by every possible means during the period when other industries are making great sacrifices in abstaining from the use of fuel.
6. As at present advised, we can find no grounds for the making of exceptions in favor of manufacturers or printing houses engaged in war work or government orders, except as provided in the order.
7. All public meetings, bazaars, or entertainments, even though for patriotic purposes, are included in the order and cannot be held on any of the Mondays designated.
8. Horseshoeing establishments may operate without limitation.
9. Section A prohibits the heating of any business or professional offices on the Mondays named, and exception is made of offices used by the United States, state, county, or municipal governments, transportation companies, or which are occupied by banks and trust companies, or by physicians or dentists, which exceptions, however, apply only to the particular rooms occupied for such uses. All other rooms in said buildings shall be kept at the lowest possible temperature, consistent with safety, but not more than 45 degrees.
10. Laundries may operate during the five day period, but not on the Mondays designated in the order.
11. Cleaners and dyers cannot operate.
12. Those engaged in the business of automobile truck repairing may make minor repairs on commercial trucks during the five day period. The restrictions as to Monday applied.
13. The ruling applying to newspapers does not permit them to do job or commercial work of any kind. Electrotypers, stereotypers, and linotype houses are subject to the order and cannot be operated during the five days or the Mondays during the period.

Washington Interpretation.

Interpretation received last night from Washington was to the same effect as the interpretation here, and added:

"In giving preferential treatment to certain classes of consumers not only are fuel dealers ordered to supply these consumers first but state fuel administrators are 'empowered and directed' to divert to the classes specified such fuel as arrives for other consumers in their communities during the next five days.

"Prohibition of the use of fuel by various consumers will close hotel and café bars on the Monday holidays unless the managements prefer their establishments to be heatless. The clause including saloons among those consumers which may not burn coal on the next ten Mondays contained an added provision excepting hotels and public eating houses provided they neither sell nor serve intoxicating liquors on the days in question.

"Public utilities Buildings, telegraph and telephone offices have been added to the list of business buildings which may be heated on the Monday holidays.

"Prohibition of the use of fuel for heating office buildings and stores, with certain exceptions, is effective on the ten Mondays, Jan. 21 to March 25."

CHICAGO LABOR MEN AT CAPITAL ON PACKER PLAN

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—[Special.]—John Fitzpatrick and Edward N. Nockels, heading a delegation of more than a dozen Chicago labor representatives, arrived in Washington tonight to ask the government to take over the packing plants of the country. Their train was delayed and they arrived too late to bring the question to official attention.

Felix Frankfurter, secretary of the mediation commission which effected the Christmas settlement of the packing house trouble, received a telegram from representatives of the packers today asking that the packers be given representation at any hearing that may be held on the request of the labor leaders that the government take over the plants.

Wilson Refuses to Alter Closing Days of Theaters

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—President Wilson today refused the request of a delegation of New York theatrical managers that theaters be closed on Tuesdays instead of Mondays during the next ten weeks. This was announced by George M. Cohan, spokesman for the delegation, after the party left the White House. This was taken as an indication that there was no disposition to modify the fuel administration's order.

SCHOOLS WILL NOT HAVE TO CLOSE DOORS

The public schools of Chicago will not be compelled to close by the fuel administration's order. County Fuel Administrator Raymond E. Durham decided yesterday they are not subject to the ruling.

It has not yet been determined, however, whether the schools will be able to open next Monday, following the present week during which all public schools have been closed. A conference between the fuel administration and Supt. John D. Shoop, John Howatt, chief engineer, and Edwin S. Davis, president of the board, will be held at 11 a. m. today to determine whether the schools shall be given some of the city's supply of fuel.

Only about half of the schools have enough coal to open on Monday. It is expected that the nine succeeding Mondays, however, will be school days.

Let Rail Men in Army Run Coal Trains, His Advice

"Detail the railway men in the cantonments to operate coal trains during the emergency," Sol Westerfeld, president of the Grocers and Butchers' association, suggested as a means of alleviating the present trouble. "Other soldiers might be detailed to unload the trains, so they might be speedily returned to the mines."

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MAKING IT WARM FOR THE COAL COMMITTEE

Consumers Storm Coal Administration Office Here for Rulings on Order to Shut Down for Five Days.

Upper picture—A view of the crowd of consumers besieging the fuel administration office for information on the conservation order.

Below (left)—John E. Williams, Illinois fuel administrator.

At bottom — Mrs. James J. Forstall, in fuel administration office answering queries of consumers.

COAL BIN LID TO MAKE MONDAYS VERY NEARLY DRY

Breweries Cut Deliveries; Hotels, Restaurants, and Clubs Hit.

Chicago will virtually have an additional dry day each week for ten weeks beginning Sunday because of the government's order against the using of coal for the heating of buildings in which liquor is sold.

While this ruling shuts a great number of saloons there are many grog shops whose proprietors say they will continue to operate. One of them said a cold place might stimulate the sale of liquor and others said they would remain open because their homes and bars were heated by the same plant and there was no saving of fuel possible in shutting their bars.

A meeting of the retail liquor dealers will be held tomorrow at which it is predicted an order will be issued dealing for a closed town next Monday and for the remaining Mondays within the period of the fuel lid.

Breweries Cut Product.

The breweries closed down at midnight and will not open again until Wednesday morning. They have a two days' supply of beer ready for delivery—just about enough to carry Chicago through the five day shutdown of the plants.

All brewery wagons delivering to homes will be taken from the streets on both days. The saloons are closed Monday as well as Sunday.

Resolution of Brewers.

The action of the brewers was taken at a special meeting of the Chicago Brewers' Protective association, over which its president, William G. Legner, presided. This was the resolution adopted:

"Resolved, That we agree to loyally and without protest carry out the provisions of Commissioner Garfield's fuel order in letter and in spirit; and, be it further

Resolved, That no deliveries of beer be made on Mondays, commencing Jan. 21, up to and including March 25."

This resolution was unanimously adopted and goes for all breweries manufacturing in Chicago and for the agencies of breweries that manufacture in other cities.

"All of our plants close at midnight," President Legner said. "We are permitted to use enough fuel to maintain our refrigerating plants, and that we will do. There will be no beer wagons operating in Chicago on Sundays or Mondays during the ten weeks."

Mr. Legner said that the supply of beer on hand at midnight amounts to about two and one-half days of the normal demand in Chicago.

CAFES SEEK RULING.

The organized hotel men, in session yesterday, decided to obey the Garfield order with strictness and no liquors will be served in any of the hotel cafés or dining rooms on Mondays during the life of the embargo.

The restaurant owners yesterday determined on practically the same course. They will make one final appeal today to Administrator Williams for a ruling applying to restaurants that have bars located in the same room. The chances are manifold, however, that no liquors will be sold in any restaurants on the holiday Mondays.

The restaurant men were in an all afternoon session at Vogelsang's restaurant, John Z. Vogelsang and E. G. Wittebors of the Café Royale form a committee that will confer this morning with Mr. Williams. They want a ruling as to their right to serve liquors at restaurant tables, although the public bars shall be closed.

"We of course will do our utmost in carrying into full effect the government's order," Mr. Vogelsang said. "We have coöperated at every point with the meatless and wheatless orders and we shall go along with this one." He indicated the restaurant bars will be shut tight on the dry Mondays, and that the only exception that is not cleared up may be the table service.

CLUBS WILL CLOSE BARS.

Most of the downtown clubs of Chicago have interpreted the ruling by eliminating their service bars Monday. In many cases last night employés were informed that Monday would remain dry for a ten week period. Some comments follow:

Chicago Athletic association, C. J. Walsh, manager: "We have been trying to get an interpretation of the published instructions. We will be guided entirely by what the other clubs and hotels do."

Union League: "We will follow the instructions to the letter. As we understand it, no building is to be kept open where liquor is sold. In that case our bar will be closed."

Chicago club: "We do not think it affects clubs. The matter, however, will be fully looked into today."

Hamilton club, President Frederick A. Rowe: "Our understanding is that the bar is to be closed. We will certainly do what we are told to do."

Press Club of Chicago, James A. Durkin, director: "Our club will operate on Monday without a bar if that is the meaning of the Garfield order. Our governing board will thrash out the matter today."

Standard club: "This is a matter for our board of managers to decide. They have called a special meeting for today."

Saddle and Cycle club: "We are not affected by the order. We do not sell liquor."

Dance Halls to Close on All Monday Nights

Chicago's dance halls will be empty, cold, and dark for the next ten Monday nights. Owners and managers yesterday announced their determination to obey the fuel order to the letter. The thousands who are accustomed to whiling away the hours in dancing on these nights will have to seek other forms of amusement. Among the big halls affected are Guyon's Paradise and the Arcadia.

CAN STAY OPEN

Plants Exempted by Special Order of Fuel Administration.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—Plants making woolen army and navy uniforms and cloth used in their manufacture, and concerns engaged in filling contracts for tent and other equipage made of heavy duck were exempted from the five day closing period in a special order issued tonight by the fuel administration.

Plants packing beans, canning milk, and roasting and packing coffee under army and navy contracts also were exempted.

The order announcing the exemptions follows:

"Manufacturers of woolen yarns for the purpose of weaving into 16 and 30 ounce meltons, as well as the manufacturers of 16 and 30 ounce meltons, the spongers and shrinkers of this cloth, manufacturers of woolen coats, breeches, and overcoats for army and navy uniforms, are exempted from the operation of the order of the fuel administration dated Jan. 17; also, manufacturers of 12.4 and heavier ducks for the United States government, as well as the finishing plants engaged in dyeing these ducks, and manufacturers engaged in making them into tents and equipage for the United States government, are exempt.

"Canneries packing beans for the United States government, milk for the United States government, and roasters and packers of coffee for the United States government, are exempt.

"Manufacturers of optical glass are exempt.

"These exemptions apply merely to the materials being manufactured for the United States government under emergency orders. The restrictions of the order of the fuel administration apply to all other work being done by these concerns."

Will Use 5 Day Vacation to Clear Goose Island of Snow

Snow will fly today around Goose island. A number of large industrial firms—A. M. Castle & Co., iron and steel manufacturers; Fred B. Smith company, hardwood lumber; the Kurz Downey company, box manufacturers; the Theodore Fathuer company, and Raymond Brothers—will take advantage of the government holiday order to mobilize teams, motor trucks, and man power to clear North Branch street for traffic. For five blocks the snow will be removed and dumped in the river.

CHANCE TO DIG CITY AND ROADS OUT FROM UNDER

State Defense Council to Consider Ways of Employing Idle.

Tens of thousands of men, temporarily idle in Chicago because of the Garfield order, face an opportunity to do something worth while for the United States and the army and navy. Some of them remain on pay rolls; others not.

It was suggested last night that thousands of them could volunteer their labor—perhaps with pay—at strategic spots in Chicago's web of railroads and the streets and alleys that connect the manufacturing plants with the tracks, to clear out the snow and thereby speed up the loading and shipping of supplies.

Council Meets This Afternoon.

Members of the State Council of Defense will meet at 2 o'clock this afternoon to consider ways and means of creating a greater volunteer army from the ranks of the men who are kept by government edict from their usual labors.

City officials look for a general clean up of residence streets by the many men who will now have a chance to work on their home blocks.

Plans for the Idle.

Civic organizations and community centers are engaged in plans for the workers who will be out of employment during the coming five days. Some of the suggestions follow:

JANE ADDAMS OF HULL HOUSE—We expect to hold classes in the afternoons for adults, in addition to the regular evening classes, and to have afternoon receptions and other affairs for them. It is not so long a vacation that the workers will be bored by it.

GRAHAM TAYLOR OF CHICAGO COMMONS—We were thinking of how we might close up part of Chicago commons to save coal, but it seems there is a need for every bit of space that there never was before. I can think of nothing for the men to do except to shovel snow and clean the gutters.

Nathan D. Kaplan, an attorney in the Otis building, suggests the city employ thousands of workless men for clearing the streets.

At Camp Grant yesterday the army officials offered to furnish 5,000 men if the city of Rockford would furnish another 5,000 to clear the road from the camp to the city.

OIL AND GAS

Production of These Fuels Are Not Included in Garfield Order.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—M. L. Requa, director of the oil division of the fuel administration, today made the following announcement:

"Dr. Garfield has instructed me to announce that his order reducing fuel consumption is not to be considered as applying to drilling or operating of oil or gas wells, transporting, manufacturing, or distributing of petroleum and its products, or natural gas.

"It must be understood, however, that consumers of fuel oil through other than those engaged in above operations are obliged to conduct their business in accordance with rules and regulations as laid down by the fuel administrator."

A call to merchants to utilize their delivery equipment during the enforced fuel holidays to wipe out completely all local freight terminal congestion in the eastern half of the United States, was issued today by A. W. Shaw, chairman of the commercial economy board of the Council of National Defense.

STOP CRITICISM AND AID WILSON, LANSING URGES

New York, Jan. 17.—Americans who are true to the traditions and ideals of the republic should consider that their first duty is to aid President Wilson in every possible way in carrying through the mighty task which confronts the nation, Secretary of State Robert Lansing said in a letter read tonight at the annual dinner of the Holland Society of New York. Criticism of the past is not useful, Secretary Lansing added, and "in fact it is distinctly injurious, whatever its purpose may be."

"Calm and deliberate in judgment, unaffected by emotions, fearless and decisive in action," the letter continued, "the president stands preëminent as a great executive, whose thought and purpose are centered upon the prosecution of this war to a triumphant conclusion. To him this country looks, to him the whole world looks, as the master mind in this great enterprise, as the statesman in whose wisdom and justice lie the hope of a peace which shall endure because it will be founded on righteousness.

"If we, Americans, follow faithfully such a leader, we may face the future with confidence, knowing that all will be well."

THEATERS WILL CLOSE; MOVIES TO REMAIN OPEN

All of the larger loop and outlying theaters will be dark on next Monday and the succeeding ones. The managers of the downtown playhouses have decided to close their doors rather than try to run a show with the house cold, and are awaiting orders from the moguls in New York in regard to slicing their employés' salaries. The size of the actor's envelope will depend altogether upon the manager of the company.

At Powers' theater David Warfield in "The Music Master" will give Sunday night performances, which is contrary to his custom, instead of the Monday presentation. This plan is to be followed by Mrs. Fiske in her play, "Madame Sand," at the Blackstone.

Another company to assure no diminution of receipts in this manner is the Ziegfeld "Follies." It will offer an additional matinée on Thursday or Friday. The openings at the Powers and Blackstone theaters will be held on next Tuesday night instead of Monday.

Harry Ridings, president of the Chicago Theater Managers' association, yesterday declared that the theaters will be closed only on Mondays, and that none of the managers will be forced to shut down their houses permanently, as some at first believed.

Several loop theaters continued selling tickets and making reservations for Monday night. Both the Colonial, where "The Brat" is playing, and Cohan's Grand, presenting "Lilac Time," declared that while the chances were they would not give a performance they would sell tickets until it became more assured.

The vaudeville and movie house of Jones, Linick and Schaefer is to continue in operation and depend upon the physical warmth of the audience for heat.

The Ascher brothers, controllers of fourteen film shows in the city, intend to heat their houses more strongly than usual Sunday nights and rely on the permanence of the temperature during the following day. Unless their electrical currents are shut off, suspending operation of projection machines, most of the moving picture theaters will have no cessation of their performances.

Warren Head of Canada's Government Owned Roads

Winnipeg, Man., Jan. 17.—[Special.]—A. E. Warren, assistant manager of the Canadian Northern railway, has been appointed head of Canada's government owned railway systems with headquarters at Ottawa.

EXPORTS

United States Crowds Germany Out of Second Place During War.

THE National City bank of New York has made a compilation showing that the United States prior to the war held third rank as a coal exporting nation, but with Germany now cut off from the rest of the world it has taken second place.

In 1917 this country exported about 32,000,000 tons, of which more than 17,000,000 tons went to Canada and about 8,000,000 tons passed into the bunkers of ocean vessels. The total value of all the coal exported and passed into the bunkers for the year amounted to $113,000,000.

Since 1900 the value of all coal and coke exports from the United States exceeds $1,000,000,000.

RENTING AGENTS DECIDE TO LEND COAL TO NEEDY

The Chicago Renting Agents' association met last night at the Chicago real estate board to discuss the income tax law. Ivan O. Ackley, president of the association, presided, and the meeting was addressed by Charles W. Arndt, internal revenue officer of the income tax department, who outlined the duties of agents under the law.

There was much discussion of the fuel situation, which Executive Secretary Charles R. Bixby said was "very bad." The organization had previously agreed, however, that all owners of apartment buildings who had a supply of coal on hand sufficient for over five days should share their surplus with buildings having an inadequate supply, the coal being loaned during the period of stress.

"We are working hand in hand with the fuel administration," said Mr. Bixby.

British Steamship Arrives Coaled for Round Trip

An Atlantic Port, Jan. 17.—[Special.]—The first British liner bunkered with enough Welsh coal before sailing from the other side to keep fires through the round trip voyage arrived today. Passengers on the liner expressed the opinion that the action of Fuel Administrator Garfield would have a most depressing effect upon the allies, and they pointed out that in Paris coal is so scarce it is selling for $80 a ton, yet no such edict has ever been considered

QUERIES SWAMP CONFEREES UPON GARFIELD ORDER

Leading Men Form Board to Handle Fuel Questions.

After a strenuous day that taxed its capacity to the utmost, the Illinois division of the fuel administration began last evening to issue rulings on disputed points in the order for a general shutdown of industries.

Two hundred telegrams were received from points throughout the state and several hundred letters reached the office of John E. Williams, fuel administrator for Illinois. So many personal calls were made by manufacturers and other who were in doubt on various points that the offices were jammed all day. Many inquiries were also received by the department of justice.

Personal inquiries were answered by J. T. Guffin, chief clerk, who opened an impromptu office in the hallway.

"The best information I can give you," said Mr. Guffin to the inquirers, "is to be found in THE TRIBUNE this morning. We have compared THE TRIBUNE'S report with the official instructions and the report is correct. Study it carefully and you can find out just what you ought to do."

Ships' Needs Inspire Order.

At a meeting in the afternoon with a number of business men, when plans for formulating definite rules were made, Mr. Williams read the following telegram from the fuel administration, which was signed by F. B. Noyes:

"Answering your telegram given us by Mr. Sullivan, the emergency demands sacrifices by every one until provision is made to send necessary ships to Europe and keep the people warm.

"Dr. Garfield will make no exceptions not provided for in the finished order which will be mailed tonight.

"Have conferred with Mr. Gompers, who agrees that the emergency demands the sacrifice."

Will Enforce Order.

After this message had been received Mr. Williams said:

"We shall go ahead with the enforcement of the order."

During the morning Mr. Williams had called together the following: S. M. Hastings, J. F. Gilchrist, J. B. Berryman, E. H. Brewer, E. D. Hulbert, Matthew Woll, Lucius Teter, George Rainey, Arthur Hall, Charles W. Folds, John W. O'Leary, T. W. Robinson, James Simpson, S. S. Gregory, Arthur Meeker, Hopewell Rogers, Kellog Fairbank, T. K. Webster, D. F. Kelly, R. B. Beach. Members of the state advisory board and the Cook county advisory board of the fuel administration were also present.

A subcommittee was appointed to represent manufacturing industries. This was composed of Messrs Hastings, Berryman, Teter, Robinson and Kelly.

Manufacturers who are doing work on contracts for the army or navy asked that they be permitted to continue. Samuel Insull replied that the order was evidently intended to affect all industries alike.

At the afternoon session Judge Carter introduced a resolution that the executive committee be authorized to appoint subcommittees to consider special questions and report back to the general committee and this was passed.

Committee on Rulings.

It was finally decided on motion of Raymond E. Durham to appoint a policy committee which should issue rulings at once on points that are in any doubt. Mr. Williams announced that this committee would be made up of Charles W. Folds, Hopewell Rogers, Mr. Raymond E. Durham, Earl Dean Howard and Kellogg Fairbank. Rulings from this committee are to stand temporarily. In special cases these rulings may be modified by Mr. Williams.

LAUNDRIES GET RULING WHICH LETS THEM RUN

Chicago laundrymen sighed hugely last night when it was announced officially by Fuel Administrator Durham that their business is exempt from the ruling. Laundries will operate as usual with the exception of Mondays. Thus the normal operation of the industry is not affected and the letter of the fuel order will be observed inasmuch as Monday is a "light" day in laundry work.

It was explained by Dr. Garfield that the operation of laundries would be left in each case to the local administrators. Thousands of protests were received in Washington with statements that millions of dollars' worth of clothing would be tied up if the ruling were made effective. When this situation was brought up in Chicago Mr. Durham immediately exempted the laundries, with the exception of Mondays during the restricted period. It is explained that laundrymen usually do their collecting on Monday and do not begin real work until Tuesday, so that closing on Mondays will work no real harm.

The clearing of the laundry situation was of special significance to hotel keepers, who faced a disastrous tieup in their own business, inasmuch as many hotel guests depend upon laundries for their linen.

Here are some boys' bargains that you'll like; 5th floor

GROUP 1. Boys' shirts and blouses of madras and mixed flannel. Attached or detached collars, were $1.25 and $1, now. 65c

GROUP 2. Boys' fine madras shirts, some with separate collars to match; mixed flannel shirts, too. Were $1.75 and $1.50, now, 95c

GROUP 3. Boys' very fine silk and linen shirts, beautiful colors and patterns, collars to match; were $3.50 and $3, now, $1.85

GROUP 4. Boys' finest silk shirts, rich colorings, smart patterns, they all have collars to match; were $4 and $3.50, now, $2.85

Odd lots of boys' underwear, gloves, pajamas, night shirts, handkerchiefs and soft collars greatly reduced.

Maurice L Rothschild

Money cheerfully refunded

S. W. corner Jackson and State

Chicago Minneapolis St. Paul

SENATE VOTES 50 TO 19 TO SAVE INDUSTRY

22 Democrats and 28 G. O. P. Join in Repudiation of Order.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—[Special.]—The United States senate this afternoon took a stand in urgent protest against the administration's order for a shut down of industry.

The appeals against the action—as widespread as the great region affected—had loud but ineffective voice in the senate which, five minutes after the fuel administrator signed the order closing the factory doors, adopted the following resolution by a vote of 50 to 19:

Resolved, That the fuel administrator of the United States be and he is hereby requested to delay for five days the order suspending the operation of industrial plants in portions of the United States, in order that the protests may be heard, investigation made and information presented.

Nonpartisan Repudiation.

Senator Hitchcock, Democrat, of Nebraska introduced the resolution. It won the senate's approval at the close of a day of vehement denunciation of the administration, the tide of which Senator Lewis of Illinois and a handful of fellow Democrats strove in vain to stem.

It was apparent from the start that the resolution would be adopted by a vote so overwhelming as to constitute a nonpartisan repudiation of the administration, the first since the beginning of the war.

The resolution was supported by twenty-two Democrats and twenty-eight Republicans and opposed by sixteen Democrats and three Republicans. Of the nineteen senators voting against it only six represent states affected by the workless day order.

Garfield Explanation Fails.

While the resolution was pending Dr. Garfield was summoned before the senate committee on manufactures to explain the drastic order. He failed to justify the course of the administration, in the opinion of the senators who heard him, and they straightway reported favorably on the resolution.

Senators who would have indorsed a priority order of coal deliveries to preferred classes of consumers could not understand why industries, with coal on hand, should be compelled to close, and why industries operated by water power and electricity should be asked to close. They refused to accept Dr. Garfield's explanation that this was to prevent such industries from enjoying an advantage over competitors without fuel. It was freely charged that the president had exceeded his authority in prohibiting a citizen from using coal in his bin.

No Reply by Wilson.

The senate resolution reached the white house after Dr. Garfield had placed the order in operation with his signature. The White House said tonight no reply would be made to the senate resolution at this time.

The president is expected later to send some communication to the senate by way of acknowledgment and explanation. But it was pointed out that the resolution was of no effect, as congress has no authority by such resolution to limit the president's power to regulate use of fuel by industry and could only exercise such power by repealing or amending the fuel control law which vested the president with the powers he has exercised.

"Insult to the Senate."

"Issuance of the orders tonight was a great discourtesy to the senate," Senator Hitchcock said, "but I do not see how congress can now act to suspend their operation. I hardly see what further step can be taken by congress except by appeal to the president in time to stay their execution."

Suspension or repeal of that part of the Lever food control law under which Fuel Administrator Garfield acted was one of the proposals considered by members of congress today, Senator Hitchcock said, and might be brought up tomorrow, although the necessary bill or resolution hardly could be passed by both houses in time to have any effect.

"Give Nation a Chance."

In introducing the resolution Senator Hitchcock said:

"The resolution asks only for a delay of five days. I do not assume to say that the fuel administrator has made a mistake. All I ask for is sufficient time to permit the country to be heard from. The thing which he has done has been properly denominated as a national disaster. It may be necessary; there may be such a grave situation confronting the fuel administration, such a grave situation concerning the supply of fuel for the ships that we must send overseas, such a grave situation confronting the railroads that drastic action of this sort is necessary; but before it is taken, the short time of five days should certainly be afforded the country to present the facts to the fuel administrator and, if necessary, to the president.

"The fact is that this thing has come upon the country like a flash of lightning out of a clear sky. It means the closing down of hundreds and perhaps thousands of industrial establishments of the country at a time when we have been straining every effort to keep those establishments up to their greater production."

"Government Running Wild."

Senator Hardwick suggested that the resolution be directed to the president instead of the fuel administrator. This Senator Hitchcock thought unnecessary, adding:

"The unfortunate situation of affairs at this time is thus: One branch of the government is doing one thing, while another branch of the government is doing another thing, and another branch of the government is doing still another thing, and we have no coördination of the enormous forces which have been placed in the hands of the executive.

"I am firmly of the opinion that many government agencies will be handicapped by this order and I doubt very much whether some of them have been consulted before this was issued. The situation argues strongly for a reform in our government and, I am here now to predict that before much time elapses you will be compelled by the very force of circumstances to locate somewhere absolute power to coördinate the various branches and functions of our government which now are largely running wild."

Wants War Cabinet.

"What possible improvement could the senator suggest in that connection as to centralizing authority than is provided now by the constitution of the United States, which centralizes this authority over every one of these activities in the president of the United States?" Senator Poindexter asked.

"The reform which I think should be brought about is such a reform as will place above the cabinet now existing and below the president a war cabinet to bring all these boards into a few hands, to harmonize them, coördinate them, and bring order out of chaos," Senator Hitchcock said. "If we had at the present time such a war cabinet I do not believe this order would have been issued by the fuel administrator; in fact, I know it would not have been issued without being submitted to that cabinet, and that cabinet would not have acted without knowing definitely the effect on the various industries of the country which would result from it."

Calls Order a Calamity.

"I cannot speak too strongly in favor of the resolution which has been introduced by the senator from Nebraska," Senator Weeks of Massachusetts said. "This order of the fuel administrator has fallen with crushing force on the section of the country which I in part represent. I am told that 86 per cent of all the additional business, the $19,000,000,000 of additional business that is being done this year is concentrated between Massachusetts and Virginia, and as far west as Pittsburgh, or east of Pittsburgh. One telephone message that I have this morning from a manufacturer states that the closing down of his mills will result in a loss of $2,000,000 of products."

"I regard this order as a calamity," Senator Pomerene of Ohio said. "I feel that at the present time there is no necessity for it.

"I think I know something about the coal conditions in Ohio. We have enough coal in that state to last the people of our state until our grandchildren are gray haired men, and yet our people in Ohio are perhaps suffering as the people in no other state, and in my judgment it is due to the way in which this subject has been handled."

From 90 Cents to $5.50.

"I want to tell the senator that if we paid $100 a ton in South Carolina we could not get a ton of coal because it is not there," interjected Senator Tillman of South Carolina.

"It ought to be there, though," Senator Pomerene said. "The remark demonstrates, in my judgment, the fact that it was not high prices that was necessary for proper production. In my own city, where we used to get coal at 90 cents a ton at the mines for our factories we were paying last year $5 and $5.50 a ton at the mines; and then, when a priority order was issued to the railroads for lake shipments, the coal operators gave as an excuse for not giving coal to the ordinary consumer that an order had been made to them to ship none save that to the lake region. It was not true and the coal operators who made that statement knew it was not true when they m[illegible] it."

"I should like to say," Senator Kellogg of Minnesota said, "that a good deal of coal loaded on the lakes was going to Canada when our people could not get coal. There was a good deal of coal which was shipped to Canada that was not destined for the northwest, and there is a shortage of coal in Minnesota and north Wisconsin, and but for the heroic private efforts of people up there to cut wood and send it out into the country where they have been using coal, there would be a shortage now. You cannot ship coal into the northwest by rail, it never has been done, and you cannot run a boat in the winter time."

"If the order is an unwise one," Senator Borah interrupted, "which the consensus of opinion seems to support, has the senate and the congress of the United States been reduced to such impotency as that it can do nothing else than merely request a fuel administrator to suspend it?"

Senator Lewis of Illinois urged delay in adoption of the resolution.

Sees Government Control.

"When the bill giving authority to create the fuel administration was before this body," Senator Lewis said, "I said that we would be brought to the point where we must take charge of the coal mines. I said then that the time had come when we should do so upon the theory that the coal mines by nature were mere depositories of the elements necessary to the public welfare and ought not longer to be held in private control.

"What has transpired this morning is clearly disclosing that the time has come when this government should take charge of all coal mines, proceed to supervise coal mining, to control it, and then supervise the distribution of the coal in such manner that no such condition could be existing which evidently is the justification for this order, remarkable as it is.

"I think we are hastening with some degree of madness this morning. Is it not the expression of wisdom that instead of suddenly passing a resolution that on its face condemns what the president and fuel administrator did that we pause to consider a moment them from whom we might obtain information as to why it was done and give them some opportunity in which they may explain to these, the representatives of the government, before we hastily, in a spirit of almost frenzy, pass a resolution that has for its tenor practically a condemnation of the action without ourselves knowing the thing that brought it forth or the justification or reasons that might be advanced in its behalf?"

Demands Sudden Action.

"The characterization of the resolution as unfriendly or antagonistic, is certainly a great mistake," Senator Hitchcock said, interrupting Senator Lewis.

"If this resolution is passed today," Senator Lewis replied, "it will be read by the public in the light of the criticisms which have been made here in the speeches of senators, and it should be; it will read in the light of the condemnation, and it should be, and it should be construed as an expression by the senate of their approval of these condemnations which have been voiced by the respective senators in support of the resolution."

Senator Reed announced that Dr. Garfied had come to the capitol and would appear before the manufactures committee within fifteen minutes. He asked that the resolution be laid aside for an hour.

"I very much doubt whether the fuel administrator understands the entire reach of this action of his," Senator Sherman of Illinois said. "If some action is not secured by passing this resolution, all the stocks of surplus coal in the great manufacturing districts of the country cannot be burned or converted into any form of useful effort indefinitely until the order has been repealed or has expired in some proper way.

Farm Machinery Needed.

"I am sure that the fuel administrator does not know that thousands of tons of soft coal are piled up in the yards, and convenient to the furnaces of the great manufacturing districts of the northern Mississippi valley. I am sure, too, Mr. President, that the fuel administrator does not realize that between now and the first day of May 80,000 corn planters must be completed and ready for the corn belt of the United States, and that scarcely half of them are made today.

"A very large percentage, a majority of all the output of the agricultural implements not only of the United States but of the world are in the Rock Island and Moline country. They have enough soft coal to run for weeks in their factories. They will be instantly paralyzed by this order tomorrow, and at midnight tonight their shifts of hands must cease operation, their furnaces must die, and their unfinished machines must lie idle on the work bench and in their factories.

"That is the effect of this order, and by June 1 or earlier in the southern parts of the wheat producing country these binders will be needed. Harvesting begins in May in the southern part of the United States. I think they cut about that time in Texas, if I remember rightly, and the harvesting belt moves on northward, and these supplies must be delivered in due season for keeping up to the demand of all those who require them.

"That cannot be done; these agricultural implements cannot be completed if there is a five day delay even. If there should be a month's delay it would be a public disaster. Today in one area of Illinois more than 10,000,000 bushels of corn are in the shock, rotting in the field."

"I want to say that 1,000,000 German soldiers turned loose in this country would not create the havoc that this order will produce," Senator Knox of Pennsylvania said.

At 4 o'clock the manufactures committee reported the resolution requesting postponement of the workless day order and Chairman Reed described Dr. Garfield's defense.

Loss in Wages $225,000,000

"If the number of factories to be affected by this order is one-half of the total factories," Mr. Reed said, "and certainly I would imagine it would be that many—then there would be directly affected by this order as to their livelihood or income approximately 30,000,000 people, and I am referring now to the wage earners in the factories, and if the wage earners who are directly affected are 5,000,000 in number, and if they earn three dollars a day, and if they are put out of work for fifteen days, that is a loss of work equal to one day for 75,000,000 people, which at three dollars a day will make a loss in wages alone of $225,000,000.

"The value of the product compared with wages in 1914 was approximately six to one, and if we apply that ratio we would have a loss in the value of the product of these factories which would amount to $1,350,000,000. But this applies only to the wages of the men in the factories for the total period of time, fifteen days.

Costs U. S. $1,500,000,000.

"There is consumed, in the manufacture, an enormous amount of raw material. Out of the $24,000,000,000 of manufactured product in 1914, the raw materials were worth $14,000,000,000. The enormous number of men employed in producing these raw materials I have not made time to estimate, but the wage loss alone by virtue of the stoppage of the industries of this country under this order, according to the best estimate I am able to make on short notice, will be not less than $1,500,000,000 to $1,750,000,000."

"In view of that enormous loss to the wage earners of the country, what condition are these people to be in to purchase coal to keep them warm, admitting that there is coal to be bought?" Senator Gallinger asked.

"There are some questions I cannot answer," Senator Reed responded. "Dr. Garfield said that he thought it was the duty of the manufacturer to keep up the wages as part of his sacrifice."

Why Close Water Power Plant?

"I cannot see why the factory that has coal should not continue to operate, in view of the fact that they do not propose to take that coal and distribute it among freezing people; and, above all, I cannot see why, for the purpose of preserving of a theoretical equality between manufacturing plants and great industries, we should stop the water power mills because the coal is exhausted in some particular plant."

"I should like to ask the senator from Missouri if an analogy to that proposition would not be found if the food administrator tonight should issue an order that nobody living east of the Mississippi river should eat anything for the next week," Senator Hitchcock asked. "Would not that be about the same method of curing the evil?"

"Mr. President, in all matters concerning the food administration I beg to be excused from criticizing," Reed replied, amid laughter evoked by his well known antipathy to Hoover.

Defends the President.

Senator Jones of New Mexico appeared as an apologist for and defender of the administration and pleaded with the senate not to adopt the Hitchcock resolution.

"This is a request to our commander in chief to suspend an order which he thinks necessary for the prosecution of the war," Senator Jones said. "Has any such request ever emanated from the senate of the United States in the history of the country? If so, I do not know of it. Are we to stay the hand of the chief executive in such an important matter? Shall we say to our enemies that we have put power into the hands of an incompetent executive? To defer the operation of this order will bring hardship to hundreds of thousands of mothers and children who are today without fuel."

Senator Borah said he would vote against the resolution because he "did not want to belong to the senate after it becomes a mere petitioning body."

HOW THEY VOTED

Roll Call in Senate on Resolution Requesting That Garfield Rescind Fuel Order.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 17.—[Special.]—The vote in the senate on the resolution requesting Dr. Garfield to postpone his fuel curtailment order five days was as follows:

FOR THE RESOLUTION [DEMOCRATS].

Bankhead,	Pomerene,	Stone,
Beckham,	Reed,	Swanson,
Gerry,	Sanisbury,	Thomas,
Gore,	Shields,	Tillman,
Hitchcock,	Smith [Ga.],	Underwood,
McKellar,	Smith [Md.],	Vardaman,
Martin,	Smith [S. C.],	Wolcott—22.
Owen,		

FOR [REPUBLICANS].

Brandegee,	Jones [Wash.],	Poindexter,
Calder,	Kellogg,	Sherman,
Cummins,	Knox,	Smoot,
Curtis,	McCumber,	Sterling,
Fernald,	McLean,	Sutherland,
Frelinghuysen,	McNary,	Townsend,
Gallinger,	Nelson,	Wadsworth,
Hale,	New,	Watson,
Harding,	Norris,	Weeks—28.
Johnson [Cal.]		

Total for the resolution, 50.

AGAINST THE RESOLUTION [DEMOCRATS].

Ashurst,	Kirby,	Ransdell,
Chamberlain,	Lewis,	Robinson,
Fletcher,	Myers,	Shafroth,
Hardwick,	Phelan,	Sheppard,
Johnson [S. D.]	Pittman,	Simmons—16.
Jones [N. M.],		

AGAINST [REPUBLICANS].

Borah,	Gronna,	La Follette—3.

Total against the resolution, 19.

$1,000,000,000 CAPITAL IDLE IN CHICAGO TODAY

Protests to the Coalless Day Order Prove Futile.

(Continued from first page.)

effect were sent to senators, representatives, and to President Wilson.

The movement to check the impending loss to industries centered at the office of the Illinois Manufacturers' association, where a request to business men to take united action was signed by officials of the organization.

Text of Telegram.

Later the following protest was sent to Washington:

"To the President: The directors of the Illinois Manufacturers' association in meeting assembled respectfully urge that you so modify the order of the fuel administrator effective Jan. 18, 1918, as to permit the operation of all industries affected to 50 per cent of their normal capacity during the five days named in the order. Such a modification will enable the plant owner to maintain his organization and will reduce by one-half the pecuniary loss of the wage earners. We urge also immediate action to increase production at the mines and the clearing of the transportation lines by an embargo on all shipments except fod and fuel, for a week if necessary.

"D. E. FELT, first vice president.
"WM. NELSON PELOUZE, second vice president.
"PAUL SCHULZE.
"GEORGE R. MEYERCORD.
"S. M. HASTINGS, director.
"P. S. THEURER, treasurer.
"COLIN C. H. FYFFE, general counsel.
"JOHN M. GLENN, secretary.
"HERMAN H. HETTLER."

Commerce Board's Protest.

The Chicago Association of Commerce, after conferences with members and business men, directed a telegram to President Wilson in which it was suggested that:

"The fuel administration of Illinois be granted such powers of interpretation of the order as may accomplish the purpose with the least injury and hardship possible."

This was after many business men had declared that the situation in Illinois is in no way serious enough to make necessary so sweeping an order.

New York Protest.

New York, Jan. 17.—A protest against the coal order was wired to President Wilson late today by the National Association of Manufacturers, declaring that the order carried "possibilities for appalling disaster to our country" and the additions to the burdens already being carried by the country's industries "will inevitably result in a breakdown."

PLANS FOR CITY HALL.

Although the fuel administration's fiat exempted county and municipal offices, steps probably will be taken by the city to close as many departments as possible. Mayor Thompson held a conference with Assistant Corporation Counsel Cleveland, Commissioner of Public Works Bennett, and other heads of departments, but no definite action was taken.

"We will probably shut down all departments that are not absolutely necessary," said Mr. Cleveland. "We will need the schools, fire and health departments and the department of electricity, but we might shorten the hours on all except the fire and police departments. Then we may drop the municipal repair shops."

According to Mr. Bennett forty tons of coal are used a day to warm the city hall.

"If the building were put on a holiday basis and only those offices which must run at all times be open, a saving of twenty-five tons of coal a day could be made," said Mr. Bennett.

"It will be a pretty close squeeze for the pumping stations," said Mr. Bennett. "Four of the stations have only four days' supply on hand now."

Building operations will be at a standstill because of the fuel saving edict. Building Commissioner Bostrom said.

CHURCHES TO HELP SAVE.

The following appeal was issued yesterday to the churches of Chicago and vicinity by the officials of the Chicago Church Federation and other interchurch organizations.

"In these days of peril and extremity, when the extraordinary demands of war and the unprecedented fury of winter have combined to reduce the visible coal supply to the danger point, when places of amusement are closing their doors and industry is stopping its wheels to save fuel, we believe that the church should be quick to show its patriotism by making every practicable sacrifice.

"We, therefore, make the following recommendations:

"1. That no effort be made to heat high vaulted and spacious church auditoriums, but that services be held in the smaller and more compact rooms commonly used for Sunday schools, prayer meetings, social services, etc.

"2. That the number of services be reduced as far as possible, without hampering the impulse to worship at a time when all feel most keenly the dependence upon Almighty God.

"3. That groups of neighboring churches demonstrate at once their Christian brotherliness and their patriotism by holding union community services.

"On behalf of the country which we love and the Kingdom of God of which we are a part.

HERBERT L. WILLETT,
President, Chicago Church Federation Council.
W. B. MILLARD,
Executive Secretary, Chicago Church Federation Council.
WALTER R. MEE,
Executive Secretary, Chicago Inter-church War Work Committee.
HARRY T. WILLIAMS,
Secretary, Inter-church Commission of Y. M. C. A.

WHAT TO DO TO FIND OUT ALL ABOUT COAL RULE

THE following statement was issued last night by Earl Dean Howard, deputy fuel administrator:

"The committee selected to make rulings on the Garfield order will meet at 9:30 this morning and resume work. All applications made in writing, including telegrams, reaching the fuel administration yesterday will be considered by the committee.

"If new questions not already covered by the rulings of the committee are submitted they will be covered by new rulings issued immediately.

"D. F. Kelly of Mandel Bros. has been appointed by the committee to make reply to the written applications for interpretation of the order.

"According to the message received from Dr. Garfield all manufacturers of nonperishable foods and industries supporting the food industries should apply to the federal food administrator of Illinois, Harry A. Wheeler, who will use his discretion in recommending to the fuel administration the modification of the order.

"Application for interpretation of the order not already covered by rulings should be made to James Griffin of the state fuel administration, who will transmit them to proper committees. Fuel administrators of counties of the state are advised to promulgate the rulings in their districts as rapidly as they are received through the press."

FORGAN SHOCKED BUT RECONCILED TO FUEL HOLIDAY

Tells of Conditions Which May Have Justified Its Issuance.

"The fuel holiday announcement was a surprise and shock to me as it must have been to the public generally, but information which came to me today convicted me that I, at least, am in no position to criticize the order," said James B. Forgan, chairman of the board of directors of the First National bank.

"I am told that the Chicago, Terre Haute and Southeastern, which is one of the principal coal carrying roads coming into Chicago, has not delivered a ton of coal here since the storm began and probably will not be able to bring any until Saturday. That means suspension of its coal deliveries for two weeks. The company has 1,000 cars loaded with coal on its lines waiting for the reopening of traffic movement.

"If that situation is at all representative I can believe that there was justification for the drastic action taken. The fuel administrator may have had an accumulation of just such information before him when he planned his action."

Others Give Views.

Other Chicagoans expressed their opinions as follows:

JOSEPH P. GRIFFIN, former president of the board of trade—I think the Garfield order to shut down business on certain days for the purpose of relieving the coal situation was a monumental blunder and in my opinion it clearly demonstrates the breaking down of the fuel administration.

COUNTY TREASURER HENRY STUCKART—One way of avoiding all difficulty that might rise will be to add half an hour of work to each working day. That will keep up the volume of industry as though there were no day of forced rest.

COUNTY CLERK ROBERT M. SWEITZER—We must submit to the order of the government, whatever it may be, in the right spirit, thinking it is nothing, but doing "our bit" in helping to win this war.

Will Cause Disturbance.

GEORGE M. REYNOLDS, president of the Continental and Commercial National bank—I do not wish to criticize the action of Commissioner Garfield, for I am not sure I know conditions. I do, however, regret very much the fact of the order being issued. It is certain to create a great deal of disturbance and it will mean much of an unfortunate character to wage earners. I have heard from some business interests in the course of the day. If there should be no modification of the order it will mean, temporarily at least, a marked interruption in a number of lines of business.

JOSEPH E. OTIS, vice president of the Central Trust company—It is one of the emergency orders that I think nearly every one will feel should be cheerfully accepted. The moral effect should be good since it will bring home directly to every one the new conditions which the war has created. It will cause disturbance, but I assume that before the order was issued counsel was taken with the railroads and representatives of coal producing concerns.

EVERY LB. of CANDY You Eat SAVES A LB. OF Meat and Wheat

Buy FRESH DAILY MADE CANDY AT OUR FACTORY

Benedetto Allegretti & Co.

Slightly Misshaped 75c Chocolates

3 lbs. . $1.00
21 ozs. . .50
10 ozs. . .25

Only at 224 W. Randolph St.

Between 5th Ave. and Franklin

Just West of 5th Av. "L"
Phone Main 63 Close 5:30

CORNS, CALLOUSES AND BUNIONS REMOVED NEVER TO RETURN

Larson's Corn Cure Shoes Do the Work

The knife, corn plasters, bunion removers, etc., will never cure your feet. They may relieve for a time, but your trouble soon returns.

Attack the Cause

and the remedy is simple. Stop wearing ill-fitting shoes and wear shoes that are made for and fitted to your feet.

The Larson Corn Cure Shoes are the only shoes made for and fitted to your feet on the market today. They are made over plaster lasts which are molded from your feet.

These shoes are designed along scientific lines; reinforced to relieve the pressure from the sore spots and allow the feet to perform their functions with ease and freedom.

LEAVE YOUR ORDER TODAY.

Made to Measure, $15
With Plaster Cast, $17 and Up

Special fitting rooms for ladies and children, with maid in attendance.

Send for Free Illustrated Booklet T

MARTIN LARSON
Expert Shoe Specialist
369 W. Madison St. At the Bridge

AT 23 MADISON, EAST
THE COSTUME BOOTERY OF
O'Connor & Goldberg

Unusual Offer
in the January Sale
O-G Dress Boot
3 COMBINATIONS

Patent and dull leather vamps, fawn or beige buckskin uppers; also tan Russia calf vamps, beige tops; 11 inches high.

$8.95
(Great Price Cut)

2-inch Wood Heels Substantial Soles.

This is one of five or six numbers, formerly priced up to $14.50. Not all sizes of each, but early comers may be reasonably sure of being fitted.

An Invitation
Visit
Revell's
Today or Tomorrow
and see
The Furnished Cottage
Wabash and Adams St.

SABLES
And other Fine Furs
20% to 33⅓% less during the January Fur Sale, at
SHAYNE'S

This great sale will soon be over and immediate purchase is urged upon all who intend buying furs before the season ends.

Right now the sale offers the widest selection in style, quality and price.

Shayne furs are all that GOOD furs can be.

JOHN T. SHAYNE & Co.
PALMER HOUSE, CORNER

HOMES beautiful are those in which the walls and ceilings have been decorated with

DEVOE Velour Finish

the washable oil paint without gloss.

Artistic and harmonious tints and shades, suitable for any room in any home; supplied by any Devoe dealer, who will tell you it's so easy to use that anyone can do it.

DEVOE
14-16 W. Lake St., near State.

WIDEMANN'S Pure UNSWEETENED EVAPORATED Goat Milk

The Incomparable Baby Food
The Perfect Food for Invalids

Works wonders in restoring health to those suffering with tuberculosis or stomach trouble. Positively solves the problem of infantile malnutrition.

AT LEADING DRUGGISTS
Put up in 11-oz. Tins

WIDEMANN GOAT MILK CO.
Physicians' Bldg. San Francisco, Cal.
Fuller-Morrison Co., Distributors

SOME WORKERS WILL GET PAID, SOME WILL NOT

Various Big Houses in the City Plan to Stand Loss.

More than 600,000 persons will be thrown out of employment in the Chicago manufacturing district by the fuel order, but a large percentage—impossible to fix at an early hour—will be paid their wages as usual.

Because of the technical difficulties attending the adjustment of pay of men on a piecework basis it has been announced by E. H. Gary, chairman of the board of directors of the United States Steel corporation, that men laid off will not be paid. E. J. Buffington, president of the Illinois Steel company, a subsidiary of the corporation, said the local situation had not been discussed.

Big Houses to Pay.

Big Chicago concerns in many instances will pay their employés as normally. This was announced by O. C. Doering, general superintendent of Sears, Roebuck & Co., Homer A. Stillwell of Butler Bros., and W. A. Curtis, vice president of Montgomery Ward & Co.

Officers of the Pullman company, the International Harvester company, the Sinclair Refining company, Western Steel Car and Foundry company, the Standard Oil Company of Indiana, and other large employers announced that it would be impossible to determine how wages should be paid under a piece work scale and therefore the payroll would be suspended unless new developments should arise.

In Gary 24,000 employés of various munitions plants, earning $84,000 a day, will lose their time, and also 2,500 men working in the other plants will lose $9,625 in wages. It is expected that 2,500 railroad employés and several hundred other men will be kept at work, the latter at shoveling snow and odd jobs in keeping the furnaces open.

Churches Are Supplied.

It was estimated the Chicago surface lines and the elevated lines will lose $40,000 in traffic each day for the five day period, and twice that amount per day on each of the nine succeeding Mondays. A canvass of the churches indicates that all are supplied to carry them through the restricted period.

Pyatt & Co. announced that all employés wishing to work on a half day basis will be supplied with odd jobs about the plant, married men to have the preference. Lyon & Healy announce that all persons employed in their plant will be paid full wages for the period of the shutdown.

A resumé of the leading trades indicates a large majority will not be laid off. The working force of the local transportation lines will not be laid off on the fuelless Mondays with the exception of the regular reduction for holidays. No one will be laid off during the five day period.

Some Trades Affected.

Among the trades that will be affected follow:

Barbers	3,500	Binders	1,100
Bindery women	3,000	Brewery w'kers	4,000
Building trades	10,000	Compositors	2,300
Car'y firemen	8,000	Garment w'k'rs	6,000
Iron molders	2,000	Women garm't.	13,000
Machinists	18,000	Pressfeeders	1,100
Engravers	800	Pressmen	1,300
Steam engin'rs	4,000	Teamsters	35,000

In addition to these there will be affected on each Monday 1,600 elevated employés, 8,000 musicians, and 200 stage employés.

In Chicago there are 1,300 pool and billard halls each employing on an average 5 men, a total of 6,500, and about 155 bowling alleys employing 1,000 men. These all will be out of a job.

SUB-DEBS HELP MAKE SUPPLIES FOR SOLDIERS

Teach Younger Set the Mysteries of Needles and Yarn at Y. W. C. A.

"Swat the kaiser and keep the home fires burning" is the motto of a band of Chicago's most talented sub-debs, who have joined hands and knitting needles for wartime work.

Headed by Dorothy and Elizabeth Reed of 5846 Kenmore avenue, daughters of Mrs. Elmer G. Reed, a north shore club woman, they are devoting themselves to war activities.

One of their latest undertakings is a class in sewing and knitting at the Y. W. C. A. in Michigan avenue. Elisabeth, an expert tatter, has initiated a number of the younger set into the mysteries of crocheting.

LOSSES IN WAGES TOLD IN FIGURES

HOW Chicago workers will financially suffer from the Garfield coal order will be seen from the following tables. The steel industry loss is based on fifteen days, as these plants work every day in the year. Stores and business places will lose ten days' earnings. The same is true of theaters and other places of amusement. The number of employés in each factory and other place is shown, together with their annual wages and the amount each industry, store, and place of business will suffer:

STEEL PLANTS IN CHICAGO DISTRICT

	No. plants.	No. employes.	Annual wages.	Loss, 14 days.
Chicago	8	20,000	$ 31,992,250	$1,227,100
East Chicago	7	9,400	14,016,000	537,600
Hammond	2	1,800	2,628,000	100,800
Indiana Harbor	2	8,000	11,680,000	448,000
Chicago Heights	2	2,300	3,175,500	121,800
Gary	4	20,500	26,699,750	1,026,100
Harvey	1	2,500	3,650,000	140,000
Joliet	6	4,515	6,570,000	252,000
	32	69,215	$100,411,500	$3,853,400

CHICAGO FACTORIES CLOSED FOR FIVE DAY PERIOD AND NINE MONDAYS

Nature of industry.	No. factories.	Employes.	Annual wages.	Loss, 13 days.
Artificial stone pdts.	27	420	$ 450,072	$ 19,500
Automobiles, including bodies, parts	74	1,630	1,438,657	52,335
Bags, not paper	10	320	182,400	4,904
*Bak'g powder, yeast	15	632	458,758	19,786
Baskets, rattan, etc.	9	55	30,780	1,226
Boots and shoes	47	4,487	3,063,157	132,730
Boxes, cigar	10	365	183,243	7,933
Boxes, fancy, paper	76	4,282	2,309,328	95,732
Brass, copper pdts.	68	1,392	1,391,461	60,294
Brooms and brushes	68	690	484,750	21,008
Buttons	16	365	183,061	7,930
Carpets	24	195	133,060	5,759
Carriages, wagons	156	2,500	1,721,970	74,607
*Cars, general shop and r. r. repairs	23	12,916	10,233,090	443,436
*Cars, steam r. r.	14	17,675	18,094,330	784,142
Chemicals	17	200	145,565	6,305
Clocks and watches	7	94	67,579	2,915
Cloth sponging and refinishing	8	141	111,879	4,836
Clothing, men's	653	36,936	3,038,419	131,664
Clothing, women's	260	8,407	5,536,296	239,902
Coffins, etc.	15	741	571,824	24,778
Confectionery	112	5,626	2,632,989	114,008
Cooperage, wdn. gds.	39	1,282	860,335	37,271
Copper, tin, and sheet iron prodts.	334	4,360	3,606,390	156,273
Cutlery, edged tools.	64	1,300	917,517	39,754
Dairymen's sup's, etc	8	203	155,952	6,617
Electrical mach'y	142	62,180	4,740,940	205,439
Electroplating	41	352	316,705	13,676
Fancy articles, nov's.	53	780	580,931	25,168
Foundry and machine shop prodts.	806	35,801	29,033,672	1,258,205
Fur goods	96	342	285,912	12,389
Furn. goods, men's	47	1,767	965,682	41,247
Gold and silver foil	7	167	96,170	4,166
Grease and tallow	9	664	561,427	24,323
Stamps and stencils	31	217	168,948	7,319
Hats and caps	41	530	396,358	17,173
Hosiery, knit goods	38	1,243	617,606	26,767
Ice plants	21	513	523,738	22,698
Ink	10	61	49,384	1,703
Jewelry	102	1,060	975,999	42,289
Lapidary	7	34	43,092	1,859
Leather goods	200	1,938	1,412,668	61,217
Leather	27	2,635	1,732,366	75,062
Liquors, malt	42	4,529	5,172,408	224,133
Lumb'r, timb'r pdts.	230	10,288	8,144,593	482,124
Marble and stone	125	1,432	1,369,778	59,358
Mattress, sprg. Beds	68	1,015	570,273	24,713
Models and patt'ns.	66	367	917,517	39,754
Musical instrum'nts.	52	5,643	16,467,231	714,583
Paint and varnish	68	2,234	1,560,819	67,639
Paper goods	45	1,336	699,508	30,316
Patent medicines	308	1,483	1,016,684	44,057
Photo. app., mater's.	21	570	424,741	18,408
Photo engraving	26	1,034	1,315,195	56,992
Print'g, publishing	1,759	29,922	26,007,598	1,126,996
**Slaugh'g, meat pkg.	66	30,443	21,497,983	937,567
Smelting, refining	15	144	137,757	5,967
Soap	26	2,412	1,612,644	69,875
Steam packing	17	187	170,247	7,371
Sterotyp'g and elect.	28	804	793,348	34,372
Surgical appliances	39	779	532,836	23,088
Tobacco manufrs.	960	6,008	4,162,180	180,349
Type fdg., ptg. mat'ls.	21	392	337,896	14,638
Misc. mfg. indust.	2,229	81,264	62,986,413	2,729,415
	10,045	399,445	$256,404,101	$11,225,281

PLACES WHICH WILL CLOSE MONDAYS ONLY

	No.	Employes.	Annual wages.	Loss, 10 days.
Saloons	6,090	24,360	$24,360,000	$ 81,300
Billiards and pool	1,350	6,750	5,032,500	167,750
Bowling alleys	158	1,000	750,000	25,000
Laundries	300	30,000	15,600,000	520,000
Theaters	39	2,600	3,120,000	104,000
Movies	393	1,875	150,000	5,000
Auto service stat'ns.	179	3,500	4,200,000	140,000
Outlying stores	750	20,000	12,000,000	400,000
Department stores	9	30,000	18,000,000	600,000
	9,268	100,085	$83,212,500	$2,043,050

FOOD SELLING PLACES HEATED AND OPEN

	No.	Employes.	Annual wages.	
Grocers	6,300	15,000	$15,000,000	No wage loss
Bakers	1,500	7,500	9,000,000	No wage loss

*Closing doubtful.
**Exempt from closing.

FOOD HANDLERS TO OPERATE ON NORMAL LINES

Wheeler Issues Ruling on Production and Sales.

State Food Administrator Harry A. Wheeler was delegated with final authority by the federal fuel administration yesterday in passing on the requirements of those industries and businesses which have to do with the production and distribution of food.

His first pronouncement, issued last night, was that all concerns producing necessary foodstuffs, will be permitted to operate as usual. Following a conference between F. H. Brewer of the state food administration and officials of the fuel administration, the following list of exemptions was announced: Grain elevators, flour mills, corn dryers, bakeries, retail food distributors (groceries, delicatessen stores, and and neighborhood bakeshops).

As to Wholesale Groceries.

Wholesale groceries will be permitted to transact business each weekday until 4 p. m. except Saturday, when they must close at 12:30 p. m. The manufacture of spices and nonessential products is forbidden.

Coffee roasters will be permitted to operate each day until 4:30 p. m., except Monday and Saturday. Monday must be observed as a holiday throughout the ten week period, and plants must close down at 12:30 o'clock on Saturday during the current five days. A special ruling provides that all roasters must remain closed down next Tuesday.

The manufacturers of such food products as jellies, jams, and macaroni will be permitted to finish such of their product as is now in process of manufacture, but are ordered to refrain manufacturing any raw material.

6,000 Shops Affected.

The news that the food administrator had made a ruling exempting retail distributors of food caused rejoicing among the more than 6,000 proprietors of groceries, delicatessen, and meat shops in Chicago. The order also brought cheer to 1,500 bakers.

"I am not surprised," said A. P. Grant, president of the Chicago Bakers' club. "Bakery goods are not only an essential food product but are perishable."

Next Monday a plan will be announced by Administrator Wheeler designed to check the consumption of sugar.

Interpretations received from the office of Food Administrator Hoover last night confirmed Mr. Wheeler's interpretation.

LABOR LEADERS APPROVE ORDER; ASK FOR WAGES

Say Business and Not Workers Should Bear Burden.

Emmet Flood, general organizer for the American Federation of Labor, stated yesterday, on behalf of organized labor, that the government can look for the full support of the unions in the present crisis.

"Organized labor already has made sacrifices," he said, "but it is ready to make another sacrifice to assist the government in winning the war. I believe, however, that the loss in wages should be placed on business, and not on the men."

Most Leaders Absent.

With the majority of local labor leaders in Washington on behalf of the packing house employés, no official statement could be obtained. But others expressed themselves as ready to stand back of the government.

"If we have to close, we'll have to, that's all," said Ray Williams, secretary of the barbers' union. "I think if one barber shop has to close, however, that all of them ought to be made to. It isn't fair to close up the fellows outside and permit the shops in the big hotels to run."

Only Small Sacrifice.

Fred G. Hopp, financial secretary of the Chicago Federation of Labor, said:

"It is a small sacrifice, but it may be the first of many we will have to make before the war is over."

"The molders will cheerfully meet all such demands by the government as necessary moves to win the war," said C. A. Sample, secretary of the molders' conference board.

George C. Slater, label secretary, United Garment Workers, said:

"We are willing to do our part in winning the war and will not criticize any necessary drastic step that may be taken."

DRAINAGE CANAL WATER POWER LOST BY RULING

Industrial Plants Getting Energy from It Must Shut Down.

The bulk of energy totaling 30,000 horse power generated at the hydroelectric plant of the Chicago sanitary district at Lockport will be a loss during the next five days, according to an interpretation by Fuel Administrator Garfield last night, who ruled that industrial plants utilizing such power come under the same classification as those using coal.

More than 200 manufacturing plants which draw their power from Lockport will be asked to shut down during the five day period, according to Chief Engineer George M. Wisner and Electrical Engineer G. S. Brack. Avail themselves a majority of them use coal in negligible quantities.

Hope Is Dashed.

The one hope of saving the enormous waste by diverting the power to the Commonwealth Edison company, which plan is countenanced by Dr. Garfield, was dashed when it was made known by President Sergel of the sanitary district board that it will require at least five days to make the necessary connections between the two systems.

The only consolation found in the situation is that the Lockport hydroelectric power will be saved during the ten succeeding Monday holidays after the connection is completed. A small portion of the current will continue to be used for street lighting.

At a meeting of the sanitary board yesterday afternoon Electrical Engineer Brack was authorized to complete negotiations with the Commonwealth Edison company for an exchange of power. The latter company will absorb the surplus power of the Lockport plant during the ten Monday holidays and in return will supply electricity to carry the park load of the sanitary district during a certain period of each day. The suggestion to exchange power was originally made by the State Council of Defense.

Much Power Lost.

Engineer Brack explained that while the total volume of power produced at the Lockport plant is 30,000 horse power, only 16,000 horse power is delivered at the Chicago cable terminals because of resistance.

Among the larger consumers of the Sanitary district is the International Harvester company, which derives half of its total power from the Lockport plant. Others are: The Acme Steel Goods company, the Chicago Aluminum Castings company, Dryden Rubber company, Empire Car company, Fischer Machine works, Fulton Sawworks, Great Western Smelting company, Hess Warming and Ventilating company, Horn Structural Iron works, Illinois Brick company, National Malleable Castings company, Simonds Manufacturing company, Texas Oil company, Western Brass Manufacturing company, and the Wolff Manufacturing company.

IDENTIFY WAITER AS GUNMAN.

Several witnesses to the shooting Monday night of Thomas Carpos, a collector for Rallos Brothers, restaurant owners, yesterday identified Louis Gallanis, a waiter, as the robber who shot Carpos while in the corridor of the restaurant's commissary at 121 West Ohio street and escaped with a satchel containing $1,500.

WEALTHY WIDOW IS NAMED IN SUIT

New York, Jan. 17.—[Special.]—Mrs. Lena Bird, who inherited most of the $3,000,000 estate of her husband, C. W. Bird, and whose wealth is estimated at between $3,000,000 and $7,000,000, is named as co-respondent in a suit for divorce filed by Mrs. Mabel May Storey against Frederick D. Storey. The case came before Supreme Court Justice Aspinall in Brooklyn today on a motion by Mrs. Storey for $100 a week alimony and $5,000 counsel fees pending trial.

Jacob Hamburger, who was engaged by Mrs. Storey, alleges he trailed Storey and Mrs. Bird to various hotels in Detroit, Philadelphia, Atlantic City, and Toronto, and to the Plaza in New York.

Mrs. Bird was just leaving in her yacht for Miami, Fla., when papers were served on her.

Policeman Must Do Extra Duty for New Year Party

Policeman Edward J. Clohesy of the Cottage Grove avenue station, whose wild west proclivities brought him before the trial board a week ago, was ordered to perform extra duty for thirty days in findings returned by the civil service commissioners yesterday. Policeman Clohesy, according to evidence before the trial board, "shot up" the saloon of Philip Yensos, 2306 Cottage Grove avenue New Year's eve while intoxicated. Policeman William F. McCall of the Desplaines street station was discharged by the commissioners for intoxication. John J. Carroll and Jeremiah C. Ganey were ordered reinstated.

No Mail Deliveries if Loop Buildings Are Closed

Postmaster William B. Carlile stated yesterday that if office buildings were closed under the fuel saving edict mail carriers would not be sent throughout the loop with their usual deliveries. The postmaster raised the point that mail carriers would not be expected to climb stairways in buildings.

DAILY MAROON FROZEN OUT.

For the first time in its history, the Daily Maroon, the official student daily of the University of Chicago, has had to suspend publication. A shortage of coal at the printing plant where the Maroon is published is responsible.

600,000 METAL TRADE WORKERS HIT BY MANDATE

Six hundred thousand workers in the metal trades in states west of the Mississippi will be thrown out of work for the period of closing designated by Fuel Administrator Garfield, according to a rough estimate made last night by John D. Hibbard of Chicago, a commissioner of the National Metal Trades association. The wages they will lose approximate $2,780,000 daily.

Neither Mr. Hibbard nor Paul Blatchford, secretary of the Chicago Metal Trades association, would venture an estimate on the number in the Chicago district. Mr. Blatchford declaring that the classifications are too diversified.

Mr. Blatchford stated that conditions in this district did not appear to warrant the drastic order of the fuel administrator. Mr. Hibbard declared:

"There is a general disposition among the metal trade men to object to the order, although there is no hint of opposition. It is a moot point whether the need for the order was so imperative that it should have been given without any warning."

Saturday Half Holiday Goes with Monday Closing

Many offices which have given employés a half holiday on Saturday have posted notices that Saturday half holidays will be discontinued in view of a complete holiday on Monday due to the fuel administration's order, officers of the Illinois Manufacturers' association said yesterday.

WAGE INCREASE

Bureau of Labor Reports Figures for November Show Advance Over Month of October

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 17.—Wages continued to mount in November, figures issued today by the bureau of labor statistics showing that in thirteen selected industries all showed increases as compared with October and also with November, 1916. The greatest increase from October to November in the total amount paid to employés in any industry was 13.2 per cent in cotton manufacturing.

There was an increase of 12 per cent in boots and shoes, 11 per cent in men's ready made clothing, 9.5 per cent in cotton finishing, 9.4 per cent in leather manufacturing, and less than 9 per cent in papermaking, car building and repairing, woolen, manufacturing, hosiery and underwear, cigar manufacturing, automobile manufacturing, iron and steel, and silk, in the order named.

Increases during the twelve months ending November were greatest in iron and steel, amounting to 49.8 per cent, and were 45.6 per cent in woolen, and less than 30 per cent in the others.

The only decrease from October to November in the number of persons employed was three-quarters of 1 per cent in automobile manufacturing.

BURDEN TO FALL ON ALL WORKERS; BE LOYAL, PLEA

Gompers Says Eight Hour Day Would Be the Solution.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, in a statement tonight declared that the workers of the nation will be the greatest sufferers from the fuel restriction order, but that they will "maintain their loyal stand despite the suffering and sacrifices which they may be called upon to bear."

Mr. Gompers expressed doubt that a five day suspension of industry was the best way to meet the situation and suggested that a "wiser and more practical course" would have been to place all industries of the country upon an eight hour basic work day at least during the war.

Must Protect Workers.

Mr. Gompers said that everything mus be done to see that the workers are not made to suffer unnecessarily, and he expressed the hope that the employers would heed Fuel Administrator Garfield's appeal to comply with the order without "shifting the burden to labor."

"I am in receipt of a large number of telegraphic protests from workers in several parts of the country," Mr. Gompers said, "declaring that the effect of the orders will throw the men out of employment; that due to the high cost of living they have been unable to lay anything aside, and that their suffering during this period will be very great.

Suggests Eight Hour Law.

"In addition to this, I am strongly of the opinion that to place the industries of the country upon an eight hour basic work day, at least during the war and as a war measure, would have been a much wiser and more practical course than the creation of legal holidays which will mean holidays from Saturday afternoon until Tuesday morning."

J. P. Morgan & Co. Say Coal Order Is Necessary

New York, Jan. 17.—J. P. Morgan & Co. in a statement issued today said of the coal order:

"The administration, with all the facts before it, has decided that this is the best way of meeting the situation which was rapidly becoming a serious menace to all the work of the country and therefore to the successful carrying on of the war. The only right course, therefore, is for all the people to cooperate to the extent of their ability to make this measure effective."

Experts Expect No Decisive War Results Until 1920

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—Representative Tinkham of Massachusetts, addressing the house today on his observations on a recent visit to the European battle fronts, declared the best informed men in France and England do not look for decisive military results until 1919 or 1920.

Internal headache "cures" are risky—

so when a headache comes, try Turpo and know that you are using a remedy that gives relief without the slightest risk. It's not an internal medicine that "dopes" your senses to pain or that upsets your stomach. It's a dainty, pleasant-smelling salve. Rub it gently on the forehead and temples. It works its way through the skin. You can almost feel it driving out the pain and inflammation. Soon your ache is relieved.

Turpo is Turpentine, Menthol and Camphor, three old fashioned remedies, combined in a delightful golden salve. No other remedy like it. Fine for all sorts of pains, wounds, colds, etc. 25c a jar at your druggist's. Write for free sample to

THE GLESSNER COMPANY
Findlay, Ohio

Keep Your Feet Warm
Wear
Dr. A. Reed's Cushion Shoes

Warm, dry, comfortable feet are always present in Dr. A. Reed Shoes. Moisture, slush and cold cannot get through the cork and lamb's wool cushion insole. Easy on the feet.

J. P. SMITH SHOE CO.
Makers of Men's

DR. A. REED CUSHION SHOES
13 East Adams Street
Between State and Wabash

Don't Miss These Savings On Boys' Suits & Overcoats

This clearance event offers you savings of easily half of next winter's prices because we have made reductions that bring the two-trouser suits and overcoats down to less than what equal qualities are selling for at wholesale now.

Boys' Overcoats and Two Trouser Suits
Incomplete lines, but all sizes represented, now reduced to
$8.45, $9.45, $11.85 $14.45 and $20.85.

Overcoats for Boys of 3 to 8 Years
Incomplete lines, but all sizes represented, now reduced to
$8.45 and $12.85

Boys' Sweater Coats, extra heavy shaker knit, with large shawl collars, plain colors and college stripes, feature value, $5.

Boys' Wool Mixed Union Suits, natural color, closed crotch, sizes 4 to 18, special at $1.50.

Boys' Warm Lined Gloves and Mittens, wrist and gauntlet styles, tan and gray shades, special at 75c.

Chinchilla Leggings, knee length, gray, blue and brown; sizes 2, 3 and 4; regular $1.25 values, at 85c.

Boys' Gauntlet Knit Gloves, all colors, $1.50.

Boys' Shoes, sensible lasts, serviceable construction, in gunmetal, patent and tan leathers, sizes 1 to 6, at $3.50, $4 and $5.
Boys' Shoes, Main Floor.

Boys' Store, Sixth Floor
Children's Haircutting, 25c.

Sale of Boys' Winter Caps, plush and fur in-bands, novelty tops, materials to match suits and overcoats, special at 50c, 95c and $1.45.

THE HUB
Henry C. Lytton & Sons
N. E. Corner State and Jackson

Headquarters for Official Scout Suits.

FOE UNHURT BUT U. S. IS DAMAGED, T. R. SAYS ON WAR

Watchful Waiting, with Conflict "3,000 Miles Away," Blamed.

BY THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

[Printed by Courtesy of the Kansas City Star.]

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 17.—[Special.]—We have been at war nearly one year. We have failed to do any damage to Germany, but we have done a great deal of damage to ourselves. Recently the president's secretary of war announced that the war was 3,000 miles away and so he had not prepared to meet it. Incidentally the feats of the German submarine off Newport in the fall of 1916 showed that if it had not been for the allied fleets and armies the war would then have been on our own shores.

But at the moment it is 3,000 miles away, and yet this nation is suffering the kind of grave economic derangement that we would suffer if a hostile army was on our own shores; we have accomplished very little; we have suffered very much.

Where the Blame Lies.

Both the failure in accomplishment and the amount of avoidable suffering are due to the resolute refusal of our government to prepare in advance and to its fatuous persistence in the policy of watchful waiting.

Doubtless part of the present trouble in connection with coal is due to unwisdom in the price fixing of bituminous coal, doubtless part of it is due to the railway congestion, which in its turn is due to the complete lack of system and consequent chaos due to suddenly imposing on well meaning fogy government officials of average capacity the duty of dealing in a tremendous hurry with a situation of unprecedented size, complexity, and importance. But the temporary causes are all secondary to the great cause of complete failure to prepare in advance.

Paying for Watchful Waiting.

Our economic unpreparedness is just as complete as our military unpreparedness and is one of the chief factors therein.

We are now paying bitterly for the fact that two and three years ago it was deemed politically wise to shape our governmental policy along the lines of "watchful waiting" and "he kept us out of war." If three years ago we had begun in good faith and earnestly to prepare and if when the Lusitania was sunk we had acted precisely as we did act with no more provocation in February last this war would now have been over.

An immense amount of bloodshed would have been spared and the danger of German militarism would have been forever averted. In such case it would have greatly developed the trained administrators and the coherent system necessary to deal wisely with the economic no less than the military features of a great war.

Failed to Prepare in Advance.

Our refusal to prepare in advance and our fatuous acceptance of rhetorical platitudes and substitutes for preparations, have resulted in our present military impotence and profound and far-reaching economic derangement.

The profound business distrust, the unrest of labor, the coal famine, the congestion of traffic, and the shutting down of industries at the time when it is most important that productions should be speeded to the highest point, all are due primarily to the refusal to face facts during the first two years and a half of the world war, and the seething welter of inefficiency and confusion in which the policy of watchful waiting finally plunged us.

Nine-tenths of wisdom is being wise in time. All far-sighted patriots must earnestly hope that this nation will learn the bitter lesson and that never again will we be caught so shamefully unprepared, spiritually, economically, and from the military standpoint, as has been the case in the year that is now passing.

[Copyright: 1918: By the Kansas City Star.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 30c.—Advertisement.

EXEMPTED FACTORIES

Garfield Orders Coal Delivered to Concerns Doing Imperative War Work, and Some Shipyards.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 17.—Fuel Administrator Garfield exempted today from the operation of the order curtailing the industrial consumption of coal certain concerns engaged in imperative war work. Orders were issued tonight to provide a supply of coal for concerns of the following list, compiled by the United States fuel administrator from information furnished by the secretary of war and the secretary of the navy:

The Bath Iron works, Bath, Me.
Fore River Shipbuilding corporation, Quincy, Mass.
William Cramp & Son, Philadelphia, Pa.
New York Shipbuilding company.
Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Docks company.
Camden Forge company, Camden, N. J.
Allis-Chalmers company, Milwaukee, Wis.
Erie Forge company, Erie, Pa.
Babcock & Wilcox company, Bayonne, N. J.

Such portions of the plants of the following firms as are engaged in the manufacture of seamless tubes less than 1½ inches in diameter:

National Tube company, McKeesport, Pa.
Pittsburgh Steel Tube company, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Pittsburgh Steel Products company, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Ohio Seamless Tube company, Shelby, Ohio.

That part of the plants of the following firms engaged in the manufacture of condenser tubes ⅝ inch in diameter:

American Brass company, Bridgeport, Conn.
Bridgeport Brass company, Bridgeport, Conn.
General Electric company, Lynn, Mass.
Du Pont powder plants at Carneys Point, N. J.; Hopewell, Va.; Haskell, N. J.; Parlin, N. J.; and Barksdale, Wis.
Savage Arms company, Utica, N. Y.
Marlin Arms company, New Haven, Conn.
Remington U. M. C. company plants at Bridgeport, Conn.; Ilion, N. Y.; Hoboken, N. J.; and Swanton, Vt.
Cold Barrel Fire Arms company, Hartford, Conn.
Marlin-Rockwell corporation, New Haven, Conn.
Winchester Repeating Arms company, Eddystone, Pa.
United States Cartridge company, Lowell, Mass.
National Pressed and Copper Tube company, Hastings, N. Y.
Peters Cartridge company, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Western Cartridge company, Upper Alton, Ill.
Smith & Wesson, Springfield, Mass.
United States Machine Gun company, Meriden, Conn.
Bethlehem Steel company, South Bethlehem, Pa.
Midvale Steel company, Nicetown, O.
Hydraulic Pressed Steel company, Cleveland, O.
American Car and Foundry company, Detroit, Mich.
Hercules Powder company.
Aetna Powder company.

Y. M. C. A. TOLD OF INCREASE IN JUVENILE CRIME

L. Wilbur Messer, making his thirtieth annual report as general secretary of the Young Men's Christian association, declared at a dinner at the City club last night, that the coming year will demand greater activities among the men and boys of the city if abnormal conditions brought on by the war are to met successfully. Mr. Messer said that in his opinion the international conflict had rendered home conditions acute.

He declared there are three principal things for the Y. M. C. A. to consider.

1. Home work among boys in Chicago is imperative because of the rapid increase of juvenile crime.

2. It is necessary also that while this conservation of manhood is going on in Chicago that we remember the boys overseas.

3. That the association make a strong offensive in its extension work among industrial workers.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., FIRE LOSS $75,000.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 17.—Fire in the downtown district today practically destroyed the Springfield Paper company's storage plant and paper stock valued at $75,000 and damaged several adjoining mercantile establishments.

KEEP WARM! GET FIREWOOD FROM FOREST PRESERVE

Reinberg Offers Fuel to All Who Call at a Cut Price.

Appeals for fuel pouring steadily into the Cook county charity commission yesterday caused President Peter Reinberg of the county board to offer at an extremely low price all of the firewood in the forest preserve districts. The urgent need and the impossibility of securing coal caused many persons to take advantage of the offer even last night.

In every forest preserve district in Cook county there are innumerable dead trees and the land is covered with dead wood that will make splendid fuel, says Mr. Reinberg.

"The amount of wood that can be used is almost uncetimable," said Mr. Reinberg. "There are miles and miles of forests and the number of dead trees is extremely large. The trees that have been dead for only a year make the best kind of firewood.

Price Is Reduced.

"People can buy this wood—the standing trees—for about $3 a cord, and if they want to come to the forest preserve and pick up wood that has been on the ground for some time the price will be $2."

Ranson Kendicott of the forest preserve will have charge of distribution. Any one wanting to obtain wood for fuel can go to Mr. Kendicott and he will issue a permit for the sale.

Coal Situation Serious.

The districts where the wood can be obtained are Palatine, Niles Center, Chicago Heights, Thatcher's Grove, and along the Desplaines river. No more than two cords will be sold to any one person.

The coal situation in county institutions is desperate, according to Henry A. Zander, superintendent of public service. At the Oak Forest infirmary the supply of coal will only last until noon today. The county hospital has enough to heat and operate until midnight tonight, and the county building, the jail, and the Juvenile Detention home all have a supply to carry them through tonight. Mr. Zander said he cherished little hopes of getting more.

SAYS SHUTDOWN WILL NOT STOP ARMY CLOTHING

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—The government's fuel restriction program will not interfere seriously with the uniforming of the national army in the opinion of Julius Rosenwald of Chicago, chairman of the section on supplies of the Council of National Defense.

"We are on top of the job now," Mr. Rosenwald said, "with sufficient reserve on hand and in sight to take care of whatever new men are called."

Mr. Rosenwald presented his latest reports, showing the following deliveries up to Jan. 12:

Overcoats	2,742,000
Shoes, pairs	10,600,000
Woolen breeches	5,000,000
Woolen coats	2,700,000
Flannel undershirts	3,000,000
Cotton breeches	4,700,000
Cotton coats	2,500,000
Rubber coats	2,000,000
Blankets	6,400,000
Comforts	1,000,000
Heavy underwear	3,000,000

U. of C. President Sees No Prospect of Closing

President Harry Pratt Judson of the University of Chicago announced yesterday that at present there is no prospect of the university's closing. "As long as we can get coal, the university will remain open," declared President Judson. "The order of Dr. Garfield does not affect us, and since it does not, we shall continue as long as possible."

MOTHER AND TWO CHILDREN DIE.

Sargent, Neb., Jan. 17.—Mrs. B. Zulkowski, wife of a Polish farmer living five miles west of here, and two of her children aged 1 and 3 years, were burned to death early today when fire destroyed their home.

THOUSANDS ARE OUT OF WORK IN SUBURBS TODAY

Steel Mills and Numerous Other Factories Are Closed.

Chicago suburbs began their five day wartime "vacation" this morning with thousands of men and women idle.

One of the districts hardest hit was that embracing Hawthorne, Morton Park, Grant works, and Clyde, where live the majority of the 22,000 employés of the Western Electric company's plant at Cicero. The plant has a daily pay roll of over $75,000. Whether employés will be paid during the layoff has not been decided.

Five thousand men and women are affected by the cessation of operations at the Maywood plant of the American Can company. Officials have not decided whether employés shall be paid. The daily pay roll approximates $18,000.

Waukegan Hard Hit.

Seventy-five factories and manufacturing plants at Waukegan and North Chicago closed last night, 4,000 men and women being thrown out of employment. The American Steel and Wire company is working on war contracts and employs 2,200 men.

L. P. Erskine, fuel administrator of Lake county, issued a ruling that laundries may operate because they use coal for domestic purposes.

Community "pooling" of coal is to be tried by Evanston. There is now on hand a three day supply. Plans were mapped yesterday whereby C. E. Bartlett, the north shore fuel administrator, will deliver it at his discretion.

In the western suburbs 12,000 men and women will be idle at Aurora and 8,000 at Elgin. Elgin is also short of coal, but the state asylum for the insane is being taken care of by the Elgin Watch company, which has a big supply on hand.

Oak Park in Need.

At Oak Park the Public Service company, which supplies gas and electricity for the suburb, has only a five day supply of coal. Dealers report 500 orders they cannot fill.

In the Calumet region the situation in effect is a continuation of that already obtaining by reason of the blizzard. In Gary 25,000 steel, munitions, and other workers are idle. They represent a daily pay roll of $85,000. An equal number of men are idle in South Chicago. The Pullman Car company at Pullman employs 8,300 men and the daily pay roll is $29,000. At Harvey, Ill., the Buda Motor company suspended. It employs 2,300 and has a daily pay roll of $9,800.

Joliet reports a continuation of the situation prevailing since late in December, when its chief industries were forced to close because of lack of coal. Approximately 8,846 persons are idle.

Your Share of U. S. Money Is Calculated at $48.76

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—The population of continental United States on Jan. 1 was 105,006,000, as estimated by treasury department experts, who calculated the per capita money circulation at $48.76 on that date. An increase of 1,719,000 in population from Jan. 1 last year is shown, while the per capita circulation increased $5.76. On Jan. 1, 1879, the population was 48,231,000 and the per capita circulation $16.92.

The general stock of money in the United States on Jan. 1 this year was $6,256,198,271, an increase of $1,244,152,754 over that date last year, and the amount in circulation was $5,120,424,908, an increase of $673,492,274 over last year.

FIND FIVE DEAD IN HOTEL RUINS.

Saginaw, Mich., Jan. 17.—[Special.]—Five victims had been taken out of the Wright hotel ruins tonight. The hotel burned to the ground last Friday and it was supposed four had perished. Several other bodies are expected to be found.

CHARITIES FEAR RUSH FOR HELP DUE TO LAYOFF

Prepare for Unprecedented Distress Among Laborers.

The charitable organizations of the city are fortifying themselves for the heavy rush of appeals for aid which they expect today and tomorrow, when thousands of workers are thrown out of employment.

The executive committee of the United Charities, at a meeting yesterday noon, decided to assemble all of their assistants for emergency action and solicit donations for the work before a crisis may come. "If employers hold their men and women on the payroll, there will be little need of our work," said Eugene T. Liss, general superintendent of the society, "but many can't or won't, so we expect widespread appeals from the piece workers and day laborers. It is very difficult for these to get credit at stores, and will be especially so when they are on no pay roll."

Albert Lasker of the Associated Jewish Charities asserted that organization is fully equipped to handle all requests for help.

The Young Men's Christian association will act as host and offer club privileges free to the men during the five days of inactivity. The eight branches will throw open all their departments to the use of the idle ones.

This afternoon a conference of the Salvation Army officers is to be held to adopt measures for relief work.

The state fuel administration has arranged with the women's division of the Council of Defense to station women in each ward of the city who will act as agents for information and complaint on fuel purchase and delivery.

UNLOAD

County Administrator Warns Against Holding Up Coal Cars.

RAYMOND E. DURHAM, fuel administrator for Cook county, issued the following statement last night:

"The most important factor in promptly overcoming the present emergency in fuel conditions is that every receiver of coal in carload lots should without fail unload same within ten hours after the car is placed. It is imperative and a patriotic duty of all to make adequate provision to have this accomplished so that empty cars may be rushed to the mines, as the increased output of the mines from now on will be dependent solely upon the ability of the mines to get an adequate supply of empty cars for loading.

"Unloading must be arranged for even if it is necessary to unload the coal on the ground, even though it may be necessary to store same some distance from the boiler plants.

"Railroad officials and employés are also urged to do their utmost to get the cars back to the mines at the greatest possible speed."

Reduced to $4.85

The present shoe reduction sale of ours is the greatest shoe selling event Chicago has ever known. Price lowering here despite advancing costs has made economy seekers keen for the money saving. A powerful example is this shoe at $4.85.

Other savings in shoes at $3.85, $5.85, $6.85 and $7.85

Shoe Sale on Main Floor.

THE HUB
Henry C. Lytton & Sons
N. E. Corner State and Jackson

—new
Victor Records

4 Exquisite Violin Solos
by the acknowledged genius
JASCHA HEIFETZ

Proclaimed throughout Europe as a violinist whose gifts rank him among the great of the generation, his successes abroad have been duplicated in this country. By the astonishing magic of his bow, he has already established himself among the great stars.

Heifetz will make a delightful addition to your Record Library

Valse Bluette (Drigo) — Jascha Heifetz
Chorus of Dervishes (Beethoven) — Jascha Heifetz
Victrola Red Seal Records 64758 and 64759
Ten-inch, $1 each
Scherzo—Tarantelle (Wieniawski) — Jascha Heifetz
Ave Maria (Schubert-Wilhelmj) — Jascha Heifetz
Victrola Red Seal Records 74562 and 74563
Twelve-inch, $1.50 each

Come and hear Heifetz—or let us send you his Records under our approval plan.

Lyon & Healy
Everything Known in Music
402 Wabash Ave., *at Jackson*

CITY NATIONAL SAVINGS DEPT.

—at 12 o'clock today STOP

and ask yourself these questions

How many dollars slipped away from me last year?

How many dollars will slip away this month—and next month?

If you put a dollar or more in this bank every week, by this time next year you will have a substantial Savings Account. START TODAY.

Savings deposited on Jan. 18th (today) draw interest from Jan. 1st.

The National City Bank
OF CHICAGO
Southeast Corner Dearborn and Monroe Sts. (Ground Floor)
DAVID R. FORGAN President
NATIONAL BANK PROTECTION FOR YOUR SAVINGS

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO

Men's and Young Men's
Suits and Overcoats
Reduced to $25

Men and young men will find splendid values and a good variety of styles, patterns and fabrics from which to choose.

All sizes are included and the reductions are especially interesting in the light of the predictions regarding the future scarcity of good clothing.

Men of foresight will take advantage of this saving now.

Excellent values in big, warm ulster coats are offered at $35, $45, $55 and $75.

Second Floor, South.

The Chicago Settlements Ask You to Help Them
"HOLD THE HOME LINES"

During the past year we have all given freely to many worthy causes.

But in our effort to help our brave lads abroad, let us not forget those at home who need aid.

The kindly hand of the Chicago Settlements is extended to all within its reach.

Its close touch with all those within its neighborhood often enables it to seek out and help those who are suffering and in need, and who can be reached by no other form of charity.

The Chicago Settlements now appeal to you for aid so that the good work well begun shall not be hampered because of lack of funds.

To help in the support of this good work is as much your patriotic duty as it is to give monetary aid to the nation's fighters.

Send in your check today and help these settlements "Hold the Home Lines."

Association House — David Gaggler, Treas., 2130 W. North Ave.
Bohemian Settlement — Dr. Robert Beattie, Treas., 321 N. Central Ave.
Henry Booth House — E. Waltersdorf, Treas., 40 N. Dearborn St.
Chase House — Gates Ryther, Treas., Drover National Bank, Halsted and 42nd St.
Chicago Commons Ass'n — Graham Taylor, Treas., 955 W. Grand Ave.
Eli Bates House — S. C. Stallwood, Treas., Northern Trust Co.
Emerson House — Chas. Peterson, Treas., 420 S. Winchester.
Fellowship House — Miss S. Crosby, Treas., Hotel Windermere.
Frederick Douglass Center — Miss S. Crosby, Treas., Hotel Windermere.
Gad's Hill Center — Henry Babson, Treas., 19th and Marshfield Blvd.
Hull House — Allen D. Pond, Treas., Pond & Pond Co.
Marcy Center — Mrs. H. W. Baumgartner, Treas., 6627 Harvard Ave.
Neighborhood House — W. E. Elliot, 6510 Harvard Ave.
Northwestern University Settlement — Jos. R. Noel, Treas., 1400 Augusta St.
Olivet Institute — A. J. Lethen, Treas., 76 W. Monroe St.
University of Chicago Settlement — Geo. Herbert Mead, Treas., 1537 East 60th St.
Wendell Phillips Settlement — A. K. Maynard, Treas., 955 W. Grand Ave.

This campaign is indorsed by the Chicago Association of Commerce, the Illinois State Council for Defense, and the Council of Social Agencies. Remittances in every instance should be made to the Settlement treasurer.

This advertisement printed without cost to the settlements through the courtesy of special contributions for this purpose.

SAVE

Make 1918 a Year of Thrift

If you have never saved before, start now.
If you have an account, keep adding to it.
Future prosperity depends largely on what you save today.
Our Savings Department was established to encourage thrift and to help you build up a bank account.
Open an account and deposit your thrift savings in this bank, that has 80,000 depositors and over $61,800,000 in resources.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY of Illinois
Two Street-Level Entrances, No Stairs to Climb
125 West Monroe Street, 111 South La Salle Street

Here is Vigor

If you feel "run down" or lacking in vim, try CERVA. See how it brings renewed energy, how it aids digestion and how refreshing it is. See if it isn't the most satisfying drink you ever tasted.

CERVA
The World's Best Beverage

CERVA is pure. Non-intoxicating. And has the good taste of hops.

At grocers', at druggists', in fact, at all places where good drinks are sold.

LEMP Manufacturers ST. LOUIS
SYME, EAGLE & CO., Distributors Chicago, Illinois

The Advertising Columns of The Tribune Offer Unusual Opportunities for Rare Bargains

Headaches

come mostly from disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels. Regulate these organs and keep free from headaches by using

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World
Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c, 25c.

Embarrassing Hairs Can Be Quickly Removed

(Beauty Culture)

Hairs can be easily banished from the skin by this quick, painless method: Mix into a stiff paste some powdered Delatone and water, spread on hairy surface and in 2 or 3 minutes rub off, wash the skin and it will be free from hair or blemish. Excepting in very stubborn growths, one application is sufficient. To avoid disappointment, buy the Delatone in an original package.—Advertisement.

Advertise in The Tribune

COAL PROBLEM DECLARED ONE OF CAR SUPPLY ONLY

Producers and Railroads Point to Direct Solution.

The question of supplying coal to Chicago and other industrial sections is not one of production but of transportation. Upon this coal producers, distributors, and railroads are agreed. They are further agreed that but for the two great storms which have recently visited this section of the country there would have been no shortage, for, as one authority put it, "the coal situation was adjusting itself nicely."

It is also agreed and is the testimony of producers and their representatives here that there is ample coal at the mines and there are ample facilities for getting it out from under the ground, if there were a sufficiency of cars upon which to load it.

3,000 Cars Snowbound.

There are at least 3,000 cars, and probably nearer 4,000, which are practically stormbound in the vicinity of Chicago. These cars are literally imbedded in the snow.

Even under prevailing handicaps, receipts of coal for the calendar day which ended at midnight Wednesday and were the latest figures available yesterday, were almost normal. Altogether there were 1,335 cars of coal and coke received up to that hour. Of these there were 1,131 cars of bituminous coal, 62 cars of anthracite, and 142 cars of coke. Of these cars received, 240 were placed at industrial plants, 648 were placed on team tracks, 117 were placed in coal yards, and, of those placed, 732 cars have been unloaded.

2,353 Cars in City.

There are 2,353 cars on track in Chicago now awaiting disposition, while outside of the Chicago switching district, set out during the days of the storm, according to J. W. Higgins, chairman of the Railroad General Managers' association, there are between 3,000 and 4,000 cars. This last item represents the cars outside the city which were practically stormbound.

The present showing is not bad, as compared with normal conditions. Normally, at this time of the year, the daily receipts of coal in Chicago run from 1,500 to 2,000 cars, which are all placed and unloaded.

But there is daylight ahead. W. J. Jackson, president of the Chicago and Eastern Illinois road and federal railroad administrator of Illinois, said last night:

"All coal carriers are now busily engaged in making deliveries to various roads for Chicago consumption and the railroads have been able to keep the team tracks fairly well supplied with coal for the last day or two.

Trouble Due to Storm.

"The shutting down of industry was probably a necessary measure, in order that a supply of coal equal to normal needs might be accumulated. This crisis would have happened, war or no war. It was due to the storm. Last year my own road, the Chicago and Eastern Illinois, carried 2,250,000 tons of coal more than in any other year of its existence, but this was rendered necessary by abnormally active industrial conditions."

Dr. F. C. Honmold, secretary and treasurer of the Illinois Coal Operators' association, took a similar view of the situation.

Local Dealers Gloomy.

Local dealers took rather a gloomy view of the situation. Fred W. Upham, president of the Consumers company, said last night:

"We are living from day to day upon coal now in Chicago. Our downtown yards are doing fairly well, but the outlying yards, on roads that do not produce coal, are absolutely stripped. This conditions prevails with every coal concern in the city. There is not a shovelful of coal in a coal yard in Evanston."

Herbert H. Taylor of the Taylor Coal company and the Distributors Coal company expressed somewhat similar views. "The local coal yards are pretty well stripped," said Mr. Taylor. "The local fuel administration took all our coal to supply other yards. They probably were justified. But that is the actual condition. Small industrial plants which are dependent upon local coal yards must do the best they can until the present acute condition is remedied."

A. J. Casey's View.

Amedee J. Casey, publisher of the American Coal Journal, says the fuel administration's latest order "is the climax of the many inane orders issued by one of the most mismanaged and inefficient bureaus of the government." Mr. Casey's solution, given out in a formal statement, is as follows:

"Instead of closing down the factories and shops, why not take off all passenger trains on coal carrying roads for one or two days? Request or demand that all miners who are able shall work steadily, and if necessary work two shifts. Run the coal trains on passenger schedule. Make up only solid coal trains for important points like Chicago. In that way we could have coal here in just so long as it would take a train running on fast passenger schedule to reach Chicago from the mines—from six to fifteen hours, depending upon the distance from various coal fields. Would not this plan be much better than disrupting the entire business of the country?"

HOME WINNER

Love of Baby Boy Wins Court Case for Foster Father.

John Rothan

A chapter of love was writ yesterday in the Morals court before Judge Uhlir with John Rothan, in a red velvet coat, as becomes one just past his fourth year, as the center of the story. With the boy was the father who had adopted him and who stood before the court in fear of the adoption being set aside.

Eight years ago Morris Rothan came from Russia, leaving behind a wife and four children. When he sent for the family his wife refused to come. Then Morris advertised for a child to adopt. Oka Starkey, mother of three children, having been deserted by her husband, decided to give up the youngest. Although the baby was but 2 months old, Rothan took it and cared for it as his own.

A few months ago he went to work in the coal fields of West Virginia, leaving the baby with his housekeeper. A friend wrote him that the housekeeper had taken his furniture and baby and gone to live with another man. Rothan hurried back to Chicago, turned the matter over to the police, and got possession of the boy.

Mrs. Rose Smetanka, juvenile probation officer, took charge of little John until the question of his future home was settled. When the judge asked the child where he wanted to go he put him arms around Mrs. Smetanka's neck and said: "Guess I go with her." She declared John is the cleverest youngster with whom she has had to deal.

The court gave the child to Rothan, who said he had arranged to divorce his Russian wife and would marry again and give the boy a home.

SHORT DAY, SIX DAYS A WEEK, IS PLEA BY STORES

Business Not Hurt, Just as Much Coal Saved, They State.

Fuel Administrator Garfield has been requested to modify his ruling regarding Monday closing by permitting stores to do business six days a week from 10 a. m. until 5 p. m. Chicago merchants told officials of the local fuel administration that under that plan, four times as much coal would be saved as under the Monday closing proposal.

D. F. Kelly, manager of Mandel Brothers, suggested the plan and presented figures to back his claims of the additional saving. At the same time, it was said, the loss to merchants would be practically eliminated. Other serious problems, such as the salaries of employés, would be solved.

All Close Monday.

All the department stores will close on Monday, but it is thought there may be a change in the fuel policy before the following Monday. It would mean that the stores would be closed three hours a week more than under Mr. Garfield's order.

"Closing one day a week, the saving of coal at Mandel Brothers would be 470 tons," said Mr. Kelly. "Our engineering department figured that by running from 10 a. m. until 5 p. m. daily, the saving would be 1,750 tons, or approximately 1,300 more tons than under the Monday closing."

Mr. Kelly was in conference with officials of the big department stores before taking up the matter with the fuel administration. No action was taken in regard to the salary question.

About 30,000 employés in the big stores will be affected by the order and 20,000 more in the smaller stores, or 50,000 for the city.

Some Firms to Pay.

Approximately 25,000 employés of Chicago mail order houses are affected by the order, and most of them will be paid for the ten Mondays they are idle. Both Sears, Roebuck & Co. and Montgomery Ward & Co. announced that there would be no cutting of salaries. Together they employ about 20,000 persons in their Chicago stores.

Albert H. Loeb, general manager of Sears, Roebuck & Co., had the following announcement to employés posted:

"Any time lost by our employés on account of the fuel administration's order in regard to the closing of plants will not be deducted from their salaries.

Shovel Snow, Advice.

"In making this arrangement we want to express the hope that our employés, in so far as they possibly can, will utilize the time of enforced idleness in some constructive work, preferably of such a character as will be helpful to their neighborhood and the community. As a suggestion in the present exceptional circumstances, the citizen can help in clearing sidewalks, streets, and a way to fire plugs."

About 15,000 persons are employed in the Sears-Roebuck plant.

Employés of Montgomery Ward & Co. were informed that all stores would be closed Monday and that there would be no deduction from salaries.

Officials of wholesale millinery firms assert that they are hard hit by the order. It is their busy season and to keep pace with their business, they say, they will have to diminish the lunch hour and keep the employés until 6 o'clock on the five working days.

Some Get "Double Deal."

Large concerns of the Sears, Roebuck & Co. type, it was explained at the offices of the company last night, will be peculiarly affected by the fuel saving order. This organization's manufactories and industrial plants all over the country will be closed today, but the "merchandise plants" will not be affected for the first five days.

Each Monday, however, during the life of the order, and beginning next Monday, the big Chicago central office and other branch merchandising plants will be shut down. As one official explained it:

"The fuel saving order is directed at manufacturing, not at merchandising, for the first five day period."

Board of Trade Will Run Even Without Coal

The Board of Trade will remain open during the five day period, even if the traders have to wear their overcoats. It was decided yesterday by the directors that the exchange will remain open at reduced temperature. This action is subject to contrary ruling at Washington. To close the exchange would mean the holding up of many cars of grain on track, and this in turn would retard the work of the railroads, say the directors.

STREET CARS TO RUN ON NORMAL SCHEDULE TODAY

Curtailment of Service Will Not Come Until Sunday.

Street car service in Chicago will be curtailed little today, according to an announcement issued from the general offices of the surface lines last night.

Facilities will be adequate to take care of every requirement of the public, it was said. A number of the larger manufacturers, pointing out that there is no order against keeping going if they will save coal, notified the surface lines that they will "work cold."

Fix Schedules Sunday.

Not until Sunday will the requirements of Monday be estimated, according to officials, when schedules approximating Sunday requirements are commanded from Washington. At the same time officials were more or less expectant that by that time an order modifying the first decision would be received from Washington.

"We do not consider it wise to shorten the service more than is necessary to meet the requirements of the government," said one official. "We are waiting to see what will happen. The public may rest assured that there will be plenty of cars today. There will be little scaling of schedules at first.

Take Census of Plants.

"After we have tested out the situation for a few days, watching developments carefully, we can know what to do. We are busy now getting information from the larger industrial concerns. It is apparent that the outlying industrial plants will be the first affected."

On next Monday and each succeeding Monday during the period of the retrenchment order the elevated train schedule will be cut, it was announced, about two-thirds. This means that from 800 to 1,000 trainmen will be laid off. At the same time about 125 of the 400 men in the company machine shops will not work.

These employés, working by the hour, will be absent on their own time. Another feature of the curtailment of service on Mondays will be the closing of the sub-terminals at Jackson and Wells streets, Congress and South Wabash, the North Water street, and the Market and Madison street terminals.

Give Mondays to Nation, Proposal Made by Citizen

That each man give his services to the United States on the Monday holidays was proposed yesterday by M. G. Nicholson of the Carrier Engineering corporation.

"Every man who has no work on the fourteen Mondays should give the day to the country," said Mr. Nicholson. "They should serve in any way they think best. This will very likely give us all a more personal feeling that the war is to win and not 'three thousand miles away.'"

'GOING UP' ONLY ON HOLIDAY TIME IN SKYSCRAPERS

Office Buildings Get Ready to Obey the Fuel Order.

Managers of the great office buildings of Chicago, with their 200,000 persons affected, met yesterday and laid down rules for following out the order of the fuel administration.

Elevator service will be cut to Sunday and holiday schedules on Mondays, and the heat will be reduced to a point which complies with government orders, except for those tenants who, by special permission, are entitled to more heat. And these can only get it by securing special permits from the fuel administration.

A subcommittee, composed of John Dorr Bradley of Aldis & Co., Arthur E. Hall of Hall & Ellis, and John F. Gilchrist of the Commonwealth Edison company, was appointed to perfect the plans. Another meeting of the Building Managers' association will be held this morning.

In the loop district there are about 110 buildings of ten stories or more, and the elevators in some of these handle 8,000 to 10,000 persons a day.

ONLY ONE BROMO QUININE.—To get the genuine, call for full name, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. 30c.—Advertisement.

BEACHEY & LAWLOR

Sale of Men's Clothes

LOOK at the price cuts we are making on high quality Beachey & Lawlor Business Clothes. Then look ahead and figure your clothes needs for next season. Prices will be exorbitant then. Come in today and buy that extra suit and overcoat at a big saving.

$20 For all $25 Business Suits and Overcoats.

$24 For all $30 Business Suits and Overcoats.

$28 For all $35 Business Suits and Overcoats.

Better Grades Reduced in Proportion

Buckskin and Wool Lined Gloves, ¼ Off

BEACHEY & LAWLOR

CLOTHIERS—HATTERS—FURNISHERS

Dearborn and Monroe Streets

We just bought some fine clothes for you

IF you want to save some future money we'll give you the chance; but you'll have to do it now. We have just made a huge purchase of suits and overcoats; the entire wholesale surplus of Hart Schaffner & Marx fine goods.

If we keep them till next fall we can double our money on them; but we're not going to. We intend to pass on to our customers at least $100,000 saving in next fall clothes; and if you're wise enough you'll get your share of it.

Hart Schaffner & Marx are glad to clear their stock in this way; and we're glad to be in a position to acquire such a wonderful lot of fine goods. It enables us to do a generous service to our customers.

We offer you the finest goods these great makers have produced for men and young men; the richest of imported and domestic weaves; Carr meltons, Brooke's kerseys, Crombie fleeces; Hockanum, Worumbo, and other choice American fabrics. We have Shetlands, Chinchillas, duffles, blanket-backs, knit fabrics and tweeds in wonderful colorings.

Burley greatcoats, motor coats, ulsters, dress overcoats, single and double breasted Chesterfields, boxcoats, St. Legers; overcoats with adjustable collars, shawl collars, ulster collars, fur collars. Beautifully tailored by skilled artisans. We sell them at prices far below their real present worth, mostly silk lined. It's an event of importance.

$25, $30, $35, $40, $45, $50.

Men's and young men's suits in the same way

OUR great purchase includes some thousands of suits; heavyweight goods, medium weights, year-round weights. Rich worsteds, vicunas, silk mixtures, imported tweeds; we have all sizes for odd-size men, tall, stout, fat men, as well as regulars., Smart winter styles. The values are phenomenal.

$25, $30, $35, $40, $45.

Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

Trousers bargains at $5

ALL the short ends of fine suitings from Hart Schaffner & Marx have been cut into trousers for us. All sorts of very fine materials of highest grade. These trousers are worth much more than $5

Open Saturday until 9 P. M.

Maurice L Rothschild

Money, cheerfully refunded

Good clothes; nothing else

Southwest corner Jackson and State

Chicago
Minneapolis
St. Paul

New Dresses for Spring Wear

EVERY day brings scores of new Spring models to both our shops. Despite the general trend towards simplicity, many novel effects are coming in with these new dresses. Fabrics and styles vary extensively. We invite your inspection.

Serge continues to be very popular. We have some notable values in serge dresses at $15.00, $18.50, $23.50 and up.

SERGE DRESS

VERY smart model, with vestee and collar of white silk, smart button trim and triple row of stitched silk braid at belt and on cuffs. Comparable to $19.50 values, specially priced at

$12.75

TAFFETA DRESS

THE other dress is of fine quality taffeta, with vestee of beige silk, puffed sleeves and bell cuffs, double belted, and with pannier bustle effect. A very chic dress, and a value, at

$23.50

Radical reductions on Coats, Suits, Dresses, Skirts and Blouses still continue in our Clearance—a wonderful economy opportunity.

The KING-KELLY CO.

TWO STATE STREET SHOPS

10TH FLOOR, STEVENS BLDG. 17 No. State Street

8TH FLOOR, MENTOR BLDG. 39 So. State Street

The Chicago Tribune.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.

FOUNDED JUNE 10, 1847.

ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER JUNE 8, 1906, AT THE POSTOFFICE AT CHICAGO, ILL., UNDER ACT OF MARCH 3, 1879.

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FRIDAY, JANUARY 18, 1918.

"Our Country! In her intercourse with foreign nations may she always be in the right; but our country, right or wrong."
—Stephen Decatur.

THE FUEL SHUTDOWN.

1. Is such drastic economy necessary?
2. Is the method prescribed the best solution?
3. Who is responsible for the fuel shortage?

These questions are now foremost in our minds.

As to the first, it seems unbelievable that such action can be necessary. Yet the situation may have reached this appalling stage without earlier public knowledge of its approach. The administration of other war effort has attempted to lull us to fancied security before now. Without a better knowledge of the facts, the publication of some of which would be in violation of the voluntary censorship, no one can say at this time whether or not such drastic economy in coal is necessary.

As to the second question, the remedy seems worse than the disease. To so completely and suddenly overturn the regular process of our daily lives cannot be wise. We are at war, but why awaken us so rudely from the security of which we have been assured? Suggestions are pouring in concerning mitigation of the harsh measures proposed. Instead of a full holiday on Mondays, it is proposed to run shorter hours than normal but to do business every day. The advocates of this course say that more coal can be saved and less wages lost than through the method called for by the present order. Certainly the order gives every appearance of hasty and ill considered decision. THE TRIBUNE believes it could be modified to accomplish equal or better results with less sacrifice and suffering.

Who is responsible for the shortage of fuel?

The same, remote, three-thousand-miles-away, satisfied smugness that has characterized so much of our war preparation—or lack of preparation—is responsible for it.

Some blame attaches to the coal operator, some to the miner, perhaps some to the railroads. But above and beyond all such lesser offenders reclines in easy assurance the chief offender, Inefficiency in high places.

All last summer coal was in the ground, human beings physically able to dig it out were walking about, money and machinery were at hand to finance and operate the project. Locomotives and cars were then available to haul the coal. Strikes, bickerings, arguments on manner and method took up time which should have been used in mining and delivering the fuel we are now said to lack, against the coming of winter and its storms.

To permit the present situation to arise, after nine months of obvious opportunity to avoid it, is nothing less than criminal. To avoid further catastrophes in the same or other directions is possible only through complete reorganization of our war machinery. Throw out the incompetents, bring the Superior War Council into immediate being, and coördinate our efforts in a real utilization of "every power and resource."

But unless or until the present fuel saving order is amended or annulled, obey it—to the letter.

NOTHING LAUGHED AT NOW.

The Hon. Joseph Gurney Cannon seemingly expressed the sentiment of congress when he said, voting for the experiments with "garabed," that he had made a fool of himself when the Langley flying machine appropriations were being considered years ago in the house and he did not intend to be found in the way of anything scientific again.

The senate has again passed the bill for the experiments with "garabed," a means—it is described—of utilizing cosmic force to win the war. The inventor, a man excellently recommended and accorded reputation for unimaginative science, avers his ability to employ unutilized forces of nature, and congress is willing to give him the chance to do so.

What congress reveals is the disinclination to affirm any disbelief in any humanly contrived miracle. Too many marvels are in the air and under sea, at work in laboratories and in the field, for a healthy skepticism to exist. Congress is in the typical human mood. If any one says that a cosmic force can be harnessed congress will go after the harness and sit by to see the work out. Cannon laughed at Langley. That was his last laugh at the impossible.

SERVICE AND SERVICE SIGNS.

The suggestion that a useful citizen who spent two hours removing snow from his street was entitled to put a service shovel in his window reveals our inclination to develop community spirit and morale not only by precept but by example. The useful deed bears testimony and has its sign.

The nation is at work. Individuals are finding their collective center. Groups find their axis. A citizen does something, moves a grain of sand to the common heap or takes it out of the common way, and he makes public the sign which rewards him and stimulates the other individuals of the community to effort.

In highly individualized communities, in which many a man would rather plow through a snowdrift for himself than shovel it off for his neighbors, it is necessary to quicken the community impulse and inspire the community morale. We are not disposed to find fault with the system which produces results, but there is a hope that the habit will not become gallinaceous.

The service flag is a sacred thing. It represents the giving of a fighting man. Its stars indicate the hundred per cent sacrifice. The home which possesses one stands apart as a home which has made the highest sacrifice.

We are not disposed to tolerate any compromise. There is this transcendent service. It has no approximation. No matter how useful and valuable other service may be it does not come within the same world of sentiment.

The decoration which attends other service may be permissible. It must not be confused in appearance or in opinion with the decoration which attends the real service.

Public testimony to small or large deeds for community welfare ceases to be proper the moment it tends to confuse the appreciation of the hundred per cent service or to dim its outlines.

The snow shovel suggestion was an amusing whimsy with a latent intimation of seriousness. A modest people will stimulate community effort without overdecoration. We do not fear that the housewife will hang a dishcloth in the window to indicate that she has washed the dishes? We hope that the national sobriety will keep the deed in its relation to the necessity and not be too confident and satisfied when too little has been accomplished.

TO SENSIBLE AMERICANS.

The comprehensive idea which is to be served this week by the consideration we hope will be given the issues of the American future is that of strengthening Americanism. American consciousness, American nationality, the American sense of American existence.

The specific idea is to advance the cause of universal military training as a mechanism which will promote nationalism and provide the protection needed by a nation.

The nation is told, even by its government, that the adoption of an intensely nationalizing device will interfere with the progress of internationalism, which is denationalizing—the very evil to be guarded against by this nation—and that no thought need be given the specific question of national security because no such savage outburst of barbarism will be encountered again. What ground is there for this specific assurance which our government gives us?

Can any sensible American observe the condition of the United States and wish it to be the condition of the United States in the future? Can any sensible American want the future of the United States decided by the plans of other nations who devise their plans with a comprehension of American weakness?

Here is our experience plain before us. Our troubled prospects face us. Our folly binds us still.

Can any sensible American have any patience with a policy which deliberately proposes that this experience shall be repeated; that we shall fight our way out of terrible realism and then go back to illusions; that we shall have such a lesson in the need of strength and then continue to be weak?

Who says we shall never need an army again? The men who said we should not need the one now being raised. Who said the United States could avoid war by its altruistic demeanor towards other nations? The men who direct us in this war.

Who said that the American system of democracy never should have military strength and never could desire it? The men who now wish that a million adequately clothed and armed American soldiers were in France to drive back the German attack.

Who says that the United States will never need another army? The men who are struggling to make this one ready. Shall the sensible people of America continue to endure this? Must they be led into painful experiences by doctrinaires, false prophets, timid politicians, illusionists, intellectuals, deniers of realities, pacifists, and people who say that a thing will not happen because they would not like it if it did?

What can the sensible citizens do? They can insist that congress adopt the system of universal military training for the security, the nationalization, and social discipline of the United States. They can demand protection from such experiences as we are having now. They can say that they will not understand administrative and congressional denial of the real needs of the United States.

They can say that they want security assured, dignity protected, and peace guaranteed to the extent that a strong United States can guarantee it.

When they say this, congress will call the young men of the United States to the barracks and a policy of weakness and folly which has exposed us as we are now exposed will be abandoned.

TO MAKE IT MILITARILY SOUND.

The Supreme court having decided that the selective draft law is good law, congress may decide that it can be still better law. The power to draft men for military service is inherent in any authority granted for the raising of an army. The ability to do it wisely is not inherent. Congress proved that by drafting men of various ages and responsibilities, when all experience with the draft proved it best to take men by classes, drawing first on the youngest, and thereby disturbing national processes the least.

All the experience this nation has had thus far with the draft sustains the argument. Congress could make a constitutionally sound law militarily good by revising it to conform to the principle of universal service. Put the young men of 19 in training.

Editorial of the Day

ANOTHER CONVERT.

[From the Peoria Journal.]

It becomes more and more evident with each succeeding week that the present congress should provide our country with universal military training as a basis for our national defense. The selected army may be developed into one of great efficiency; its personnel may be high and well trained; its spirit may be exceptionally fine; but it is now clear that if universal military training had been in force before the war started our present army would be much more efficient without losing any of its other good qualities. The one fact alone, that thousands of young men have been given a few weeks of training in these critical times and then sent back to private life because of physical unfitness, illustrates that time and energy and effort and money are wasted in times when these things should be conserved to the very limit, in working up an army without having any real substantial basis to work from.

In future days—in the present war or in times of peace—America should be enabled to develop a working army of any required strength without having to go then through the stage of examining candidates, training them a few weeks to find if they are physically fit, and then, finally, beginning real army training. In future days—if not in our present war—we want to be able to develop an army rapidly without having to go through these stages which should have been gone through before.

There are two great arguments for universal military training. This training will give to the nation a military strength which it is practically impossible to get in any other manner; and it will give to the young men themselves a physical and moral training and a discipline which can be secured in few other ways.

Those who have noticed the great change in many of the Peoria young men who left our city only a few months ago and who have recently visited here for a part of the holidays must realize that the military training which they have secured in this short time has benefited them almost beyond description.

Our affairs have been progressing well since congress began its present session. War has been declared against Austria, and the president has taken over the rail systems for the government. These two acts will help clear the military situation. Now if congress comes out and provides universal military training we will go another step forward toward greater efficiency.

A LINE O' TYPE OR TWO

Hew to the Line, let the quips fall where they may.

OLD K. C.

Old King Coal was a merry old soul,
A merry old soul was he;
He shut up the shop, and shut up the school,
And shut up the factoree.

IF we should have another war, which heaven conventionally forbid, it might be wise to place the management of it in the hands of poets, painters, sculptors, and other members of the fine arts. These impractical persons, as they are considered by the business, in a manner of speaking, man, could not make a worse mess of the matter, and there is the possibility that they might do well; for, if they are not practical, they at least have imagination, and to imagination the world is indebted for a large share of its progress.

VERY GOOD, KEDDIE.

Sir: I suggest the following slogan, for use in Washington: "Words won't win the war. Don't waste them!" K. D.

"WHAT," a dealer wires The Trib from Indiana, "is your understanding regarding closing newsstands on fuel order?" He was advised that the order applies only to news stands that are steam-heated.

Nuptial Camouflage.

[From the Grinnell, Ia., Herald.]

Mrs. Umbenhauer presided at the altar. To the... soft strains of Mendelssohn's wedding march came the bride upon the arm of her brother Donald. They were met at the altar by the groom and the father of the bride, who was carried out in the decorations.

THEY that grumble about the industrial shut-down should remember that we are at war. It may seem like civil war, but actually we are warring against a foreign power. Appearances are deceptive, as the Greeks remarked when they swarmed out of the wooden horse. It may not be generally known (in fact, it isn't) that the present government at Washington is descended lineally, with occasional interruptions, from the Trojans.

DISCOVERED.

Sir: I am very glad to be one of the "more fortunate" who have met Oliver Gogarty in the flesh, and can therefore testify that he is not one of George Moore's Irish mythological figures. Dr. Oliver St. John Gogarty is a well known Dublin ophthalmologist, but he is also endowed with a unique instinct for verse. The fact that he is not a professional "poeticule" is probably why George Doran was not able to locate him. I agree with Moore, who says somewhere in one of the volumes of the trilogy that if it weren't for Gogarty's wit it would be impossible to live in Ireland. D. B.

"OF course there are sawdust wagons," remarked Old Bill Byrne, as he put a rapier point on his pencil, "but have you ever seen one?" Come to think on't, we can't say as we have. Have you?

WOULDN'T HE, THOUGH!

Sir: I presume Mr. Wilson concluded it were better to curtail our industries than to halt our prosecution of the war; but, b'lee me, Roosevelt would have held up the entire war till we got caught up. AARON.

IF you have watched the juggler in the restaurant window tossing pancakes in the air you will be interested in the news that Mrs. Anna Pancake of Petersburg, Ind., "while turning slipped on the icy ground and broke her right arm."

LITANIES DU PAUVRE SIRE.

(Vers dédiés à la prochaine femme qui tuera son mari.)

Mon épouse chérie,
Si je te froisse en rien,
Vas-y, prends-moi la vie,
Pour toi tout ira bien.

Si je ne t'offre pas un manteau de fourrure,
Etouffe-moi;
Si je ne t'orne pas d'une riche parure,
Ecorche-moi.

Si je ne mets tes pieds dans de douillettes mules,
Piétine-moi,
Ni pends à ton poignet de rares réticules,
Etrangle-moi.

Si je ne puis payer d'extravagantes plumes,
Balafre-moi,
Ou même des bonbons pour te guérir tes rhumes,
Egorge-moi.

Si je n'enferme pas ta jambe ronde en soie,
Fustige-moi;
Si de ton épicier je ne deviens la proie,
Massacre-moi.

(La suite à une prochaine colonne.)

H. D.

PROFESSORS endure much; but that is no reason for referring to the shovel brigade on the campus as "seventy-five men, fifty women, and a group of professors."

SO SHINES A NOBLE SOUL IN A NAUGHTY WORLD.

[From the Carthage, Ill., Journal.]

Sir Knight Boyd presided ably thruout the program. His clean noble soul beamed forth in his keen phraseology in announcing the numbers on the program.

WE feel obliged to warn the compositor against setting it "fool administrator," for the proof-room, being quasi-human, might let it ride.

Viewing with Alarm.

Sir: Every alarmist has you convinced that the country has gone to the demnition bow-wows, but each one ascribes a different reason for this doggone tendency. About noon last Saturday a man appeared at the information counter of the Post Office. Judging from his Arctic attire, and the velocity with which he blew into the building, it could be seen he had just breezed in from the North Pole on the crest of that 60 mile blizzard. He inquired if the mails from New York had yet arrived. No mails from New York that day. "What about the mails from New Orleans and the South?" Also behind time. "Surely the trains from Denver have come in." No mail trains from Denver or any place else. "Young man, let me tell you," he remarked as he replaced the flappers over his ears and turned to leave, "that this present administration is going from bad to worse." BALLYBUNION.

"IN view of the burning criticism which he blithely endures," writes Mac, "I looked him up in the dictionary and found: 'Newt is a small-tailed amphibian allied to salamander.'"

DOES HE NEED THE CIRCULATION?

Sir: The editor of the Muskogee Times-Democrat thinks the rumor that Geraldine Farrar is about to retire was probably started by some one who had seen some of her costumes. Does he make the Line? L. J. R.

THERE are many reasons for taking The Trib, among them this warning:

"Christine Starts To-day in The Chicago Evening Post.
Subscribe for The Tribune."

EVERY contributor must have a first attempt; and we have noticed that he nearly always begins with the sign: "Pants pressed—5 cents a leg, seats free."

The Complete Lizzie Driver.

[From the Fresno Republican.]

Wanted—Man with Ford car who has mechanical turn and understands cows.

"NOT a clew has developed, although the police immediately were notified."—The Trib.

What do you mean "although"?

THEY are getting them into a rimed sequence: Monday heatless, Tuesday meatless, Wednesday wheatless.

GEN. PERSHING sends word that, as another win-the-war measure, Friday hereafter will be lightless day.

ONE on the tired bank clerk. He has to work Monday.

CH'RUP! Every day will be Monday bye and bye. L. T.

How to Keep Well. By Dr. W. A. Evans.

Questions pertinent to hygiene, sanitation, and prevention of disease, if matters of general interest, will be answered in this column. Where space will not permit or the subject is not suitable, letters will be personally answered, subject to proper limitations and where a stamped, addressed envelope is inclosed. Dr. Evans will not make diagnoses or prescribe for individual diseases. Requests for such service cannot be answered.

[Copyright: 1918: By Dr. W. A. Evans.]

INSURANCE AND HEALTH.

A FEW years ago life insurance companies beyond selling insurance to them took no interest in their insured. Now some of the companies offer periodic physical examinations free to their employés, some give free counsel to those of their insured who find themselves below par and try in various other ways to keep them paying premiums as long as possible.

A few years ago a story went around as to a contract between Dr. Dwight Hillis and a parishioner of his in Evanston, Dr. Ed Webster. Dr. Webster agreed to keep Dr. Hillis out of heaven on condition that Dr. Hillis would help to get Dr. Webster in. Whether hope of heaven has inspired the insurance companies or not, we know that they make considerable effort to keep their clients on this mundane sphere.

In New York last month the Association of Life Insurance Presidents committed their companies to a policy of support of disease prevention and health conservation work somewhat similar to the free prevention work done by fire insurance companies. By this step they recognize the fact that they can protect their policy holders by protecting the general public regardless of whether they are policyholders.

I have before me a little manual of right living issued to their policyholders by the Union Central. It tells us that a person 50 years of age who weighs more than 20 per cent over the average for his age and height has a decreased chance of reaching a ripe old age.

A person under 35 should try to keep his weight up to standard or a little above it.

A person who is over weight can reduce by living largely on fruit, vegetables, and meat and avoiding bread, desserts, especially pies, candies, pastries, cakes, ice creams, tapioca, bread or sago puddings.

A person with Bright's disease is told how to live in spite of the disease. The directions relate to regulated careful eating and attention to the bowels. He is told that meat should not be eaten more than once a day, alcohol is very harmful, onions, radishes, garlic, asparagus, and especially pepper and rich spices are not to be eaten—and other wholesome advice.

As to cancer the booklet says that women are one and a half times as subject to it as are men. Well fed people are much more subject to the disease than are thin ones. Early cancer causes no pain. Every woman past 40 should have her pelvic organs and breast examined by a physician twice a year, not because she suspects cancer or even fears it but in order to guard against it just as a business man guards against bankruptcy by auditing his business periodically.

Every man over 40 who has persistent symptoms of dyspepsia should have a careful scientific examination without delay in order to discover cancer, if cancer is present, while it is still curable.

All skin ulcers should be attended to. All sources of local irritation should be removed. An ordinary ulcer or swelling in a person past 40 that does not heal up in two or three weeks should be looked into.

Read the following and note whether it applies or not. At the age of 30 or so a young man becomes deeply engrossed in his commercial or professional career. Exercise interfering with his business is soon curtailed but since the nervous system craves some form of amusement and diversion the pleasures of the table and the soothing action of tobacco or the stimulating influence of alcoholic beverages are substituted.

In consequence the weight increases and with it the appetite enlarges and there is a further disinclination to physical exercise, a deeper absorption in business, and a readier yielding to the temptations of food, tobacco, and wine. As a result, at the age of 50 or 60 he is likely to find himself the possessor of a fortune, a large abdomen, a bad heart, and a pair of damaged kidneys.

PIGEON BREAST ADVICE.

C. S. writes: "1. Is it possible to cure a pigeon breast? If so, how?

"2. Will a pigeon breast prevent a man from being accepted in the army?

"3. Is pigeon breast a sign of tuberculosis?"

REPLY.

1. Exercises are of some service, especially in children. The best exercises are those which develop the muscles of the neck and upper part of the back. Pole and bar exercises in a gymnasium are good. Climbing is helpful.
2. If extreme it will.
3. Persons with pigeon breast are especially susceptible to consumption.

IDLE MINES BROUGHT CRISIS

BY HENRY M. HYDE.

The recent blizzards are only the immediate cause of the coal shortage in the eastern half of the United States. The real and fundamental causes are far different. Neither can the present railroad congestion or shortage of coal cars be set down as more than immediately responsible.

Take a map of the United States and draw the arc of a circle beginning at Bath, Me., on the north, running as far west as Buffalo, N. Y., and terminating on the south at Norfolk, Va. Observe that, as compared with the whole of the United States, this territory is only a tiny bite out of the states bordering on the Atlantic ocean.

Yet in this small territory have been placed more than 80 per cent of all the vast emergency war orders of the government. One statistician, who had analyzed the government contracts, told me in Washington, a month ago, that the actual percentage was about 86.

This territory was already the most congested part of the United States. It had more population to the square mile; it produced a smaller percentage of the food its people consumed.

Suddenly, on top of ordinary demands of manufacturing plants already running, many of them twenty-four hours a day, were placed emergency war orders aggregating not millions but billions of dollars. That meant that miles of new factory buildings had to be constructed, involving the transportation of vast quantities of building material and many extra workmen. A vast increase in the amount of fuel consumed threw a new burden on the railroads and coal mines.

The National Council of Defense and the various war boards and commissions in Washington have recognized the situation by recently deciding to place no further orders in this territory, except where it is impossible to place them elsewhere.

Meanwhile at least 75 per cent of all the ships contracted for by the emergency fleet corporation are to be built along this same strip of the Atlantic littoral. That will mean, when the yards are fully manned with two shifts of workmen each day, that tens of thousands of additional men must be transported, housed—in new buildings—fed, kept warm, furnished with raw material, and power to work with.

Add to coal vast increases in demands for ray materials, building materials, food and passenger service and the congestion which almost broke down the Pennsylvania and Baltimore and Ohio railroads—chiefly serving this territory with the commodities needed—and forced the seizure of the railroads by the government is readily understood.

Even recognizing the fact that these new eastern demands for coal are enormous and abnormal, it does not tell the whole truth to blame the present shortage on the blizzards or on the failure of the railroads to supply empty coal cars or to move them promptly when loaded.

The coal mine operators and the coal miners must share between them a large share of the responsibility for the present situation.

On March 8, 1917—nearly a year ago—THE TRIBUNE said:

"The most sensational and important happening of recent months in the United States is the enormous increase in the price asked for coal at the pit mouth by the coal mine owners of the country. It is a matter which affects every citizen. It may result in radical, almost revolutionary action on the part of the national government. The coal mine owners are taking advantage of a situation which is full of explosive possibilities. By raising prices 100 per cent in perhaps the most basic of all industries they are starting something which it may take all the forces of the government to control."

The first attempt to regulate the price of coal was that made at Washington in May by a conference of coal mine operators called by the coal production committee of the National Council of Defense. The prices fixed at this meeting were denounced by Secretary of War Baker and Secretary of the Navy Daniels as exorbitant.

Early in August Gov. Lowden of Illinois secured a price fixing agreement with the coal operators of the state which was almost immediately repudiated by the operators. In the same month President Wilson fixed prices for both anthracite and bituminous coal and appointed Dr. Harry Garfield, president of Williams college, fuel administrator.

Meantime what had happened in the coal fields?

In an article printed Sept. 13, 1917, THE TRIBUNE said:

"Coal production in Illinois during the last five months was vastly greater than during the same period in 1916.

"Since President Wilson fixed the mine mouth price for coal this production has considerably dropped off.

"The shortage of coal cars complained of by mine operators has changed to a surplus. In many instances more empty cars are delivered to the mines than are filled with coal.

"The present somewhat alarming decrease in coal production in Illinois is due chiefly to a shortage of labor at the mines and to strikes among the miners.

"The most significant thing is that during the week of Aug. 18 the production of coal dropped from 70% to 48% of the maximum capacity of the mines. That was the week in which Gov. Lowden signed his agreement with the coal mine operators, which was afterwards repudiated by them. During that week, also, President Wilson fixed the mine mouth prices for coal.

"During that fateful week less than half of the capacity of Illinois coal mines was produced. The government statement puts almost all the blame on labor shortage and strikes. It is also noticeable that the car shortage had dropped to 4.6 per cent, which would indicate that in almost all instances all the empty coal cars which could be used were provided.

"The last week in August the production increased again. More than two-thirds capacity was dug. Again there was a drop in car shortage to 2.5 per cent, while strikes and labor shortage were responsible for 23.9 per cent of the losses in production.

"There is much danger in the situation. During the present months the weather conditions are such that the railroads can handle coal trains much more efficiently than when winter begins. It is also true that in October a boom in freight always sets in, so that the roads have a much greater demand both for cars and for engines than during the present month."

It is to be noted that never has anything like the estimated maximum production of the coal mines of the country been reached. One of the leading authorities in the coal trade told me last summer that the bituminous mines of the country could alone produce 664,000,000 tons a year. His figures showed that in 1916 they actually produced 500,000,000 tons. During that year the soft coal mines lay entirely idle for an average of seventy working days. That is more than one-fifth of the working year.

In 1917, it has been given out at Washington, the total production of coal of all kinds was 50,000,000 tons greater than in 1916. Even so there is a possible surplus production of soft coal alone, which amounts to more than 100,000,000 tons, and which was not dug.

During many weeks this summer and fall the railroads furnished thousands of empty cars which were not loaded.

OUTSIDE OF THAT THE ROAD IS CLEAR

[From the Baltimore Sun.]

The Friend of the People.

Letters for this department must be signed with names and addresses of the writers.

AWAITING TRACK ELEVATION.

Chicago, Jan. 15.—[To the Friend of the People.]—What is the exact status at the present time of the contemplated paving of streets in the neighborhood known as Brainerd? Is the paving likely to be done this year? E. A. S.

An estimate has been ordered for paving a system of streets, including Racine avenue, Elizabeth street, and Throop street, between Eighty-seventh and Ninety-first streets. This improvement cannot be made, however, until the railroad company has complied with the track elevation ordinance requiring the elevation of their right of way south of Eighty-ninth street. The said ordinance sets the date for which the elevation must be completed at the year 1923, and no further steps will be taken on the paving improvement until this time, or such prior time as the elevation has been made. If any person owning property on any of these streets, between Eighty-seventh and Eighty-ninth streets, desires to have proceedings started to pave these streets between the said points, such proceedings will be instituted by this board upon receipt of petitions requesting the same, signed by owners of property fronting thereon. M. J. FAHERTY.
President Board of Local Improvements.

NO PENSION FOR DIVORCED WIFE.

Chicago, Jan. 15.—[To the Friend of the People.]—Is the wife of a civil war veteran who married him at close of the war, lived with him twenty years, and is the mother of his three children, but who obtained a divorce from him about 1900 and has not remarried, entitled to a widow's pension upon his death? F. S. T.

There is no existing law under which the divorced wife of a soldier or sailor can be pensioned as his widow. It matters not whether she or he procured the divorce.

POLICY DUE WHEN DISABLED.

Elwood, Ind., Jan. 15.—[To the Friend of the People.]—In case of a drafted man getting wounded, disabled, and discharged as unfit for further service, will he, with his monthly allowance, have to continue paying the monthly premium? D. W. J.

There are no premiums required after a man becomes totally and permanently disabled. His policy is due just the same as when he dies, but will be paid only in monthly installments.

PAVE ALLEY NEXT SPRING.

Chicago, Jan. 15.—[To the Friend of the People.]—When will the alley between Polk and Arthington streets, Kedzie and Albany avenues be paved? E. S. B.

The assessment roll for paving this alley will be filed in court some time during the ensuing month, and the assessment will be confirmed in sufficient time to allow the work to be done early next spring.
M. J. FAHERTY.
President Board of Local Improvements.

MEATLESS DAY.

Chicago, Jan. 15.—[To the Friend of the People.]—Some of my customers claim that the sale of calves' brains and sweetbreads are allowed on meatless day. Are they right?
HILLER & WOLGEMUTH.

The regulations of the United States food administration are that "no beef, pork, or mutton is to be served in any form; this includes sausage, hash, hamburrer steak, sweetbreads, tripe, liver, brains, kidney, pigs' feet, meat soups, etc."

DISCHARGING EMPLOYE WITHOUT NOTICE.

Chicago, Jan. 15.—[To the Legal Friend of the People.]—If a workman is discharged, can he demand his money without waiting for the regular pay day? Must a company give any notice to a weekly or monthly paid worker before discharging? J. S.

1. No.
2. No notice needed unless provided for by agreement or especial custom, but they must pay him up to the end of the period in which he was discharged, assuming that the discharge was without cause.
TRIBUNE LAW DEPARTMENT.

AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENT RESPONSIBILITY.

Monmouth, Ill., Jan. 15.—[To the Legal Friend of the People.]—An 18 year old boy, driving his widowed mother's automobile, collided with another automobile, damaging it and injuring the passenger riding in it. The boy, while an experienced driver, is at fault in this accident. Can damages be collected from his mother? ELVIN GODDARD.

The mother is not liable on the facts as stated. If he was using the car under the direction of his mother, and not for his individual pleasure, she might be liable.
TRIBUNE LAW DEPARTMENT.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE

As but limited space can be given letters in this department, writers must confine themselves to 200 or 300 words. Unless they give us their full names and addresses their letters will not be considered. No manuscript will be returned unless the writer sends postage for that purpose.

IN DEFENSE OF ARMY FIELD CLERKS.

Chicago, Jan. 15.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—The letter signed "Pharmacist" is the most asinine and unjust criticism of army field clerks. There are field clerks of the quartermaster's department and army field clerks attached to the adjutant general of the army's department. "Pharmacist," a pill roller in the army, is the last man in it that should comment on any one serving in the capacity of field clerk. The pharmacist is a noncombatant and we are sure that he will never enter a trench or smell gunpowder. He is yipping about his intense patriotism, etc., which is ludicrous.

An army field clerk must pass a rigid physical examination, as well as mental, and must be an expert stenographer and typewriter. In fact, he must be a man with a good general education adapted for military service. Field clerks pay taxes, have bought Liberty bonds, have contributed to the Red Cross, and many of them are now on the firing line in France with officers of high command, equipped to shoot and fight when called. More than you can say, Mr. Pill Roller. Rest assured, old top, your chances are slim for the trenches. I served in the U. S. navy for twelve years, nine years as chief yeoman. One of the first men killed at the battle of Santiago was a chief yeoman. His head was severed from his body by a Spanish shell while he was giving the range to his admiral, who at the time was on the bridge. I am still in the service, but in the army. I have done and will do more for my country than the Pill Roller and knockers will ever do. JNO. A. CROFFORD.

IN DEFENSE OF THE YEOMAN.

Great Lakes, Ill., Jan. 15.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—Boys who enlist in the navy as yeoman are in as much danger as any one else in the navy. Probably Julia M. Carpenter thinks that the yeoman will always remain on land, but that is not the case. Yeomen are being sent to battleships and transports every week, and I do not see where they can then be classed as camouflagers. In the army the ordnance and quartermaster departments do not go near the scene of battle, but just look at the yeomen on board! They are constantly in danger.
HARRY CLARKE, Yeoman.

HERO, BUT NOT RED HEADED.

Chicago, Jan. 13.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—Having read in your paper that a red headed chap fired the first American shell at the Germans, I wrote to a soldier in France who usually knows whereof he speaks. He replies:

"Speaking of Red Crosses and things, you wrote that the gunner to send the first shot singing on its way was a red headed boy. He isn't. He hails from Chicago and is sitting opposite me now reading THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE. His name is Aloysius J. E. Heda, and the only thing red about him is his newspaper and his hat cord."
LUCILE ROCKWELL.

JAMES! A TAXI FOR MR. BAKER.

Memphis, Tenn., Jan. 14.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—Secretary of War Baker is worse discredited than ever. It is clearly proven that there has been inefficiency in the war department. Yet he chews on the end of a big, black cigar, smiles, and says that such is not the case.

It is no longer simply a question as to whether Baker is capable of filling the office he occupies. It would seem that he does not even know when he is failing down on the job, which is a far more serious matter than for a man to fail, if knowledge it, and then try to mend matters.
R. G. HOSEA.

MR. ROOSEVELT'S MOUTH.

Chicago, Jan. 12.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—Regarding Mary McMurtry's article in THE TRIBUNE on Jan. 11 on shutting Theodore Roosevelt's mouth, allow me to say that if we had a million more Americans who had the same love for their country and the same ability to open their mouths and "meddle" along the same lines we would be better off.
ZELLA GIBSON.

3,000 MILES AWAY.

Chicago, Jan. 14.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—"Why worry about the war when it is 3,000 miles away?" How encouraging to our boys in France! How brave they will feel, going into the trenches, with a government official backing them in that manner.
FLORENCE S. GERBERDING.

WOMEN TO AID BY ANSWERING AS TO ENFORCEMENT

Chosen Through Ward Organizations of C. N. D. Committee.

Women of the city, chosen through the ward organizations of the woman's committee, Council of National Defense, were yesterday called upon by the fuel administration to aid in relieving the situation caused by the coal shortage. They will answer questions as to enforcement of the fuel orders.

At a meeting held in the library of 120 West Adams street, twenty-eight women out of thirty who received their notifications yesterday morning met with Miss Sarah B. Tunnicliffe, Adolph Johns of the fuel administration, and N. H. Kendall of the Coal Merchants' association, and the following women were appointed to act as chairmen of the wards of the city and official representatives of the fuel administration.

Where names are not given social settlement houses in the different wards are listed where a ward chairman may be found.

Give Ward Phone Numbers.

The Twenty-fifth, Sixteenth, and Thirty-fifth wards have no chairman appointed yet, and persons residing in these wards are requested to phone Randolph 4350 for information on the coal question. The other wards are represented as follows:

Ward.
1—Mrs. Herman Landauer, Chicago Woman's club, Wabash 8320.
2—Mrs. Eva M. Wells, 3207 South Park avenue, Douglas 1996.
3—Abraham Lincoln center, Oakwood boulevard and Langley avenue, Kenwood 6513.
4 and 5—Fellowship house, 831 West Thirty-third place, Yards 5292.
6—Hyde Park center, 5435 Lake Park avenue, Midway 9511.
7—Mrs. Marshall Miller, 6522 Woodlawn avenue, Midway 1916.
8—Mrs. John W. Merrill, 9026 Houston avenue, S. Chicago 5131.
9—Mrs. A. C. Caldwell, 11313 Forrestville avenue, Pullman 442.
10—Bohemian Settlement house, 1831 S. Racine avenue, Canal 2302.
11—Gad's Hill center, 1919 W. 20th street, Canal 963.
12—Miss Caroline M. Towels, 1910 S. Sawyer avenue, Rockwell 4379.
13—Mrs. C. H. Beckett, 3532 Congress street, Kedzie 1093.
14—Miss Silvia Lawson, 3330 Fulton street, Franklin 3515.
15—Northwestern University settlement, 1400 Augusta street, Monroe 1717.
16—Phone Randolph 4350.
17—Chicago Commons Social settlement, 955 W. Grand avenue, Monroe 1602.
18—Mrs. Inez Rogers Deach, 216 Honoré street, Seeley 2134.
19—Hull house, 800 S. Halsted street, Monroe 70.
20—Henry Booth house, 701 W. 14th street, Canal 1672.
21—Mrs. Robert Bates, 22 W. Division street, Room 11, Superior 5273.
22—Eli Bates settlement, 621 W. Elm street, Superior 3603.
23 and 24—Christopher House settlement, 2507 Greenview avenue, Lincoln 675.
25—Phone Randolph 4350.
26—Mrs. C. N. Rowley, 4018 N. Paulina street, Lakeview 3519.
27—Mrs. Edgar Stewart, 3015 Addison street, Irving 6814.
28—Mrs. Harry Hoff, 2712 Fullerton avenue, Humboldt 454.
29—University of Chicago settlement, 4630 Gross avenue, Yards 506.
30—Miss Margaret Taylor, 5424 S. Morgan street, Drover 755.
31 and 32—Neighborhood house, Miss Grace Nichols, 6710 S. May street, Wentworth 1169.
33—Mrs. A. H. Johnson, 309 N. Long avenue, Austin 8453.
34—Miss Charles Greenwood, 1842 S. Sawyer avenue, Rockwell 4322.
35—Randolph 4350.

Lies Promises Aid.

The chairmen will, after full investigation, do all in their power to alleviate distress where it exists, but the fuel administration wishes to impress upon all the request not to ask for assistance from these women unless it is absolutely necessary.

Eugene T. Lies of the United Charities attended the meeting and promised the coöperation of his association in the work of the women chairmen, who are also to have the coöperation of a committee of three reputable coal dealers in each ward. Adolph Johns has been appointed to take charge of the emergency work of the fuel administration.

Major Hamilton Takes Charge of Chanute Field

Chanute Field, Rantoul, Ill., Jan. 17.—(Special.)—Maj. C. S. Hamilton arrived here today and has assumed his duties as executive head of the field. He also has been assigned as the head of the summary court. The first class of several hundred airplane mechanicians finished their course today and were returned to their squadrons.

DAILY FOOD PRICE BULLETIN

Prices being paid by retailers for the staples named and the retail prices which they should not exceed are as follows:

[Prepared by the U. S. Food Administration.]

	Retailer pays.	Consumer should pay.
SUGAR.		
GRANULATED—Per 100 lbs. In bulk	$7.57 to $7.97	Per lb. 8c to 8½c
WHITE FLOUR—PATENT.		
WELL KNOWN ADVERTISED BRANDS.	Per bag.	Per bag.
¼ brl. bags	$2.70 to $2.72	$2.85 to $2.98
½ brl. bags	1.38 to 1.39	1.45 to 1.51
5 lb. bags	.30 to .32	.33 to .37
WHOLE WHEAT FLOUR—PURE.	Per bag.	Per bag.
In 5 lb. bags	.25c to 29c	28c to 34c
RYE FLOUR.	Per bag.	Per bag.
Bohemian style, mixed wheat and rye, ½ brl.	$1.19 to $1.30	$1.27 to $1.42
Dark, pure, ½ brl.	$1.12 to $1.19	$1.20 to $1.32
Bohemian mixed wheat and rye, 5 lbs.	27½c to 30c	30c to 35c
Dark, pure, 5 lbs.	26½c to 29c	29c to 34c
CORNMEAL.	Per 100 lbs.	Per lb.
White, bulk	$4.50 to $5.50	5c to 6½c
Yellow, bulk	4.50 to 5.50	5c to 6½c
HOMINY.	Per 100 lbs.	Per lb.
In bulk	$5.00 to $5.65	10c to 13c
RICE.	Per 100 lbs.	Per lb.
Fancy head	$9.00 to $10.00	11c to 14c
Blue rose	8.00 to 8.75	10c to 13c
POTATOES.	Per 100 lbs.	Per 10 lbs.
No. 1 Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Dakota	$2.15 to $2.30	26c to 28c
No. 1 western	2.15 to 2.40	26c to 29c
PRUNES.		
CALIFORNIA SANTA CLARA— 50 to 60 prunes per lb.	11½c to 13c	Per lb. 13c to 17c
60 to 70 prunes per lb.	10½c to 11½c	13c to 16c
90 to 100 prunes per lb.	9½c to 10c	11c to 14c
BEANS.	Per 100 lbs.	Per lb.
Navy, hand picked	$14.00 to $15.00	16c to 19c
Lima	15.00 to 16.00	17c to 20c
CREAMERY BUTTER.	Per lb.	Per lb.
Extras, fresh, tubs	49c to 51c	59c to 56c
Firsts, fresh, tubs	45c to 48c	46c to 53c
Cold storage	44c to 47c	45c to 52c
Note—1½c higher in cartons than tubs.		
OLEOMARGARINE.		
STANDARD GRADES— In cartons	29c to 30c	32c to 35c
In rolls	28c to 29c	31c to 34c
MEDIUM GRADES— In rolls and bulk	26c to 28c	29c to 33c
MILK.		
EVAPORATED— [Unsweet'd]	Per can. 11½c to 12½c	Per can. 13c to 15c
CONDENSED— [Sweetened] Highest grades	16 2-3c to 17¾c	19c to 22c
Medium grades	14¾c to 16c	16½c to 19c
CHEESE.		
American full cream, whole	26c to 28c	30c to 35c
American full cream, cut to order	25c to 28c	31½c to 39c
American full cream, brick, whole	28c to 30c	32½c to 37½c
American full cream, cut to order	28c to 30c	35c to 42c
EGGS.		
FRESH CANDLED— Extras, approx. 24 oz. per doz.	Per doz. 64c to 66c	Per doz. 65c to 71c
COLD STORAGE— Extra, approx. 23 oz. per doz.	47c to 50c	48c to 55c
HAMS.		
WHOLE— 10 lbs. to 12 lbs. average	Per lb. 30c to 31c	Per lb. 32c to 36c
14 lbs. to 16 lbs. average	29c to 30c	31c to 35c
BACON.		
WHOLE PIECES— Best grades	Per lb. 41c to 43c	Per lb. 44c to 49c
Medium grades	34c to 36c	37c to 42c
Square, whole	30c to 32c	33c to 37c
LARD.		
BEST KETTLE RENDERED— In cartons	Per lb. 27c to 28c	Per lb. 30c to 35c
In bulk	25½c to 26½c	28c to 33c
STANDARD PURE— In bulk	25c to 26c	27½c to 33c
LARD SUBSTITUTES.		
In bulk	Per lb. 23c to 25c	Per lb. 25½c to 31c
COOKING OILS.		
[In cans.]	Per can.	Per can.
Corn oil, pints	27c to 30c	30c to 37½c
Corn oil, quarts	50½c to 56½c	56½c to 70c
Cottonseed, small	28c to 30c	31½c to 45c
Cottonseed, medium	56c to 71½c	63c to 89c
DRESSED POULTRY.		
TURKEYS— Fresh, select	Per lb. 33c to 35c	Per lb. 34c to 40c
Dry picked, No. 1	29c to 32c	30c to 37c
HENS AND CHICKENS— 2½ to 4 lbs., fresh	28c to 29c	30c to 34c
4½ to 5 lbs., fresh	29c to 30c	31c to 35c
Roosters, fresh	20c to 21c	22c to 26c
Ducks	28c to 30c	30c to 35c
Geese	25c to 27c	27c to 32c
CANNED SALMON.		
ONE LB. TALL CANS— Pink	Per doz. cans. $1.95 to $2.10	Per can. 19c to 23c
Red Alaska	$2.75 to $2.95	27c to 33c
SIRUP.		
Corn, 90% cane mixture, 1½ lb. cans	Per doz. cans $1.22½ to $1.32½	Per can. 12c to 14c
Corn, same, 5 lb. cans	$3.60 to $3.95	35c to 43c
WHITE BREAD.		
1 lb., not wrapped	Per loaf. 7c	Per loaf. 8c
1 lb., wrapped	7½c	8c to 9c
1½ lbs., bakery wpd.	11c	13c
FISH.		
The following are prices the retailers are having to pay for fish:		
Frozen lake herring		9@10c
Frozen ciscoes		12@13c
Frozen eulachons		9@10c
Frozen salt water herring		9@10c
Frozen whiting		7@ 8c
Frozen sable fish		12@13c
Frozen steak cod		11@15c
Frozen halibut		20@21c
Frozen winter caught mullets		7@ 8c
Frozen winter caught pickerel		11@12c
Frozen winter caught tullibees		11@12c
Smoked fish— Whitefish (chubs)		19@20c
Whiting		15@16c

BOARD WILL SET MILK PRICES, BUT ASK NO REFORMS

Second Commission Will Take Up Delivery Question.

The milk commission of the state food administration, which has been sitting since Dec. 3, will make no recommendations regarding changes in methods of production or distribution. It will set a price for milk and no more.

This was revealed yesterday when Food Administrator Harry A. Wheeler announced that as soon as the present commission gives its decision, a second commission will be appointed for the express purpose of probing methods of production and distribution with a view to making recommendations as to changes.

The second commission will be clothed with the full power of the food administration as it stands at the time the appointment is made, Mr. Wheeler said.

Hearings Near End.

This morning is expected to see the end of introduction of testimony before the present commission. One witness from the City club and one from the city health department still remained to be heard when the commission adjourned last night. The commission will hear arguments from representatives of all sides next Tuesday. The price of milk will be fixed as soon after as it is possible for the commission to arrive at a decision.

Appointment of the second commission was decided upon at the request of a committee from the City club, headed by Attorney Francis X. Busch. The club has compiled a great mass of data regarding methods of distribution.

Omission of Evidence.

On Wednesday Prof. W. F. Handschin of the University of Illinois gave testimony upholding the use of the market rather than the cost price for feed, and read from an authority to back his contention.

Attorney E. S. Ballard yesterday introduced the same book in evidence and showed that in the preceding sentence to that read by the professor the statement was made that "where the dairy is distinctively a necessary part of the whole farm scheme, then perhaps the cost price should be used."

TIME EXTENDED FOR FILING OF INCOME FIGURES

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—Extension of time for filing income tax returns after March 1 will be granted by Internal Revenue Commissioner Roper in any case where it is demonstrated that accounting difficulties of a business prevent completion before that time. This rule was disclosed today in regulations accompanying the tax return form for incomes of $3,000 or more. The forms will be ready for distribution by Saturday or Monday.

In making inventories the regulations provide that returns may be made either on the basis of cost or on the basis of cost or market value, whichever is lower, and requires an explanation of which basis is used. If real property or securities have been held since before March 1, 1913, the regulations require reporting of their estimated value on that date, instead of the original cost, together with an explanation of the estimate.

CHICAGO MAN IN PERIL IS SAVED BY SNOW BANK

Pontiac, Ill., Jan. 17.—[Special.]—David H. Cooper, 1742 Hastings street, Chicago, express messenger for the Wells Fargo Express company, had a narrow escape from death today. Boarding a moving train he found the door jammed and was forced to cling to the outside of the car. Six miles out, while the train was going sixty miles an hour, he was struck by a snow bank. He fell into deep snow and escaped with no further injury than a pair of badly frozen hands. He was taken to his home in Chicago.

BURNS MAY PROVE FATAL.

While thawing a gas pipe with a blow torch yesterday afternoon Morris Antelepl, 35 years old, a stove repairer, was severely burned about the head, face, hands, legs, and body. He was taken to the county hospital in a serious condition and may die.

SO EASY! CORNS LIFT RIGHT OUT

Doesn't hurt at all and costs only few cents

Magic! Just drop a little Freezone on that touchy corn, instantly it stops aching, then you lift the corn off with the fingers. Truly! No humbug!

Try Freezone! Your druggist sells a tiny bottle for a few cents, sufficient to rid your feet of every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and without one particle of pain, soreness or irritation. Freezone is the discovery of a noted Cincinnati genius. —Advertisement.

ENEMY ALIENS MUST REGISTER; DATE: FEB. 4 TO 9

Every male citizen of Germany over 14 years old residing in the United States must register under the enemy alien proclamation of President Wilson between Feb. 4 and 9. Violation of the order will carry with it a mandatory sentence of internment for the period of the war.

Every police station in Chicago will be a registration place and will be open on the days prescribed between 6 a. m. and 8 p. m. Finger prints will be taken of each registrant and he will be measured and recorded under the Bertillon system.

Each person is expected to report to the police station nearest his home with four photographs of himself, unmounted, not larger than 3x3 inches.

MASSACRE PLOT PLANNED IN INDIA

San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 17.—A proposed massacre of the white population of India was part of an alleged conspiracy to foment revolution against British rule in that country, according to testimony given today at the trial of thirty-one persons charged with conspiracy by Pramatha Nath Mukerji, a defendant, who testified for the government. He said he had made a trip from India to Shanghai to warn alleged revolutionists that the British authorities were aware of their plans and knew of the place designated for the landing of munitions to be used in the uprising.

Maurice Hall, former honorary consul general for Turkey here, testified that the German government sent $250,000 to San Francisco in 1914 for war and propaganda work.

Major General von Auer Reported Killed on Jan. 8

LONDON, Jan. 17.—Advices received at Amsterdam from Germany, forwarded by Central News, report that Maj. Gen. von Auer was killed on Jan. 8.

CONGRESS PLANS TO QUIT BY JUNE 1

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—Speeding up of all appropriation measures by avoiding unnecessary hearings and all possible delays, with a view to concluding all business of the house by May 15 and readiness to adjourn congress by June 1, was agreed upon at a conference today between Speaker Clark, Democratic Leader Kitchin, and the chairmen of all the leading committees of the house.

Lyon & Healy offer Numerous Advantages to Victrola Buyers

1. Unequaled stock and service
2. Daily Victor Concerts on ground floor.
3. Free monthly Bulletins to all buyers.
4. Most liberal terms of record selection.
5. Individual study of your wishes by expert salespeople.

Outfits, including both Victrola and Records, from $5 a month upward. Victrolas from $20 to $400.

Lyon & Healy, Wabash Ave., at Jackson

EVERYTHING KNOWN IN MUSIC

© 400

To Prevent Grip

When you feel a cold coming on, stop it with a few doses of LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE, which destroys germs, acts as a Tonic and Laxative, and keeps the system in condition to throw off attacks of Colds, Grip and Influenza.

Laxative Bromo Quinine

Removes the cause of Colds, Grip and Influenza

Quickly relieves Headaches caused from Colds

Remember there is Only One

"Bromo Quinine"

Call for full name and look for this signature on box

E. W. Grove

Price 30 Cents

MARSHALL FIELD & COMPANY

THE STORE FOR MEN

Wabash Avenue and Washington Street

Cold Weather Apparel for the Outdoor Man

EVERY essential article of apparel necessary to comfort and health in cold weather is to be found in the *Store for Men.* Every article has quality in the fullest measure for the money expended Men can turn with complete confidence to the *Store for Men* for true service in merchandise.

Clearance of High Grade Overcoats

THE man who is looking for real value at an exceptionally low price will find such an Overcoat in this clearance. Included in this group are Storm Ulsters, Motor Coats, Fur-Collar Coats, and Chesterfields. Considering the high quality of these Overcoats, the prices are unusually attractive.

Army Overcoats ranging from $45 to $90. *Navy Overcoats, ranging from $35 to $60.* *Fourth Floor.*

Special Reductions in Men's Suits—$30, $35 and $40

ALL our broken lines are sharply reduced to effect an immediate clearance, and while there are not many sizes to a pattern, the assortment, taken as a whole, includes all sizes. These suits emphasize the standard of perfection, design, and are modeled to fit every type. *Third Floor.*

Shirts—Pajamas

IN the continuance of the January Sale we are offering many of our higher priced lines at exceptionally low prices. Included are some Shirts made from the advance Spring patterns of woven shirting fabrics pleasing to the eye.

Shirts of Silk Fabrics, $3.75, $5.75 and $6.75
Shirts of English Flannel, $3.75
Shirts of Cotton Fabrics, $1.35, $1.85 and $2.35
Dress Shirts, $1.65
Pajamas of Silk Fabrics, 5.50 and $7.75
Pajamas of Silk Mixture, $3.75
Pajamas of Cotton Fabrics, $1.35, $1.85 and $2.25
Night Shirts of Muslin, $1.15
First Floor.

Cloth Caps at $1.35

IN domestic and foreign woolens with fur or chamoisette inbands. Made according to our specifications to withstand the most strenuous wear; in scores of patterns and plenty of cloth. *First Floor.*

Men's Union Suits at $1.50

THE surplus winter weight balbriggan Union Suits of one of the best manufacturers were sold to us at an exceptionally low figure. They include travelers' samples and discontinued lines. *Second Floor.*

Woolen Hosiery

75c a pair

WITH cold weather such as we have been having recently and no doubt will be with us for some time, you will want the best grade of woolen hosiery obtainable. We have that kind made of medium weight wool in heather and brown mixture, with reinforced heel, toe, and sole, sizes 9½ to 12.

Also a special kind particularly adapted for army wear in gray or white; pair, 75c. *First Floor.*

Reduction in Mufflers

BEAUTIFUL Silk Mufflers, in crocheted effects and accordion weaves; in color schemes of novel combinations pleasing to the eye. The Woolen Mufflers provide a world of warmth and make excellent gifts for Soldiers and Sailors.

Silk Mufflers, each, $2.65 to $8
Wool Mufflers, $1.50 to $3.35
First Floor.

Keeping Yourself and Auto Warm

HERE are a few suggestions to make winter driving a pleasure.

Hand Warmers, pair, $7.50
Charcoal Heaters, $4 and $5.25
Foot Muffs, $5.50 to $8.50
Auto Exhaust Heaters, $7.50 to $25
Non-Freeze Solution for Radiators, gallon, $1.50
Radiator Covers, each, $5.50
Fifth Floor.

Woolen Gloves, $1

THE price is an unusual one, considering the advance in the cost of woolen yarns and the inability to replenish the stock for some time to come. We urgently recommend immediate purchase, for the supply is limited.

Also high grade leather gloves, in tan, neatly made, reinforced to insure long service, and trimmed in black or tan. Priced at $2.50 a pair. *First Floor.*

Sweater Weather

FOR every kind of outdoor wear or army or navy service, we have the kind of sweater you desire.

Army or Navy Slipovers, $5 and $7
Regulation Sweater, $7.50 to $10
Fourth Floor.

Storm-Proof Shoes at $7.50

IN blustering weather—in slush and snow, rain or storm—these Shoes offer comfort and protection. These shoes are built to withstand the rigors of a robust climate and are as waterproof as possible.

Also a full line of Rubbers, Arctics, and Overshoes suitable for present conditions. *Second Floor.*

U-BOATS' CREWS MUTINY AT KIEL; 38 OFFICERS DIE

New Revolt Spreads to Other German Ships, London Hears.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—A mutiny among submarine crews at the German naval base of Kiel on Jan. 7 is reported in an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Geneva. Thirty-eight officers are said to have been killed.

The Geneva dispatch quotes advices received there from Basel giving details of the mutiny. It is said to have been begun by submarine crews and subsequently to have spread to portions of the other crews stationed at Kiel.

Rebels in Second Uprising.

Some of the men who joined in the attack on the officers took part in the earlier mutiny at Kiel, the dispatch reports. It adds:

"Although the mutiny was local, it shows that German naval men are dissatisfied, especially in the submarine service, as the number of boats returning to German ports is decreasing every month."

Other Mutinies Reported.

There have been various reports in the last few months of mutinous outbreaks in the German navy, and also in the Austrian navy. Confirmation was given by the German government reports of a mutiny among warship crews at Kiel in September.

The men on board several capital ships were involved, and a number of officers were said to have been killed. Unwillingness of the men to do duty on submarines was given as one of the reasons for the outbreak.

A mutiny at Ostend among German sailors, who refused to go on board submarines was reported in October. Official diplomatic dispatches received in Washington in October reported mutinies in the Austrian navy and clashes between Austrian sailors and crews of the German submarines at Pola, in which officers on both sides were killed.

Britain to Pay Russian Credits with 3 Year Bond

LONDON, Jan. 17.—Andrew Bonar Law, chancellor of the exchequer, announced in the house of commons today that the British government had arranged to take over the payment of Russian credits and treasury bills, maturing this month, in exchange for three year exchequer bonds at par.

At the present market value the exchequer bonds are worth about 82. The effect of the government's program is that the treasury insures the holders of this paper against loss at a premium of 18 per cent.

The total cost to the government, the chancellor said, would be $87,500,000.

Baron von Spiegel U-Boat Commander, Is a Prisoner

LONDON, Jan. 17.—Baron von Spiegel, commander of the German submarine U-202, who wrote the widely circulated narrative of a voyage of that undersea boat, has been a prisoner in England for some time, it became known today.

Von Spiegel, who in his book said he himself had seen British hospital ships carrying arms and munitions, admitted to the British authorities that he had never seen anything of the kind.

OFFICIAL WAR REPORTS

ITALIAN FRONT

ITALIAN.

ROME, Jan. 17.—At 7 o'clock yesterday morning, east of Capo Sile, the enemy after a prolonged destructive fire launched a violent attack with the object of driving us from positions that we captured on Monday.

The struggle, which was extremely intense and fierce, was maintained with great stubbornness and valor by the Second Grenadier regiment and detachments of the First and Seventh Bersaglieri cyclists. These battalions were magnificently supported by our artillery.

At 11 a. m. the enemy, weakened by his losses and repulsed by our counter attack, was forced to give up the action and withdrew to his starting position. One hundred and nineteen prisoners, including two officers, remained in our hands.

The scene of the struggle was covered with the enemy's dead and more than 500 rifles, several machine guns, and other war material were left on the field of battle.

On the remainder of the front nothing of particular importance occurred. Enemy patrols were driven back in the region of Val Arsa, and some prisoners were captured in the Monte Asolone region. In the Camonica valley and in the Monte Pertica area our artillery concentrated its fire effectively on large bodies of the enemy and on enemy positions.

GERMAN.

BERLIN, Jan. 17.—There has been no change in the situation. During their unsuccessful and costly attacks of Jan. 14-15 the Italians lost twelve officers and more than 300 men, who were made prisoner.

FRENCH FRONT

BRITISH.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—We carried out a successful raid last night north of St. Quentin. The enemy's artillery was active in the Ypres sector. Otherwise there is nothing to report.

NIGHT STATEMENT.

Early this morning the enemy raided one of our posts east of Epehy. A few of our men are missing.

FRENCH.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—The night was calm over the whole front, except in the region of Maisons de Champagne and in the sector west of the heights, where the artillery on both sides kept up a degree of activity.

On the right bank of the Meuse a German patrol which undertook to approach small French posts in the region of Samogneux was dispersed by our fire.

French troops in the vicinity of the Calonne trench in the sector of Eparges, last night carried out a raid which enabled them to penetrate the German positions deeply. They returned without loss to their own lines.

NIGHT STATEMENT.

Both artilleries were active in the region south of St. Quentin and in the region of Main De Massiges.

BELGIAN.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—On the 16th instant our artillery effectively counter shelled several enemy batteries, which were active against our organizations in the regions of Ramscapelle and Dixmude. We have shelled enemy trenches and also some farms occupied by the enemy along the Yser.

GERMAN.

BERLIN, Jan. 17.—There has been no fighting activity of importance. On a great many sectors of the front there have been reconnoitering encounters. Some English prisoners were taken north of Passchendaele on the Scarpe and in the neighborhoods of Vendhuille and St. Quentin.

MACEDONIAN FRONT

BERLIN, Jan. 17.—The increased artillery activity continues in the Cerna bend.

FRENCH.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—There was a rather spirited artillery action in the Cerna bend. There is nothing to report on the remainder of the front.

STAY IN WAR TILL HUNS ARE BEATEN, VOTE METHODISTS

Medinah temple was a waving field of service and United States flags and a boiling pot of patriotic enthusiasm last evening when more than 5,000 representatives of the 208 Sunday schools of the Methodist Episcopal church of Chicago and suburbs sang and shouted in response to the sentiments expressed by three of the bishops of the church and to the marching of army men and women dressed in the national colors.

Telegrams of congratulation were read from President Wilson, Secretary of War Baker, and Secretary of the Navy Daniels, and patriotic responses were unanimously voted to be returned to the national leaders, promising the support of the entire Methodist Episcopal church in the prosecution of the war.

Bishop Thomas Nicholson, president of the board of Sunday schools, who presided, declared "it would be a crime against liberty and civilization for the United States to make a peace until the ends of the war had been accomplished. We are in this war to stay until final victory is won."

Bishop M. S. Hughes, Portland, Ore., and Bishop H. C. Stuntz of Omaha also spoke.

Resolutions adopted, read: "We will fight until Germany is either chastened in spirit, so she will not want to wage war longer, or so reduced in power she cannot do so."

GIRLS' HOME BOARD MEETS.

The annual meeting of the board in charge of the Chicago Home for Girls met yesterday afternoon at the home, 5024 Indiana avenue. The work of the last year was gone over and plans for the coming year discussed.

GERMANY BIRTH RATE FALLS OFF AS WAR RESULT

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 17.—Dr. Dernburg, speaking in the Prussian upper house on the housing bill, said that the conditions in the large towns were terrible. The decline in the number of births had been very great and the mortality of children under 12 months had been still worse.

Chancellor von Hertling made his first appearance as a member of the Prussian cabinet to support the housing bill.

He said the conditions which had grown up around the large German towns and industrial centers were such as might fill the members of the house with serious anxiety, real pain, and occasional sorrow.

The maintenance of repairs to houses had been impeded and the increase of housing facilities had become almost impossible. The government desired to provide homes for returning soldiers which will be adequate and healthy.

Four Germans Arrested for Violating Parole

Four German alien enemies were arrested yesterday on warrants from the president. They were apprehended by United States marshals and will be interned for the period of the war. The men, who were picked up in various sections of the city, were Ernest Bahr, Martin Wehner, Frank Eworanstkatz, and Ernest Behm. Violation of the regulation under which they were permitted the freedom of the city caused their arrest.

REPORT ESCAPE OF ROMANOFFS FROM PRISON

Unconfirmed Rumor Says Ex-Czar and Family Have Fled.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—Nicholas Romanoff, the former emperor, and his family have escaped from their prison near Tobolsk, according to reports in Petrograd, sent out in a Reuter dispatch from the Russian capital.

The report, the dispatch adds, lacks confirmation.

TAKEN TO MONASTERY.

Nicholas Romanoff and his family were removed to Tobolsk by the Kerensky government last August. In October the Romanoffs were taken to the Abollak monastery, some distance outside Tobolsk.

Report Empress Insane.

The executive committee of the congress of peasants' deputies on Jan. 13 adopted a resolution urging that the former emperor be brought to Kronstadt or Petrograd. A dispatch from Amsterdam on Tuesday reported that German papers had said that the former empress had become insane and was confined in a sanatorium at Tobolsk.

Her condition was reported to be hopeless.

Urges U.S. Name Destroyer to Honor Patriot Gardner

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—[Special.]—Representative Fred A. Britten of Chicago today introduced in congress a bill intended to name "and keep in the American navy for all time to come" a torpedo boat destroyer, "the Augustus P. Gardner," in honor of Maj. Gardner, former congressman from Massachusetts, who died Monday at Camp Wheeler, Ga.

"The naming of a first class destroyer after the late Augustus P. Gardner would be a unique honor to be paid one who has sacrificed his all to his country," Mr. Britten said.

Maj. Gardner was buried in Arlington national cemetery today with full military honors. The house of representatives as a tribute recessed from 1:45 o'clock until 3 o'clock to permit members to attend the funeral.

HELD ON MANY CHARGES.

Charles Gray, 24 years old, Negro burglar who escaped from the West Thirteenth street police station Jan. 2 and was recaptured Jan. 9, was held by the grand jury on nine charges of burglary and one of assault to commit murder by Judge Trude in the Desplaines street court yesterday.

AMERICAN SHIP U-BOAT VICTIM; CREW IS SAVED

LONDON, Jan. 17.—The American sailing vessel Monitor has been sunk by a submarine near Fureteventura, one of the Canary islands, a dispatch from Las Palmas to the Wireless Press reports. The crew was saved.

The Monitor had on board a cargo of wood when it sailed from the African coast.

There are three American sailing vessels named Monitor, two of which, schooners of 110 and 137 tons respectively, hail from Gloucester, Mass., and the other, a three masted barge of 954 tons, from Philadelphia.

French Lose Five Big Ships.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—Five French merchantmen of more than 1,600 tons and one under that tonnage were sunk by submarines or mines during the week ending Jan. 12. Ships entering French ports during the week numbered 793, while those clearing were 751. Two vessels were attacked, but escaped.

Two Italian Steamers Sunk.

ROME, Jan. 17.—An official communication issued today says the Italian shipping losses last week were two steamers of more than 1,500 tons sunk. One steamer and one sailing vessel were unsuccessfully attacked.

Bomblike Tube Proves to Be Big Firecracker

AN ATLANTIC PORT, Jan. 17.—Naval officials announced today that the tube resembling a bomb found at the navy yard yesterday had proved to be a giant firecracker.

MUSTEROLE—QUICK RELIEF! NO BLISTER!

It Soothes and Relieves Like a Mustard Plaster Without the Burn or Sting

Musterole is a clean, white ointment, made with the oil of mustard. It does all the work of the old-fashioned mustard plaster—does it better and does not blister. You do not have to bother with a cloth. You simply rub it on—and usually the pain is gone!

Many doctors and nurses use Musterole and recommend it to their patients. They will gladly tell you what relief it gives from sore throat, bronchitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frosted feet, colds of the chest (it often prevents pneumonia).

30c and 60c jars; hospital size $2.50.

MUSTEROLE
WILL NOT BLISTER

CHAS. A. STEVENS & BROS.

A Complete, Exclusive Specialty Shop for Women

January Sale of Undergarments

Lingerie at $1.00

THIS remarkable offering of desirable Lingerie Undergarments at $1.00 presents an opportunity so exceptional as to seem almost impossible in the face of existing fabric costs.

At this advantageously low pricing every woman will realize the advisability of supplying both present and future Undergarment needs from this collection.

Night Robes—Petticoats—Envelope Chemises—Skirt Combinations—Corset Covers—Drawers—Knickers—Chemises—Vest Chemises

developed in

Tinted Batiste—Nainsook—Longcloth

trimmed in

Lace—Embroidery—Hemstitching—Ribbon.

Just a few of the splendid values represented in this unusual offering are illustrated—there are hundreds equally attractive in style and quality at the special pricing of $1.00.

No. 1—Envelope Chemise of Nainsook—machine embroidery — buttonhole edge—ribbon.

No. 2—Envelope Chemise of Nainsook—effective yoke of Val Lace, embroidered medallions—lace shoulder straps, ribbon bows.

No. 3—Envelope Chemise of Nainsook—point yoke of Filet Lace—back and front alike.

No. 4—Night Gown of Nainsook—"V" neck of embroidery band finished with ribbon bow.

No. 5—Envelope Chemise of fine Batiste—embroidered in Pastel colors—Picot edge hemstitching.

No. 6—Night Robe to match.

No. 7—Night Robe of Batiste—white or flesh, with blue embroidery design on yoke.

No. 8—Night Gown of Longcloth—embroidery insertion and filet beading.

HELP! HELP! HELP!

Cash donations are needed immediately to prevent great suffering and loss of life due to a lack of coal in the homes of the poor.

Thousands of helpless families, with wages shut off, with invalids, children, old people, cripples, are in a pitiful plight with no fires in their homes.

Nothing but cash in hand can relieve these people in time to save them from suffering and death.

Such people are appealing urgently to the Salvation Army for help to get coal and relieve distress.

We appeal most earnestly to the people of Chicago for cash donations as generous as possible, and as quickly as possible, to help us meet the demands now being made upon us for coal and other urgent necessities of the poor occasioned by these conditions.

Make checks payable to

THE SALVATION ARMY

108 North Dearborn Street, Chicago.

Act at Once—Send All You Can.

To Users of Edison Service

We beg to inform our customers in all classes of industry and business covered by the Order of the Fuel Administrator of the United States, that Mr. J. E. Williams, United States Fuel Administrator for Illinois, construes the Order both as relating to the five consecutive days beginning at midnight on January 17, 1918, and to the ten consecutive Mondays beginning January 21, 1918, as applying to all such customers to exactly the same extent as it would apply to them if each operated his own power generating plant.

As to the conduct of all businesses and institutions other than manufacturing plants, it is Mr. Williams' instructions to us that they may go on as usual during the five (5) days above mentioned, excepting Monday, January 21st; but that on Monday, January 21st, and the nine (9) Mondays immediately following, business should be discontinued (excepting as otherwise specifically provided by the Order) to the same extent that it is on a most generally observed holiday, as, for instance, on Christmas Day. In other words, businesses except to the extent exempted by the Order should close on each of the ten (10) Mondays and fires should be banked to the same extent as would prevail on Christmas Day.

On the ten Mondays mentioned in the Order, the General Offices of this Company will be closed.

Commonwealth Edison Company

McJunkin Advertising Company 3021

January Shirt Special

$1.65

A special sale of 500 Japanese crepe shirts, the very finest products of the Orient, in an endless assortment of fancy stripes and unique novelty patterns, sizes 14 to 17, regular $2 values, on sale at $1.65.

January Shirt Sales

Our annual shirt reductions remain effective, and offer you an exceptional incentive for immediate buying for future needs. Shirts in tremendous pattern varieties, reduced to

$1.35, $2.15 and $3.85

Main Floor.

THE HUB
Henry C. Lytton & Sons

N. E. Corner State and Jackson

RESORTS AND HOTELS.

Briggs House
Randolph and 5th Av., Chicago
1 BLOCK from CITY HALL SQUARE
Location Most Central
700 Modern Rooms Restaurant Faultless. Unsurpassed.
Rates Per Day, $1 and $1.50. With Bath, $1.50, $2 and $2.50.

Now is the time to come to Southern CALIFORNIA
Land of Sunshine and Flowers. No railroad congestion in the West.

Hotel Royal Palm Fort Myers, Florida. Now Open.
New 18 Hole Golf. Fishing. Swimming Pool. Every Room with Bath. J. L. NELSON, Mgr.

SAN ANTONIO Where it's entertaining in winter.
Chicago this morning. San Antonio tomorrow on the Texas Special. See or write Gen. W. Smith, N. P. A., M. K. & T. Ry., 324 Marquette Bldg.

PINEHURST NORTH CAROLINA
The center of outdoor life in the South. Golf, Tennis, Riding, Trap Shooting. Information of General Office, Pinehurst, N. C.

RESORTS AND HOTELS.

Train service as far South as Old Point Comfort was never better!
HOTEL CHAMBERLIN
OLD POINT COMFORT
Swimming Pool, Golf, Boat Sailing. Every Room with Bath and Treatment. Write GEO. F. ADAMS, Manager, Fortress Monroe, Va.
or P. M. R. Ry. Co., agents, C. & O. or Write Adams, Cook & Son, 15 E. Jackson Blvd., B. & O. 236 S. Clark. Ask Mr. Foster, Carson Pirie Scott.

THE DESPLAND DAYTONA On East Coast
Largest and most modern hotel. Now open. Superb ocean beach. LEON M. WAITE, Mgr.

THE LENWOOD New Tourist Hotel on the Sand Hills, Augusta, Ga. Brick and stone construction. Opened Dec. 1. A. D. CUSHING, Associate Manager.

Evanston Hotel Only 12 minutes from Chicago's loop. Richly furnished rooms and finest cuisine. Reasonable rates. Evanston, Ill. Ph. Evanston 5000.

Hotel Galvez—All year resort of Southwest. Surf bathing, fishing, golf and motoring. Write P. L. Sanders, Mgr. Galveston, Texas, or address the Galveston Commercial Club.

HOTEL CLARENDON SEABREEZE FLORIDA
and cottages. Directly on ocean. 18-hole golf course. Now open. Booklet on application.

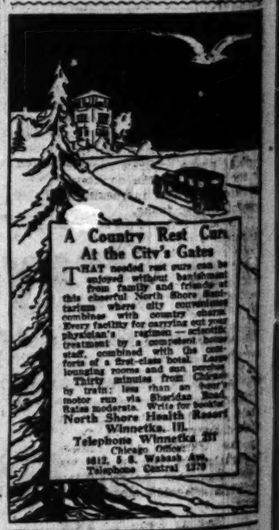
RESORTS AND HOTELS

HOTEL COLLEGE ARMS
DE LAND, FLORIDA.
In the Florida pines. Balmy, healthful climate. Modern hotel; 18-hole golf course, grass putting greens, Tennis, Riding, Motoring. The beautiful South at its best.
NOW OPEN
Theo. C. Brooks, Manager

ROYAL PALACE
HOTEL and COTTAGES
on the Beach, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
NEAR ALL PIERS AND AMUSEMENTS
ORCHESTRA DANCING
EVERY CONVENIENCE FOR COMFORT AND PLEASURE
S. Hanselman, Pres.

A Free Booklet on the Pacific Northwest. Oregon, Washington and British Columbia, its scenery, tourist and recreation features may be had by addressing Herbert Cushman, 1017 L. C. Smith Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

HEALTH RESORTS



A Country Rest Cure At the City's Gates
THAT needed rest cure can be enjoyed without banishment from family and friends at this ethereal North Shore Sanitarium where city convenience combines with country charm. Every facility for carrying out your physician's regimen—scientific treatment by a competent home staff, combined with the comforts of a first-class hotel. Sunny lounging rooms and sun parlors. Thirty minutes from Chicago by train; less than an hour by motor run via Sheridan Road. Rates moderate. Write for booklet.
North Shore Health Resort
Winnetka, Ill.
Telephone Winnetka 217
Chicago Office
1812, 5 S. Wabash Ave.
Telephone Central 1279

SKIN DISEASES,
whether acute or of long standing, yield to the elimination treatment of
MUDLAVIA
Write for booklet giving complete information about the Mudlavia Treatment and statements from patients showing remarkable results. Address
MUDLAVIA Box 3, Kramer, Ind.
Thirty Years' Experience

Private Home For the FEEBLE MINDED and MILDLY INSANE
Where love, kindness and harmony are practiced. Females only. Phone Wheaton 166 or address MRS. E. E. HOWE, Wheaton, Ill.

TRIBUNE READERS ARE INTELLIGENT READERS

TEUTONS DENY RUSS DEMANDS ON U. S. RULING

Rights of a Republic Now Raised in the Peace Negotiations.

(Continued from first page.)

regions having belonged to the former Russian imperial empire, does not draw any conclusions which would impose any political obligation upon the peoples of these territories in relation to the Russian republic, and that the old frontiers of the former Russian empire—frontiers established by acts of force and crime against such peoples, and especially against the Polish people—have disappeared, together with tsardom.'

"It also takes note that 'therefore, the principal task before the Russian government in the negotiations now in progress does not consist in any way in defending the forceful keeping of territories within the borders of the Russian empire, but in guaranteeing real freedom and the right of self-determination in relation to their internal state régime and international position of the territories.'

Need Light on Russian Rights.

"In this connection it might be asked from what system of law does the present Russian government deduce its right and duty of assuring the real freedom and self-determination of these territories to the uttermost—that is to say, even under certain circumstances to a continuation of the war. If the fact that the occupied territories belonged to the former Russian imperial empire by no means imposes any duty upon the population of these territories toward the Russian republic, then it is not obvious, without further explanation, on what the Russian republic intends to base its rights and duties as regards that population.

"If, however, one takes the stand, as the Russian delegation has done, that the Russian republic has such a right, then the extent of territory, the political provisions for the exercise of the right of self-determination, the transitory régime and the form of expression of the will of the people, are points on which an endeavor to reach an adjustment must be made.

Right of Nation as Whole.

"The assertion that the right of self-determination is an attribute of nations and not of parts of nations, is not our conception of the right of self-determination. Parts of nations can justly conclude independence and separation. It is by no means assumed, however, that limits of occupation are to be taken as the standard for fixing the boundaries of such portions.

"Courland, Lithuania, and Poland also constitute national units from a historical point of view. Germany and Austria-Hungary have no intention of incorporating territories now occupied by them into their respective countries. They do not intend to compel the territories in dispute to accept this or that form of state, but they reserve for themselves and for the peoples of occupied territories a free hand for the conclusion of treaties of every kind.

Cannot Yet Withdraw Army.

"As to the declarations in this respect, they pass over the fundamental difference which the constituted delegations are repeatedly pointing out. The withdrawal of the armies is impossible so long as the world war lasts. However, in the event of military conditions permitting one may endeavor to bring about a reduction of the occupying troops to such a number as is absolutely necessary for the maintenance of order and the technical requirements of the country. The setting up of a national gendarmerie may be striven for.

"As regards the return to their homes of refugees and those persons evacuated during the war, a benevolent examination into the matter may take place from time to time. This question could, as it is not of outstanding political importance, be entrusted to a special commission.

Russia's Proposal Not Clear.

"The Russian proposal is not sufficiently clear in detail and necessitates further explanation. However, it is admitted without further argument that with the progressive approach of a general peace, chosen representatives of the people of the country will cooperate to an ever increasing extent in administrative tasks.

"The allied (Teutonic) delegations are prepared to agree in principle that the people's vote on broad lines be sanctioned on the basis of citizenship. The setting up of a referendum appears to be impracticable. In the opinion of the allied delegations it would suffice if a vote on a wide basis were taken from an elected and supplemented representative body.

"It may also be pointed out that the setting up of states within the former Russian imperial empire recognized by the government of the people commissaries, such, for instance, as the Ukraine and Finland, was brought about, not in the way of a referendum, but by resolutions by a national assembly elected on a wide basis.

Teutons Gone the Limit.

"Inspired by the desire to endeavor to reach an understanding with the Russian government, the governments of Germany and Austria-Hungary have made these far-reaching proposals, and at the same time they add to them that they represent the most extreme limits within which they still hope to come to a 'peaceful understanding.'

"During the development of these fundamental principles they have been permeated, as in duty bound, by the intention of not allowing any weakening in their defensive capacity so long as the wretched war continues, and by the intention that certain people on territory adjacent to their own shall finally and independently be placed in a position to decide their own future, without thereby falling into a state of extreme need, misery, and desperation.

"An understanding between Russia and the central empires on these difficult questions, however, is only possible if Russia shows an earnest desire to reach an understanding, and if she will endeavor, instead of attempting to advance one-sided dictatorial aims, to see the question from the point of view of the opposite side and find out the way such as can alone lead to a peaceful result.

"Only under the conditions that such intentions are shown can the delegations of the allied (Teutonic) powers still hope for a peaceful adjustment of the conflict."

M. Trotzky, the Bolshevik foreign minister, then addressed the conference.

PALACE TO PRISON

King of Roumania, Whose Arrest Has Been Ordered by Premier Lenine of Russia.

KING FERDINAND OF ROUMANIA

DESERTED WIVES ASK DRAFT BOARD TO GET HUSBANDS

Declare Deserters Used Them as an Excuse to Avoid Army.

Two women whose husbands deserted them after obtaining exemption from the draft on grounds of being married have written to Col. Ronayne, in charge of general draft headquarters, asking him to put the absent ones in the army.

One wrote: "He claimed exemption because he had a wife and child. Our baby was born on July 26 and on Sept. 9 he left me. I was compelled to place my baby with my mother and go out and work. He has not contributed to my support, and I firmly believe he lived with me only long enough to get exemption. I would like very much to have him called to the colors."

The other told a similar story and asked Col. Ronayne to "find him and put him in the army."

To Name Appeal Agents.

The names of the appeal agents who are to safeguard the government and at the same time look after the interests of uneducated registrants entitled to appeal will be forwarded to Washington this week for approval by President Wilson. One man will be appointed on each local board.

The work of classifying questionnaires has been completed by twelve local boards and the others will finish by Feb. 15, it is expected. All of the nine country boards will finish mailing questionnaires today.

Pastor Goes on Board.

The resignation of Michael K. Sheridan as chairman of local board No. 72, who resigned on Dec. 1 to take up his duties as chairman of the county board of assessors, has been accepted by President Wilson, and the Re. R. Keene Ryan has been appointed his successor.

The government ruling which makes Monday a holiday for the next ten weeks will in no way affect the work of the exemption boards, Col. Ronayne announced yesterday.

The names of 200 additional delinquents, men who have failed to return questionnaires, were turned over to the police department yesterday.

BOLSHEVIKI WIN SIBERIAN TOWNS IN 10 DAY FIGHT

PETROGRAD, Jan. 15 [Delayed].—The Bolshevik forces have seized Irkutsk, eastern Siberia, after a ten days' battle. All the Cossacks and military cadets were disarmed and the authority of the Workmen's and Soldiers' government proclaimed.

Orenburg, capital of the Siberian province of that name, also has been occupied by the Bolsheviki.

Order Ferdinand's Arrest.

PETROGRAD, Jan. 17.—Premier Lenine signed an order today for the arrest of King Ferdinand of Roumania, who is to be sent to Petrograd for imprisonment in the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul.

The order for the king's arrest describes in detail the way it is to be carried out and in which the king is to be guarded. The Bolsheviki believe they have sufficient forces on the Roumanian front to carry it out.

The evening papers declare the arrest by Roumanians of Austrian officers who sought to go through the Roumanian lines on their way to the Russian front to fraternize with the Russians, is one of the principal reasons for the crisis between the Bolsheviki and Roumanians.

The Roumanians declared these officers broke the armistice agreement by going beyond certain lines. The fact of the arrest of the enemy was immediately communicated to headquarters at Brest-Litovsk.

BRITISH PORTS HIT IN SEA RAID, BERLIN CLAIMS

BERLIN, via London, Jan. 17.—The following communication was issued today:

"On the night of Monday-Tuesday light German naval forces undertook a raid through the southern part of the North sea. They encountered neither enemy warships nor mercantile vessels, though they advanced to the north of the mouth of the Thames, close to the English coast, where they subjected important port establishments, from close ranges and under good conditions of visibility, to an effective artillery fire, more than 300 shots being discharged."

Canadian Flying Cadet Killed Trying Nose Dive

Fort Worth, Tex., Jan. 17.—Cadet D. H. Rogers of the Royal Flying corps was killed at noon today while trying a spinning nose dive for the first time. His home was in Canada and he had been at the British fields here only a

SOLDIERS LEARN WAYS AND WHYS OF DYNAMITING

Versatility Needed in the Use of Trench Explosives.

Camp Grant, Ill., Jan. 17.—[Special.]—Thirty feet below the frozen surface of the division's trench area men whose experience in life has revolved about Logan square today learned through actual contact the use of high explosives in modern warfare.

While battalion after battalion of the One Hundred and Seventy-first infantry brigade marched into firing line positions, listened to the golden advice of Capt. Georges Etienne Bertrand and other allied trench experts, swarmed over the top, and evacuated their positions, the Chicago engineers worked in the murk of a nearly completed battalion dugout, and learned in a day things that hardened miners gain in long apprenticeship. The detail included picked men from units of the Three Hundred and Eleventh engineers under command of Lieut. J. E. Hayden and dynamite was the classroom feature.

Versatility Important.

"One matter of importance in this type of work," remarked the officer, biting in a fuse on one of the deadly sticks, "is versatility. The Germans will not give you time to go back for your tools when there is an important task to be done and you must learn all there is to know about the chemistry of high explosives in order to use them effectively in an emergency."

The he stepped over a pile of shovels to rescue another stick from the hands of a city man who was trying to bite in a fuse in the same manner.

"That charge is heavy enough to make insurance important," he said. "Please handle it calmly and do not try to force any foreign material into the substance until you have a hole drilled sufficiently large to allow easy access."

The quiet that followed was broken by muffled pounding.

Locating the Enemy.

"Corporal," directed the officer while adjusting five dynamite charges in their proper niches, "advise the other detail that we are about to shoot. Listen carefully and gauge their position before you go up. You will have to locate the enemy's tunneling parties by the sound they make with their picks over there."

Then the workers split fuses of the five dynamite sticks, lit them with the miners' lamps that are part of the engineers' equipment, and climbed half way to the cave's entrance. As the last man rounded the protecting corner three detonations rumbled up the passageway, followed by two more, as the last charges exploded.

DEATHS OVERSEAS

Pershing Reports Loss of Six Men from Natural Causes.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 17.—Gen. Pershing today reported the deaths of:

Private Rudolph Brandmihl, pneumonia; sister, Mrs. A. W. Marshall, Calumet, Mont.

Private Harvey C. Baker, pneumonia, 1930 Grant avenue, Everett, Wash.

Private George W. Peterson, meningitis, 112 Seape street, Oshkosh, Wis.

Private Isaac Jordan, engineers, Jan. 14, pneumonia; father, Isaac Jorden, Valdosta, Ga.

Private William Champion, infantry, Jan. 13, bronchitis; mother, Mrs. Nancy Spears, Anniston, Ala.

Private Robert Payne, stevedore, Jan. 15, pneumonia; mother, Mrs. Liney Wade, Morgan City, La.

COL. STRONG OUT AS COMMANDER OF FIELD GUNS

Ill-Health Forces Him to Resign Camp Logan Post.

Camp Logan, Houston, Tex., Jan. 17.—Col. Gordon Strong has resigned. The resignation has been accepted by the president of the United States, and the One Hundred and Twenty-fourth field artillery is without a colonel. The resignation has been expected for a number of days. Col. Strong has been in the west for the last three months for his health. He was operated on a few weeks ago and his health is improving rapidly, but it will not be possible for him to get back into the service for at least a year.

The regiment has been in command of Lieut. Col. H. B. Hackett most of the time since it came to Camp Logan. Col. Hackett will in all probability succeed Col. Strong in the permanent command of the organization. This will of course require war department action. Capt. John White probably will be made a major and Maj. Frank Walz a lieutenant colonel.

Premier's Son to Come to U. S. with Earl Reading

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 17.—The Post says that Maj. Richard Lloyd George, son of the premier, will go to America with Earl Reading, high commissioner to the United States.

HOTEL MAN'S PLEA FAILS.

A motion to set aside the judgment for $200 and costs to be served out in the bridewell by Patrick Feldman of 6314 Justine street, who was arrested for disorderly conduct when the Empress hotel on the south side was raided some time ago, was overruled yesterday in the Morals court.

ADAMS
Pure Chewing Gum

a Stick a day keeps thirst away

BLACK JACK

Cuticura Soap and Ointment for Skin Troubles
Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c.

DESKS
Tables, Chairs, Filing Cabinets, Office Supplies
LARGEST STOCKS LOWEST PRICES
The Globe-Wernicke Co. 11 North Wabash and 42 South Wells St.

Where Disease Breeds

Germs breed by millions in unsanitary cuspidors From these infected cuspidors are distributed the seeds of tuberculosis, pneumonia, grippe, bronchitis and other maladies of the lungs, throat, and nose.

Toilets, particularly yard-toilets, are favorite nesting places for the germs of typhoid, dysentery, all intestinal troubles, and some blood scourges. They are also depositories for the germs of any disease with which their uses may be afflicted.

In kitchen sinks and in their drain-pipes, in the drains of bath tubs and wash basins; in garbage cans; in unwashed milk bottles and in all places where grease, food particles and all matter subject to decay are kept or collect—there disease germs are always present.

Yet you can make a better fight against disease than it can make against you and yours, by the regular use of Lysol Disinfectant. Lysol kills all germs immediately, no matter what their nature. It is impossible for germs to breed where Lysol is used regularly. A 25c bottle goes a long way; it will make two gallons of reliable disinfectant. A 50 cent bottle makes five gallons.

Lysol Disinfectant

Remember that there is but One True Lysol—the product made, bottled, signed and sealed by Lehn & Fink. Get a bottle today; begin at once to have your home surgically clean as well as eye-clean.

Three sizes: 25c, 50c, and $1.00. Sold everywhere.

Lysol Toilet Soap
Contains Lysol, and therefore protects the skin from germ infection. It is refreshingly soothing and healing and helpful for improving the skin. Ask your dealer. If he has none, ask him to order it for you.

Lysol Shaving Cream
Contains Lysol, and kills germs on razor and shaving-brush (where germs abound), guards the tiny cuts from infection, and gives the antiseptic shave. If your dealer has none, ask him to order a supply for you.

OUR SIGN IS OUR BOND
Lehn & Fink New York

17148

AN ANNOUNCEMENT TO ARMY OFFICERS

A·B KIRSCHBAUM COMPANY
Sign of the Cherry Tree

SINCE September, 1917, Kirschbaum uniforms and overcoats have been available to officers of the United States Armies at prices far below the usual retail selling basis.

An officer's service equipment, we have always believed, deserves to be classed, not as ordinary merchandise but as a munition of war, in the distribution of which no selfish thought, no profiteering has any place.

A large part of the regular retail profit in the sale of uniforms has been voluntarily and gladly relinquished by a number of our retail associates. In one particularly notable instance, the profit margin has been eliminated altogether, and from this one source alone many thousand officers have been outfitted at actual wholesale cost.

For spring, we are in readiness to announce an extension of this profit-limitation plan to the entire United States, making it possible for an officer to secure—at a minimum price—uniforms which in addition to fulfilling War Department regulations, conform in every respect to the Kirschbaum exacting clothesmaking standards.

As a means of certain identification and as a universal safeguard to the purchaser, each coat will bear a sleeve ticket affixed in the Kirschbaum shops and specifying the price at which it may be purchased.

Uniforms of O. D. Serge $30
Overcoats of 30-oz. Melton 35

A·B·Kirschbaum Co·
Philadelphia · · New York

If there is no authorized Kirschbaum dealer in your city write us direct and we will arrange for you to be supplied.

BUREAU CHIEFS IGNORED WHILE BUDGET IS CUT

Two Departments Suffer Reductions Totaling $731,671.

Frantic objections from the board of local improvements, the bureau of gas and electricity, and other city departments availed nothing yesterday when the council finance committee whacked $376,671 from the board of improvements and $355,000 from the light program in the budget.

State Senator Edward J. Glackin, who also is secretary of the board of local improvements, not only suffered the loss of $1,000 additional in salary which the controller's budget had given him but he fared poorly in striving to uphold the demand of the board for $946,981, with which to carry on its work this year.

Officials in Protests.

Senator Glackin and David M. Clark, a member of the board, declared any cuts would materially reduce the efficiency of the working force. The resistance from the bureau of gas and electricity was offered by Commissioner William J. Keith, who intimated there would be objection on the floor of the council if the finance committee dared cut his appropriation from $1,793,982.

Commissioner Keith protested by letter which carried the suggestion that the council "would not stand for" a cut to $1,438,938. He declared there would be a consequent cut in the number of street lights, added police requirements, and danger to citizens by reason of darkened streets.

Glackin on Carpet.

Senator Glackin was called before the committee to explain why, in the language of Ald. A. A. McCormick, he "had cut out a lot of little fellows and let the big ones stick."

An item of $240 for coal to be used in heating the administration of Clarendon beach that it may be used as a social center was dropped, it being considered useless to heat the building while all industries have been stopped.

THREE SOLOISTS IN THE TRIBUNE'S SECOND CONCERT

The special program which Glenn Dillard Gunn has prepared for the second of THE TRIBUNE'S concerts in the Studebaker theater, Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, includes three soloists. They will intersperse the numbers in the bill by the American Symphony Orchestra, of which Mr. Gunn is conductor.

That Robert MacDonald, pianist, and Mrs. Hanna Butler, soprano, would take part was made known yesterday in THE TRIBUNE. He enlisted some time ago at Great Lakes Naval Training station, and it is expected that a number of his messmates will come to hear him play for what will, perhaps, be the final time in public before he is assigned to active duty. Capt. and Mrs. Moffett and some of the other Great Lakes officers have been invited.

Mrs. Butler is a well known Chicago soprano. She will contribute twice to the program.

The third soloist of the afternoon is Mme. Sterling Doak-Rice, a dramatic reader. When the orchestra plays Rossetter G. Cole's musical setting of Longfellow's "King Robert of Sicily" she will read the verses. Mr. Cole, a Chicago composer, is represented this week in the program of the Chicago Symphony Orchestra also. His setting of "King Robert of Sicily" will on Sunday be played for the first time in his home town.

ALDERMEN ASKED TO HELP POLICE CUT RED TAPE

Action in the council to bring about the abolishment of red tape methods in the police department are to be taken as the result of a conference between Second Deputy Alcock and the members of a council subcommittee on police yesterday.

Deputy Alcock declared all captains should be made responsible for conditions in their districts and that the tedious method of conducting investigations and of carrying up reports through devious channels to the chief's office should be discarded for direct action. He said crooks nowadays are too swift and clever to remain in a place after an investigation has been made and wait until police action results. This was considered a thrust at the use of regular policemen by Second Deputy Funkhouser.

Alcock said he believed all regular police should be detecting criminals and investigation should be done by civilian agents.

"PROTECT YOUR CAR"

The Hartford SHOCK ABSORBER

parries the blow,
absorbs the bump,
prevents damage and expense.

CHARLIE POSTL'S FARM

RESORTS AND HOTELS. RESORTS AND HOTELS. RESORTS AND HOTELS. RESORTS AND HOTELS. RESORTS AND HOTELS. RESORTS AND HOTELS. RESORTS AND HOTELS.

California

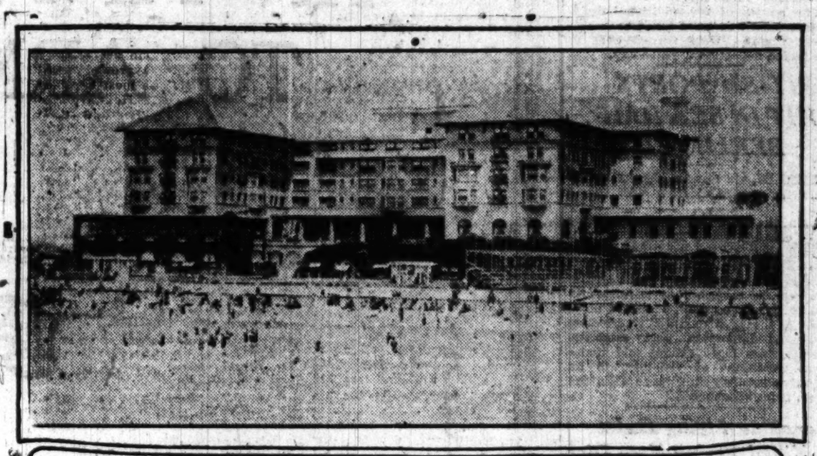
THE TRAINS TO CALIFORNIA WILL BE RUN SAME AS USUAL.

Director-General McAdoo Makes it Clear that Passenger Service to the Pacific Coast will not in Any Way Be Affected by the Eastern Changes.

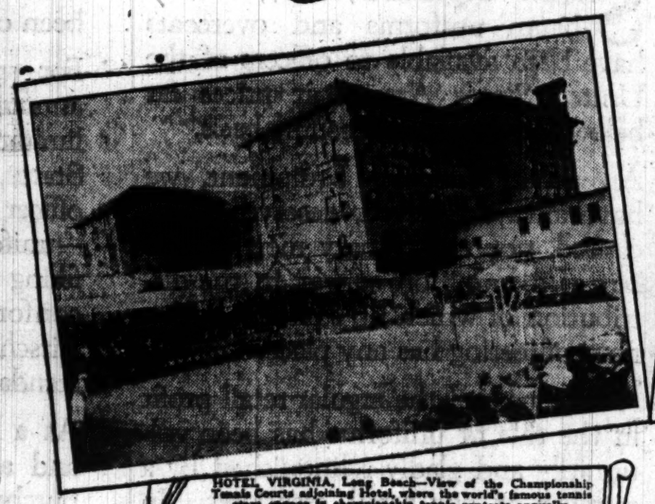
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 5.—"A wholly erroneous impression seems to have been created in some parts of the United States, especially in California, as to the policy of the director-general concerning passenger train service to the Pacific Coast. Comparatively few reductions have been made or are in contemplation in passenger train service in California or in the West. No changes have been made nor will any be made unless they are necessary to enable the government to deal more effectively with war needs and war problems, which are, of course, of paramount importance.

"Such inconveniences as may result from changes imperatively needed for the prosecution of the war to a swift and victorious conclusion must be and will be, I am sure, cheerfully endured by the patriotic people of America. Local interests and individual interests must not be permitted to stand in the way of the supreme need of the nation, and the supreme need of the nation is to use all the facilities and resources of the country to win the war.

(Signed) "W. G. M'ADOO,
"Director-General Railroads."



HOTEL VIRGINIA, LONG BEACH, Southern California. "Known as the Southland's Hotel of Hospitality." Showing surf bathing directly in front of its spacious grounds, which almost reach the water's edge



HOTEL VIRGINIA, Long Beach—View of the Championship Tennis Courts adjoining Hotel, where the world's famous tennis stars engage in championship tennis contests annually.

The famous 16-Tee-Water Hazard of the celebrated 18-hole Golf Course, Virginia Country Club, Long Beach, Cal.

Hotel Del Coronado

CORONADO BEACH
California

Motoring, Tennis, Bay and Surf Bathing, Fishing, Boating.

Splendid 18-Hole Golf Course.

Hotel completely equipped with automatic sprinkler system.

Located Near San Diego and Camp Kearny.

Conducted on American Plan

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Through Trains to California

OVERLAND LIMITED

The exclusively first-class train between Chicago and San Francisco; but 2½ days en route. $10.00 extra fare.

Lv. Chicago daily	. .	7:00 p. m.
Ar. San Francisco 3rd day		10:10 a. m.
Ar. Santa Barbara	"	6:25 a. m.

LOS ANGELES LIMITED

The fast through train to Southern California for standard and tourist sleeping car passengers.

Lv. Chicago daily	. .	10:00 p. m.
Ar. Los Angeles 3rd day		4:30 p. m.
Ar. Pasadena	"	5:10 p. m.

SAN FRANCISCO LIMITED

A first-class steel, electric-lighted train for all classes of travel between Chicago and San Francisco.

Lv. Chicago daily	. .	9:40 p. m.
Ar. Oakland	3rd day	7:15 p. m.
Ar. San Francisco	"	7:50 p. m.

Phone Randolph 7800
for information you wish, reservations, tickets, etc.
CITY TICKET OFFICE
148 South Clark Street

All leaving from the Madison Street Passenger Terminal

The OVERLAND LIMITED now carries a through ten section, two compartment drawing room Pullman standard sleeping car between Chicago and Santa Barbara. No extra fare is charged between San Francisco and Santa Barbara.

Via Chicago & North Western Ry.

OFFERS $100,000 FOR WILLARD BOUT IN WYOMING

OIL MAN SEEKS "TRIBUNE" AID TO LAND JESS

Fight Planned for July 4 at Time of Frontier Show.

BY HARVEY WOODRUFF.

Cheyenne, Wyo., hopped into the running yesterday with an offer, made through the sporting department of THE TRIBUNE, for a bout of thirty rounds or more between Jess Willard and either Fred Fulton, Frank Moran, or Jack Dempsey. Since it's fashionable now to bid for such a bout, which may or may not ever take place, Cheyenne put its figure at $100,000, topping by a mere matter of $25,000 the figures telegraphed from St. Paul in the afternoon for a ten round affair.

The Wyoming proposition was advanced by P. Chester Thompson in behalf of a syndicate of twenty oil men who want to put on the fight July 4 in connection with the Frontier day celebration held at about that time. All profits over the cost of the affair, says Mr. Thompson, will go to some worthy charity.

Just Right for Jess!

It is no reflection on Mr. Thompson that he is not known in the sporting world here, since he admits, or rather boasts, that neither he nor any of his associates have ever been connected with any sporting enterprise. According to Willard, he does not want to deal with professional promoters, so this Mr. Thompson should suit him to a T.

Telegrams of inquiry were sent to Cheyenne last night to establish the responsibility of the men behind the offer and to secure their bank references, for there is always the more than bare possibility that enterprising citizens of an enterprising city see the value of the publicity obtained in making a bid offer for a ring contest.

Would Draw from Denver.

In favor of the authenticity of the Cheyenne offer, in advance of definite information, it may be pointed out that it is only a short distance from Denver, which would add its quota to fight fans who might travel there from other cities.

If this Wyoming offer rings true after investigation the case will be presented to Willard, who is now in the city, frequently stating that he is willing to fight but making no herculean efforts to bring about a match with any of his possible opponents. Many reasons think Jess does not care to enter the squared circle again. He does not need the money. He asserts he wants to help some war charity. His friends should be accepted, with whatever mental reservation one wishes to make, until he proves them true or untrue.

Here's What They Say.

So here is the telegram from Cheyenne asking THE TRIBUNE to locate Willard and acquaint him with its contents:

Cheyenne, Wyo., Jan. 17.—[Sporting Editor Chicago Tribune.]—Not knowing Jess Willard's address, I take the liberty of addressing you and making the request of you that you will advise him that nineteen oil operators and myself of the state of Wyoming, who make their headquarters in Cheyenne, will guarantee a purse of $100,000 for a fight between himself and Fulton, Moran, or Young Dempsey.

This fight, if our offer is accepted, will take place at Cheyenne, Wyo., on July 4, 1918, for the championship of the world; said fight to be for thirty rounds or more, Marquis of Queensberry rules, and the receipts over and above the purse given to go for any organized and approved charity that may be agreed upon between ourselves and the combatants.

No Promoters in Crowd.

None of us gentlemen are prize fight promoters, consequently do not desire to profit in any way whatsoever from the contest, providing we can come to immediate terms with the contestants.

Cheyenne, being as it is the center of the oil industry of the intermountain country and the livest and most up to date city in the intermountain region, is easily accessible from Chicago, Omaha, Kansas City, Denver, Salt Lake and San Francisco, and therefore the logical point for such a contest.

Part of Frontier Show.

We can arrange to have the contest take place at the Frontier association fair grounds, where each year there are upwards of 30,000 attendance daily at the frontier shows, which plainly demonstrates that there are sufficient hotel and other living accommodations here for a temporary influx of 30,000 people.

The oil operators who have requested me to make this proposal are prepared to immediately deposit requisite guarantees that they will carry out their part of the obligation as well as pay the training expenses of both contestants while here. Will you be so kind as to telegraph me care of the Plains hotel, Cheyenne, Wyoming, Mr. Willard's pleasure in the matter. Sincerely,

P. CHESTER THOMPSON.

New York Boxing Bill Calls for Title Battles

New York, Jan. 17.—Twenty round championship bouts and even finish fights will be again permitted in New York state if the McCue boxing bill, to be introduced at Albany, is passed by the state lawmakers. The rough draft of the bill is already in the hands of a few members. It provides for boxing bouts during the war and for a period of six months thereafter.

THE GUMPS--UNCLE BIM STILL IN THE HOSPITAL.

MINORS MAY DIVIDE TERRITORY TO KEEP GAME UP DURING WAR

BY JAMES CRUSINBERRY.

With the hope of keeping minor league baseball in the middle west alive through the present war crisis, a meeting of minor league presidents is being planned to take place at Peoria the latter part of this month. While the major leagues and the class AA minors are aiming to keep the national game going, it was the general belief that the smaller leagues with little money back of them, would not attempt to open their gates in 1918.

However, largely through the efforts of Al Tearney, president of the Three Eyes organization, a scheme is underway to merge three or four leagues into a couple of bodies or even into one good organization, so that the sport will be kept alive and minor league players, or at least a part of them, will be able to follow their profession.

Four Leagues Represented.

Tearney has written letters to President Dickerson of the Western league, President Stalhefer of the Central league, and President Ford of the Central association, asking them to meet with him at Peoria, where Jack Ryan, the Peoria magnate, will act as host. While there it may be possible to effect two leagues out of the four so that the best towns will be represented in the game and still the thing be run on a paying basis.

"I want to keep things going," Tearney said last night, "and believe a merger for temporary purposes could be effected so that little if any money would be lost. Personally I would be willing to toss some money into a fund if seven or eight other fellows would come in with me so that the leagues would be sure to carry out their schedules.

Western May Get Peoria.

"There is some talk of Peoria going into the Western if the Three Eyes league is abandoned, and some of the other good cities of the middle west might go through if a league could be formed avoiding long jumps. Peoria would rather stick in this section of the country.

"I believe the game could go along in this section if the circuits could be arranged properly and only a couple of leagues be put in operation. This meeting is for the purpose of sizing things up and of learning exactly where we stand. I understand the government would like to have all sports continue, and I believe the minor leagues, or at least a part of them, should be running to keep the game at the proper standard."

MACK WILL STAY WITH ATHLETICS

President Johnson of the American league yesterday denied there was any truth in the report that Connie Mack would leave the Philadelphia club to manage the Boston Red Sox.

"Mack is a half owner in the Athletics," Johnson said, "and intends to stay there to protect his own interests. He has been sought several times by other American league clubs but has turned them down, although the offers were big. I presume the Boston club will have to find a manager, as I hardly expect Jack Barry to be relieved from his duties as yeoman in the navy in order to let him run the ball team. I don't know who will be in charge of the team, but the report that Ed Barrow might manage it I think is incorrect."

PIRATES TO TRAIN AT JACKSONVILLE.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Jan. 17.—The Pittsburgh baseball club will do its spring training at Jacksonville, Fla. A series of exhibition games will be played with the Philadelphia Americans, who train at the same place.

Joe Stecher to Wrestle Two Foes Here Tonight

Joe Stecher, former heavyweight wrestling champion and exponent of the scissors hold, will make his bid for another chance at the championship tonight at the Chicago theater [formerly American Music hall], when he tackles Paul Martinson and Steve Savage op the same mat, agreeing to throw both in fifty minutes of actual wrestling. Ben Reuben meets Lou Talaber, Mike Yokel tackles Cyclone Bill and Tony Bokish meets Tom Rolewick. None of the matches will go over an hour, the referee being empowered to stop them and give a decision at that time. Women ushers will handle the crowd.

Joe Berger Fights Draw in Bout at Burlington

Burlington, Ia., Jan. 17.—Joe Berger of Chicago and Kid Williams of Milwaukee fought an even ten rounds no-decision bout tonight.

IN THE WAKE OF THE NEWS
by RING W. LARDNER

HOLIDAY HINTS.

A GREAT many gents stay home Sundays and manage to survive it. It is possible to lie abed till nearly noon, consume an hour in bathing, shaving, and dressing, another hour in dining, and three or four more in chuckling over the Sunday

paper. Then the evening may be used up at a picture show or vaudeville house. Properly arranged, a Sunday does not necessitate even five minutes' consecutive conversation with the wife.

But Mr. Garfield's blue Monday is going to be a different thing again. Habit will get you up early. A Monday morning paper, which is minus many good features, cannot interest you for more than ten minutes. You've taken a bath and shaved only the day before. There's no long drawn-out midday meal. And all bars, picture houses, and theaters are closed.

* *

How is Mr. Husband to struggle through his new holiday?

THE WAKE presents the following suggestions from a close study of the testimony of experts—newspaper men with Mondays off; short story writers whose temperament won't permit them to start on a new one till the last one has come back; invalids; men out of work, and hibernating ball players with embryonic bay-windows that argue against too frequent visits to Joe and Dan's.

1. Start early on a quarrel. Eat slice after slice of toast at breakfast until the bread box is cleaned out. Complain about never having enough bread in the house. If she says, "I'm sorry," reply: "Yes, but your grief won't keep me from starving to death." This is likely to bring a sharp retort and then you can keep going till she sulks and won't talk. Every time during the day that she shows a sign of repentance, toss her a fresh verbal grenade, making it profane if necessary.

2. If the wife is the kind that positively will not quarrel, borrow a book somewhere on the preceding Saturday and read it aloud to her during all her spare Monday moments. Borrow one that's warm enough to keep her from interrupting.

3. Teach her to play casino and insist that silence is the first law of the game.

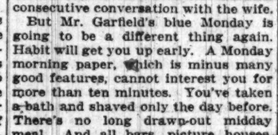
4. Pretend you're sick—not sick enough to be nursed, but just enough to be shut in your own room. The day will pass with surprising quickness if you alternately read, write letters, take naps and think.

* *

But for the experimentally inclined, just taking the day as it comes will prove an amusing novelty for the first two or three Mondays. If she says something, try to answer it seriously. Converse with her. Appear interested in knitting, in the children, in next summer's plans, in Mrs. Gray's new baby, in Hilda's latest crush, in her ridiculous ideas on the war.

Or make love to her. Tell her how much you prefer her style of beauty to Elsie Mackay's.

Or do the housework and nursing yourself and let her laugh at you.



You'd be surprised to know how entertaining some wives can be if properly encouraged, if you try to bring them out instead of glooming at them or confining your conversation to "Well —."

Mr. Garfield's Monday rule could easily revolutionize this country's home life. It depends on the spirit in which you go at it.

Personally, this column will appear on Tuesday mornings as usual.

PURPLE ELECTS GRID CAPTAIN

Roy McLaughlin, left tackle, was elected captain of the 1918 football team of Northwestern university at the annual gridiron dinner last night. McLaughlin belongs to the 1920 medic class. The dinner was given the regulars of the 1917 eleven, coaches, and trainers by Business Manager William A. Dyche of the university.

Lack of heat in the Purple gymnasium may cause the cancellation of the basketball game scheduled for tomorrow night with Ohio State. If the game is postponed, it will be played off later.

ST. LAWRENCE INDOOR NINE WINS.

St. Lawrence indoor nine defeated Welles park at Armour square, 5 to 3. Eichten fanned eighteen losers. Molitor drove in three St. Lawrence runs.

YOUNGSTERS READY FOR BATTLE ON ICE IN 'TRIBUNE' FINALS

BY WALTER ECKERSALL.

Skating faster, taking the turns in faultless style, and passing the baton accurately, kids who will take part in final races of the annual playground skating tournament of THE TRIBUNE at Garfield park tomorrow finished hard practice yesterday. Today will be spent in short sprints, then the boys will be sent home with instructions to get to bed early.

Reports received from forty-three of the sixty-four playgrounds at headquarters in the city hall stated the ponds have been cleared of snow and the rinks are taxed to capacity. In some cases it was necessary for directors to order the crowds off the ice so the boys who will take part in tomorrow's races could be given final instructions.

Extra Week Helps Boys.

In other reports received from playgrounds, directors said the boys are taking unusual interest in the tourney despite the postponement. Some said the postponement was a great help to many contestants who did not have a chance to practice last week because of snow covered ponds.

"Say for me I will have the ice in the best shape and will do all I can for the spectators," Foreman Armstrong of the West parks said.

Must Follow Racing Rules.

Directors of playgrounds who will act as officials held a meeting yesterday and decided all racing rules must be adhered to. This means there will be no elbowing or pushing on the turns or rough work to secure a pole position. Offenders against racing rules will be disqualified, and the loss of the points may result in the loss of the team point shield.

Many telephone calls have been received from skating enthusiasts asking the best way to reach the park. Use either the Madison street surface cars or the Lake street elevated to Hamlin avenue. The Lake street car line also runs close to the park. Those wishing to see the races should allow plenty of time, as the first contest will start at 2 o'clock.

Up to You Now, Boys.

Well, kids, this is your last day, so go to it. Practice a little today, then see your skates are sharp enough to hold the ice on the turns, because it will be hard. Report to the clerk of the course at 1:30 to secure your number, and take a few practice turns around the course.

Star of Franklin Club in Silver Skates Race

Additional entries were received yesterday for the second annual two mile Silver Skates derby of THE TRBIUNE, to be held next month. Among the more prominent was H. Geier of the Franklin Skating and Athletic club. Officials of the leading clubs will send in their club entries shortly. The date of the race and for closing entries will be announced Sunday.

Four Local Rifle Clubs Will Hold Shoot Tonight

The Ridgeville Rifle club of Evanston, the Chicago Rifle club, the City Hall Engineers' Rifle club, and the Commonwealth Edison Rifle club will hold a competitive match tonight at the Commonwealth Edison Rifle club's range, 120 West Adams street.

After the match the clubs will proceed to organize the City Rifle league, elect officers, and arrange a schedule for the indoor round robin rifle tournament to be held this winter.

The Commonwealth Edison Rifle club team shot its targets in the prize tournament for the Insull cup and championship medals for the first series ended Jan. 12, with the following results:

Team.	Prone.	Kneeling.	Total.
Operating	371	320	691
Engineering dept.	358	301	659
Fisk No. 2	338	316	654
Street dept. No. 1	338	264	602
Fisk No. 1	338	253	591
Contract dept.	283	211	494
Street dept. No. 2	226	174	400
Oil Sw. and Rep. dept.	187	196	383

Following are ten high individual scores: W. S. Helmer, 180; H. A. Fife, 172; W. G. Kelley, 176; E. W. Grover, 173; U. Davis, 169; G. E. Basben, 169; C. H. Davis, 169; G. W. Lann, 167; John Darr, 166; P. Jorgensen, 163.

Monday Closing Sets Back Cue Tournament One Day

Complying with the governmental order regarding the closing of billiard rooms on Mondays, the officials in charge of the American billiard players' ambulance fund tournament, to be staged at the Inter Ocean building, have postponed the opening until Tuesday night. Twelve of the leading players in the country will compete.

Skating Notes

BOBBY M'LEAN, who defeated Oscar Mathisen, the Norwegian, was matched yesterday to meet Edmund Lamy of New York in a series of six races at Saranac Lake, N. Y., on Feb. 8 and 9. The same conditions will prevail as governed the McLean-Mathisen match. The skaters will meet for a $2,500 purse, 60 per cent of which will go to the winner and 40 to the loser. The match was closed by Edgar "Blondy" Wallace, promoter of the event, who also looked after Lamy's end.

* *

Handicaps were issued yesterday for the two mile handicap, feature race of the annual Derby of the Lightning A. C., to be held at Humboldt park on Sunday. "Hogan" Schultz, an 18 year old skater, who is a product of the playgrounds, is ruling a strong favorite.

* *

Charles A. Dean, president of the National and Central A. A. U., is taking a keen interest in skating and will be asked to act as referee of THE TRIBUNE Silver Skates Derby.

* *

F. H. Kaiser, who will act as referee of THE TRIBUNE playground finals tomorrow, is one of the most capable officials in the system. He was formerly director of the Beutner playground before accepting a position at headquarters in the city hall.

* *

Tom Eck, former trainer of athletes in almost every branch of sport, is preparing Nowal Baptie for his races with Mathisen at St. Paul Feb. 22 and 24. In addition, Tom looks after the long distance runners at the University of Chicago.

* *

Edward Malke, who is acting as handicapper this year, has been successful in placing the racers in such a manner as to produce close finishes. He admits he had his troubles giving allowances to the contestants in Sunday's two mile race of the Lightning A. C.

JACKIES HAVE NEW BASKET TEAM READY

Great Lakes, Ill., Jan. 17.—An almost entirely new Jackie basket team will face Purdue Saturday night at Lafayette, according to the plans of Coach Olcott. The mentor figures he will be able to keep the Boilermakers stepping with his new aggregation.

Within two weeks Great Lakes will have one of the most formidable fives in the country. At that time Bill Johnson, former I. A. C. star, and George Halas, this season's Illinois varsity captain, will be available. Chandler, Wisconsin center and captain, also is due to report.

Manager Eddie Fall announces that a trip will be taken through Michigan the third week in February.

A match with Camp Custer at Battle Creek will be the sailors' first service tossing match. Four other contests are billed around Detroit and Kalamazoo.

Michigan Five to Revive Athletics with Maroons

Michigan will oppose Chicago at Bartlett gym tomorrow night in the first athletic contest between the ancient rivals in twelve years. Michigan's basket tossers will take on Pat Page's Maroons in the revival attractions. Indications are the game will attract many Michigan adherents, who are not basketball fans as a rule, but who are anxious to see the Wolverine team in action again.

LATINS, 35; LAKE VIEW, 22.

Although outweighed Chicago Latins trimmed the Lake View High five at the Latins' gymnasium, 35 to 22. Keyes of the Latins with six baskets was the individual star. Lineup:

Chicago Latin [35].	B	F	PT	Lake View [22].	B	F	PT
Rusnack, rf.	4	0	1	Ross, rf.	4	0	0
Hardin, lf.	1	0	1	Figus, lf.	1	0	0
Cook, c.	5	0	1	Todd, c.	3	0	0
Gallery, rg.	1	0	1	Muhlenfeld, rg.	1	0	2
Keyes, lg.	6	1	0	Nelson, lg.	0	0	0
				Bailey, rf.	1	0	1

MORTON, 21; AUSTIN, 11.

The Morton High school M'dgets defeated Austin High yesterday in the winner's gymnasium, 21 to 11. The feature of the game was the all round playing of Macauley. Lineup:

Morton [21].	B	F	PT	Austin [11].	B	F	PT
Jacos, rf.	2	0	0	Bruner, rf.	4	0	1
Nelson, lf.	2	1	0	Walker, lf.	1	0	1
Macauley, c.	4	0	0	Hadley, c.	0	0	0
Church, rg.	2	0	2	Richards, rg.	0	0	0
Troche, lg.	0	0	1	Kelly, lg.	0	0	0

I. S. C. VS. JOLIET TONIGHT.

Illinois Sportsmen club basketball team will play the Steel Works club of Joliet tonight at Howland school, Sixteenth and Spaulding.

ON BASKETBALL FLOORS.

St. James' Lutheran church five, leader in the Concordia league, ran up its eleventh straight victory, shutting out the Jehovah Juniors, at Jehovah gym, 52 to 0.

Fuller Parks' 95 pound five nosed out Mark White Square Midgets at Mark White, 12 to 11.

JACKIE WRESTLERS LAND TEAM HONORS IN NOVICE TOURNEY

Table of Points

Great Lakes	11	Swedish Am. A. C.	5
Hull House	8	Hebrew Inst.	4
Armour Square	8	Sherman Park	4
Central "Y"	6	Hamlin Play	3
Mark White	5	Seward Park	3
Boys' Brotherhood	5	Gary "Y"	1

Jackies from Great Lakes Naval Training station won the A. A. F. novice wrestling tournament, finals of which were decided last night at West Side Y. M. C. A. The sailors took team honors with eleven points, scored by two victories and one point more for a third place.

Armour Square and Hull House divided second honors, each team securing eight points. Twelve organizations broke into the point column. The meet was arranged for grapplers of the real novice brand, no one who ever had even competed in a title tournament being eligible.

Great Lakes also carried off the honor of winning the feature bout of the finals. In the heavyweight final Louis Natts from the station won after a great battle with Kazan Sazanoff, a product of Central Y. M. C. A. Summaries of the finals follow:

105 pounds, semi-finals—Louis Weissman, Boys' Brotherhood, defeated David Weiner, C. H. I.; Roy Johnson, Sherman Park, drew bye; Louis Weissman defeated R. Johnson; David Weiner, third.

115 pounds, semi-finals—Sidney Swimmer, Armour Square, defeated Louis Harris, Hebrew Institute; Meyer Berger, Hamlin Play, defeated Sam Harris, Hebrew Institute; Swimmer defeated Berger; Louis Harris defeated Sam Harris for third place.

125 pound semi-finals—Frank Farr, Great Lakes, defeated Jack Swimmer, Armour Square, 5:30; Joseph Leone, Armour Square, defeated Sam Swetow, Morris, A. C., 2:10. Finals—Farr defeated Leone, 6:15; Swetow defeated Swimmer, 10:00, for third place.

135 pound semi-finals—Andrew Kallas, Hull House, defeated Ben Slott, Hebrew Institute, 8:00; Gus Johnson, Swedish-American A. C., defeated Joe Sacks, Hebrew Institute, 4:40. Finals—Gus Johnson defeated Kallas, 5:45; Sacks defeated Slott for third place.

158 pounds, semi-finals—Vernon Davis, Mark White Square, defeated Timothy Ryan, Sherman Park, 3:40; A. N. Weismiller, Seward Park, defeated William Hansen, Swedish-American, 2:50. Davis defeated A. Weismiller, 5:10; Ryan defeated Hanson for third place.

145 pounds semi-finals—Anthan Kalimeris, Hull House, defeated Carl Stutt, Great Lakes, 9:50; Carl Grendahl, Central Y. M. C. A., defeated Morris Berger, Boys' Brotherhood, 2:00. Kalimeris defeated Grendahl, 8:10; C. Stutt defeated M. Berger, 10:00, for third.

Heavyweight semi-finals—Kazan Sazanoff, Central Y. M. C. A., defeated Chris Bartels, McCormick Prep., 2:35; Louis Natt, Great Lakes, defeated Harry McKinney, Gary Y. M. C. A., 4:10. L. Natt defeated Sazanoff, 9:20; McKinney defeated Bartels, 6:00, for third.

Exhaust Echoes
by SHEPPARD BUTLER

TO crystallize the protest of good roads men against any proposed curtailment of American highway construction during the war, a national "highway industries" conference will be held at the Congress hotel on Monday, to be attended by representatives of virtually every road building, automobile, and motor accessory organization in the United States. The meeting is called, it is explained, as a result of conferences with the federal office of public roads, the highways transport committee of the Council of National Defense, and the American Association of State Highway Officials.

A permanent organization probably will be formed to work out systematic plans for coördinating the highways with the other transportation agencies of the country, particularly in the matter of affording further relief to the railroads. The builders' idea is that the existing priority order restricting the shipment of road materials indicates a mistaken disposition to discourage road building. Already the state highway officials' organization has asked the government to formulate a country-wide plan of highway construction and has appealed to Director General McAdoo to provide freight cars early in the spring to carry materials for the most important main artery roads.

* *

Senator H. M. Dunlap of Savoy, chairman of the roads and bridges committee of the Fiftieth general assembly, will address the meeting of the Illinois Highway Improvement association, to be held at Champaign this afternoon. Being something of a farmer himself, he will tell of "The Farmer's Interest in the Good Roads Bond Issue"—a topic which has somewhat disturbed the campaigners for the $60,000,000 state highways project which will be voted on in November. The list of speakers also includes S. H. Bradt, state superintendent of highways; Clifford Older, state highway engineer; and William G. Edens, president of the association.

A Chicago good roads delegation will leave for Champaign at 9:15 this morning.

* *

Sponsors of the National Automobile show, which opens at the Coliseum a week from tomorrow, are wondering whether the big exhibit will have to close on Monday in addition to its regular custom of suspending its activities on Sunday. Manager S. A. Miles said yesterday that he "wasn't quite sure" whether the coalless Monday order will apply to the show and was trying to find out. There seems little doubt, however, that there'll be a two day hiatus in the proceedings for the first time in the show's history.

HAYES CLEARED OF ALL CHARGES BY MOTOR CLUB

President Puts Foes to Rout; May Run for Office Again.

BY JOHN DE LONG.

Protected by a perfectly placed barrage fire of plausible and convincing oratory, the forces of President Charles M. Hayes of the Chicago Motor club cleaned out the trenches of the opposition army at a special meeting of the organization last night.

The enemy forces, which sought to bring about the downfall of Hayes on charges of misconduct of office, were put to utter rout when some 200 members who were present at the meeting voted unanimously to give their president a clean bill of health. The whitewashing action apparently ended a long fight on the part of certain members of the club to force Hayes out on a number of counts, alleging irregularities in the conduct of his office during his four years of incumbency.

Meeting Proves Tame Affair.

The meeting, which was expected to develop a bitter fight between the two factions, turned out to be a tame affair in which Hayes and his supporters had all the better of the argument. Reports of two different investigating committees were read and while they showed Hayes to have been careless in his manner of handling much of the club's business, they were accepted and placed on file without bringing the censure expected by those who brought the charges against him.

After the reports had been read and before the question of accepting or rejecting them had been voted upon, President Hayes took the floor and explained the various charges in a lengthy written statement. He defended himself so well that the opposition soon lost heart and abandoned its efforts to discredit him.

Lawyers Out in Force.

Mr. Hayes was backed up by a bright array of legal talent, including Sidney Gorham, John G. Campbell, and Charles R. Francis, all of whom joined in breaking down the opposition. A motion to exonerate Hayes of all charges of wilful misconduct was carried, and the meeting adjourned.

Following the meeting President Hayes announced that over 250 members had written him urging him to head an independent ticket against John P. Garner, city commissioner of public works, who a few days ago defeated the present incumbent for the nomination. The election is to be held Feb. 5.

THREE CUSHION LEAGUE.

Cleveland, O., Jan. 17.—[Special.]—"Maupome and McCourt are the luckiest billiard players in the country. I challenge either one or both to play me upon a neutral table for any amount." John Layton of Detroit made this statement tonight after being defeated, 50 to 48, in fifty-eight innings by McCourt. He had counted the game as good as won. Finishing the forty-seventh inning, he led, 48 to 45. Then McCourt came through with a run of five and the game was over. McCourt's high run was 8. Layton had six runs of 3.

New York, Jan. 17.—[Special.]—Pierre Maupome defeated George Moore, 50 to 43. Moore's high run was 6 and Maupome's 5.

Toledo, O., Jan. 17.—Hurh Heal of Toledo won from W. Reider of Akron, 50 to 41, in eighty-five innings. Heal's high run was 6 and Reider's 3.

ALL FOR SWEET CHARITY.

Chicago's politicians are lending their aid to the wrestling and boxing program to be staged Sunday afternoon in Sokol-Chicago hall, Kedzie avenue near Twenty-fourth street, under the auspices of the National Army Aid association. August Miller, Robert Sweitzer, A. J. Cermak, Judge Scully, Ald. Touhy, and Maurice Kavanaugh will officiate in some capacity. Joe Stecher will be the big wrestling attraction.

AND HOTELS

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Suits and Overcoats

Which, Next Winter, Will Cost Double Our Reduction Price of $18.75

Our basis for this conclusion is the fact that manufacturers are asking more than this price at wholesale today on next winter's offerings. This special sale involves the incomplete lines of suits and overcoats which have accumulated in our stocks during the past season, and our rigid clearance policy brings the price down to..... $18.75

Other suits and overcoats grouped for reduction sale savings at $23.75 and $28.75

Second, Third and Fourth Floors.

THE HUB
Henry C. Lytton & Sons
N. E. Corner State and Jackson

SOCIETY and Entertainments

BY CORINNE LOWE.

NEW YORK.—[Special Correspondence.]—We know the interior decorator who gets a beautiful little rose of peacock blue just about as big as the door knob, places this on the mantel, then goes off to some distance, squints athletically at the microbe of color, and at last cooes, "How marvelous! How beautiful! Let us build the whole room about this note of color!"

The exterior decorator seems now to have assumed the same tactics. Instead of getting our costume first, and then adding accessories, we buy us a knitting bag, a pair of spats, or a veil, and then build about this trifle. Of knitting bags there is no end. Among newest of the tribe are satin drawstring pouches embroidered in chenille in all the colors of the rainbow, and then some. Of course, too, it would never do to carry a mere smear daytime knitting bag to theater or dance, and so come now silk bags to match our gown which are covered with gold or silver lace and bedecked, perhaps, with rococo flowers.

That a lady can diversify—if not change—her spats was proved the other day when a fashionable woman in Fifth avenue appeared in black patent leather pumps with gray spats, at the upper edge of which appeared a fold of the same patent leather. This material is, by the way, somewhat to the fore in recent millinery. Often a crown of either patent leather or black oil cloth is combined with black satin brim to make something smart and dashing. It is used more than ever, too, as the belt of one's suit.

In the list of mere accessories come many of the fanciful little fur wraps of this season, of which the above cape, of ermine banded in seal, is a charming example.

Real Love Stories

Her Luckiest Mistake.

One day last April the president of our teachers' association asked me to report our annual banquet to the daily papers, because the secretary was ill. I was at my desk writing to my sister

when she phoned, so I wrote and mailed it at once.

The next evening my landlady called me to the parlor to meet a friend of hers. I found a rather diffident, plain young man with an attractive smile and a rare gift of conversation. Before he left I had accepted his invitation to a concert the following evening.

From that day forward his invitations came thick and fast and I accepted them all. Before this I had been lonely and "left out." In fact, during the five years I had taught in this town his was the first attention I had received from a man. And this was not due, I felt, to any lack in myself, but to the fact that no one helped me to meet nice men and that I was too proud to try to make opportunities myself.

Early in August we became engaged, and when he gave me my diamond he put a letter into my hand. "We owe our happiness to this," he said. "I never saw your landlady before the night I asked her to introduce us. I'm one of the owners of the Trumpet and I was in the office when your report of the association banquet came in. This letter was in the envelope and it was given to me. I knew that I was the man you wrote of."

This is what I read: "There must be some lonely man somewhere who would be glad to know me if I could only meet him." It was the letter I had written to my sister. A. C.

Something Wrong, Ida May.

"Dear Miss Blake: I am considered very pretty and am always very friendly to the boys, but they never ask to call. Whenever I do go out with them I tell them I have enjoyed the evening. They call up again, but never ask to take me out. A certain boy I know is very bashful, and I do not talk very much, either, but since I have known him we have become somewhat attached to each other. He acts very funny at times. How can I tell if he loves me? IDA MAY."

There is certainly something wrong, Ida May, when the boys never want to come back. But you will have to write and tell me just how you con-

"The Tribune" will pay $5 for every real love story published. If you know one, submit it, and write no more than 300 words. Address Doris Blake, "The Tribune," Chicago. No manuscripts returned. If you have a perplexing love affair upon which you need the counsel of a friend, write Doris Blake. Send stamped, addressed envelope if you wish personal reply.

duct yourself with them, so I can judge and help you. What does the fellow do when he "acts funny"? You will have to explain before I can give you any idea what causes him to act that way.

Wants to Marry Cousin.

"Dear Miss Blake: I am 19 and in love with my cousin, who is 20. Her parents are against us. Please tell me what to do. I cannot give her up. Is there not a state or country where it is possible for cousins to marry?

"BILL."

Write to the eugenics record office, Cold Spring Harbor, Long Island, N. Y., and they will tell you honestly whether or not you two cousins should marry.

He's in Love.

"Dear Miss Blake: Last summer while visiting in Pittsburgh I met a girl whom I liked immediately, and that liking has turned into something else. I write to her twice a week and find myself getting very impatient if I don't hear within a day. As I do not know when I may go to Pittsburgh again, will you advise me whether or not I ought to stop the correspondence? EARLE."

You are in love, Earle. There is no doubt about that. Keep on writing, and save your money so that you can go back to the girl's home town again this year.

'Superfluous Hair'

Removed permanently, painlessly from face and body. No electric needle used. Reference given.

Lucille Francis Method

30 N. Michigan Ave., Chicago

Detroit Cleveland Los Angeles

Tribune Cook Book

All recipes have been scientifically tested by Miss Eddington with current market materials and are indorsed by her.

BY JANE EDDINGTON.

Finnan Haddie.

To at least one person brought up with sympathies wholly for salt cod, finnan haddie—that is, smoked haddock—made a late appeal. Yet in eight years I have off and on devoted some attention to this cured fish. In Edinburgh, Scotland, in the fall of 1912, I fairly beset a native of Aberdeen, who had just returned to the larger city from a visit to the scenes of her childhood, with questions about haddie and other native Scotch products.

In a few days in Scotland, in fact, I gathered more recipes and matter on cookery than in any other country in weeks. They are fine cooks there. Edinburgh has a great cooking school. Two graduates of that school, for a small desideratum, copied all the notes they had taken during their course for me. I have a Scotch workingman's cook book, a cook book of high class Scotch cookery, one in "plain cookery," etc. I cannot say that all I gathered in that or any other country has been filed and put into the best workable shape, but I have a wealth of haddock recipes, entertaining in title, etc. For instance, there is one headed "Crappit heads." What is called for is haddock heads, and the roes and livers, with oatmeal and bread crumbs and dripping and seasonings. Want to try it?

In times past for this column I have translated information about finnan haddie from French and other books, and half a dozen years ago I quoted the famous English epicure on this subject. And it is quite my opinion that there are as many English dicta on this fish as in reference to curry, and it is said that there are recipes for 1,000 different curries in England, and that for every one it is claimed that is the one and original.

This English epicure, Edward Spencer, says that you should not strip off the skin of "fin'ans," but put them in a hot dish, pour boiling water over them, closely cover with a plate, and let stand on hot stove ten or fifteen minutes, "and the fin'ans will be accomplished." After that he drains and butters and sprinkles the fish with cayenne and a commercial sauce.

But in spite of the fact that I have worked out some finnan haddie recipes of my own, and devoted whole articles to the subject in Lent, I must have spoken carelessly on the subject the other day, and a woman signing herself "Britisher" takes me to task as follows:

"Anent smoked finnan haddock, may I be permitted to make a few remarks? First, it is a Scotch product primarily, and in the British isles dealers would not be allowed to place it on sale in conditions usually found in our country. There it is fresh every day. Secondly, finnan haddock in America is far too highly smoked. As I suppose this cannot be avoided, always choose the lightest smoked and thickest fish possible. Use olfactory organ before purchasing. Never allow it to remain doubled. Open and spread on a dish. To cook put in deep roasting pan on top of stove, cover with plenty of cold water, and allow to come to boil. Boil fairly gently about twenty minutes. Lift, put on hot platter, adding lots of butter and pepper. Some like broiled slices of bacon with it. With fresh home made bread and good butter it is a delicious breakfast, luncheon, or tea dish. Hardly a dinner."

That is an excellent point about spreading it out. Three years ago I uttered a warning about buying finnan haddie in stores kept at living room temperature, and also about allowing it to remain wrapped a minute after it comes into the house. This winter we might keep it in the snow, as the Canadian grocers do.

But by reading Edward Spencer, a London man, we learn that America is not the only place where haddock is creosoted instead of smoked, and so is dark brown, instead of a creamy yellow. Really, you know, our fish men do some splendid and little credited work, and fish scalawaggery is not general.

* * *

Will Discuss Food.

Discussions of practical details of the Patriotic Food show will be held at the School of Domestic Arts and Science, 6 North Michigan avenue, on Tuesdays at 11 o'clock a. m. and Fridays at 12:15 p. m. Housewives can learn through speakers, demonstrations, and parts of the static displays which will be repeated. All housewives desiring to learn just how to carry out their part of the war program are invited.

FRESH HOLSUM COFFEE roasted DAILY

Holsum Coffee is the Only Coffee with a Money-Back Guarantee.

HOLSUM COFFEE

at your grocer today

THE only coffee which is delivered to you one day after it is roasted. Fresh at your grocer's every morning. The delicious aroma and tasty flavor pleases everyone. Delivered by our Holsum Bread wagons. At all grocers', 30c the pound. Try a pound today.

HOLSUM BREAD

MAKES wholesome children and grownups. Healthful, rich-flavored, tempting bread. Made clean, sold clean and delivered clean at your grocer's every morning.

Say "Holsum" when you order your coffee or your bread today.

The Heissler & Junge Co.,

Roasters of HOLSUM COFFEE. Bakers of HOLSUM BREAD

Elizabeth Risdon Is Embodiment of Loved Word

"MOTHER"

Produced by George Loane Tucker. Released by Allen Distributing Company. Presented at the Rose.

Featuring..Elizabeth Risdon, "Mother"
Supported by.....John Loane, the son

How wonderful is a mother! Others can love you, but only mother understands you. She toils for you, loves you, cares for you, and the only bad thing she ever does to you is to die and leave you.—Anon.

By Mae Tinée.

The audiences who witness "Mother" will do it reverently. However boisterously they may have entered the theater they will leave it quietly—not with the quiet of depression but in the silence that grips us when, by its own power forcing aside the hurley burley issues of everyday life, something rich and beautiful comes to us. A painting, a book, a strain of music may possess this power of drawing us out of ourselves. So it is with "Mother," a trenchant, glowing bit of life for which the screen is indebted to the book of the same name by Eden Phillpotts.

The story is a simple thing and great with the greatness that only true simplicity can achieve. It is of a mother, frail with a mortal illness of which only she and her physician are aware, living indomitably, scheming as only mothers ever scheme, battling strongly and loving wisely that an only boy may grow to be a good man.

"You have a year or maybe only a day to live according to the help you give that heart," the doctor tells her. She replies, her tender smile shot through with exquisite if pathetic humor:

"I'll never die until my boy is as good a man as his father was."

"He is stubborn," she says at one time, with quiet understanding that has its underscoring of tragic pathos—reflected luminously in the face of the impersonator, Elizabeth Risdon—"and he learns slowly—and hard!" So, because he poached and was caught, though she might have shielded him, she did not, but let the law take its course, confident with the secret knowledge mothers have that, though he deemed her disloyal and went to his punishment reviling her, he would come back to her, realizing after months of forced retrospection that she was "Mother" and so had had a reason.

Quietly she saves him later from the woman who would have wrecked his life and brings to him the girl her heart tells her is the one who will best fill his needs when she is gone.

This accomplished, she does that "only bad thing" and dies triumphantly.

The cast is exceptional, with John Loane, a relative of the producer, doing brilliant work. The producer himself has given his best. But Elizabeth Risdon is "Mother," and she is the embodiment of that loved word in its deepest and truest sense.

* *

Ask Me! Ask Me!

LORRAINE: Mrs. Charlotte Shelby is the name of Mary Miles Minter's mother.

LARRY: Your question was quite unusual, but I am able to answer it. Moving pictures are shown in both the South Sea islands and New Zealand. Missionaries take them there. Are you a sailor? What, ho?

ELIZABETH RISDON

There's Nothing to Be Said About Her but "Just Go and See Her." That's All.

LOOP FEATURE FILMS

ALCAZAR, 60 West Madison—"Jules of the Strong Heart," with George Beban, drama.

BANDBOX, Madison near La Salle—"The Fringe of Society," drama.

BIJOU DREAM, 114 South State—"The Ghost of Yesterday," with Norma Talmadge.

BOSTON, Clark near Washington—"Eyes of Mystery," with Edith Storey.

CASINO, 58 West Madison—"I Believe," drama.

CASTLE, State near Madison—"A Modern Musketeer," with Douglas Fairbanks.

CHICAGO, State near Harrison—"Masked Man," with Harry Carey; vaudeville.

GEM, 450 South State—"Blind Man's Luck," with Mollie King; vaudeville.

LYRIC, State near Jackson—"Alias Mrs. Jessop," with Emily Stevens.

ORPHEUM, State near Monroe—"Eyes of Mystery," with Edith Storey.

PASTIME, 66 West Madison—"The Price of a Good Time," with Mildred Harris.

ROSE, 63 West Madison—"Mother," with Elizabeth Risdon.

STAR, 68 West Madison—"The Warrior," with Macisie.

U. S. MUSIC HALL, State near Harrison—"In the Dark," with William S. Hart; musical comedy.

WORLD, 61 West Randolph—"Miss Nobody," with Gladys Hulette.

ZIEGFELD, Michigan near Seventh—"Rose of the World," with Elsie Ferguson.

Fluffy Ruffles and the Cabaret Dancing Dandy

BY ANTOINETTE DONNELLY.

WAS IT YOU?

The other afternoon in a hotel restaurant there sat two delicious looking bits of fluffy ruffled femininity. One was sipping lemonade through the proverbial straw. The other—a bit more advanced in years and looks—was drinking something which may have been gingerale and which again may not have been.

But they were obviously girls of good upbringing. In fact, I know they belonged to perfectly nice mothers and fathers. Just a bit frivolous and foolish, as daughters of nice mammas and papas sometimes are. They sat there sipping and trying to look grown up and bored with life. Until—presto!

In the doorway appeared a life sized edition of the House of Tuckenheimer from the pinchback waistline to the air of elegant carelessness in cigar manipulation. Giggles from the fluffy ruffles—the come on kind of giggles. A few minutes later and the lemonade fluffy ruffles was "over there-ing" with him in the crowded dance floor.

Not many moons ago I was in the Morals court one morning and this gay loop lizard was up before the judge on a charge—well, you know what Morals court charges are. The same exquisite waist line and elegant indifference marked him there, but didn't save him from a stiff fine and a scathing estimate of his viciousness from the judge.

FATTY: THE USE OF THYROID in cases of obesity that is not prescribed by a physician is dangerous. Don't be foolish and go in for rash and hurried methods of getting rid of your flesh. Some fat cures, such as overdieting and so on, are often followed by many wrinkles. I think you would better give my instructions a good, fair chance. I'll wager you'll lose weight satisfactorily enough if you follow them religiously. Hundreds of readers have reported most satisfactory results to me.

MRS. L. B.: A HOMEOPATHIC dose of feminism is what your system needs. Demand a day or two off now and then from your monotonous daily drudgery. Nothing ages a wife and mother so quickly as monotony. And I notice that the wives and mothers who get the best treatment are those who take care of their health and their looks—not the kind who slave and slave year after year.

Russian War Pictures.

Uncensored Russian war pictures were shown at the "ladies' night" of the membership conference meeting of the Association of Commerce at the Morrison hotel last night. Four hundred people attended the dinner which was followed by dancing. Among those present were S. G. Pezas, consul general of Greece, and Dr. Cyrille Vermeren, royal consul for Belgium.

* *

Lectures on Christian Science

Fourth Church of Christ, Scientist, announces a lecture on Christian Science by Frank Bell, C. S., of Philadelphia, to be given in the church edifice, Harvard avenue and West Marquette road, this afternoon at 3:30, and again at 8 o'clock this evening.

Bright Sayings of the Children

Bobby was playing he was driving a laundry wagon. He would come to the door and his mamma would give him the package of laundry and soon he would deliver it again to her. The mother, as she received the bundle, said in a burst of affection, "Could you give me a kiss, Bobbie?" Bobbie drew himself up with pride and disdain, "No; laundryman don't kiss my mamma." D. T. N.

"And of course Ruth loves her new brother already?" asked the interested visitor.

"No," said the little girl, "I don't exackly love him, but I've got a sort of warmish feelin' for him, 'cause he's so little." A. H.

As I have to hang my clothes out in winter I shovel a path in the snow along the clothes line. Sunday after it had snowed all day Martha, my little girl, exclaimed, "O, mother, your trenches are all covered up." J. McA.

BAD BREATH

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets Get at the Cause and Remove It

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel, act gently on the bowels and positively do the work.

People afflicted with bad breath find quick relief through Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets. The pleasant, sugar-coated tablets are taken for bad breath by all who know them.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets act gently but firmly on the bowels and liver, stimulating them to natural action, clearing the blood and gently purifying the entire system. They do that which dangerous calomel does without any of the bad after effects.

All the benefits of nasty, sickening, griping cathartics are derived from Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets without griping, pain or any disagreeable effects.

Dr. F. M. Edwards discovered the formula after seventeen years of practice among patients afflicted with bowel and liver complaint, with the attendant bad breath.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are purely a vegetable compound mixed with olive oil; you will know them by their olive color. Take one or two every night for a week and note the effect. 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

STOP DANDRUFF! HAIR GETS THICK, WAVY, BEAUTIFUL

Girls! Draw a cloth through your hair and double its beauty.

Spend a few cents! Dandruff vanishes and hair stops coming out.

To be possessed of a head of beautiful hair; soft, lustrous, fluffy, wavy and free from dandruff, is merely a matter of using a little Danderine.

It is easy and inexpensive to have nice, soft hair and lots of it. Just get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine now—all drug stores recommend it—apply a little as directed, and within ten minutes there will be an appearance, and feel, and lustre, and beauty, and abundance, freshness, fluffiness and color. Mrs. John, Jr., and Mrs. Crane, Jr., will be incomparable gloss and lustre, and as you will, you can not find a trace of dandruff or falling hair; but your real surprise will be after about two weeks' use, when you will see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—sprouting out all over your scalp—Danderine is, we believe, the only sure hair grower, destroyer of dandruff and cure for itchy scalp, and it never fails to stop falling hair at once.

If you want to prove how pretty and soft your hair really is, moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair—taking one small strand at a time. Your hair will be soft, glossy and beautiful in just a few moments—a delightful surprise awaits every one who tries this.

How You Can Aid Your Dealer to Keep Prices Down!

THE retail merchant with whom you deal does not like present prices any better than you do. He is the victim of circumstances. The producers of raw materials get more for foods than ever before. For example, during the past fiscal year, Armour and Company paid raisers 47% higher, or more for livestock than during the year 1915 preceding our entry into the war, and with virtually no increase in the total weight received. Thus, it must be obvious that the retailer's stock costs him much more money.

SO TO do the same volume as formerly, a dealer has to tie up considerably increased investment in stock. The interest charges are heavier. And, with other similar factors militating against him, the probability is that his year's profits are no more than they used to be—if, indeed, they are as much. Without relief in sight until things return to normal, it becomes apparent the only way dealers can keep down prices to you is to reduce operating expenses. And here, you can help.

Carry Parcels Home

IF YOU will pay cash and carry purchases home, you can cut bookkeeping and delivery costs. For, these things are charged in the prices you pay.

Another thing—buy your foods in packages, trademarked and backed by the maker's guarantee of quality. Remember, no one can vouch to you for uniform quality on bulk goods.

If you will buy foods in packages instead of in bulk, you will cut the dealer's wage bills and release men for the country's service. A package can be handed down off the shelf quicker than the quantity can be weighed out and wrapped.

And if you will confine your purchases to standardized brands of known value and dependability, you will be helping in another way. Your dealer will not have to keep on his shelves a miscellaneous assortment of different brands of the same article, occupying expensive shelf room and, because they are "stickers", tying up capital and forcing him to increase prices on other goods.

Buy Oval Label Foods

THIS last constitutes an important reason why housewives should buy Armour's Oval Label Products. Under this famous label, which indicates Armour's top quality no matter on what kind of food you find it—at once a trademark and a grademark—you can buy practically everything you need among table staples. Soups, fish, meats, vegetables, condiments, fruits, beverages and many other necessities come under it.

Thus, the Oval Label can assure you of much more than merely the best quality. By enabling the dealer to dispense with slow-moving stock and confine his purchases to one standard brand covering every kind of food, it cuts his cost of doing business and keeps his prices down.

Help your dealer to concentrate his investment in stock by concentrating your purchases on Armour's Quality Products.

Armour's QUALITY PRODUCTS

ARMOUR AND COMPANY

CHICAGO

2294

AMUSEMENTS

Auditorium Theatre
GRAND OPERA
Cleofonte Campanini, General Director.
Tonight at 8, GRAND GALA PERFORMANCE — BENEFIT FRENCH & ITALIAN WAR ORPHANS, ALL-STAR MIXED BILL; Sat. Mat., World Premiere "LE SAUTERIOT," Vix, Lazzari, Dalmores, Defranne; Sat. Eve., Farewell Perf., "RIGOLETTO," Mets Reddisch, Stracciari, Nadal. Mason & Hamlin Piano Used Exclusively.

AMUSEMENTS

PALACE | GREATEST VAUDEVILLE
CECIL CUNNINGHAM
Professional Billiard Exhibition
BURNS and KISSEN
NINA PAYNE
"SUBMARINE F-7"
Three Bennett Sisters | KATE ELINORE & SAM WILLIAMS
MILO? | NIGHTS 17-28-35-50c | MATS. DAILY 17-28-35c, EX. SAT. & SUN. | Majestic 7394

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MAJESTIC | SUPREME VAUDEVILLE
FRITZI SCHEFF
CLARK & VERDI—JEAN ADAIR & CO.
AVELING & LLOYD—SANTLY & NORTON
BURDELLA PATTERSON—MALTA & BONCONI
SANSANE & DELILA
Georges—WHITE & HAIG—Emma
NIGHTS 17-28-35-50c | MATS. DAILY | 17-28-35c, Ex. SAT. & SUN. | Tel. Cent. 9460

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JONES, LINICK & SCHAEFER'S CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE
McVICKER'S
11 A. M. to 11 P. M. COME ANY TIME
DAISY HARCOURT
EDW. FARRELL CO.
HEIR FOR A NIGHT
Other Big Headliners
DAYS 15-25c | NIGHTS 15-25-35c

COLUMBIA | AVE. EVES. | BURLESQUE
Now: "Sliding" Billy Watson Wonder Show
Next Week: Reynolds & Mills in "Merry Rounders"

AMUSEMENTS

POWERS' | EVENINGS AT 8:00. MATS. AT 2:00. LAST MATINEE TOMORROW.
HENRY MILLER Presents RUTH CHATTERTON with BRUCE McRAE and Original Cast in "COME OUT OF THE KITCHEN"
FINAL WEEK
NEXT TUESDAY, JANUARY 22.
SEATS SELLING FOR FIRST 4 WEEKS.
DAVID BELASCO Presents DAVID Warfield in THE MUSIC MASTER
During this engagement Mr. Warfield will play Sunday Nights, omitting the Monday performances.

ILLINOIS | GALLERY 50c and 75c
POP. MAT. TOMORROW
TONITE
—A NATIONAL INSTITUTION—
ZIEGFELD FOLLIES
Good Seats at Box Office

19 WEEKS
Will Have Been the Run of "THE MAN WHO CAME BACK" with Mary Nash in the PRINCESS When, on Feb. 2, It Is Played There for the Last Time.
$1.50 MAT. TOMORROW
NOTE—There will positively be a performance at this theater tonight.

BLACKSTONE | Last 3 Times
—LAST MATINEE TOMORROW—
MAUDE ADAMS IN A NEW COMEDY
A KISS FOR CINDERELLA
J. M. BARRIE
NEXT TUESDAY NIGHT—SEATS NOW
MRS. FISKE IN A NEW COMEDY "MADAM SAND"
WED. MATINEE. BEST SEATS $1.50.

LA SALLE | TELEPHONE MAIN 7783
LAST 2 WEEKS
SMARTEST OF MUSICAL COMEDIES
"OH BOY"
JOSEPH SANTLEY
POP. MATINEE TOMORROW
BEST SEATS $1.50

STUDEBAKER
BEST SEATS $1.50—MAT. TOMORROW
CHICAGO'S GREATEST MUSICAL HIT
MAYTIME
With JOHN CHARLES THOMAS
NOTE—There will positively be a performance at this theater tonight.

PLAYHOUSE | OPEN AS USUAL TONIGHT at 8:15
Laughs—Thrills—Romance—Patriotism
THE MAN WHO STAYED AT HOME
WE HAVE PLENTY OF COAL

GARRICK | EVES. AT 8:15. MATS. AT 2:15.
Pop. Mat. Tomorrow—Best Seats $1.50
"A blizzard of laughter."—O. L. Hall, Journal.
THE VERY IDEA
ERNEST TRUEX | RICHARD BENNETT
NOTE—There will positively be a performance at this theater tonight.

OLYMPIC | Matinee Tomorrow
KOLB and DILL IN THE CYCLONIC MUSICAL FARCE THE HIGH COST OF LOVING

COHAN'S GRAND | MATINEE TOMORROW
SELWYN & CO. Present
JANE COWL in "LILAC TIME"
"Notable Performance—Jane Cowl returns in her dazzling beauty and acts it with charm."—O. L. Hall in Journal.

CORT | Phone Central 1
HIT ARTHUR HOPKINS Presents
THE GIPSY TRAIL
A 1917 ROMANCE BY ROBERT
ALL-STAR CAST, Headed by
OTTO KRUGER and ELSIE MACKAY

Auditorium Theatre
JOHN McCORMACK
—in—
RECITAL
SUNDAY, JANUARY 20th, AT 3:30 P. M.
$2.00, $1.50, $1.00 and 75c. Boxes $15.

ORCHESTRA HALL
THIS SUNDAY AFT., at 3:30—CONCERT
Minneapolis Symphony Orchestra
(85 Musicians) Emil Oberhoffer, Conductor
Soloist ALEXANDER RAAB
TICKETS 50c to $2.00—NOW ON SALE
MANAGEMENT OF CARL D. KINSEY

ARENA ICE SKATING
EXHIBITION
MDE. MADELAINE UYULA and PAUL WILSON
DANCING EVERY EVENING
Broadway and Thorndale—Admission 50

DANDRUFF!
GETS THICK,
Y, BEAUTIFUL

Draw a cloth through
r hair and double
its beauty.

few cents! 'Dandruf
shes and hair stops
coming out.

ossessed of a head of heavy,
hair; soft, lustrous, fluffy,
free from dandruff, is merely
of using a little Danderine.
sy and inexpensive to have
hair and lots of it. Just get
bottle of Knowlton's Dan
ow—all drug stores" rec
it—apply a little as d
and within ten minutes
ll be an appearance of
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or falling hair; but your real
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you will see new hair—fine
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sprouting out all over you
anderine is, we believe, the
hair grower, destroyer of dan
cure for itchy scalp, and
s to stop falling hair at once
want to prove how pretty and
hair really is, moisten a cloth
ttle Danderine and carefully
hrough your hair—taking one
and at a time. Your hair will
lossy and beautiful in just a
ents—a delightful surprise
ery one who tries this.—Adv.

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MS J. M. BARRIE'S
S FOR CINDERELLA
UESDAY NIGHT—SEATS NOW
S. IN A NEW COMEDY
"MADAME
KE SAND"
MATINEE. BEST SEATS $1.50.

SALLE TELEPHONE MAIN 970
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MATINEE TOMORROW
EST SEATS $1.50

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Performance—Jane Cowl adorns it with
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AGEMENT OF CARL D. KINSEY.

ENA ICE SKATING
EXHIBITION
ADELAINE UXULA and PAUL WILSON
DANCING EVERY EVENING
dway and Thorndale—Admission 10c

Society and Entertainments

Gala Performance of Opera for Relief of War Destitute

It will be a brilliant evening tonight the Auditorium when the gala n performance will be given for benefit of the destitute French Italian children. Every corner the foyer will be gay with booths, s, and flowers, and all the wares l be sold by handsomely gowned men and pretty debutantes.

he boxes, which have all been sold der the direction of Mrs. Richard Crane Jr., will be filled with those o will come to the benefit performe from dinner parties, and between certains young girls, under the ervision of Mrs. Paul Welling, will silk flags of the United States, y, and France, and sashes of tri- . Mrs. John A. Carpenter has ned the scheme of decoration of foyer, and Mrs. Arthur Ryerson neral chairman of the affair.

Those who will sell flags are Miss ia Blair, Miss Betty Hoyt, Miss atharine Pearce, Miss Katherine mson, Miss Clara Cary, Miss Ellen rson, Miss Helen Hoyne, Miss Ro- Wacker, Miss Gladys High, Miss lly Bissell, Miss Helen Walker, June Chaplin, Miss Isabelle Rob- Miss Eleanor Holden, Miss Janet lling, Miss Dorothy Keeley, Miss bella Holt, Miss Elizabeth Adsit, Margaret Pullman, and Miss ne Tuttle.

mong those who will entertain at per before the performance are and Mrs. Arthur Meeker, Mr. and . Crane, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh nston McBirney, Mr. and Mrs. H. Howard, Mr. and Mrs. Potter Pal- Jr., and Mr. and Mrs. Samuel In- Mrs. Walter S. Brewster will in the booth from which the pro- will go to the fatherless children France, and Mrs. Hermon B. Butler be in the booth of the Italian relief iety. From Washington, D. C., come a number of Italian notables e will be guests of those in charge the performance, and Count and ess Giulio Bolognesi, the Italian and his wife, will have a special

The alumnæ of Dearborn seminary the wonderful reunion they had held at their annual luncheon yes- day, which was given at the Cordon Bleu tea rooms meeting at which Mrs. was elected president of ion to succeed Miss Carrie

The include a number of the prominent women, among them Eugene H. Garnett, who sang of her own songs, accompanying self at the piano; Mrs. Potter Pal- who was unable to be present, ut of the city; Mrs. Howard Van Shaw, who read a number of Otto Freer's poems; Mrs. M. M. Mrs. Elisha P. Whitehead, Mrs. T. Atkinson, Mrs. Henry W. n, and Mrs. Henry Blair.

The tables were decorated with flags tricolor ribbons. The association ants two scholarships, one at the versity of Chicago and the other the Art institute. One of the de- tful features was an exhibition of tures of the alumnæ in their school s which were shown by Miss Neely.

Mrs. Alexander F. Stevenson Jr. of East Schiller street will entertain to- for Miss Virginia Pope.

The bi-monthly meeting of the Alli- Française will be held tomorrow o'clock, 406 Fine Arts building. e will be French recitations by Archinard, reading by Mrs. H. , and solos by René Lund, bari- Mrs. Chauncey W. Martyn will the tea table.

The annual benefit ball of the junior ary of the Evanston branch of Infant Welfare society will be held evening at the Country Club of ston. Besides dancing there will ating and bridge. Among those the social committee are Miss ey Berry, president; Miss Rachel Miss Dorothy Thoman, and Miss Jean R. Mauff.

Mrs. Frank Kingsley and Mrs. Allen Lenavel will be in charge of the ables at the Chicago College club this afternoon in the clubrooms. Herbert L. Willett Jr., late of Syrian Protestant college of Beirut, speak. His subject will be "In Out of Turkey in Wartime."

Mrs. Emma P. Mills will speak this ning at 11 o'clock at the residence Mrs. Gustavus F. Swift Jr. of 1551 er street.

Mrs. Charles Lewis Dering of 5645 hester avenue will give a luncheon

Mrs. C. C. Hopkins will be a boxholder at the gala opera performance this evening at the Auditorium for the benefit of the destitute children of France and Italy.

How Perfectly Sad! New Yorkers Must Do Own Housework!

BY CINDERELLA.

In New York, it appears, is where the real suffering of the winter is, and Bruce Clark, writing the other day to his mother, Mrs. John M. Clark, said that the New York people would absolutely go mad if they ever saw any more snow.

Nobody, it seems, is in his or her own house, or studio, or apartment, if they have the wherewithal to go to a hotel and get warmed up.

And to go a step further, the servant question—always acute since the European war, 'cause the foreigners have all gone back home to the munitions factories—is now a problem and a half. Millionaires with all their millions can't buy their former super service, even with servants for their servants, and towering wages and all. The most fastidious people in New York are, some of them, doing their own housework now.

Apropos, one's been hearing latterly the Alice in Wonderland adventures of North Side women of great wealth, who—figure it to yourself—owe their first street car rides in Chicago to our late snowy unpleasantness. No limos could navigate, and traveling in South Africa could have been no more exciting than were trips to the loop and the Red Cross unit by these sheltered pets of Providence.

From New York also comes the news of the success in a business venture of the former Mrs. Cobb Coleman, who now calls herself Isabel Coleman, and has taken up interior decorating as a serious pursuit.

Mrs. Coleman, who is young and pretty, with blue eyes, black hair and great demureness of manner and habiliment, had two very charming and interesting houses, one in Division street, built by Jarvis Hunt and now occupied by Landon Rose, and another in Pittsfield, built by Walter Cobb and decorated by Elsie De Wolfe. This house is now Cobb Coleman's permanent residence.

Mrs. Coleman has an artistic apartment in New York where her Chicago friends find her vastly taken up with the magnitude and popularity of her new enterprise and invention. She has produced a scrap basket in the likeness of an old Chinese porcelaine that has driven the fashionable women of New York quite crazy.

It is the success and novelty of the moment. How she thought of it, Mrs. Coleman herself does not know, only that ancient Chinese potteries have filled her eye and imagination for some time. But to have them made into scrap baskets were indeed a word or two after the last word, n'est ce pas?

* *

Suffragist Jubilee.

The Chicago branch of the National Woman's party will give a jubilee luncheon in the Hotel La Salle next Thursday.

* *

Lowden at Kansas Society.

The Kansas society will give a patriotic banquet on Jan. 29 in the Hotel La Salle. Gov. Lowden will speak.

MEETINGS

Events Scheduled in Chicago Today and Tonight.

MORRISON HOTEL, 12:15 p. m.—S. J. Duncan-Clark will address the civic industrial meeting for business executives on "The Lesson of Brest-Litovsk."

SHEDD'S PARK, Twenty-third street and Millard avenue, 7:45 p. m.—Former Gov. Deneen and John F. Smulski will be the principal speakers at the formal opening of the new community building in the park.

LYON & HEALY HALL, Jackson boulevard and Wabash avenue, 7:30 p. m.—A. E. Durst will speak at the university extension course on intensive gardening by the University of Illinois department of horticulture.

CITY CLUB, 4 p. m.—The United Charities and other associations hold the second meeting of a campaign for taking care of the poor at home. F. E. Lyon will speak.

MARY MAKES DEBUSSY PAY OUT

BY FREDERICK DONAGHEY.

Among the musings stirred by seeing and hearing Mary Garden again as Mélisande is one as to what Maeterlinck, if on the level in the matter, would say. He has had something to say about her in the rôle; and my recollection is that it was both bilelsh and petty. Mme. Maeterlinck was, in the theater, Georgette Leblanc; and she qualified, in a fashion, as actress or singer. He sought, in the days when his plays had their measure of vogue, to insert her in every cast; and he was a mischievous mystic when she was not hired for Debussy's opera. Miss Garden, herself, has told me that "Pelléas and Mélisande" was not good merchandise for ever so long, after the première in 1902—about the time Mrs. Campbell was shrewdly and fussily making the original play known in the American cities.

Last night's repetition paid out, so far as I might judge from the aspect of the audience. To pay out, it was necessary only that it should draw the difference between what it cost and what would have been the expense of the bill it displaced. It did that, at least; for the teaming of "Cavalleria" and "Pagliacci" has, apparently, lost its allure for Chicago, regardless of the condition that Campanini has in the last two seasons cast both pieces in such fashion that it is doubtful if they have ever been the subject of better performances.

Miss Garden and her associates of last Saturday even bettered, in the repetition, their achievement of creating what was, I suspect, the precise illusion Maeterlinck hoped for when he wrote. Had they been bereft of the gift for singing they still would have done better by the play, itself, than any body of tuneless actors I can readily cast in fancy. They make none of the mistakes, as actors, that Mrs. Campbell and her better-than-ordinary companions committed when they brought the work to American attention as a special concession in the tricky traffic of her first visit.

Last night's players made the play into a veritable féerie, catching and holding the sense of a remote, veiled antiquity—the idea of no time and no place. She, as Mélisande, is amazing in the successful subjugation of her definite, vivid self. Nobody else, maybe, could observe the conventions of the opera-stage and still win the reaction she obtained last night in the piteous scene following Golaud's enraged attack on his wife in the presence of his regal old father. She is a great woman of the theater!

Mr. Maguenat's Pelléas is so good that it can hardly suffer from any comparison Miss Garden, herself, may make even with Perier, who sings the rôle in Paris. Mr. Dufranne, Mr. Huberdeau, Mme. Berat, and Miss De Phillippe made the night an adventure. And Mr. Charlier contributed heavily: he conducted so exquisitely that I freely forgive him for "Carmen"!

Tonight, the gala for the French and Italian children, with pretty nearly everybody in the company taking part. The season ends with tomorrow afternoon's première of "Le Sauteriot" and the half-price of "Rigoletto" at night, with Meta Reddisch, a new-come bravura, as Gilda to Stracciari's jester.

WOMEN IN WARTIME

The Chicago chapter of the Red Cross sends out the following information for its workers relative to the five days closing order of the fuel administration:

"We have many inquiries as to whether or not the Chicago chapter headquarters will be closed by the order of the coal administrator. We have no information which would indicate that it will be necessary to close the Chicago chapter office either during the five days mentioned in the order or on the Mondays of the succeeding weeks. Unless you are further notified you may consider that the Chicago chapter will conduct its business as usual on said days."

Officials of the Naval auxiliary of the Red Cross are urging that those workers who are compelled to take a five days' holiday from their regular employment turn in their time to the auxiliary headquarters. Mrs. Frederick D. Countiss, chairman, announced last night that in case the Stevens' building had to close next Monday the workers in surgical dressings were requested to meet at her residence, 1524 Lake Shore drive.

To give relatives of American soldiers details of casualties at the front, the Red Cross has organized at national headquarters a bureau of communication, of which William R. Castle Jr., formerly assistant dean of Harvard college and editor of the Harvard graduates' magazine, is director.

When Mrs. Benjamin Lathrop was in Chicago the other day she told workers for the American Fund for French Wounded that one of the most needed things in France was a comfort kit for refugee women. To meet this need a Martha Washington bag for the women and a George Washington bag for the refugee children of France has been devised by the committee.

The "Women and Children in Industry" exhibit of the Woman's committee on the ground floor of the Stock Exchage building has been prepared by Mrs. Herman Adler and is attracting crowds. Many charts are shown describing the effect of war conditions upon women's work.

The monthly council meeting of the woman's committee, open to the public, will be held on Tuesday at 10 o'clock on the first floor at 120 West Adams street.

The Thirty-fifth ward is to hold a massmeeting in the auditorium of the Sumner school, Harrison street and Tripp avenue, on Wednesday, Jan. 23, at 2:30 p. m., for the purpose of organizing the ward.

OBITUARY.

CORPORAL HENRY ARNOLD of the Tenth United States field artillery died last Friday at Prescott, Ariz., of pneumonia. The body was sent to his home in Chicago, then to Dayton, O., for burial. Before enlisting he was a scientific farmer. He enlisted with his brother Herman last May so that they might be together. He was born on Sept. 27, 1895, and attended school at the Marshall High in this city.

MISS LYDIA HOWE, teacher in the Foster school, who died suddenly at 1002 West Adams street, had been a teacher in the city schools since the Chicago fire. She was born in Painesville, O. Interment tomorrow at 2 p. m. at Rosehill.

CLUB NOTES

State's Attorney Maclay Hoyne sailed into the parole system, the jury system, and criminal lawyers yesterday in an address before the Chicago chapter, D. A. R., in the Fine Arts building. "Tay Pay" O'Connor also addressed the meeting.

"Every woman in this state should take pride in the fact that Illinois was one of the twenty-three states that voted solidly in favor of the suffrage amendment," said Mrs. Grace Wilbur Trout yesterday at the headquarters of the Illinois Equal Suffrage association. "These men who stood for and voted for human liberty are placed forever on the nation's roll of honor."

A symposium on "War in Relation to Eugenics" will be held at the meeting of the Eugenics Education Society of Chicago at the Ellis tea shop, 81 East Madison street, this evening.

At the Intercollegiate club at 16 West Jackson boulevard this evening Frank E. Hering, professor of history at the University of Notre Dame, will speak on "The Philosophy of War."

The Prairie club walk this week will be for eight miles along Butterfield and Thorn creeks, between Flossmore and Thornton, with a visit to the state game preserve and the Glenwood Industrial school on the way.

The Arché club will have its regular meeting today at Lincoln center.

On Sunday evening at Cedric hall the Northwest Young People's auxiliary will have their installation of officers, followed by an inaugural dance, at 8 p. m.

The third annual ball of the Lawndale Civic center, which was to have taken place on Jan. 12 at the Auditorium hotel, will be given on Jan. 26.

OBITUARY.

Anson B. Jenks, Lawyer, Will Be Buried Today

Anson B. Jenks, a Chicago lawyer, died at Asheville, N. C., on Jan. 12. He was born on a farm near Owego, N. Y., eighty-three years ago and had lived in Chicago fifty-two years.

He was an office associate of A. S. Trude for forty-seven years. His willingness to be consulted on complicated questions of law by and give advice to younger members of the bar endeared him to them. Many of these have arisen to positions of national fame as lawyers.

His name as solicitor or attorney appeared in many important cases of the state and federal courts, particularly in Board of Trade litigation. He was a bachelor.

The funeral will be held today at the residence, 3756 Lake Park avenue, at 1 p. m.

WILLIAM P. MACDONALD, private in the Twenty-third ordnance company at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., died on Wednesday. He was the eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Christopher MacDonald of 6436 Wayne avenue and was formerly employed by the United States Power company as a salesman. He was 29 years old.

MRS. S. E. VANDEMARK, aged 98 years and 7 months, died at her home in Waukegan yesterday. She was a resident of Lake county for fifty-nine years and up to six weeks ago she read the papers daily and knitted and sewed.

DEATH NOTICES.

IN MEMORIAM.

CHON—In fond and everlasting memory of our dear, sweet, gentle wife and mother, Helen Miller Chon, who was called home to God two years ago today.
SAMUEL S. AND MURIEL CHON.

CHON—In fond and loving memory of our darling, Helen Miller Chon, who passed away two years ago today.
FATHER, MOTHER, SISTERS AND BROTHERS.

EDELSTEIN—In fond and loving memory of our dear husband and father, Bernard B. Edelstein, who passed away two years ago today, Jan. 18, 1916.
LOVING WIFE AND SON SIDNEY.

ANDREWS—Anna Andrews, suddenly, Tuesday, Jan. 15, at residence of Mrs. Sarah D. Clark, 11166 Longwood drive, sister of Mrs. A. C. Davis and Andrew Anderson of Wittenberg, Wis. Funeral services Friday, Jan. 18, 2:30 p. m., Morgan Park Congregational church, Hoyne and 112th.

ARNOLD—Corporal Henry Arnold, Tenth field artillery, U. S. A., Douglas, Ariz., Jan. 11. After full military funeral services the body, accompanied by his brother, was taken to his home in Chicago, then to Dayton, O., for burial.

BOWERS—Frances Bowers, 821 S. Maple av., Oak Park, widow of Frederick. Funeral Saturday, Jan. 19, 9 a. m. Burial at Oakwoods cemetery. Funeral private.

CAVANAUGH—James Cavanaugh, Jan. 17, at 2 a. m., aged 38, beloved husband of Anna, fond father of Bernard, Genevieve, Frank, and James; son of Matthew and Harriet Cavanaugh, brother of Isabel and Nellie. Funeral Saturday, Jan. 19, 10 a. m., from undertaking parlors, 3410 W. 26th st., to Bohemian National cemetery.

CASE—Bessie Bradley Case, daughter of the late Francis Bradley of Evanston, Ill., and wife of John R. Case, formerly of Elmhurst, Ill., at her home in Chico, Cal., Jan. 16, after a long illness.

CLARK—Thomas H. Clark, Jan. 15, 1918, suddenly, on his return from Washington, beloved husband of the late Elizabeth, fond father of Thomas T. W. Clark. Member of local No. 73, Sheet Metal Workers' union. Funeral from chapel, 4022 W. Madison-st., Friday, Jan. 18, at 2 p. m.

CLEMENS—Nicholas Clemens, aged 87 years, Jan. 13, at his home, 3017 N. Racine-av., father of Chas. A. Clemens. Funeral Friday, Jan. 18, at 9:30 a. m. St. Alphonsus' church. Burial St. Joseph cemetery.

EICH—Frederick J. Eich, Jan. 17, beloved brother of Elizabeth and Minnie Sherman. Funeral services at late residence, 2537 Madison-st., Saturday, 2 o'clock; autos to Forest Home.

HANCOCK—Bridget Hancock, nee Geary, Jan. 16, 1918, beloved wife of Thomas Hancock, fond mother of the late John and Nora Geary, sister of Peter and the late John Geary, at her brother's residence, 1913 Mohawk-st. Funeral Saturday at 9:30 a. m. to St. Dominic's church, where high mass will be celebrated, autos to Aurora and Elgin station, Jackson and S. Wells-sts. Train leaves at 11:30 a. m. Interment at Mount Carmel.

HARRIS—I. Harris, beloved husband of Ida, father of Morris, Nettie, Sam, Willie, Esther, and Beatrice. Aged 61. Funeral Monday from 3616 Grenshaw-st.; by autos to Waldheim, 12 o'clock.

HAWKINS—Ray D. Hawkins, Jan. 17, at his residence, 715 S. Taylor-av., Oak Park, beloved son of Mrs. Sarah Hawkins. Funeral services Saturday, Jan. 19, at 2:30 p. m.

OBITUARY.

SAMUEL S. VAN DER VAART, a resident of the Neighborhood house, 6710 May street, died on Wednesday. For twenty years he was editor of Ice and Refrigeration. Services will be held tomorrow at Neighborhood house.

W. A. HUTCHINSON, former postmaster of Oak Park, was buried yesterday at Forest Home. Delegations from the Hamilton club, the Masons of Oak Park, the Oak Park club, and 300 friends attended the funeral.

BESSIE BRADLEY CASE, daughter of the late Francis Bradley of Evanston, and wife of John R. Case, formerly of Elmhurst, died at her home in Chico, Cal., on Jan. 16, after a long illness.

FRANCES MAY POTTASCH, wife of Fritz Pottasch, died on Wednesday. She was the sister of Ruth Van Arsdale and a teacher of the Gage Park school branch.

DEATH NOTICES.

HERDEG—Marie Herdeg, beloved sister of Katherine Herdeg, suddenly, Thursday morning, 2 o'clock. Funeral from chapel, 1025 E. Wells-st., Saturday, 3 p. m. Aurora papers please copy.

HOWE — Lydia Howe, suddenly, Jan. 15, 1918, teacher in public schools for over forty years. Funeral at 1002 W. Adams-st., Saturday, Jan. 19, at 2 p. m.; interment private at Rosehill.

KNEELAND—John J. Kneeland, at his home, 2835 Millard-av., Wednesday p. m., father of Mrs. John C. Swinson. Member of George H. Thomas post No. 5, G. A. R. Funeral services Saturday, 2 p. m.; interment at Elm Lawn cemetery.

JENKS—Anson B. Jenks, Jan. 12, at Asheville, N. C., aged 83 years. Funeral at late residence, 3756 Lake Park-av., Friday, Jan. 18, 1 p. m. Burial private.

LA GRAVE—Clarence E. La Grave, husband of Alice E., Jan. 17, 1918. Services Saturday, 2:30 p. m., at late residence, 6224 Glenwood-av., thence to vault at Oakwoods cemetery. Burial at Paw Paw, Mich., later, Detroit, Mich., papers please copy.

MAC DONALD—Wm. P. Mc Donald, at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Christopher Mc Donald and brother of Elis., Jean, and Clarence, 6436 Wayne-av. Please omit flowers. Funeral notice later. Minneapolis papers please copy.

McGUIRE—Thomas Browne McGuire, Jan. 15, beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas D. McGuire, brother of Alice Browne McGuire, Martha Browne McGuire, and Mrs. A. J. Allen of Brooklyn, N. Y. Funeral services at late residence, 2316 Washington-blvd., Friday at 2 o'clock. Interment at Rosehill.

McMURTEY—Capt. Alexander C. McMurtry, Jan. 15, aged 82 years, fond father of James E. and grandfather of Vincent J. and Edward A. McMurtry. Captain Company H, 88th Ill. Vol. Inf. Member Washington post No. 573, G. A. R., and Loyal Legion. Funeral services at his late residence, 2342 Lincoln-av., Friday, 1:30 p. m., under auspices Washington post. Burial strictly private at Elmwood cemetery. Please omit flowers.

O'HERN—Thomas J. O'Hern, beloved husband of Kittie, nee Killduff, at his residence, 838 John-pl. Funeral notice later.

ORTLEPP—Ugo C. Ortlepp, brother of Mrs. Fred Wolf, Arthur G. Ortlepp, Charles E. and Harry E. Ortlepp, suddenly, Jan. 17. Funeral notice later.

REETZ—Frances A. Reetz, beloved daughter of Philip and Antonia Reetz, fond sister of Mrs. Frank Moore, Mamie, Harriett, and Eleanor Reetz. Funeral Saturday, 9 a. m., from 6328 Arthington-st., to Presentation church, where requiem high mass will be celebrated; thence by autos to St. Adalbert's. For seats call Garfield 5036.

SOUTAR—Isabella Soutar, beloved mother of David, James, Mrs. Dr. Alexander A. Whammond, and the late Williara. Funeral Saturday at 2 p. m. from her daughter's residence, 4359 Washington-blvd. By autos to Oak Ridge.

THAYER—Mrs. Ida A. Thayer, Jan. 17, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Frank R. Spear, 1628 Kenilworth-av., city. Interment Ionia, Mich. Ionia papers please copy.

WENDEL—Burial of Peter Wendel will take place Saturday, Jan. 19, at 2:30 p. m. from vault at Forest Home.

CEMETERIES.

BEAUTIFUL CHAPEL AT ROSEHILL CEMETERY for funeral services—decorated with growing ferns and palms, fee includes use of organ, $5. The largest and best equipped Receiving Vault in the city, adjoining the chapel. Telephone Edgewater 714.

OAKWOODS CREMATORY — OAKWOODS Cemetery, East 67th-st. and Greenwood-av. Charge for cremation, $40, including use of chapel. Phone Hyde Park 61.

GLEN OAK CEMETERY, 151st-St. and Vincennes. Single grave with perpetual care, $12.00. 111 W. Washington. Franklin 3311.

UNDERTAKERS.

POSTLEWAIT — GOLDEN RULE PRICES and Golden Rule service; 36 years at one location. 1307 Ogden-av. Ph. West 230.

MONUMENTS.

CHAS. G. BLAKE & CO. RELIABLE MAKERS Monuments and Mausoleums, 108 S. La Salle-st.

FLORISTS.

TAKE ELEVATOR TO 2D FLOOR: SAVE half on funeral flowers by paying cash; sprays, $1.50 and up; wreaths, $2.50 and up. OHIO FLORAL CO.

FLORAL OFFERINGS
A. LANGE, Florist
25 East Madison St.
Telephone Central 3777—All Depts.

Four Minute Men Will Speak at the Following Theatres Friday, Jan. 18, 1918
Michigan—55th St. and Michigan Ave.
Frolic—55th St. and Ellis Ave.
Drexel—328 E. 63rd St.
Shakespeare—942 E. 63rd St.
Vernon—61st St. and Vernon Ave.
Windsor Park—2544 E. 71th St.
Linden—63rd and Halsted Sts.
Rex—49th St. and Racine Ave.
Windsor—1235 N. Clark St.
Julian—918 Belmont Ave.

MOTION PICTURE DIRECTORY

Four Minute Men Will Speak at the Following Theatres Friday, Jan. 18, 1918
Wilson—1048 Wilson Ave.
Criterion—1222 Sedgwick St.
Sheerin—843 N. Clark St.
Bijou Dream—112 S. State St.
McVicker's—23 W. Madison St.
Casino—58 W. Madison St.
Terminal—3200 Lawrence Ave.
Broadway Strand—1641 W. 12th St.
Rex—2342 W. Madison St.
20th Century—3539 W. 12th St.

DOWNTOWN

CASTLE STATE AT MADISON ST.
Last Times Today and Tomorrow
Only Theatre in Chicago Showing
Douglas Fairbanks
—In His Latest Laugh Creator—
"A Modern Musketeer"
AN ARTCRAFT PRODUCTION
9 A. M. TO 12 P. M.
—Starting Sunday for Four Days—
ELSIE FERGUSON—"Rose of the World"

At the leading THEATRES TODAY
ANN MURDOCK—"The Imposter"
KEDZIE ANNEX—3206 W. Madison St.
MARGARITA FISCHER—"Molly Go Get 'Em"
PINE GROVE—Sheridan and Broadway.

Jones, Linick & Schaefer's
ORPHEUM | 8 A. M. to 12 P. M.
—TODAY and TOMORROW—
EDITH STOREY
IN
The Eyes of Mystery
EXCLUSIVE CHICAGO SHOWING
Coming Sunday—THEDA BARA in "DU BARRY"

ZIEGFELD
Direction ALFRED HAMBURGER
624 SOUTH MICHIGAN AVENUE
Elsie FERGUSON
In ROSE OF THE WORLD 25c
SUNDAY "THE WOLVES OF THE RAIL"
With WM. S. HART

ROSE Madison at Dearborn —Call Central 3880—
LAST 3 DAYS
George Loane Tucker Feature Production
'MOTHER'
FIRST EXCLUSIVE SHOWING
THE SWEETEST STORY EVER TOLD.

NORTH SIDE

LAKE SHORE | Broadway at Belmont —7 to 11 P. M.—
ROY STEWART "LAW'S OUTLAW"
Tomorrow—THE CLEVER MRS. CARTAX

NORTH SIDE

BRYN MAWR—Bryn Mawr, Nr. Bdwy. At Bryn Mawr 'L' Sta.
—CONTINUOUS—7 to 11 P. M.—
CONSTANCE TALMADGE
"THE HONEYMOON"
Also MACK SENNETT Two-Reel Comedy
Tomor.—"INTOLERANCE." Mon. & Tues.—Douglas Fairbanks "A Modern Musketeer"

DE LUXE | Wilson and Clifton Aves. Mats. 2:30 and 4 P. M.
CHARLES RAY "HIS MOTHER'S BOY"
—Also Scenic Film and Pathe Cartoon—

—LUBLINER & TRINZ—
KNICKERBOCKER | Broadway nr. Granville Cont. 1:30 to 11 P. M.
VIOLA DANA "The Winding Trail"
Also WM. S. HART "Hoop and Horn"

—LUBLINER & TRINZ—
VITAGRAPH | Lincoln, near Belmont —Cont. 1 to 11 P. M.—
VIVIAN MARTIN "THE FAIR BARBARIAN"

THE BUGG | Lincoln Ave., Roby St. —1:30 to 11 P. M.—
WILLIAM RUSSELL
"NEW YORK LUCK"

REGENT 6746 Sheridan Rd., nr. Loyola 'L' Station—7 to 11 P. M.
THOS. H. INCE'S Greatest Achievement
"THE ZEPPELIN'S LAST RAID"
ENID MARKEY and HOWARD HICKMAN

ASCHER BROS
LANE COURT Center & Lane Ct. —1:30 to 11:30—
EMILY STEVENS
"DAY BREAK"
Universal Weekly and Keystone Com.

ADELPHI | 7070 N. CLARK ST. Mat., 2:30 and 4:00; Eve., 6:45 to 11:30
Paramount Presents
MARGUERITE CLARK
"HER MATINEE IDOL"
Mutt & Jeff Cartoon & Keystone Com.

CHATEAU | Broadway & Grace —MAT. & EVE.—
CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG
"SHIRLEY KAYE"
Rex Beach Travels and Cartoon

LAKESIDE | 4730 Sheridan Road —1:30 to 11:30—
Paramount Presents
VIVIAN MARTIN
"THE TROUBLE BUSTER"
Lakeside Topics and Christie Comedy

CALO Clark St. and Balmoral Ave. —Continuous—2 to 11 P. M.—
EMILY STEVENS
"DAY BREAK"
Latest Current Events and Comedy

TERMINAL Lawrence & Spaulding —2 to 11 P. M.—
Paramount Presents
JACK PICKFORD
"TOM SAWYER"

MILFORD | Milwaukee - Crawford Cont. 1:30-11:30 P. M.
Artcraft Presents
GERALDINE FARRAR
"THE DEVIL STONE"
Latest Mutt & Jeff Cartoon & Comedy

NORTH SIDE

KEYSTONE—3912 SHERIDAN RD.
HAROLD LOCKWOOD
"The Avenging Trail"

—LUBLINER & TRINZ—
COVENT GARDEN 2855 N. Clark St. Cont. 2 to 11 P. M.
CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG "Shirley Kaye"

—LUBLINER & TRINZ—
BIOGRAPH | 2433 LINCOLN AVE. —1:30 to 11:15 P. M.—
EMILY STEVENS, "Daybreak"

BUCKINGHAM 3319 North Clark St.
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS
"THE HABIT OF HAPPINESS"

SOUTH SIDE

HARPER
53RD AND HARPER AVENUE
Matinee Daily—House of Quality
DOROTHY DALTON
"LOVE LETTERS"
ALSO BRAY PICTOGRAPHS and Good Comedy

HARVARD—63RD AND HARVARD —Cont. 2 to 11 P. M.—
"QUO VADIS"
IN 9 WONDERFUL PARTS

DE LUXE | 63rd and Cottage Grove Cont. Mat. and Eve.—
"SIRENS OF THE SEA"
Latest Drew Comedy and Pathe News

ASCHER BROS
PEERLESS | Grand and Oakwood Blvds. Cont. 2:15 to 11:30 P. M.
CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG
"SHIRLEY KAYE"
Rex Beach Travels and Others

OAKLAND SQUARE Drexel and Oakwood 2:30 to 11:30 P. M.
ALMA RUBENS
"I LOVE YOU"
Animated Weekly and Comedy

METROPOLITAN Grand Blvd. and 47th St.
Matinee and Evening
ROY STEWART
"THE LAW'S OUTLAW"
Triangle Comedy and Others

FROLIC | 55th St. and Ellis Ave. —Matinee & Evening—
EARLE WILLIAMS
"THE BALANCE"
Burton Holmes Travels and Others

COSMOPOLITAN 79th & Halsted Mat. & Eve.
BESSIE BARRISCALE
"THOSE WHO PAY"
Pathe Weekly and Vitagraph Comedy

COLUMBUS Ashland Av. & 63d St. —Mat. and Eve.—
CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG
"SHIRLEY KAYE"
Universal Weekly and Comedy

SOUTH SIDE

VISTA
6th & Cottage Grove Mat. & Eve.
The Popular Screen Star
EARLE WILLIAMS
"THE GRELL MYSTERY"
Tomorrow—WALLACE REID
"Man of Music Mountain"
Coming Sunday—"QUO VADIS"

JACKSON PARK
67TH and STONY ISLAND AVENUE
Mat. 2:30 and 4. Eve., 7 to 11 P. M.
WILLIAM S. HART
"BETWEEN MEN"
Tomor., CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG "SHIRLEY KAYE"
COMING SUNDAY JACK PICKFORD "TOM SAWYER"

DREXEL | 858 EAST 63RD STREET —MAT. and EVE.—
MARGUERITE CLARK
"The Seven Swans"
BURTON HOLMES' TRAVELS AND OTHERS

KIMBARK | 6240 KIMBARK AVE. Paramount Presents
DOROTHY DALTON
"LOVE LETTERS"
Screen Events and Comedy.

VERNON | 618T ST. and VERNON —MAT. and EVE.—
MAE MARSH "FLOWER OF HONOR"
—NO BATTLE SCENES—
Matinee and Night.

JEFFERSON | 1523 EAST 55TH ST.
Norma Talmadge—"Panthea"
Tmr.—Sessue Hayakawa—"The Secret Game"

LEXINGTON | 1163 E. 63RD ST. SPECIAL MAT.
HAROLD LOCKWOOD "The Avenging Trail"
Fox Comedy, "HIS SMASHING CAREER"

—LUBLINER & TRINZ—
MICHIGAN | Garfield and Michigan Cont. 2 to 11 P. M.
"The Troublemakers." Jane and Katherine Lee
Wm. S. Hart, "Man Against Man"

HYDE PARK | 53RD & LAKE PARK
"THE RETREAT OF THE GERMANS"
Also "The Duplicity of Hargraves"

WEST SIDE

MADISON SQUARE 4720 W. Madison St. Near Cicero Ave.
—CONT. 6:00 to 11:30 P. M.—
OLIVE THOMAS in "BETTY TAKES A HAND"
Also Ladies' Concert Orchestra.

KEDZIE ANNEX | MADISON ST. AT KEDZIE AVE.
ANN MURDOCK "THE IMPOSTOR"
Also Pictograph

MARSHALL FIELD & CO.

YOU ARE CORDIALLY INVITED TO VISIT THIS GREAT STORE

This Store is an inviting, hospitable, pleasant place that carries within its walls most of the features of an art institute or national museum.

Broad aisles, spacious rest rooms, beautiful Tea-rooms offer comfort and cheer; merchandise displays, plenteous and colorful, approach the character of an International Exposition, and there nearly always is some popular activity in progress—some special exhibit, or lecture, or story telling.

For children no less than adults this Store is a revelation in sights and sounds. The Toy Section is an all-the-year-'round mecca for the young folk, while the big Playroom always is ringing with the carefree laughter of merry youth. The entire family can make a tour of this Store an interesting and profitable Holiday.

An Event of Unusual Interest

Smartly Made Silk Frocks and Serge Frocks at $27.50

With fabrics constantly increasing in cost, it is a pleasure to direct our patrons' attention to the excellent qualities which have been put into these Frocks, specially purchased for this selling. In fact, every detail of these Frocks will charm the particular woman—their making is well done and the styles are the smart ones illustrated above.

Of Serge

One is sketched at the center, with narrow buckled belts at the back, a basque-like front to its bodice and white satin vestee and overcollar. Another—at the right—is handsomely hand braided and stitched in gold threads and jet beads.

Of Taffeta

Cut jet beads glitter over the sailor shawl collar and add to the beauty of the girdle on the Frock of soft taffeta at the left. Other styles, too, very prettily trimmed with embroidery.

Sixth Floor, Wabash Avenue

A Wrapper for a Child

is a certain method of preventing colds which result from chilly rooms. These Wrappers are knit of pink or blue yarns and are reduced to $1.95.

Of Fleecy Eiderdown

are some other Wrappers that are trimmed by ribbon bindings. They have cords around neck and waist; practical little Bath Robes, $2.95.

Fourth Floor, North Room.

For the Wee Baby

are some hand-made Slips of fine nainsook, finished as to neck and sleeves with that narrow lace which is always appropriate for baby clothes. $2.25. Others, $2.50, $2.95, $3.50 and $3.95.

Skirts with which these wee Slips may be worn are $2 and $2.50, trimmed with Appenzell edgings; other styles are $1.50, $1.75, and up.

A Feature of the January Selling

Silk Blouses—Unusual at $5

These are such entirely delightful styles that we believe most women will recognize the economy of immediate purchase.

Crepe Georgette—with colored hemstitching on cuffs and novel collar; elaborate hand embroidery and bead trimming.

Also with double crepe collar and dainty colored embroidery.

Crepe de Chine—an unusually good quality, trimmed with hemstitching in color on square collar, cuffs and vestee effect. Sprays and eyelets are embroidered on collar and fronts.

In addition, here are hundreds of styles of unusual interest, at $5. In the January Sale there are scores of new tub Blouses—voiles, linens and batistes. The assortment of voile Blouses at $2 is particularly worthy one's inspection. *Sixth Floor, Middle Room.*

Those Warm Mackinaws

that boys are so partial to are the most practical type of coat a boy can wear, as they in no way hamper a boy's playing, and yet are sufficiently warm. They have elbow-deep pockets and roll collars that are as good as any ear muffs ever invented. $8.50, $10 and $12.

Boys' Suits Are Reduced to $7.25

All Winter Hats and Caps Have Special Pricings

Fourth Floor, Middle Room.

Just a Few Girls' Coats

are left and these have been given surprisingly low prices and are all ready to accompany young girls on cold trips to school. Sizes 12, 14 and 16 years.

Skirts, $3.95-$4.95

They are made from novelty materials, from covert cloths and from checked fabrics. Some are especially pleasing as to style—all will make good early Spring school Skirts. Sizes 13, 15 and 17.

Fourth Floor, North Room.

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO

New Tub Frocks—A First Showing

At January Pricing, $3.95, $5, $5.75, $6.75

This is the announcement women await yearly to point them the way to the new styles in these smart, simple frocks, as soon as they make their appearance. This season—

White Pique, the Finer Sort, Plaid and Checked Gingham Are First Favored.

Many little touches that are as delightful as they are new are noted—square collar lines, oddly shaped pockets, leather belts. To illustrate—

Tub Frocks at $3.95 Are of Checked Gingham

And in the straight, pleated style pictured at the left. The collar of pique outlines the square cut neck-line.

Tub Frocks at $5.75 Are of Plaid Gingham

This is a straight-line mode, pleated from the shoulder, with a patent leather belt holding the pleats at the waist. Sketched at the left center.

Tub Frocks at $5.00 Are of White Pique

That soft quality of pique that launders excellently. The tailored simplicity of this frock is very smart. At right center.

Tub Frocks at $6.75 Are of Plaid Gingham

The collar of white pique ends in long tabs, which are surpliced at the waist. The colorings are uncommonly smart. Sketched at the right.

Fourth Floor, North.

New White Frocks for Girls

A Timely Showing for the February Graduates

This showing is first of all important to the girl graduate, but it will prove, we believe, of interest to every little girl be she six or sixteen or any age between. For

This Presentation Gives Introduction to the New Styles in Entirety

Fine white lawn frocks with dainty laces, voiles with touches of hand-work, crisp barred organdie frocks, nets with soft lace-edged flounces are here. And then a group of voile frocks entirely hand-made and exquisitely embroidered.

Prices Upon These Frocks Range from $3.95 to $32.50

Varying, of course, with the style and fabric—but at every price unusual frocks.

At $4.50—Lawn frocks with organdie panels, lace-edged. Sketched at right center.

At $6.75—Net frocks with lacy flounces and wee flowers. Sketched at left center.

At $8.75—Voile frocks with exquisite hand-work and lace. Sketched at right.

At $10.75—Voile frocks with smocking and lace bands. Sketched at the left.

All White Middies—White Pleated Skirts

For the many classes that are adopting this uniform costume for graduation here is a most attractive offering, which brings the middies and skirts in the desired styles.

The Middies at $1.50 **The Skirts at $1.75**

Fourth Floor, South.

F. N. Matthews & Co.

Outfitters to Women

21 East Madison Street

Between State and Wabash

January Clearance

Buy Your Apparel Today or Saturday

Monday all shops will be closed. You're going to get clothes anyway, so by selecting today you get just that much more use of them and the added joy that comes with it.

Partial List of Bargains

$30.00 Navy Serge Suit, Braid bound	$15.00
$55.00 Brown Wool Velour Cloth Suit	$22.50
$70.00 Green Broadcloth Suit, Fur Military collar	$30.00
$125.00 Brown Silk Chiffon Velvet Suit, Fur trimmed	$60.00
$90.00 Beetroot Broadcloth Emb. Model Suit	$40.00
$50.00 Velveteen Fur trimmed Suit	$25.00
$100.00 Black Silk Chiffon Velvet Suit	$47.50
$70.00 Brown Silvertone Fur trimmed Suit	$35.00
$35.00 Beetroot Pom Pom Cloth Coat	$18.50
$50.00 Black Broadcloth Silk lined Coat	$24.50
$100.00 Yukon Plush Coat, marked down to	$57.50
$50.00 Seal Plush Coat, specially priced at	$27.50
$100.00 Black Wool Velour Coat, Fur trimmed	$45.00
$80.00 Coat Dress, striped material	$17.50
$55.00 Rose Georgette Dress, marked down to	$27.50
$32.50 Gray Taffeta Dress, specially priced at	$18.75

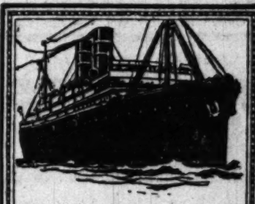
And hundreds of others

F. N. MATTHEWS & CO., 21 East Madison Street

MANY AN OPPORTUNITY HAS BEEN FOUND IN TRIBUNE ADVERTISEMENTS

RESORTS—FOREIGN

Ocean Travel.



WARD LINE

Direct service on fast twin-screw steamers from New York to

HAVANA AND POINTS IN CUBA

Sailings every Saturday

MEXICO FORTNIGHTLY SAILINGS

To Progreso, Vera Cruz and Tampico. Frequent Calls at Nassau, Bahamas. *Literature and full information on request*

New York and Cuba Mail S. S. Co. Foot of Wall Street, New York, or any Railroad Ticket Office or Authorized Tourist Agency.

AUSTRALIA

HONOLULU, SUVA, NEW ZEALAND

Regular sailings from Vancouver, B. C., by the PALATIAL PASSENGER STEAMERS of the

CANADIAN AUSTRALASIAN ROYAL MAIL LINE

For full information, apply Can. Pacific Ry., 124 S. Clark St., opp. P. O., Chicago, or to General Agent, 649 Seymour St., Vancouver, B. C.

Honolulu

OCEANIC STEAMSHIP CO.

Fast American S.S. SIERRA, SONOMA, VENTURA. Honolulu, New York, 4615 Ad Graff Bldg. Jan. 22, Feb. 12, Mar. 5. Oceanic S. S. Co., 601 Mkt. St., San Francisco, Cal.

EDUCATIONAL

RAGTIME IN 20 LESSONS Booklet Mailed Free

Christensen School of Popular Music, 20 E. Jackson Blvd. (Harr. 5669); 5117 Logan Blvd. (Albany 3167); 1010 Belmont Ave. (Lake View 894); 526 So. Western Ave. (West 1311).

MONTICELLO SEMINARY For Young Women and Girls. Buildings worth more than $500,000. Campus 60 acres. Outdoor athletics. Catalog. Address Principal, Monticello Seminary, Box 209, Godfrey, Ill.

The World's Greatest Market Place Is Laid Before You in The Chicago Tribune

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO

Now Is the Opportune Time to Buy

Apron Dresses at $1 and $1.95

Shipments just arriving now bring these aprons dresses at these pricings. And they are

Pricings made possible only through advantageous purchase made some time ago.

In quality they meet the exacting standards of these sections. In fashioning they have all those uncommon little features which make most certain excellent fit and good service.

At $1.15—Percale Apron Dresses—Just 2000

In view of the exceptional value offered here the quantity is far from large. The percale is in striped or checked patterns. Style at right.

At $1.95 Each—Reversible Apron Dresses of Gingham

In the style pictured at the left. In plain colors piped with plaids or in checked and barred percales piped in plain colors. The material is of splendid quality.

Third Floor, North.

Just Arrived—

New Japanese Silk Kimonos

Notably Priced at $6.85

They have just been slipped out of the soft Japanese paper wrappings that kept them fresh and lovely all the way, and they are, indeed, among the most charming robes ever noted. They present

New Colorings of Exquisite Tone

Such tints, for instance, as a rose-tinged gray, as a rather high color green embroidered in pink, or dull, rich purple, and then the most attractive of pinks and blues.

The embroidery, as one may note in the sketch, is elaborately applied.

The cut of the robe is uncommonly ample, another feature that emphasizes the unusual pricing, $6.85.

Third Floor, North.

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO

Skating and Hockey Boots

Both in the First Floor and Basement Shoe Sections are good assortments of skating and hockey boots of the kind that assure satisfactory service. These boots are well made with reinforced heel foxing and fitted with back stays and inside straps.

Women's Skating Boots, $3.75 Pair

Skating and hockey boots in the style illustrated may be had in tan calf, black calf and pearl elk.

These are sold in the Basement Shoe Section at $3.75 the pair.

These women's nickel plated screw-on skates with ribbed chrome nickel steel blades are for rink or park use, $4.50 pair.

Skating Boots for Boys, $2.95 Pair

Boots of black calf in the style pictured are sold in the Basement Shoe Section at $2.95 pair.

Better qualities of tan calf and black calf at $4.50 pair—First Floor Shoe Section.

These men's and boys' nickel plated hockey screw-on skates with chrome nickel steel blades are specially tempered, $3 pair—with welded tool steel blades, $4.50 pair.

Skating Boots for Men, $5.75 Pair

Boots of tan calf and black calf in the style sketched are sold at $5.75 the pair—First Floor Shoe Section.

Other boots of black calf, like this style at $3.75—Basement Shoe Section.

These men's and boys' nickel plated screw-on skates with ribbed chrome nickel steel blades are for rink or park use, $4.50 pair.

Skates—First Floor and Basement Shoe Sections.

COTT & Co

Time to Buy

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Dresses of Gingham

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SCOTT & Co

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SECTION TWO.
GENERAL NEWS,
MARKETS, WANT ADS.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

Win the War

FRIDAY, JANUARY 18, 1918. * 17

EDISON EMPLOYE CONFESSES TO $11,083 THEFT

Brother of John Houlihan Implicates Him and Old School Chum.

John J. Houlihan Jr., assistant paymaster of the Commonwealth Edison company, 26 North Market street, his brother Leon, sons of a former boiler inspector under Mayor Busse, and Charles McMahon of 1214 Hood avenue, are under arrest after confessing the theft of $11,083 from the safe of the Commonwealth Edison company.

More than $3,000 was found in the home of McMahon and $7,700 was found in the home of Mrs. J. J. O'Shea of 1307 Farwell avenue. Around $700 was thrown into the Chicago river by McMahon.

Two Days' Quiz Brings Confession.

Leon Houlihan confessed first after he and his brother had been under inquiry by Chief Mooney of the detective bureau for two days. John then was approached and informed that Leon had confessed. He, too, made a clean breast of the affair. He said he, his brother, McMahon, and John McKenna proposed to rob the safe of the company on the night of Dec. 24, but McKenna was sent to the bridewell for shoplifting and the plan was dropped.

The Houlihans and McMahon then decided to handle the affair by themselves. John, having the combination of the safe, took out the money and passed it through the grating in the paymaster's wicket to his brother and McMahon. They then met outside and McMahon was given his third, $700 of this being in silver dollars. On his way home across the Washington street bridge, McMahon grew weary of carrying the silver and threw it into the river. The remainder he hid in his house.

Friend Unwittingly Aids.

John Houlihan took a room in a loop hotel and remained there for the night. The next day he took the package of money to the office of a friend in the Security building, asking him to preserve it for him with the explanation it was a package of valuable papers.

Mrs. McKenna then came for the package and took it to the home of Mrs. O'Shea. The police found her just as she was returning from the O'Shea home. Another trip was made and the money recovered.

In addition to the investigations connecting Mrs. O'Shea and Mrs. McKenna with the case, detectives also questioned Miss Mabel Enk and Mrs. Leon Houlihan, who are sisters. They denied all knowledge of the affair.

The Houlihans and McMahon were school chums. John Houlihan is married, father of a baby, and lives at 1144 Montrose avenue.

ONE HERO OF THE SHOVEL BATTLES FOR FIRE PLUG

When W. J. Bryson, his footman, and chauffeur shoveled away the snow about the Bryson mansion at 731 Buena avenue, and then went across the street and rescued a fire plug from a snow bank, they felt they had performed a civic service.

But members of a social club with quarters on Buena avenue, near the lake, sallied forth to clear the entire street. In doing so they covered the fire plug.

Edward Cook, the Bryson footman, objected. When the snow dust cleared one lay injured, others were disappearing, while Cook vainly dared 'em back.

Mr. Bryson, so 'tis said, contemplated the fire plug and his blistered palms and instructed his attorney to appear for Cook when he is arraigned today in police court.

DR. HENNING IS PLACED UNDER BOND OF $3,000

Dr. Albert F. Henning, south side physician accused of seditious utterances, entered his appearance yesterday before United States Commissioner Lewis J. Mason. The case will be heard Jan. 30. Bond was fixed at $3,000.

Attorney Bennison F. Bartel, counsel for Dr. Henning, said he had done nothing wrong and that the whole charge will peter out when the department of justice makes its investigation."

Members of the "Doctors' club" of the Washington Park hospital who will probably be called by the government as witnesses are Dr. William Christie, Dr. Moore, and Dr. W. H. Walker.

VETERAN OF WIRE TAKES OWN LIFE

New York, Jan. 17.—William H. Baker, former vice president of the Postal Telegraph-Cable company, and former secretary of the Western Union Telegraph company, committed suicide today by shooting himself in the head in a room in the Hotel Ansonia. He had been suffering from a nervous breakdown following an operation.

Mr. Baker retired as secretary of the Western Union company Nov. 30, 1916, after forty-seven years of active business life, nearly all of which were spent in telephone and telegraph service. He began as a messenger in 1870. Presidency of the Telegraph and Telephone Life Insurance association was another office he held.

Mr. Baker was born in Buffalo, N. Y., April 13, 1855. His wife was the daughter of Gen. Edward B. Fowler, who was a colonel in the civil war.

HELPS BLIND

Chicago Girl Leads Campaign to Raise Fund for War's Cripples.

Marjorie McIntosh

FORD SEEKS TO TRY LIBEL SUIT IN HOME COURT

"Tribune" Fights Taking $1,000,000 Case to Michigan.

Detroit, Mich., Jan. 17.—[Special.]—William Lucking of counsel for Henry Ford in the $1,000,000 libel suit brought against THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE argued before Judge Perkins today that United States Supreme court decisions do not invalidate the Michigan statute regarding service, under which law Henry Ford is seeking to have the suit tried on his home ground in the Wayne county Circuit court.

Lawyers representing the Chicago paper contend—stripped of all legal parlance—that THE TRIBUNE is not in business in Michigan and cannot be sued here.

Attorney Lucking pointed out that the Supreme court decisions merely interpreted various state statutes of service and that the points underlying their decisions cannot be made to apply to the Michigan statute.

Continuing along this line, he went into detail about the services of agents of THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE and particularly of Jacob Engel, an agent, and upon whome service was made at Grand Rapids.

In the morning William L. Carpenter, former state Supreme court judge, of counsel for the Chicago paper, contended that Solomon Bros. did not know of the alleged libelous article when they distributed the papers and consequently cannot be made codefendants in the suit. It was also contended that an agent upon whom service is made must be a resident of the county in which the suit is brought.

Moulin Rouge Gardens Defendant in Bankruptcy

The Moulin Rouge Gardens were made defendant in an involuntary petition in bankruptcy yesterday by three creditors scheduling claims of $3,786.85. John M. Kantor, politician and a close friend of Mayor Thompson for a long time, is president of the owning company.

The petitioners are the Bell Window Shade and Decoration company, Michael T. Reddy and Neils Buck, architect. Mr. Buck said that his total claims against the gardens would total $30,000, mostly due for money advanced to pay for construction.

LET YOUR MONEY BE THEIR EYES, PLEA FOR BLIND

Chicago's Efforts Urged to Care for Maimed in the War.

BY LUCY CALHOUN.

For adoption—thousands of courageous soldiers of the allies whom the Germans have made blind and crippled in this war.

Such, in a few words, is the plea of Miss Marjorie McIntosh of 999 Lake Shore drive, who is one of the volunteer girl workers for the American-British-French-Belgian Permanent Blind Relief War fund, with a Chicago office in the Monadnock building.

"I am inexperienced, and I'm afraid that my juvenile opinion won't carry much weight," said Miss McIntosh yesterday, "but I feel that in these days when everything is being done to elevate the morale of the fighting forces an ever increasing effort should be made to sustain the courage of the man who goes wounded to 'blighty,' and especially those who have been made blind.

Cheers Men at Front.

"Nothing can work more powerfully to encourage the men at the front than the knowledge that their comrades, whose fighting days are finished, are being cared for—not alone by a grateful country but by a grateful world. The blind soldiers present a problem which demands complete readjustment of their mode of living, as well as of the earning of that living.

"Not only must they be reeducated but employment must be found for them and markets for the products of their work must be created. All of this the American-British-French-Belgian fund is doing for British and French blind, and is prepared to do for the Americans who may need such help. But we need MONEY, MONEY, MONEY!"

The plan of the fund is that those so inclined contribute a certain sum of money every year to the work of caring for these crippled and blinded heroes and adopt them for life or deposit to the credit of the fund a lump sum of $5,000, the interest on which will be used for the benefit of the soldiers during their lifetime (estimated at only ten years), and the principal to be returned to the donor at the death of the beneficiary.

McCormick Adopts Two.

Chicago people are already adopting these soldier wards. Miss Phylis Bailey, another worker for the fund, stated yesterday that Lieut. Chauncey McCormick, whose present address is Rue Bonaparte, Paris, had adopted two blind and mutilated "wards"; Lorado Taft, the sculptor, one, and Mrs. Lyman Ware two.

Chauncey McCormick in a cablegram received from Paris by Samuel Insull of the State Council of Defense reports:

"After careful investigation, find American-British-French-Belgian Permanent Blind fund doing exceptionally efficient and intelligent relief work here, which is most highly indorsed, and, in unusual manner, sponsored and aided by French government. It is decidedly the best channel to aid blinded soldiers here. Chicago support urgently needed. Please send this information Hamill, Hutchinson, Patten, and blind committee and try to get action."

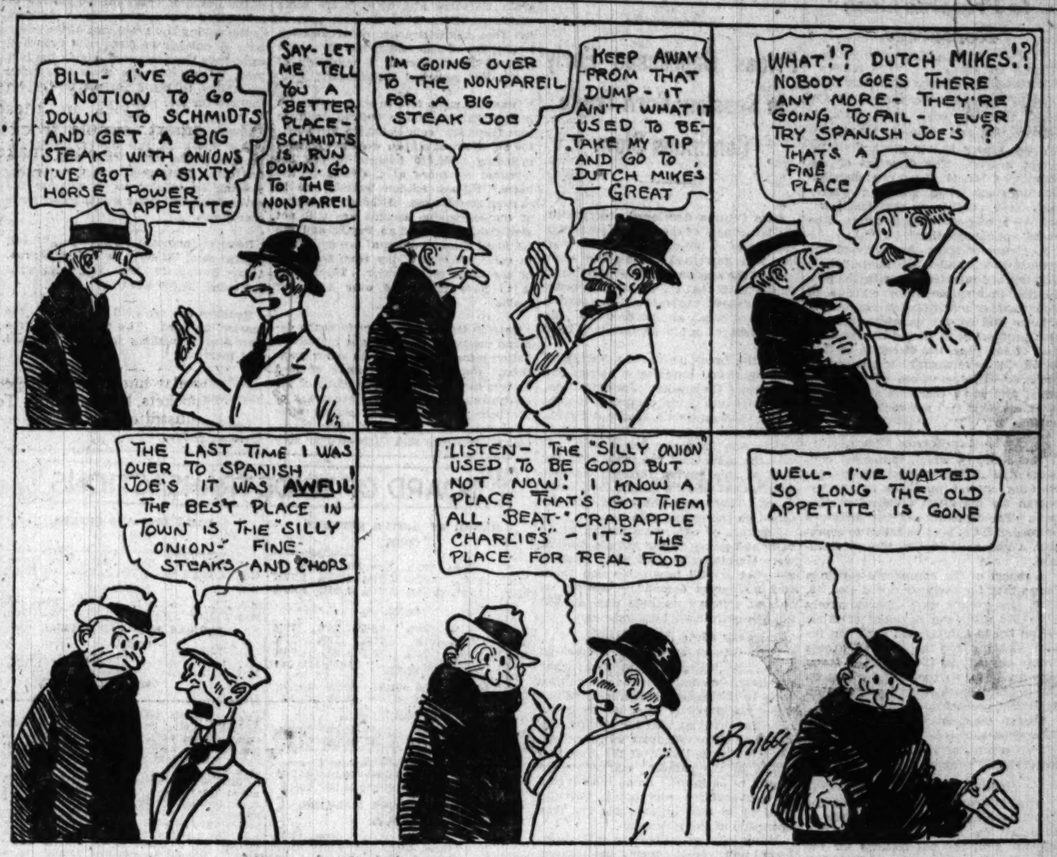
DRAINAGE BOARD BOOSTS WAGES DESPITE SERGEL

Wage increases for officials of the sanitary district amounting to $287,040 were granted over the veto of President Sergel in a normally stormy meeting of the board yesterday. George M. Wisner, chief engineer, was raised from $9,000 to $11,000, although Mr. Sergel pointed out that Isham Randolph was considerable engineer on $7,000.

Edmund D. Adcock, chief attorney, was raised from $10,000 to $11,000, although, as Mr. Sergel said, Orrin N. Carter, Charles S. Deneen, and Judge McEwen never received more than $6,000. A long string of assistant attorneys were given from $200 to $1,000 over their present salaries.

Mr. Sergel issued a statement branding Trustees Clark and Paullin "traitors to their party" for affiliating with Trustee Daily in the matter.

SOMEBODY IS ALWAYS TAKING THE JOY OUT OF LIFE



MRS. MILES SET FREE BY JURY'S OPEN VERDICT

Witnesses Testify Slain Husband Was Brutal to Wife.

Mrs. Bertha Miles, under arrest in connection with the fatal shooting of her husband, was released yesterday when a coroner's jury verdict gave her "the benefit of the doubt." The jurymen returned an open verdict, in which no indication was given either that Mrs. Miles was guilty or that Herbert S. Miles slew himself.

More than twenty witnesses said to have been friends of the dead clothing designer, testified that Miles was often rude, more often brutal to his wife; that he beat, kicked, and cuffed her, and this in spite of his frequent pleadings for her love and his requests that she return to him.

Would Turn Upon Her.

Witnesses told how Mrs. Miles urged him to better himself and she would forgive him, only to have him turn savagely upon her with renewed brutality. Mrs. Miles was weeping. She heard the accusation of Mrs. Nannie Miles, mother of the dead man, without showing interest. The elder Mrs. Miles declared her son had been murdered.

Three experts of the coroner's staff declared themselves convinced Miles did not shoot himself. Dr. Springer and Dr. Burmeister both said the wound in the left breast was of such a character as a right handed person could not normally inflict.

Tells of Brutality.

Mrs. Edna Wallace, with whom Mrs. Miles lives, related an incident wherein Miles played the part of brutal husband with a pistol in his hand, seeking to create disorder in her home. The Rev. Joseph Kinsella told of his attempt to bring about a reconciliation between the Mileses.

The jury debated for a few minutes and then returned a verdict recommending that Mrs. Miles be dismissed. The defendant and her sister were overcome. Mrs. Miles fainted and required medical attention. Then she shook the hands of the jurors and was led home.

INCOME TAX

Plenty of Blanks Now to Rush Schedules.

With plenty of tax blanks on hand, the income tax office, 551 federal building, is looking forward to the public taking advantage by wholesale of the coming "holidays" to make their returns. While they are not prepared to meet the larger income schedules, all who report less than $3,000 can be taken care of now.

With the public largely released from business for five days a genuine rush to report is expected and the office, much behind in its work, hopes to catch up.

Yesterday the problem of the "split income return" bobbed up and the decision was that there isn't any such thing.

It appeared with the following:

Q.—A minor who reached maturity on Dec. 21 had, as a minor, an income of $2,500 a year. After attaining majority he received $1,000 in the form of additional income. Should the parent of the young man include the son's income while a minor as a part of his and thus split the income? A.—The authorities insist that there are no split exemptions and that the minor in question be obliged to make return for himself.

The status of an individual for the year is taken as of Dec. 31.

Q.—Is my yearly church pledge allowable as a deduction under the contribution clause? A.—Yes.

Q.—Am I allowed to deduct interest paid on money borrowed for personal use? A.—Yes.

Buys Spouse a Suit and All Domestic Woes Vanish

"Judge," said Mrs. Frank Engles in the Court of Domestic Relations yesterday, "he won't buy me a thing."

"Judge," said Mr. Engles, "ask her what she wants."

"Judge," said she, "I'll take a suit."

"Judge," said he, "it's a bet."

At 3 o'clock Mr. and Mrs. Engles returned, she in the most raging type of the season's suitings. Judge Mahoney looked over the sartorial dewdads and said: "Engles is a pretty good man after all, isn't he?"

"Judge," said she, "you should have seen my first husband. He was a swell guy. Come on, Engles, let's go."

JUDGES DECIDE TO ASK CHANGES IN PAROLE LAW

'No Pardon After Second Offense,' One Reform Urged.

Radical reforms in the administration of the Illinois parole law, the most rigid being "no parole after a second offense," are to be urged. This was determined yesterday at a conference of all the criminal court judges. Assistant State's Attorney Michael F. Sullivan, and First Deputy Alcock, in the chambers of Judge Kickham Scanlan.

The result of the general discussion was a resolution to invite Gov. Lowden and the head of the pardon board into a joint discussion of abuses that have crept into the administration of the law.

Judges Are Discreet.

While the judges indicated that misapplication of the parole have constantly occurred, none would commit himself by declaring the pardon board had ever acted in arbitrary contrariness to their wishes. Judge Scanlan declared the judges wish an amicable readjustment of the law, and possibly some changes in it, by the common consent of all concerned.

"We believe that paroles of prisoners from Cook county should be passed upon here in Cook county, and that the sentencing judge, a representative of the state's attorney and one of the police department should be present at all parole hearings," said Judge Scanlan.

"We think that the utmost care should be observed in the granting of any parole and especially in those cases where a crime of violence, such as holdup and highway robbery, has been committed. We stand solidly and absolutely against any parole after the first offense."

Scanlan Will Act.

According to the resolution, Judge Scanlan, who presided at the meeting yesterday, is to draft the letter of invitation to Gov. Lowden and the heads of his pardon board immediately. Upon answer, a date and place for the joint conference will be set.

BLONDE

Figures in Divorce Suit Which Results in Wife Getting Alimony.

ELIZABETH WATERMAN was granted a divorce yesterday afternoon by Judge Guerin in the Circuit court from Osmer M. Waterman, member of the cleaning firm of Schultz and Waterman. She was also granted $80 a month alimony. A mysterious "blonde woman" figured in the suit.

New suits:

Anna Knottek, 3119 South Fifty-second avenue, Cicero, accuses Ignatz of cruelty.

Bertha M. De Vries asserts that William deserted.

Charles Scott charges Alice with desertion.

Josephine Frayer says Merton drank too much.

ROLLINS WILL DIVIDES ESTATE WORTH $320,000

The will of George A. Rollins, whose home was at 45 Bellevue place, was submitted for probate yesterday before Assistant Judge Dankowski. The estate amounts to $320,000. Mr. Rollins died Dec. 16, 1917.

The instrument provides that $5,000 shall be given to each of his brothers and sisters. To each of the following nephews and nieces $25,000 is left: Richard R. Rollins, Des Moines; Alonzo Rollins, Baltimore; Ralph E. Rollins, Harry T. Rollins, Arthur Corning, Alice Corning, Julia Neeland, Hattie Thompson, Ida Field, and Bertha M. Butler, all of Des Moines.

The following amounts were left to charitable institutions in Chicago: Salvation Army, $4,000; Volunteers of America, $3,000; Y. M. C. A., $4,000; Hull house, $4,000; Chicago Commons, $4,000; Central church, $3,000.

Collection of Garbage to Be Resumed Today

Frank I. Bennett, superintendent of public works, announced that the collection of garbage will be resumed today, and he makes an appeal to all householders to coöperate with his department to the fullest extent.

84 CENT RATE FOR GAS ASKED BY COMPANY

Appeal Made to the City Council and State Utilities Board.

An increase of 22 per cent in gas rates was asked yesterday of the state public utilities commission in a petition filed with that body and also with the council committee on gas, oil, and electric light by Boetius H. Sullivan, son of Roger C. Sullivan, attorney for the Peoples Gas Light and Coke company. The petition proposes an increase of the present average rate of 69 cents to a flat rate of 84 cents. A special meeting of the council has been called to consider it.

Increases in the cost of production amounting to 30 per cent during 1917 over the preceding year were cited by Mr. Sullivan as the basis of the proposed rate raise, for which he asks sanction of the city council.

Cost Exceeds Price.

The actual cost of production per 1,000 feet was placed at $.8335, as compared to a revenue of $.8144 for the same amount of gas.

Considerable opposition in the committee developed to the filing of the petition with the members of the gas, oil, and electric light body. Attorney Donald R. Richberg, special counsel for the committee in the recent litigation arising over the 80 cent gas ordinance, was directed to prepare an opinion as to the merits of the petition which asks amendment of the present ordinance.

Special Meeting Called.

At the suggestion of Chairman Thomas J. Lynch it was decided, following discussion of the proposed amendment, to issue a call for a special meeting of the city council today for the purpose of officially referring the question to the committee for adjustment.

Besides asking that the petition be officially referred to his committee for consideration, Chairman Lynch will also seek the immediate appointment of gas experts and lawyers to represent the city in the hearing before the public utilities commission. It is likely that Donald R. Richberg, who was the city's representative in the legal end in drawing up the present ordinance, will be one of those selected.

City Plans Fight.

Ald. James B. Bowler, who is a member of the committee, said last night that he doubted the authority of the public utilities commission to set aside the agreement and to grant a higher rate. Court action, he said, will undoubtedly follow, whatever the issue of the hearing before the commission.

The city will carry it into the courts, he declared, if the decision of the public utilities commission is against it, on the basis that the gas company cannot renounce its agreement. The ordinance was adopted by the council June 25, 1917, and was accepted by the gas company July 31, 1917.

THOMPSON AND MILLER SIGN DRY PETITION

Mayor William Hale Thompson and Harry B. Miller, city prosecuting attorney, both signed the dry Chicago petition yesterday in response to an appeal from the Rev. Philip Yarrow, superintendent of the Dry Chicago federation.

Dr. Yarrow called on Mayor Thompson at noon with a request that the mayor exercise his authority to close all the Chicago saloons as an emergency measure in the present coal shortage. It was while the interview was in progress the petitions were signed. Mr. Miller agreed also to circulate a petition among city hall officials and obtain at least twenty-five more signers.

Mayor Thompson said he recognized the logic of Dr. Yarrow's appeal and promised to submit the question of his right to act in the matter to the corporation counsel.

"It was our intention," Dr. Yarrow said, "to appeal to Fuel Administrator Raymond E. Durham and Food Administrator Harry A. Wheeler, and, if necessary, to Gov. Lowden, but we feel it is only fair to give Mayor Thompson time enough to render a decision before we take further measures with regard to closing the saloons.

LOAN TO DUBIA RENEWS GRAHAM BANK INQUIRY

Discovery that Harry A. Dubia, former head of the bankrupt Industrial Savings bank, owed the defunct Graham & Son's bank $306,403.78, $63,000 of which was carried in unsecured notes on the Graham books in a fictitious account, was announced by Assistant State's Attorney Niemeyer yesterday. It was intimated that the disclosure may provide the basis for a prosecution of all concerned in the deals.

Evidence of the manipulation of the accounts was obtained, Mr. Niemeyer said, through the testimony of Edward F. Kennedy, who acted as intermediary for Dubia and the Grahams, and a check of the books of the defunct Graham bank.

The grand jury investigation of the tangle, halted temporarily by the proposal of Frank and Ralph Graham to go before the inquisitors and explain various transactions, will be continued when the brothers Graham have explained the Dubia deals.

LEGAL OPINIONS ON DIVIDEND RULING SOUGHT

Many Companies Ready to Distribute New Stock.

Legal opinions as to the proper construction to be placed on the recent decision of the Supreme court to the effect that stock dividends are not income continue to be sought by banking and corporation interests. The question is an extremely live one, in view of the large number of companies which are prepared to distribute new stock if it is not to be taxed.

Archibald R. Watson, former corporation counsel of New York, in response to a request for comment on the decision, declared that the opinion of the Supreme court was both a "decision upon particular acts and an enunciation of principles," and that a fair deduction of the language of the court was "that a stock dividend based upon earnings was not taxable.

Not Taxable as Income.

He continues:

"Though the case under review does not expressly so hold, a fair deduction from its language is that a stock dividend based on surplus earnings, which have been in good faith carried into capital, is not taxable as income under the sixteenth amendment to the constitution; that is to say, a further constitutional change would be required to authorize such a tax.

"Justice Holmes' opinion concludes with this sentence: 'What has happened is that the plaintiff's old certificates have been in effect split up and have diminished in value to the extent of the value of the new.'

"A tax upon the certificates, therefore, would be a tax on capital, and not upon income, and as such not authorized by the sixteenth amendment.

Subject to Tax as Income.

"Under the present income tax law, as amended, stock dividends are declared to be subject to tax as income in the hands of the stockholder, but only at the income tax rates in force at the time the profits so distributed were earned. Under the reasoning of the opinion in the Towne vs. Eisner case, however, such dividends would not be taxable at all because in effect only a splitting up of the stockholder's old certificates, or a change in the evidence representing the stockholder's interest.

"It may be anticipated, therefore, that stock dividends in preference to cash dividends will be more popular than ever during the coming year. The recipient of a stock dividend may hypothecate the stock as security for a loan without being taxed upon the amount so borrowed, and it would be even allowed as a deduction interest paid upon such a loan, under the provisions of the law as it stands.

Stock Distributions Advantageous.

"Of course, if the recipient of a stock dividend should sell the stock so received, together with the original stock held by him, any profit thus realized over and above the original cost of the stock, in respect of which the stock dividend was declared, will probably be taxed as income. But short of this, there would appear to be considerable advantage in distributions of stock in preference to cash by corporations.

"It is true, as pointed out in the recent bulletin of the treasury department, the act of Oct. 3, 1913, does not contain an express provision for the taxing of stock dividends. Later acts—that is, the acts of Sept. 8, 1916, and Oct. 3, 1917—do contain such provisions.

Purports to Tax Dividends.

"The act of Oct. 3, 1913, purports, however, to tax dividends without distinguishing between cash dividends and dividends paid in stock, and the treasury department ruled that stock dividends constituted taxable income to the same extent as cash.

"If the commissioner of internal revenue is in doubt about the matter the sooner a test case is brought the better for all concerned. But there can be little doubt that the principle enunciated by the Supreme court in the case of Towne vs. Eisner will be held to prevent the taxation of stock dividends whether under the income tax law of October, 1913, or later enactments."

CREDITORS' BODY TO MANAGE SMITH MOTOR TRUCK

The management of the Smith Motor Truck corporation has been taken over by the creditors' committee as directors. David R. Forgan is chairman of the committee. The committee obtained the consent of practically all creditors and declared the plan operative by agreement with officials and stockholders without court action.

The report of the committee shows liabilities of $1,700,000 and assets of $3,400,000. The assets are principally found in inventories. These are to be worked into cars and sold with an effort to preserve the property as a going concern.

The committee has raised sufficient money for working capital. Many of the handicaps due to dissensions within the corporation and disorganization in the motor industry have been overcome and production is being increased under committee management.

Oil Trade Expects Price of Fuel to Be Regulated

The oil trade expects the price of fuel oil to be regulated in the near future. Producing pools have withheld oil and advanced prices so fast that buyers are asking federal investigation. Oil that recently sold at $1.50 a barrel is now selling $2.75 at Chicago and $3 on a Pittsburgh basis. Crude oil in the meantime has remained unchanged.

It is believed that when fuel oil is regulated the new oil director will establish a supervision of the oil industry as complete as that now maintained over the coal business by Director Garfield.

COSDEN TO PAY STOCK DIVIDEND INSTEAD OF CASH

Directors Call It Move to Preserve Cash Resources.

With teh declaration of a stock dividend by Cosden & Co. instead of the usual quarterly cash distribution, it appears that legal opinions largely favor the theory that a stock dividend is not income. The directors of the company declared a 5 per cent distribution in stock as against a quarterly cash dividend of 2 per cent and 4 per cent extra at the last declaration. The board announced that:

"In view of the uncertainty of the present general situation in the whole country, the interference with the production and shipment of oil due to cold weather and railroad congestion, a large and as yet unascertained excess profits tax to be paid within the first of the year, the directors of Cosden & Co. have thought it prudent to preserve cash resources of the company, and have therefore declared a stock dividend of 5 per cent to be paid on Feb. 1."

Difficult to Borrow Money.

The difficulty which industrial concerns find in borrowing money for working capital purposes is another reason for the stock dividend at this time. The statement of the directors of Cosden & Co. may be taken to represent a general phase in the oil situation.

A report of the company's earnings shows that for the year ended Dec. 19, 1917, the profits were approximately $9,500,000 after the payment of interest on bonds and current debt, but before allowing for income and excess profits taxes. As the earnings stand they are equal to about 52 per cent on the common stock after 7 per cent on $3,500,000 preferred.

Cosden common is selling between $7 and $8 a share. The par value is $5. At a price of $8 for the new stock the dividend is about 5 per cent.

Republic Iron and Steel.

In a statement of earnings of the Republic Iron and Steel company issued for the last quarter of 1917 it appears that the net returns for the full calendar year were $29,071,907, which compares with $16,444,636 the previous calendar year.

War taxes for the year were about $10,000,000. After other deductions the earnings for the common stock in the last quarter were about $5.22 a share. In the previous quarter the earnings were $19 a share.

Money and Exchange.

Money rates in Chicago firm at 5½@6 per cent; on collateral commercial paper, 5⅞@6 per cent; 5½@6 per cent over the counter. New York exchange, par. Chicago bank clearings, $84,020,736.

CHICAGO STOCK TRANSACTIONS

THERE was a good demand for bonds on the local exchange, the best in some time, and higher prices were realized. Chicago City Railway first mortgage 5s were bought up to 86, an advance of 1½ points over the previous close. Commonwealth Edison 5s also met with favor and advanced from 92¾ to 93¾. Swift & Co. 5s held at 94.

The earnings of the street railroads and other public utilities do not suggest a reason for buying bonds, but the low prices do. The latest order of the fuel administrator will, during its operation, reduce earnings of the Commonwealth Edison company, which furnishes both light and power. The street railroads for five Mondays will have their earning power restricted, since the service to be rendered is to be the same as that of the preceding Sunday.

But it is possible investors are looking beyond the present and taking into consideration peace talk and what will be the position of the properties following the decline in prices for raw materials.

Local stocks were moderately active, but price changes were not large. Wilson & Co. shares advanced 3 points over the previous day. It is recognized that all the packing concerns have made good earnings. Swift & Co. shares were 1 point lower. Commonwealth Edison sold off 1 point. Pneumatic Tool and Sears-Roebuck common were about steady. Carbide was fractionally lower and Diamond Match was up 1 point.

	Sales.	High.	Low.	Close.	Net Chge.
Am Shipbldg	125	87	87	87	....
Booth Fish	160	20½	20	20	....
Chgo City Ry	100	48	48	48	....
Chgo Rys ser 2	75	10	9½	9½	....
Com Edison	27	104½	104	104	— 1
Dis Match	160	106	105	106	....
Hart S & Marx	17	61	61	61	....
Haskell Barker	110	38	35	35	+ 1
Hartman Corp	110	43¼	43	43	....
Ill Brick	5	56	56	56	....
Lindsay Light	50	24	24	24	....
M Ward pfd	25	106	106	106	....
Quaker Oats pf	29	98½	98	98½	....
Sears-Roebuck	60	145	145	145	— ½
Stewart-Warn	450	48	48	48	....
Swift & Co	233	128	127	127	— ½
Un Carbide & C	755	51½	50	50½	— ½
Un Paperboard	200	16	15½	16	— ¼
Wilson	1,015	50½	48	50	....
Do pfd	10	96	96	96	....

BONDS

Sales.		High.	Low.	Close.	Chge.
$ 9,000	Chgo City Ry 1st 5s	86	85	86	....
2,000	Chgo Rys se ries B 5s	52	52	52	....
2,000	Chgo Tel 5s	96	96	96	....
1,000	Com Edis 1st 5s	93¼	93¼	93¼	....
2,000	Met El Ry ext 4s	49	49	49	....
10,000	Swift 1st 5s	94	94	94	....
1,500	U S Lib 3½s	98.20	98.20	98.20	....
6,050	do 1st 4s	97	97	97	....
2,900	do 2d 4s	96.20	96.20	96.20	....

Pullman Company Pays Another Big Salary Bonus

The Pullman company is distributing among 12,000 of its employés a bonus amounting to nearly $600,000. Employés receiving salaries of less than $2,500 a year are given 10 per cent of their salaries of the past six months. A similar bonus was paid six months ago. The payment is made to compensate for the increase in the cost of living.

METALS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—ANTIMONY—Some sold at 24 cents a pound; dealers holding for 14½ cents. The metal exchange quotes: LEAD—Quiet; spot, $7.00 bid. SPELTER—Quiet; East St. Louis spot, $7.62@7.75. At London: COPPER—Spot, £110; futures, £110; electrolytic, £125. TIN—Spot, £295; futures, £290. LEAD—Spot, £29 10s; futures, £28 10s. SPELTER—Spot, £54; futures, £53.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 17.—LEAD—Firm and in demand at $6.85 but held higher. SPELTER—Quiet at $7.62.

OATS FUTURES SHOW STRENGTH ON LOCAL BUYING

Prices Depressed Early in Session; Corn Trade Continues Slow.

Oats futures developed strength in the latter part of the session yesterday and closed ¼@⅜c higher. The market was depressed during the early part of the session, due to selling based on the belief that the drastic fuel order would relieve the railroad congestion and thus cause an increase in the movement of grain to terminal markets.

On the break there was buying of oats by strong commission houses and this rallied the market. Jackson Bros., J. Rosenbaum Grain company, Knight & Co., Clement-Curtis, Logan & Bryan, and Armour led the early buying, while Lewis was an active buyer later. It was the opinion of the trade that the bulk of this buying through commission houses was for larger local operators. There was important local interest on the selling side also.

Receipts of oats were larger, at 64 cars, and prices in the sample market were ½c higher to ½c lower. Eastern shipping is still impossible and there was no export demand. Receipts of oats at primary markets were 498,000 bu, against 439,000 bu a year ago.

Corn Close About Steady.

Corn futures finished unchanged to a fraction higher. There was rather persistent commission house selling early in the session, which kept values under the previous close, but later the offerings dried up and the market rallied with oats. Arrivals of corn here yesterday were better, at 132 cars, and prices in the sample market were steady to 5c lower. Some moderation in temperatures was noted, but the weather is still unfavorable for free operation of the railroads.

Many interior points are still snowbound and receipts during the balance of the week are expected to remain moderate. Primary receipts were 511,000 bu, compared with 912,000 bu a year ago. Argentine shipments for the week are estimated at 720,000 bu.

Provisions Firm at Close.

Provisions were moderately higher at the close, although some weakness was shown early in the session. Buying was encouraged by the higher hog market and continued light run, as well as by reports of an improved demand for cash product. Western markets received 83,950 hogs, against 153,065 a year ago. Local meat shipments were 1,895,000 lbs, compared with 2,884,000 lbs a year ago, while lard shipments were 187,000 lbs, against 1,062,000 lbs last year.

Rye Quiet and Steady.

Rye was unchanged, with cash No. 2 selling at $1.90 and No. 4 at $1.86½. Receipts were 1 car.

Barley ruled strong. Malting was quoted at $1.42@1.59, and sold $1.49@1.57½; feed and mixing quotable $1.40@1.52, and screenings, 90c@$1.25, with a sale of the latter at $1.10; skimmings sold at $1.00. Receipts, 17 cars.

Timothy seed was steady. March closed $9.00 bid and $9.25 asked; cash lots sold at $7.40. Clover seed was firm, with cash quoted $20.00@28.00 and spot prime $31.30.

Flax closed 3c lower, with cash quoted $3.54@3.57.

AMERICAN GRAIN MARKETS.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 17.—WHEAT—Receipts, 25 cars. CORN—Cash steady; No. 2 mixed, $1.63@1.65; No. 3, $1.54@1.58; No. 2 white, $1.70@1.72; No. 3, $1.66@1.68; No. 2 yellow, $1.70@1.72; No. 3 nominal. OATS—½@1c lower; No. 2 white, 81½@82c; No. 2 mixed, 80@81½c. RYE—$1.80. KAFFIR and MILO MAIZE—$3.25@3.20. HAY—Irregular; choice timothy, $28.00@28.50; choice prairie, $24.50@25.00; choice alfalfa, $31.50@32.00. Futures: CORN—January, $1.27¾; May, $1.25½@1.25¾.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 17.—CORN—No. 3 white, $1.60; No. 4 white, $1.55@1.57; No. 5 white, $1.48@1.56; No. 6 white, $1.39@1.45; sample white, $1.10@1.36; No. 4 yellow, $1.54@1.55; No. 5 yellow, $1.43@1.48; No. 6 yellow, $1.33@1.35; sample yellow, $1.10@1.28; No. 4 mixed, $1.42@1.46; No. 5 mixed, $1.36@1.44; No. 6 mixed, $1.28@1.35. OATS—No 2 white, none; standard, 79½c; No. 3 white, 79¼c; No. 4 white, 79¼c. Sample 78¾c. BARLEY—No. 1 feed, $1.39.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 17.—CORN—Cash, No. 3 yellow, $1.70@1.80; No. 3 white, $1.70@1.75. OATS—Standard and No. 3 white, 85½c; No. 4 white, 82c. RYE—No. 1, $1.90¼. BARLEY—Malting, $1.45@1.48; feed and rejected, $1.35@1.45. Wisconsin, $1.48@1.58. Futures. CORN—January, $1.27¾; May, $1.24½. OATS—January, 78¾c; May, 76c.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Jan. 17.—WHEAT—Receipts, 119 cars. CORN—No. 3 yellow, $1.69@1.69½. OATS—No. 3 white, 78¾@78¾c. FLAX—$3.54@3.57. FLOUR—Unchanged. In carload lots standard flour quoted at $9.75 a barrel in 98 lb cotton sacks. Shipments, 19,561 brls. BARLEY—$1.32@1.56. RYE—$1.88@1.89. BRAN—$32.50.

DULUTH, Minn., Jan. 17.—LINSEED—On track, 3.50@3.65; arrive, 3.50. Futures, January, 3.50 asked; May, 3.48 asked; July, 3.44 asked; October, 3.30 nominal. OATS—On track, 70@80c; arrive, 70c. RYE—On track and arrive, $1.86. Futures: May, $1.91½ nominal. BARLEY—On track, $1.27@1.59.

PEORIA, Ill., Jan. 17.—CORN, 1 to 2c lower; No. 3 yellow, $1.66; No. 4 yellow, $1.60; No. 5 yellow, $1.45; No. 3 mixed, $1.55; No. 4 mixed, $1.39; sample, $1.16@1.39. OATS—Unchanged; standard, 81c; No. 3 white, 80@80¾c.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 17.—CORN—Cash, lower; No. 2 track, 1.62@1.62½. Futures: May, $1.73. OATS—Steady; No. 2 track, 82½c; No. 3 white, 82½@84c. Futures: CORN—Steady; May, $1.24½. OATS—Steady; May, 76c.

COFFEE.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—COTTON—The coffee market was only moderately active, but prices were firmer. The opening was 3 to 5 points above the previous close, and from this level values continued to advance until final quotations showed net gains of 9 to 19 points. Freight conditions were still uncertain, but cost and freight offers were more numerous, with prices little changed. Santos 3s were quoted at 10½c, 3s and 4s at 10.25c, 4s at 10.10c, and Victoria 7s and 8s at 8.20c, all cost and freight steamer London credits. Closing bids: January, 7.84c; March, 8.14c; May, 8.34c; July, 8.54c; September, 8.71c; December, 8.92c. Spot coffee quiet; Rio No. 7, 8½c; Santos No. 4, 10½c. Official Brazilian cables reported Santos 4s 50 reis lower, with futures 50 to 75 reis lower. Brazilian port receipts, 59,000 bags; Jundiahy, 36,000 bags.

SUGAR.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—SUGAR—The raw sugar market was steady at 4.985c for Cuban cost and freight, equal to 6.005c for centrifugal. Trading was less active today, there being no sales of Cubas. There were sales of 5,000 bags of Porto Ricos and 3,500 San Domingo at 6.005c. The situation in refined showed no improvement, only one refiner taking any business at all, and in a limited way. There is enough sugar on hand now for all refineries to start up, but the coal shortage continues to tie up the plants. Prices were unchanged at 7.45c for fine granulated.

FRANCS AT NEW HIGH RECORD.

Francs advanced another centime to 5.89, a new high record on the movement. Other foreign exchange was dull.

GOSSIP OF THE PIT

GRAIN elevators and corn dryers will not be affected by the fuel order, as they come under those sections relating to foods. J. J. Stream, chairman coarse grain division of food administration, wired Secretary Mauff of the Board of Trade as follows: "You are advised that operators of grain elevators and corn dryers come within provision G of the first part of the fuel administration order relating to supplies of coal and B and C, second part of order, relating to operation of plans, and governed accordingly."

Canadian grain men in conference with government officials in Ottawa estimate that there are from 68,000,000 to 70,000,000 bu of wheat still in western Canada, including 8,000,000 bushels in the big terminal elevators at the head of the lakes. Fifteen million bushels are in eastern storehouses. Although estimates of the exportable surplus are still not available, the Canadian Pacific and the National Transcontinental are expecting to move 100 cars a day from the head of the lakes to tidewater. This traffic is to have preference over all other traffic.

Oats on team tracks were in sharp demand yesterday and brought materially better prices than those in other positions. Supplies in the hands of feed dealers have run low, while many of the elevators are inaccessible on account of the snow, and cars that should have gone there are placed on team track. No. 3 white oats sold 4¼@4½c over May price, regular weights, and 5½@6c over on team track. Standards sold 5c over. Bids of 4c over May were made for No. 3 white oats to arrive, five days' shipment.

A special meeting for millers and elevator operators will be held Jan. 23 and 24 at 2:30 p. m. in the assembly room of the Board of Trade for the purpose of presenting the dust explosion dangers to the milling and grain men of the country. A number of disastrous fires and explosions have occurred during the last year, in one case the grain loss being equivalent to bread rations for 100,000 soldiers for one year.

Some of the big corn industries were out of the cash corn market yesterday until near the close, when they took a few cars. They restricted their buying pending an opinion as to whether the government fuel order would hinder their operations.

Receipts inspected yesterday: Wheat, 5 cars; corn, 132 cars; oats, 64 cars; rye, 1 car; barley, 17 cars. Hogs estimated for today, 16,000 head.

Refiners are reported to be in the market for lard. The food administration also is making inquiries for lard and meats.

Deliveries of oats on January contracts yesterday were 45,000 bu.

Local millers bought 5,000 bu barley in store at $1.57½.

BOARD OF TRADE TRANSACTIONS

RANGE OF ACTIVE FUTURES.

CORN.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Jan. 17. Closing	Jan. 16. Closing
Jan.	1.27⅛	1.27⅝	1.27⅛	1.27⅜	1.27⅝
May	1.24¼	1.24⅝	1.24⅛	1.24½	1.24½

OATS.

Jan.	78½	79¼	78½	78⅝	78⅝
Mar.	77¼	78	77⅜	77⅝	77⅝
May	75½	76¼	75¼	76	75⅝

PORK.

Jan.	46.45	46.55	46.45	46.55	46.40
May	45.70	45.90	45.70	45.80	45.70

LARD.

Jan.	24.75	24.85	24.75	24.85	24.75½
May	24.97½	25.17½	24.90	25.05	24.85

SHORT RIBS.

Jan.	24.15	24.17½	24.00	24.10	24.10
May	24.47½	24.52½	24.37½	24.50	24.45

PRICES AT OUTSIDE MARKETS.

ST. LOUIS.

		Open.	High.	Low.	Close, Jan 17.	Close, Jan16.
May	corn	1.24⅜	1.24½	1.24¼	1.24½	1.24⅝
May	oats	75⅜	76½	75⅜	76	75¾

TOLEDO.

Cash	corn	....	....	....	1.80	1.80
Cash	oats	....	....	....	85	84

KANSAS CITY.

Jan	corn	....	....	....	1.27½	1.27¾
May	corn	1.23⅝	1.25⅝	1.23⅝	1.25½	1.25⅝
May	oats	77½	78	77½	78	77⅝

MINNEAPOLIS.

May	oats [new]	74¾	74¾	74½	74¾	74⅜

WINNIPEG.

May	oats	84⅝	85¼	84⅝	84⅛	85

PRODUCE MARKETS

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—Cold storage lots were unchanged. Receipts, 140 cases. Quotations:

Firsts ..... 58@59c
Ordinary firsts ..... 54@56c
Miscellaneous lots, cases returned ... 53@57c
Do, cases included ..... 54@58c

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—EGGS—Strong; receipts, 3,302 cases. Fresh gathered extras, 70@78c; extra firsts, 80c; firsts, 67@68c; seconds, 60@66c; state, Pennsylvania, and nearby western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 73@75c; state, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 68@71c; refrigerator, special marks, 50c; firsts, 48@49c.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 17.—EGGS—Firsts, 53c; seconds, 33c.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 17.—EGGS—Strong, higher; nearby firsts, free, cases, $19.80@20.10; do current receipts, free cases, $19.50; western extra firsts, free cases, $19.80@20.10; fancy selected, 73@75c per dozen.

BUTTER.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—Market firm at unchanged prices. Receipts, 2,226 tubs. Quotations:

Extras 48½c
Extra firsts ..... 47¼@48c
Firsts ..... 44@46c
Seconds ..... 40@42c

Extra to grocers—
Tubs 50c
Firsts 51c
Packing stock ..... 35@36c

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—BUTTER—Firm; receipts, 3,076 tubs; creamery, higher than extras, 53½@54c; extra, 92 score, 53c; firsts, 49@52½c; seconds, 46@48½c.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 17.—BUTTER—Creamery, 45c; firsts, 44c; seconds, 42c; packing, 34½c.

CHEESE.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—Market firm at unchanged prices. Quotations:

Young Americas 26½c
Longhorns 26½c
Daisies 26½c
Double daisies 26½c

Twins 24½c
Swiss ..... 38@40c
Limburger ..... 26@27c
Brick ..... 27½@28c

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—CHEESE—Steady; receipts, 4,590 boxes. State whole milk, flats, fresh, specials, 24¾@25½c; do average run, 24¼@24¾c.

POULTRY.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—Live spring chickens sold ½c lower. Receipts, 4 cars and 150 coops. Quotations:

Turkeys 24c
Fowls ..... 17@25c
Springs 22½c
Roosters 17c
Ducks 25c

Geese 22½c
Dressed—
Turkeys 32½c
Geese 23c
Chickens ..... 25@28c
Ducks 29c

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—POULTRY—Live, firm; chickens, 27c; fowls, 30@32c; turkeys, 20@25c. Dressed firm and unchanged.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 17.—POULTRY—Unchanged, except hens, 23½c.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 17.—POULTRY—Hens, 23c; roosters, 15½c; broilers, 24@25c.

VEGETABLES.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—Trade slow. Receipts of potatoes were 18 cars. Quotations:

Carrots, Kan. brls ..... $3.00@4.50
Spinach, brls ..... $10.00@14.00
Onions, home grown, sacks $1.50
Cabbage, per brl ..... $2.75@3.00
Potatoes, Wis. 100 lbs ..... 80@2.05
Do Minn ..... $1.80@2.10
Potatoes, damaged, frosted ..... $1.25@1.50
Sweet potatoes, hampers ..... $2.00@2.25

Celery, Mich. crates ..... $1.25@1.50
Cauliflower ..... 12@16c
Do hds ..... $1.50@1.75
Cucumbers, per doz ..... $1.75@3.75
Lettuce, hampers ..... 50c@$1.00
Peppers, 11lb ..... $5.50@6.00
String beans, green, hmprs ..... $5.00@6.00
Do wax ..... $6.00@6.50
Turnips, home grown, trimmed 50c

FRUITS.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—Trade slow and market steady. Quotations:

Apples, brls ..... $4.00@6.50
Do boxes ..... $1.75@3.25
Lemons, Cal. cases ..... $6.50@7.50

Grapefruit, boxes ..... $3.50@4.75
Cranberries, brls ..... $19.00@21.00

VEALS.

50@60 lbs 16c
60@80 lbs ..... 16@17c
60@120 lbs ..... 18@19c
Coarse ..... 9@10c

SOUTH WATER STREET BEEF.

	No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.
Ribs	27	20	13
Loins	33	24	15
Rounds	17	16½	13
Chucks	15	14½	12
Plates	15	14½	10½

OILS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—COTTONSEED OIL—Prime crude, $17.50 nominal; prime summer yellow, spot, $20.35; January, $20.15; March, $20.20; May, $20.30.

OIL CITY, Pa., Jan. 17.—Credit balances, $3.75. Runs, 82,485; average, 60,731. Shipments, 55,519; average, 43,730.

ROSIN AND TURPENTINE.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Jan. 17.—TURPENTINE—Steady, 47c. Sales, none; receipts, 145 casks; shipments, 200; stock, 26,390. ROSIN—Firm. Sales, 980 brls; receipts, 622; shipments, 800; stock, 90,245. Quote: A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, $6.40; K, $6.60; M, $6.75; N, $7.20; W. G., $7.60; W. W., $7.70.

DAILY BIDS AND OFFERS.

CORN.

	Bids High.	Bids Low.	Bids Close.	Offers High.	Offers Low.	Offers Close.
May	1.24⅜	1.24¼	1.24⅜	1.24⅝	1.24½	1.24⅝

OATS.

Mch	....	....	....	.78⅝	.78⅜	.78⅝
May	.75⅝	.75½	.75⅝	.76⅛	.76⅜	.76⅛

WEEKLY BIDS AND OFFERS.

CORN.

	Bids.	Offers.
May	1.22	1.23⅝

OATS.

May	.72¾	.79

CASH TRANSACTIONS.

FLOUR—United States administration flour standards are as follows: Spring wheat, in jute, $10.10; hard winter, in jute, $10.00; soft winter, in jute, $10.00; white rye, $9.55; dark rye, $9.00.

CORN—Market steady to 5c lower. Sales, mixed lots, none. Track Chicago: Sample grade, 90c@$1.25; No. 6 mixed, $1.40; No. 4 mixed, $1.53; No. 3 mixed, $1.80; No. 6 yellow, $1.35@1.43; No. 5 yellow, $1.40@1.52; No. 4 yellow, $1.62; No. 6 white, $1.35@1.38; No. 5 white, $1.43; No. 4 white, $1.60. Illinois proportional billing: Sample grade, $1.40@1.38; No. 6 mixed, $1.33@1.40; No. 6 yellow, $1.40.

OATS—Market steady to ½c higher. Track Chicago: No. 4 white, 80c; No. 3 white, 81½@81¾c; standard, 81½@82c.

CASH PORK TRANSACTIONS.

HOG PRODUCTS—Steady; cash lots, mess pork, repacked, $47.00@47.50; lard, $24.85; ribs, $23.25@24.25.

HAY.

HAY—Quiet; receipts, 743 tons; shipments, 14 tons; choice timothy, $30.00@31.00; No. 1, $29.00@30.00; No. 2, $28.00@29.00.

STRAW—Rye, $11.00@11.50; oat, $11.00@11.50; wheat, $10.00@10.50.

SEEK VOLUNTARY REGULATION OF STOCK ISSUES

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—First efforts of the federal reserve board to regulate the issue of private securities will be on a voluntary basis. It was announced today that bills now drafted will be introduced in congress and pressed for enactment only if the government is unable to shut off capital expenditures for nonessential enterprises by moral persuasion and patriotic appeal.

A committee, consisting of Paul M. Warburg, C. S. Hamlin, and Frederic A. Delano, members of the reserve board, went to work today on plans for effecting the voluntary regulation. The committee's recommendations will be submitted probably in about a week to the board and to Secretary McAdoo. Meanwhile hundreds of requests for specific approval of contemplated securities issues are held without action, having been referred to the board by Secretary McAdoo.

COTTON.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—COTTON—Not since the memorable day last February when prices broke 500 points in response to the truthless German U-boat program, has there been such demoralization in the cotton market as was noted this morning when values sustained a perpendicular drop of 137 to 202 points on the nearby positions and 53 to 85 points in later months as a result of the drastic and totally unexpected conservation order issued by the fuel administrator. The selling of nearby positions, particularly March contracts, which showed the greatest decline, amounting to over $10 a bale, represented stop loss orders, due to fears that the conservation order would mean a heavy reduction in the amount of cotton consumed by New England mills. There was less pressure in the distant months and eventually trade buying developed on such a tremendous scale that prices began a rally which culminated in a rise of fully 160 points on March. In addition to the big trade demand, which came from both northern and southern mills, there were reports to the effect that southern spot houses were indifferent to the decline in futures and had refused to make any concession in their prices. There was also an active demand from some of the big shorts, interests in cotton pulling out several days ago and good buying for both Liverpool and New Orleans account. As a result of this support, the market throughout the rest of the session was fairly well sustained at from 30 to 50 points net decline until just before the close when demand was withdrawn and prices eased off further the market closing barely steady at 64 to 71 points net loss. It was said in late Washington dispatches that the final order suspending industries in the United States would contain certain important modifications from the summary issued tonight. No action was taken by the committee on changes towards closing and it seemed to be the opinion of both officials and members that business would continue as usual, even in an unheated building, except that the questions of closing Mondays would be left to await action by the governor. Exports today were 100 bales and for the season 2,247,022 bales. Port receipts, 5,548 bales. United States port stocks, 1,309,178 bales. Futures:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. close.
Jan.	30.90	31.00	30.90	30.65	31.37
March	30.00	30.60	29.10	30.31	31.03
May	29.50	30.28	29.35	29.95	30.67
July	29.55	29.95	29.55	29.70	30.31
October	28.50	28.52	28.15	28.19	28.90

Spot quiet; middling uplands, 31.80c.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Jan. 17.—COTTON—The price of cotton fell $5 to $6 a bale today around the opening of the market and remained depressed throughout the session as the result of the announcement of the government's fuel regulations. A recovery set in following reports of an increased demand both here and in the interior for the lower grades of spots. At the highest on this reaction from the decline the market stood 28 to 42 points under the last prices of yesterday. The close was at a net loss for the session of 67 to 87 points. Futures:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. close.
January	29.90	29.90	29.47	29.55	30.35
March	29.35	29.55	28.80	29.27	29.97
May	29.03	29.73	29.00	29.04	29.69
July	28.48	29.15	28.42	28.16	29.43
October	27.00	27.60	27.00	27.28	27.99
December	26.50	27.35	26.50	27.32	27.84

Spot quiet, 25 points off; middling, 31.25c.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 17.—COTTON—Spot slow; prices steady. Good middling, 23.96d; middling, 23.44d; low middling, 22.91d; good ordinary, 21.91d. Sales, 3,000 bales, including 2,000 American. Receipts, 5,000 bales, including 900 American. Futures closed easy. New contracts: January, 23.33d; February, 23.17d; March, 22.80d; April, 22.60d; May, 22.39d. Old contracts [fixed prices]: January, 21.99d; January-February, 21.89d; March-April, 21.71d; May-June, 23.55d; June-July, 21.47d.

ANNUAL BANQUET OF REALTY MEN AT THE CONGRESS

H. B. Riley to Deliver a Patriotic Message to Chicago.

Real Estate Transfers

Real estate transfers filed for record yesterday totaled 125, involving $128,464, comprising 91 in the city and 34 in the outlying townships, including 9 under the Torrens system. Transfers were as follows:

Jefferson	13	Rogers Park	6
South Town	5	New Trier	2
Lake	13	Thornton	3
West Town	27	Maine	5
Lake View	6	Calumet	2
Hyde Park	14	Worth	3
Proviso	3	Wheeling	4
Lyons	1	Stickney	5
Ridgeville	5	Palatine	1

Unusual interest attaches to the annual banquet of the Chicago real estate board at the Congress hotel tomorrow night because of the high character of the speakers and the important subjects to be discussed by them. Harrison B. Riley, president of the Chicago Title and Trust company, who will act as toastmaster, is said to have a patriotic message to deliver as the result of his recent experience in connection with his work in the war loan savings campaign at Washington.

Lawson Purdy, president of the board of commissioners of taxes and assessments of New York City, will talk on the practical features of city zoning as the result of the experience of New York in connection with its new zoning law. The effort being made to secure a zoning law for Chicago should make Mr. Purdy's address of great interest to real estate men as well as property owners.

Brings Message from Canada.

Of notable interest also will be the address of Richard D. Waugh of Winnipeg, one of the leading men of the northwest. He has been elected mayor of Winnipeg seven times, is now president of the returned soldiers' association, and is a former president of the Winnipeg real estate board. He lost a son in action in December, has a wounded son at home, and a 17 year old son has just enlisted and will soon go to the front. The message he brings to Chicago will be of an inspiring character.

The other speaker will be Dr. George L. Scherzer, professor of political economy at the Armour Institute of Technology, a brilliant speaker, who will take for his topic "American Ideals."

The present indications are that the attendance will be about 450. It will be held in the gold room at 6:30, following a reception in the Elizabethan room. The committee having the banquet in charge consists of Wyllys W. Baird, Edgar M. Snow, and George H. Taylor.

West Side Loan.

The feature of the real estate news of the day was the recording of a 5 per cent loan on property outside the loop on the west side. The amount is $125,000 and was made by the Hibernian Banking association to Robert S. Hotz, runs for three years, and is secured by an undivided half interest in the

GARFIELD ORDER FAILS TO SHAKE STOCK MARKET

Prices Advance from Low Opening; Good Buying in Wall Street.

BAROMETER OF THE MARKET

Average of Closing Prices of Twenty Leading New York Stocks

Thursday, Jan. 17	68.11
Wednesday, Jan. 16	68.13
Net loss for the day	.02
Year ago, day of week	91.81
Two years ago	90.89
Three years ago	76.95

The twenty stocks are Anaconda Copper, American Car and Foundry, American Smelting, American Telephone, Atchison, Baltimore and Ohio, Brooklyn Rapid Transit, Chesapeake and Ohio, Erie, Great Northern preferred, New York Central, Northern Pacific, Pennsylvania, Reading, Southern Pacific, Southern Railway, St. Paul, American Sugar, Union Pacific, and United States Steel.

Total sales of stocks, 700,000 shares.

Total sales of bonds [par value], $2,150,000.

RALLY FOLLOWS OPENING.

New York, Jan. 17.—[Special.]—Opening prices on the stock exchange, which ranged from 1 to 3 points below the final level of Wednesday, discounted the influence of Fuel Administrator Garfield's coal order. The initial prices were the lowest of the day. Buying orders poured in from the west and were augmented by the best banking support that has appeared in the market for several days.

Traders who sold stocks at the opening soon began to realize that the financial community had accepted Dr. Garfield's unprecedented measure without panic. Soon the shorts were contributing to the rally which, in many instances continued until the close of the day. At the end of the first hour the coal situation ceased to be a speculative factor.

Shipping Shares Strong.

Marine stocks again led in firmness. International Mercantile Marine preferred rose over 4 points, although the directors at Wednesday's meeting failed to take any action on the expected extra disbursement on the preferred stock.

It became known that President Franklin had gone to Washington to discuss an important shipping project with Secretary McAdoo. It was reported that it involved the sale of some subsidiary lines and the distribution of part of the proceeds among the preferred stockholders in the shape of a substantial disbursement on back dividends which now amount to about 71 per cent.

Foreign Exchange Firmer.

Steels and rails showed moderate weakness. Other developments of the day were of a mixed character. Call money eased slightly with time funds and the foreign exchange market was firmer on the further strength of remittances to Paris. Bonds were irregular to heavy on reduced dealings.

Mercantile paper, 5½@5¾ per cent. Sterling—Sixty day bills, 4.72; commercial, 60 day bills on banks, 4.71½; commercial, 60 day bills, 4.71¾; cables, 4.76¼. Francs—Demand, 5.71; cables, 5.69. Guilders—Demand, 43¾; cables, 43¾. Lire—Demand, 8.42; cables, 8.40. Rubles—Demand, 15; cables, 15. Bar silver—89¼c. Mexican dollars—72¼. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds irregular. Time loans firm: 60 days, 90 days, and 6 months, 5½@5¾. Call money firm; high, 6; low, 5½; ruling rate, 5¾; closing bid, 5½; offered at 6; last loan, 6.

FINANCIAL NOTES

At the meeting of directors of the Crucible Steel company at Pittsburgh it was announced to be the unanimous opinion of all present that it would be unwise to consider any dividend on the common shares during this year. The board thought every resource of the company should be voted toward aiding the government.

The copper producers' conference with the war board in Washington adjourned without any agreement on the price of copper being reached. The producers wanted a 25 cent price fixed.

The treasury department has ruled that a dealer in securities, in order to come within the meaning of the department decision permitting losses to be deducted from income, must be a merchant of securities, whether an individual, partnership or corporation, with an established place of business, and must make a principal business of the purchase of securities and their sale to customers.

According to local officials of the federal reserve bank, the supply of Liberty bonds within the next two weeks will be sufficient to make deliveries on all subscriptions. The bureau of engraving at Washington has been contacted.

M'ADOO PREPARES FOR THE NEXT LIBERTY LOAN

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—As the first financial step in preparation for the third Liberty loan, Secretary McAdoo tonight announced a new issue of $400,000,000 treasury certificates of indebtedness, bearing 4 per cent from Jan. 22, and payable April 22. Subscriptions will be received by federal reserve banks at par and accrued interest until Jan. 29, payment must be made by that date. The certificates will be received in payment of third Liberty loan subscriptions. This arrangement indicates that the first payment on the third Liberty loan will be on or about April 22, and that if the same plan of installment payments is maintained for the third as for the second loan, the bond selling campaign will be in March. For the second loan the first payment was made two weeks after the close of the month's campaign.

For the first time since the United States started its big war financing movement, subscriptions will be received simultaneously for two current issues of certificates, since an issue of so-called tax certificates is still open. The interest rate is the same as on other recent issues.

NEW YORK STOCK TRANSACTIONS

Bid.	Asked.	Description	Sales.	High.	Low.	Close.	Net chge.
1⅝	2	Alaska Gold	200	1½	1½	1½	....
2⅜	2⅝	Alaska Juneau	200	2½	2½	2½	....
18⅝	19	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	1,000	19⅛	18⅝	19	+ ⅛
59	60	Am Agr Chem pfd	100	59½	59½	59½	....
74	74½	Am Beet Sugar	300	74½	73½	74½	+ 1½
35⅜	35¾	Am Can	3,600	36⅜	35	36	— ⅛
89	90	Do pfd	100	89½	89¼	89½	— ⅛
71	71¼	Am Car & Foundry	8,300	73½	69¾	71¾	— ⅛
53¼	60	Am Inter Corp	1,800	56¾	53¾	53¾	— 2
39¼	39½	Am Linseed Oil	1,900	30¾	29⅜	29⅜	— ⅝
55½	58½	Am Locomotive	3,000	58⅝	54	55¼	— 1
79⅝	80	Am Smelting	19,700	81¼	78⅜	80	— ⅜
60	61	Am Steel Foundries	300	61¼	60¼	60¼	....
65¾	66	Am Sumatra Tob	1,300	66⅛	65½	66	— ⅛
102	103	Am Tel & Tel	1,000	104⅛	103⅜	104	+ ⅝
157	158	Am Tobacco	700	159⅝	157½	157½	— 1½
45¾	46⅛	Am Woolen	1,500	47	46	46⅜	+ ⅛
12⅞	13⅛	Am Zinc	1,200	13⅛	12¾	12¾	— ⅛
61¼	61⅜	Anaconda	13,000	65⅞	61⅜	61½	— ⅜
82	83½	Atchison	700	84½	82½	83¾	— 1
81	82	Do pfd	100	81½	81¼	81¾	....
8	8¼	Atlantic B & A	300	8¼	8¼	8¼	....
99⅝	101	Atlantic, G & W I	3,500	103	99⅝	100½	+ ½
58	60	Do pfd	100	58½	58½	58½	— 1
56½	59¾	Baldwin Locomotive	13,400	61¼	57½	59¼	....
52¾	53	Baltimore & Ohio	3,900	53⅜	52¼	52¾	+ 1
100	102	Barnett Co pfd	100	101	101	101	....
⅞	1	Batopilas	200	1	1	1	....
74¾	74¾	Bethlehem Steel B	35,900	76¾	74	74¾	— 1¾
97½	98½	Do pfd ncts	200	98	98	98	+ ½
40¾	43	Brooklyn Rap Tran	1,100	41¼	41	41	— ⅝
95	100	Brown Shoe pfd	100	95	95	95	....
110½	112	Burns Bros	100	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛	— 1⅛
18⅜	18½	Butte & Superior	800	19¼	18¼	19¼	+ 1
37⅛	38¾	Cal Packing	200	39	38	38	....
14	14⅜	Cal Petroleum	800	15	14½	14¾	— ⅛
39¼	41	Do pfd	900	40¾	39½	40	— ⅝
138⅜	139½	Canadian Pacific	1,000	140	139	139½	+ 1½
42	45	Central Foundry pfd	100	44	44	44	....
63	63⅜	Central Leather	2,400	64⅜	62¼	63⅜	+ ⅜
30	31	Cerro de Pasco	100	36	30	36	....
71½	73⅜	Chandler Motor	1,100	73⅜	71¼	73¾	....
51⅛	51⅜	Chesapeake & Ohio	1,600	52⅝	51⅛	51½	+ ⅜
19½	20¼	C G W pfd	100	20	20	20	....
43	43¾	C, M & St Paul	1,600	44	42½	43	+ ⅛
73¼	73	Do pfd	1,600	73½	72¾	73¾	....
19	19¼	C, R I & P	1,700	19½	18¾	19¼	+ ⅛
59	59¼	Do pfd A w i	700	59	58¾	59	+ ⅛
48½	49	Do pfd B w i	300	48⅝	48⅛	48⅝	+ ⅛
15½	16	Chile Copper	2,300	16	15½	15¾	+ ⅛
41¼	42½	Chino	500	42½	42	42	....
35	36	Colorado Fuel	200	36	36	36	+ ⅛
32	32½	Columbia Gas & E	300	32⅝	31⅝	32¼	....
30¾	30¼	Cons. Products	6,000	31	30¼	30¼	....
55¼	56½	Crucible Steel	13,400	57¾	55¼	55⅝	— 1⅝
29¾	30	Cuban Cane Sugar	2,600	29½	29½	30	— ⅛
79	80	Do pfd	100	79	78¾	78¾	— ⅛
8¼	8½	Den & Rio G pfd	100	8¾	8¾	8¾	— ⅛
106⅜	109	Delaware & Hudson	100	106½	106½	106¾	— ⅛
35¼	36	Distiller's Securities	4,500	36⅝	35	36	— ⅛
8½	8¾	Dome Mining	100	8½	8½	8½	— ⅛
14½	15	Erie	1,200	15¼	15	15	+ ⅛
24	24½	Do 1st pfd	400	24¾	24½	24¾	+ ⅛
19	19½	Do 2d pfd	200	19¼	19	19	....
34	34½	Gaston Williams	400	34	33¾	34	— ⅛
170	185	General Chemical	100	178	175	175	— 3
129⅜	130¼	General Electric	3,100	130¼	128	130¼	+ 1
111	112¾	Gen Motors new	6,700	113⅞	109¼	113	+ 1¾
39	39¾	Goodrich	700	39¾	38¾	39¼	+ ⅛
74	77	Grasby	100	76	76	76	....
25½	26	Grt Northern Ore	600	26	25¾	26	+ ⅛
87	88	Grt Northern pfd	300	87	86	87	+ 1
38⅞	39	Greene Cananea	300	38¼	38½	38½	....
86	89	Gulf State Steel	300	87	86	87	+ 1
143¾	144	Inspiration Copper	2,000	144½	143¾	144	....
116	126	Int Harv of N J	300	118½	118¾	118¾	+ ¾
106	118	Do pfd	100	108	108	108	....
23¾	23¾	Int Mercan Marine	27,600	24½	22	23¾	— ⅛
93¾	93¾	Do pfd	80,200	94½	88¾	93¾	+ 4½
7⅞	8	Int Mer Consol	100	8	8	8	— ⅛
26	27	International Paper	400	27	26½	27	....
27¾	27¾	International Nickel	1,100	27¾	27	27¾	....
15½	15¾	Kas City Southern	200	16¼	16¼	16¾	+ ⅛
49	50½	Do pfd	200	50	49¾	50	+ 1¼

NEW YORK BOND TRANSACTIONS

No. thous.	Description	High.	Low.	Close.
530	U S Lib 3½s	98.60	98.50	98.60
89	do 1st 4s	97.12	97.00	97.00
1220	do 2d 4s	96.26	96.08	96.20
24	Am Fgn Sec 5s	95½	95⅝	95¾
133	Anglo French 5s	89	88¾	89
97	City Bordeaux 6s	85½	85	85¾
23	City of Lyons 6s	85	85	85
39	City Marseilles 6s	85	85	85
2	City Paris 6s	84½	84	84½
1	Dom Can 5s of 1921	95¼	95¼	95¼
10	do 1931	93	92¾	92¾
22	French 5½s of 1919	96¾	96	96¾
44	Jap 1st Ser 4½s	92	92	92
17	do 2d Ser 4½s Germ stamped	80¾	79¾	80¾
40	U K of G B & I 5s	98¼	98¼	98¾
4	do 5½s of 1935	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛
75	do 5½s of 1919	96¾	96¼	96¼
60	do new	99	98¾	98½
50	do 5½s of 1921	93¼	93	93¼
1	N Y City 4½s 1957 New	90½	90½	90½
11	do 4½s of 1960	90	90	90
7	do 4½s of 1964	90	90	90
1	do 4½s of 1966	90	90	90
5	do 4s of 1959	87	87	87
1	Alas Gold 6s Ser A	21	21	21
3	Alb & Susq 3½s	74½	74½	74½
17	Am Ag Chem 5s	91¼	91	91¼
6	Am Smelting 5s	97	97	97
11	A T & T col 5s	91½	91	91½
3	do cv 4½s	88½	88½	88½
2	do col 4s	82¾	82¾	83¾
1	Armour 4½s	94¾	94¾	94¾
5	Atch gen 4s	83¾	83¾	83½
10	do adj 4s	72½	72½	72½
3	do stamped	74¾	74½	74½
5	Baldwin 5s	100	100	100
1	B & O refg 5s	80¾	80¾	80¾
10	do cv 4½s	78¾	78	78¾
1	do gold 4s	78	78	78
3	do pl 4½s	87¾	87¾	87¾
3	Beth Steel ext 5s	98¼	98¼	98¼
7	do P M 5s	80½	80	80½
3	Brit Col 5s	96	96	96
20	Cent Leather 5s	93½	93½	93½
7	Ches & Ohio cv 5s	76¾	76¼	76¾
11	do cv 4½s	66	65½	65½
1	do gold 4½s	72	72	72
3	C B & Q Neb 4s	91¾	91¾	91¾
30	do J L & M 4s	82	82	82
1	C & Erie 1st 5s	92	92	92
1	CM&STP gen & refg cv 5s Ser A	80	80	80
1	do refg 4½s	66½	66½	66½
2	do do of 1925	77¾	76½	77¾
11	C R I & P refg 4s	65¼	65¼	65¼
1	C & W I 4s	65½	65¼	65½
37	Chile Copp 7s	104	102¾	103
2	do 6s Sub rects part paid	74½	74½	74½
1	Col Ind 5s	71¾	71¾	71¾
2	do 5s Ref 4½s	68	68	68
1	Con Coal of Md 5s	83	83	83
5	Con Gas cv 6s	100½	100½	100½
5	D & H cv 5s	89	89	89
89	Den & R G cons 4s	64¾	64¾	65
2	do refg 5s	50¾	50¾	50¾
1	Det U Rys 4½s	70	70	70
15	Erie Gen Lien 4s	50	50	50
4	do cv 4s A	43	43	43
11	do 4s Ser B	43	43	43
9	Gen Elece deb 5s	96¾	96¾	96¾
25	Granby 6s	91	91	91
50	do stamped	91	91	91
3	Gt Nor 4½s	86½	86½	86½
30	Hud & Man refg 5s Ser A	50½	50¾	50¾
9	do adj inc 5s	15	15	15
2	Ill Cent 4s 1953	74½	74½	74½
2	Ill Steel deb 4½s	82	82	82
15	Erie Gen Lien 4s	50	50	50
4	do cv 4s A	43	43	43
11	do 4s Ser B	43	43	43
9	Gen Elece deb 5s	96¾	96¾	96¾
25	Granby 6s	91	91	91
50	do stamped	91	91	91
3	Gt Nor 4½s	86½	86½	86½
30	Hud & Man refg 5s Ser A	50½	50¾	50¾
9	do adj inc 5s	15	15	15
2	Ill Cent 4s 1953	74½	74½	74½
2	Ill Steel deb 4½s	82	82	82
1	Ind Steel 5s	96¼	96¼	96¼
22	I R T refg 5s	80½	80½	80½
205	Int Marine 6s	94¾	93½	94½
2	Iowa Cent 4s	43	43	43
3	Kas City Sc 5s	74	74	74
3	Lake S Gen 3½s	74	74	74
1	L & N col 5s 1931	99	99	99
16	Midv Steel 5s	45¾	45¾	45¾
113	Mo Pac gen 4s	56½	56	56½
12	N Y Cent deb 6s	93	92¾	93
4	N Y C & St L deb 4s	73	73	73
3	NYGE&H & P M 4s	61	61	61
4	N Y Rys refg 4s	65¾	65¼	65¾
2	do adj 5s	49	49	49
6	N Y Tel 4½s	19	19	19
1	N Pac 4s	87½	85½	85½
1	Ont & Que 4s	84	83¾	84
3	Ore Ry & Nav 4s	83¾	83¾	83¾
5	O S Line 1st 6s	80	80	80
1	do con 5s	104	104	104
1	do refg 4s	97	97	97
7	Pa Co 4s	82¼	82¼	82¼
2	Pac Gas & Elec 5s	71	71	71
34	Penna gen 4½s	79¾	79¾	79¾
1	Penna 3½s Ser B	91¼	91	91¼
1	Pub Serv N J 6s	70	70	70
3	Rdg gen 4s	74½	74½	74½
1	R I Ark & La 4½s	84¾	84¾	84¾
106	STL & SF 4s Ser A	63	63	63
258	do 5s Ser B	56½	55½	56¼
12	do adj 5s	68¾	68	68¾
1	do inc 6s	61	60¾	61
4	STP & M 4½s	46¾	46¾	46¾
10	Seaboard adj 5s	93¾	93¾	93¾
30	Sincire Oil 7s stk war	53	53	53
29	S Pac cv 5s	88¾	88¼	88¾
1	S Pac cv 4s	87½	86¾	87¼
5	Sou Ry 4s	75½	75¼	75½
13	do 4s	80¾	80¾	80¾
3	do Gr Mob & Ohio div	68½	68½	68½
3	Tenn Cop 6s	99	99	99
4	Texas Co cv 6s	99½	99½	99½
3	Third Av Refg 4s	53	53	53
1	Un Pac 1st 4s	87	87	87
2	do reg	86	86	86
1	do cv 4s	84	84	84
5	do refg 4s	76½	76½	76¾
3	U S Rubber 5s	77¾	77¼	77¾
3	U S Smelting 6s	94¼	94¼	94¼
5	U S Steel 5s	99	98½	98½
14	Virginian Ry 5s	93½	92	92
4	West Md 4s	60	60	60
4	Wilson 6s	93¾	93¼	93¾

U. S. TREASURY STATEMENT

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—The following is a statement of the condition of the United States treasury on Jan. 16:

Income to date this year	$8,567,076,921
Income to date last year	418,332,401
Increase	8,148,744,520
Outgo over income this year	413,215,718
Outgo over income last year	44,126,644
Increase	367,089,074
Balance general fund	724,303,959
Balance previous day	653,449,458
Increase	70,854,501

CREAMERY PACKAGE COMPANY.

Directors and officers of the Creamery Package Manufacturing company were all re-elected at the annual meeting.

MARKET COMMENT

SOME large commission houses were of the opinion that the coal shortage should favorable affect earnings of fuel concerns and were advising, therefore, the purchase of oil shares, including Columbia Gas, Sinclair Oil, Ohio Cities Gas, and Ohio Fuel Supply. Other houses assumed the present situation would not long continue.

A number of proposed bond issues have been postponed and important offerings have been withdrawn from the market in the last few days. This was supposed to have been done because of the approaching Liberty loan offering, but the prospect now is that the Liberty loan flotation will be delayed for some time. There is a growing belief that these withdrawals have followed a conclusion that a turn in the bond market is developing and better prices may be expected.

The general stock market gave several surprises. Wires from New York at the opening were highly pessimistic. But it turned out that the initial quotations were the low ones and the advance was general. In the last hour, however, the market became mixed as to the extent of unfavorable conditions in the coal industry. It was thought that a more serious state of congestion might exist than the market believed.

Sinclair Oil and Refining had a considerable advance after the opening quotation, moving up to 34. The rise was due in large part to the declaration of the regular quarterly dividend of $1.25 a share. The action was taken after the close of the market the previous day. Yesterday's advance, however, did not hold, the final quotation being 32¾.

Texas company's stock and Ohio Cities Gas were also up, Texas going to 146, with a close of 2 points lower. Ohio Cities nearly recovered its 5 per cent stock dividend early in the session, but receded at close.

A selling movement in the market is not expected to go far without meeting bank support, since Washington is assumed to be ready to prevent undesirable demoralization.

One proffered explanation of the strength or firmness in the markets was that the fear of a five day holiday may have led to short covering by

STOCK EXCHANGES, BOARD OF TRADE, TO REMAIN OPEN

BOTH the New York and Chicago stock exchanges will remain open, as will the banks of the country. The exchanges consider themselves part of the general money market, and the governors of the New York exchange adopted yesterday afternoon a resolution to this effect and to keep open as usual. The local exchange will follow New York.

Commission houses were uncertain as to what their position would be with reference to heat. So long as the exchanges are open the commission houses will continue to receive and execute orders. They will do this even if no heat is afforded, but it is considered that if the stock market is an essential part of the money market, the brokers also are necessary for the conduct of business. Some thought that they might be classed, on a liberal interpretation, with banking houses, since they perform some of the functions of banks.

At a special meeting of the Board of Trade directors yesterday it was decided to keep the exchange open for business on all working days at reduced temperature. This ruling is subject to contrary orders from Washington.

PITTSBURGH STOCKS

	Sales.	High.	Low.	Close.
Carnegie Lead	25	7	7	7
Indep Brew	120	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
Do pfd	10	9½	9½	9½
Labelle I & S	20	107	107	107
Ohio Fuel Sup	1,040	43¾	43	43¾
Pgh Coal pfd	100	82¼	82¼	82¾
Pgh Mt Shasta	4,200	30	28	28
Pgh Plate Glass	15	116	116	116
Westingh A B	27	95	95	95
Westingh Elec	150	39½	39	39¼

LET US CO-OPERATE

Motto for the New Era

The Foremost Does Most to Bring Up the Hindmost.

(Reprinted from The Oakland Review, Jan. 15, 1918)

Fellow Citizens:

Everyone surely must be convinced by this time that the competitive system of doing business, whose motto was "Look out for No. 1, and the Devil take the hindmost," has come to an end.

Also that the co-operative era, whose motto must be "The foremost does most to bring up the hindmost" must inevitably take its place—indeed, that it has already practically supplanted it. The army draft means, of course, that the young manhood of the nation has been called upon to co-operate in its defense, and the food, fuel, industrial, railroad, and shipping control measures are all steps in the way of co-operation by the smaller units for the protection of the whole.

Our chief trouble at this moment is due to the fact that we are in a transition state—that we are trying to be a competitive and co-operative nation at the same time and hence are riding horses galloping in opposite directions.

Supposing it be granted that our present system of doing business is to break down—that the machinery by which the necessities of life were produced and distributed is about to go into the discard—and that a point of chaos must ensue before the wheels can be set revolving in the opposite direction—supposing all that be granted.

Has the past anything to offer in the way of experience in coping with breakdowns of such a nature? Certainly not on a scale of such a magnitude as the present emergency calls for, but certainly yes, on a small scale which perhaps can be expanded.

The experience of San Francisco in its earthquake and fire, of Dayton in its flood, and now of Halifax in its explosion may give us a hint.

One night San Francisco is a city of individuals, each for himself. Then the machinery by which these individuals were supplied with the necessities of life is smashed and immediately a co-operative system is put into effect. And immediately democracy takes its true form, for the cry is "the weakest first." Immediately after the smash a "round table" of the greatest minded, greatest hearted men and women of San Francisco came together, sweeping aside the rotten political system, and took hold of the problem. It was simple, though large. And our problem is still simple, though larger.

The San Franciscans said, "Well, here's a million of people or so, cut off from the rest of the world. The machinery by which food and other necessities was brought into the city and distributed is destroyed.

"We must put in motion another machine to take its place. Here are so many people, and in the stores and warehouses is so much food, blankets, tents, and other things needed. We must see that each gets enough to support life, but that no one gets more than his share." And so the millionaire and the hobo, the woman of the street and the wife of the mayor, the capitalist and the labor unionist, American and Chinaman, were put on the breadline together. All racial, social, political and religious barriers were swamped in a universal brotherhood. The peril smashed the little fears just as the big fear of a jungle fire submerges the fear of deer for lion and tiger. Also, and more important, the big love or love for all swamps the little love or love of self.

Now it is the duty of our "constructive nucleus" to expand the vision of an orderly or co-operative state to universal proportions.

The panic of 1917 was stopped because it was confined to the United States and the rest of the world went on as before until we hitched on and regained our equilibrium.

But now the whole world system has gone to smash.

Now the problem is how to put our man power and woman power at work in order that the rising and future generations shall be cared for and prepared for in accordance with the scheme of evolution mapped out for humanity.

Our working force must be taken hold of and properly distributed. Our two millions of people in Chicago, for instance, are too tightly packed together for production. The city is like an overcrowded beehive.

The overplus must be "swarmed" into model cities of smaller size placed in productive areas. We must have agricultural and industrial armies as well organized and equipped as the world's military forces—and this involves the wiping out of private ownership of the nation's farm lands.

Provision must be made especially for the legitimate use of the sex force of the race. This means that the millions of working men and women who desire to raise families be given a chance to marry and fulfill their life functions. These suggestions are put forth tentatively to open up discussion—the writer hopes a "round table" of capitalists, workingmen, clubwomen, religious leaders and social workers, Republicans, Democrats, Socialists, I. W. W.'s, "wets," "drys," and anarchists will be formed to consider how all our people can be taken care of. But the press is a good round table in itself, and all readers of this article are invited to write on the subject to The Oakland Review.

FRANK FORTON,
Representing "The Greatest Thing" Advertising Company.

CLOSING NEW YORK BID AND ASKED

Stocks Not Traded In Yesterday.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	75	85	pfd	8	9½
Adv Rum.	10½	12	Mont Pow pfd	99	....
Do pfd.	25½	27½	Nat Cloak	56¾	66
Ajax Rub.	48	50	Do pfd.	97	100
Allis-Ch pf	72½	74½	Nat Enam pfd	93	96
Am Ag Ch	80	82	Nat Lead	43½	45
Am Br Sh pf	82	85	Do pfd	99	103
Am Er Sh pf	....	97	Nat Rys M 1st pfd	....	21
Do pfd.	160	200	Do 2d pf	5	7
Am C & F pfd	....	106	New Or T & Mex	18	20
Am C Oil	75	78½	N Y Dock	17½	19½
Do pfd.	71	81	N Y C & S L	14¼	18
Am Exp.	80	90	Do 1st p	79	....
Am H & L	11½	12½	Do 2d pf	40	48
Do pfd.	50½	53¾	N Y & H	29	29½
Am Ice S.	10½	11½	N Y O & W	18	20
Do pfd.	37½	40	Norf & W pfd	76	85
Am LinOil pfd	70	71	N Sco Sti.	60	69
Am Loc pf	96	97	Owens Bot Mfg. pfd	103	....
Am Malt.	9	10¼	Pac Mail	24	25
Do pfd.	54	56	Do pfd	97	120
Am Sm pf	105	105½	Pac T & T	14½	20
Am Snuff.	80	90	Do pfd.	90	99
Do pfd.	80	100	Pac Coast.	40	45
Am Sugar.	99½	102	Peor & E.	5	8
Do pfd.	108	111	Pere Mar.	12¼	13
Am Tob C	50	60	Pierce-Ar.	31	35
Am Tob pf	76	77½	Do pfd.	87	90
A Wool pf	92½	94	P C C & S L	55	65
AmW P pf	21¾	23	Do pfd.	97	99
AmZinc pf	40¾	43	Pac Coast.	40	45
Asbestos	1	1	Peor & E.	5	8
Asso Oil.	55	58½	Pere Mar.	12¼	13
Atl C Line	89	91	Pierce-Ar.	31	35
Bald Lo pf	96	98	Do pfd.	87	90
B & O pfd.	56½	57½	P C C & S L	55	65
Beth Steel.	75½	77	Do pfd.	97	99
Brk U Gas	75	90	Royal Dutch	75	75
Chandler Motor	1,100	1,200	Sears-Roebuck	200	145½
Chesapeake & Ohio	1,600	52½	Sinclair Oil	8,600	34
C G W pfd.	100	21	Do pfd.	800	82½
C, M & St Paul	1,600	44	Southern Pacific	1,000	81¾
C, R I & P	1,600	73½	Southern Ry	2,500	22¾
Do pfd A w i	1,700	19½	St L & S F	400	11
Do pfd B w i	700	58	Studebaker	5,800	48¼
Chile Copper	2,300	16	Superior Steel	1,000	35¼
Chino	500	42½	Tennessee Copper	300	13¾
Colorado Fuel	200	36	Texas Oil	7,600	146
Columbia Gas & E	300	32	Tobacco Products	5,600	51¼
Corn Products	6,000	31¾	Union Pacific	5,400	113
Crucible Steel	13,400	57¾	United Cig Stores	1,000	94½
Cuban Cane Sugar	2,600	29½	United Fruit	400	117¼
Do pfd	100	78¾	U S Alcohol	1,400	118
Distil Sec	4,500	36⅝	U S Rubber	700	53
Dome Mining	100	8½	Do 1st pfd	100	93
Erie	1,200	15¼	U S Steel	196,700	99½
Do 1st pfd	400	24¾	Do pfd	100	109
Do 2d pfd	200	19¼	Utah Copper	7,700	82¼
Gaston Williams	400	34	Utah Securities	200	12
General Chemical	100	178	Virginia Chemical	200	37
General Electric	3,100	130¼	Wabash	200	7¾
Gen Motors new	6,700	113⅞	Do pfd	400	39¾
Goodrich	700	39¾	Do pfd A	300	23
Grasby	100	76	Do pfd B	300	21¾
Grt Northern Ore	600	26	Westinghouse Elec	2,300	39¾
Grt Northern pfd	300	87	Western Pacific	300	14
Greene

HOG TRADE MORE ACTIVE; PRICES 10-25C HIGHER

Packers' Buying Limited by Light Supply and High Prices.

LIVE STOCK QUOTATIONS

HOGS.

Bulk of sales	$16.20@16.70
Common to good mixed	16.00@16.25
Fair to fancy med. weights	16.15@16.30
Good to select butchers	16.55@16.70
Fair to fancy heavy shipping	16.40@16.55
Common to good lights	15.85@16.20
Canadian singers	16.40@16.50
Stags	16.00@16.75
Boars	11.75@13.85
Pigs	12.50@15.25

CATTLE.

Beef steers, choice to prime	$13.50@14.25
Beef steers, good to choice	12.40@13.50
Beef steers, fair to good	10.50@12.10
Beef steers, inferior, rough	7.25@ 9.60
Yearlings	9.25@14.00
Cows, fair to select	6.50@11.00
Heifers, fair to select	6.50@12.50
Canners and cutters	5.25@ 6.50
Good to select vealers	13.00@15.75

SHEEP.

Western wethers	$11.50@14.00
Native wethers	12.00@12.90
Yearlings	10.00@14.75
Ewes	10.00@12.60
Western ewes	9.50@12.25
Bucks	7.00@ 9.00
Western lambs	15.75@17.75
Native lambs	15.25@17.50

Hog trade at Chicago yesterday was more active and prices sold 10@25c higher. Cattle showed gains of 15@25c and lambs were steady to 15c higher.

Packers generally accepted the fuel administrator's closing order as holding them exempt and adhered to their usual schedule of business. Their purchases of live stock were limited only by the light supply of stock available and the high prices asked.

Receipts of hogs were estimated at 10,000 head. The bulk sold at $16.20@16.70 and tops at $16.75. Pigs were mostly 25c higher, with sales at $15.25 for the best strongweights.

Beef steers sold up to $13.50. Cows and heifers were steady to 15c higher, and closed with the advance off. Calves sold 25c higher, with prime vealers at $16.25, and the bulk of the good killers at $15.50@16.00.

Lambs topped at $17.75 to outsiders and at $17.70 to packers. Some shorn lambs of mediocre quality made $13.40. There were no desirable sheep offered, but a band of old Mexican wethers sold at $10.00.

Hog purchases for the day: Armour & Co., 500; Swift & Co., 100; Morris & Co., 100; Wilson & Co., 1,700; Boyd-Lunham, 500; Western Packing company, 1,400; Roberts & Oake, 200; Miller & Hart, 500; Independent, 600; Brennan 600; Agar, 300; butchers, 500; shippers, 4,000; total, 11,000; left over, 4,000.

Live Stock Movement at Chicago.

	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Wed., Jan. 16...	4,243	342	8,705	13,050
Thurs., Jan. 19..	19,955	3,678	49,193	17,201
Thurs., Jan. 17...	7,000	3,000	10,000	7,000
Shipments.				
Wed., Jan. 16...	3,026	55	4,926	1,954
Thurs., Jan. 10...	3,961	167	4,120	1,280
Thurs., Jan. 17...	2,000	100	3,500	2,000
Received from outside points.				
Wed., Jan. 16...	13,000	2,000	37,000	7,000
cattle, 20,000 hogs, and 9,000 sheep, against actual arrivals of 3,033 cattle, 41,796 hogs and 4,913 sheep for Friday, Jan. 19, 1917.				

Live Stock Markets Elsewhere.

NATIONAL STOCKYARDS, Ill., Jan. 17.—HOGS—Receipts, 8,700; market steady to weak. Lights, $16.20@16.55; pigs, $14.00@15.50; mixed and butchers, $16.25@16.65; good heavy, $16.55@16.65; bulk, $16.25@16.60. CATTLE—Receipts, 4,100; market steady. SHEEP—Receipts, 1,800; market steady; lambs, $14.00@17.50.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 17.—HOGS—Receipts, 10,000; market 5c to 15c higher; bulk, $15.90@16.25; heavy, $16.10@16.30; packers and butchers, $16.05@16.30; light, $15.90@16.30; pigs, $11.00@14.00. CATTLE—Receipts, 7,000; steady to 15c lower. SHEEP—Receipts, 7,000 head; lambs, $16.00@16.90.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Jan. 17.—CATTLE—No market. SHEEP—Steady, supply light; lambs, $19.00. HOGS—Higher; receipts, very light; prime heavyweights and heavy yorkers, $18.90@19.00; light yorkers, $18.50@19.00; pigs, $18.25@18.50.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 17.—HOGS—Receipts, 17,000; steady; heavy, $15.85@16.15; mixed, $15.90@16.10; light, $15.75@16.10; pigs, $9.00@15.00; bulk of sales, $15.90@16.05. CATTLE—Receipts, 5,800; 5c to 10c lower. SHEEP—Receipts, 10,600; steady; lambs, $15.75@17.25.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., Jan. 17.—HOGS—Receipts, 11,000; 5@10c higher; light $15.70@16.05; pigs, $13.50@14.50; bulk, $15.85@16.00. CATTLE—Receipts, 3,000; weak. SHEEP—Receipts, 500; market steady.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Jan. 17.—CATTLE—Receipts, 150; steady. HOGS—Receipts light; strong; heavy, mixed, and yorkers, $18.75; light yorkers, $17.25@17.75; pigs, $17.25. SHEEP—Receipts, 1,600; steady; unchanged.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Jan. 17.—HOGS—Receipts, 7,000; steady; top $16.50; bulk, $16.00@16.15. CATTLE—Receipts, 2,500; strong to 10c higher. SHEEP—Receipts, 6,000; steady; lambs, $13.00@16.75.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 17.—HOGS—Receipts, 8,000; steady; range, $15.60@16.00; bulk, $15.80@15.90. CATTLE—Receipts, 2,500; steady. SHEEP—Receipts, 200; steady; lambs, $8.00@16.75.

NEW YORK, Jan 17.—BEEVES—Receipts, 880; steady. SHEEP—Receipts, 900; steady; lambs, $18.75@19.75. HOGS—Receipts, 1,040; no trading.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION OF THE TRIBUNE

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TALKING MACHINES, RECORDS.

$20 CASH WILL BUY A LARGE CABINET talking machine, slightly used. This machine stands 42 inches high and plays any record; it includes two jewel needles, enabling you to play Pathe and Edison records; also 28 selections of records; and you will deliver free of charge. Call at Bedal Bros.' Storage, 3956 S. State-st., day or evenings.

HIAWATHA PHONOGRAPHS.
Beautiful cabinets; tone and construction guaranteed. Prices $35, $50, $75 and $100.
OTTAWA PIANOPHONE CO.
Room 802 Republic Bldg.

WE WOULD SELL A LARGE BEAUTIFUL $200 size talking machine very reasonably and accept small monthly payments if really to play. Call at Warehouse B, 873 N. State-st. Open evenings.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL $200 SIZE CABINET phonograph cheap; plays all records; guaranteed; monthly payments if desired. Call CITY STORAGE CO., 4100 So. State-st. Open evenings.

RECORDS BOUGHT, SOLD, EXCHANGED. Only place to buy 10" 75c records; 20,000 new and 9,000 slightly used records; actual arrivals of 3,033 cattle, 41,796 hogs and 4,913 sheep for Friday, Jan. 19, 1917.

WANTED—SMALL GORDON PRESS OR outfit. Give details. Address C 206, Tribune.

PRINTING ENGRAVING, BINDING.

GOOD PRINTING AT POPULAR PRICES—1,000 letterheads, envelopes, cards, $2.50 to $3; catalogues, booklets, and circulars reasonable; samples free. Fantus, 623 S. Dearborn.

GOOD PRINTING, LOW PRICES—1,000 LETTERheads, envelopes or cards, $2.25. Victor Bros., 25 N. Franklin. Tel. Main 4271.

PATENTS—PATENT ATTORNEYS.

SEND FOR FREE SEARCH AND PARTIAL payment plan. MILO B. STEVENS & CO., 57 W. Jackson-blvd., Chicago. Est. 1864.

FREE ADVICE ON PATENTS, INVENtions, trademarks. Tillman, 25 N. Dearborn.

CLEANERS AND DYERS.

AUG. SCHWARZ (EST. 1856), GENERAL Cleaner and Dyer of all Garments, Carpets, and Rugs. Prompt service; 3 stores—109-111 W. Illinois-st., 34 W. Randolph-st. Main 3526.

PENSIONS.

ARMY, NAVY, OR MARINE CORPS CASES, soldiers or heirs. MILO B. STEVENS & CO., 55 W. Jackson-blvd., Chicago. Est. 1864.

SEWING MACHINES.

NEW AND USED SEWING MACHINES, fully guaranteed; your choice WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO., 24 W. Lake-st.

BILLIARDS AND BOWLING.

FOR SALE—BILLIARD TABLES, BRAND new carom and pocket, with complete outfit, $150. Second hand tables at reduced prices. Easy payments. We rent tables with privilege of applying rent on purchase. Call or store fixtures, 4 years' guaranty. THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO., 623-29 S. Wabash-av.

HARRY FINKELSTEIN BUYS, SELLS, OR exchanges 2d hand pool and billiard tables and supplies. 1710 W. Lake-st. Ph. West 2528.

FRED HAUPT & SONS, BILLIARD TABLES for hall, club or home. $10 down buys home table. 2118 Madison-st. 2256 Ogden-av.

PLUMBING, LIGHT FIXTURES, ETC.

BARGAINS IN BATHTUBS, CLOSETS, Lavatories, Sinks, and Heating Plants. SHANE CO.
3300-3400 Wentworth-av. Drover 400.

PEOPLES PLUMB. AND HEAT SUPPLY CO.
490 Milwaukee-av. 461 N. Halsted-st.
Branch 2700 N. 2d-av. Wholesale prices to all. Write for circular. Haymarket 1015.

ONLY HOUSE SELLING GUAR. PLUMBING, heating supplies direct. Send for catalogue. T. B. Karol, Kedzie, cor. Polk. Kedzie 9440.

PRINTING MACHINERY & SUPPLIES.

FOR QUICK SALE—600 LBS. LEAD AND slugs, quoins; 600 lbs. job type, imposing stone, stands. Bargain. Call 18 S. Clinton-st., 2d floor.

WANTED—SMALL GORDON PRESS OR outfit. Give details. Address C 206, Tribune.

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NEW AND USED SEWING MACHINES, fully guaranteed; your choice WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO., 24 W. Lake-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WTD—14 YRS.' EXP., 33 YRS. old, married, strictly sober and reliable, competent bookkeeper and office manager, a high grade man, now employed but wishes a change with better prospects. Call Normal 667.

SITUATION WTD—SINGLE MAN, AGED 24, well educated, good address, refined, hustler; desires position as cost clerk or assistant auditor; good at figures. Best of references. Address B 195, Tribune.

Spanish Correspondent.

Well educated; 8 years' experience in South American trade; draft exempt; best ref. Address C 239, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—MARRIED MAN, 28 yrs. old, 10 yrs. selling and gen. office exp.; office or city salesman. Address B 198, Tribune.

SHIPPING CLERK.

5 yrs.' exp.; packer and wrapper; age 27; married, 4fd exempt. Address C 98, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD — HEAD BOOKKEEPER, accountant; 13 years exp.; past draft age; wish to change; $35 start, with prospects good ref. Address C 149, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—MAN, 28 YRS. OLD, 7 yrs. genl. off. exp., 3 yrs. timekeeper; have held exec. pos.; can shoulder respons.; marr. Address C 114, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—YOUNG MAN, 20 YRS. of age, having had 4 years exp. as office man; have good knowledge of bkpg.; A1 refs. Address D 504, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—EDUCATED MAN WANTS Spanish translation; 10 years' experience in Spanish-American trade; prices reasonable. Tel. Wellington 790.

SITUATION WTD — BOOKKEEPER OPENS, closes books; trial balance; speaks foreign language. C. JUVAS, 8 S. Division-st.

SITUATION WTD—SKKPR. OR ASSIST.; 8 yrs. exp., rapid, married, age 34; sal. $23 wk. J. KRUPKA, 2103 S. 48th-ct., Cicero, Ill.

SITUATION WTD—MAN, 22 YRS., 3 YRS. office exp. all typewriting. Some city sales exp. Address C 174, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—BKKPR. OR ASSIST. AGE 25; 6 yrs. exp.; first class ref.; exempt from draft. Address C 989, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—10 YRS.' CLERICAL EXP. Good handwriting, accurate at figures; A1 ref. Address C 217, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—YOUNG MAN, 2 YR. H. S., mech. course; pos. in office; ref. Doug. 3836.

SITUATION WTD—YOUNG MAN, SPEAKing French and German; office experience. Call Midway 3333. References.

SITUATION WTD—BANK BOOKKEEPER or asst.; M. W. Side preferred. Address D 56, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD — EXPERIENCED IN circuit clothing house; good correspondent. Address D 204, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—YOUNG MAN 23 YRS. of age desires position in reliable office; broad exp.; ref.; married; $20 to start. Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—YOUNG MAN, AGE 31; exempt; good business training, exp., executive ability. Address C 157, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—MAN, 27, UNTIL FEB. 10; in draft; bap., clerical. Address D 542, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—BKPR. YOUNG OFFICE man and ledger clerk. Address C 550, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—BOOKKEEPER, MANager, or position of responsibility; refs, bonds, notary public. Address C 96, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—SHIPPING CLERK, 10 years' exp. Phone superior 7714.

Accountants and Auditors.

SITUATION WTD—
EXPERT ACCOUNTANT
solicits audits, books bal'd, fin. st'm'ts, cost systems, war tax returns. Reasonable.
H. LEMAN, N. A. Life Bldg. Cent. 5242.

SITUATION WTD—EXPERIENCED ACcountant and auditor, permanent position only. Address C 405, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—ACCOUNTANT, EMployed, will handle small set of books, evenings; reference. Address C 558, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—SYSTEMS, AUDITS, some bal., etc. Phone Hyde Park 7841.

SITUATION WTD—SMALL SETS KEPT. BAGLEY, 39 S. La Salle. Cent. 3118.

Executives and Managers.

CREDIT MANAGER.

I desire to connect with a live, well established concern located in small manufacturing town; am now employed by largest and best corpn. of its kind in the U. S.; am capable, ambitious, sober, industrious, and can handle large volume of work; if you have a REAL OPPORTUNITY for a man of my caliber, and can assure me of steady employment at a suitable remuneration, let me submit my proofs to verify the foregoing statements. Address G D 570, Tribune.

Assistant to Executive.

I want a job with an organization where ability as an executive, knowledge of efficiency straight-cuts, and a keen ambition to get ahead will be given reasonable recognition; 7 years on office and salesmanship activities; familiar with mail order field; scientific management; draft exempt; bone dry, and willing to work; salary $150. Address D 486, Tribune.

ADVERTISING.

Energetic, resourceful man of 35, at present employed by agency as accountant and also in a general advertising advisory capacity, desires to connect with publication or printing house where he can use his knowledge of faces and the value of harmony and contrast. What have you? Address C 474, Tribune.

COLLEGE GRADUATE.

Young man wants position where practical experience along financial and executive lines will be an asset; worked way through college; have ability and determination to get ahead; war conditions make it advantageous; will consider opening only with well established firm presenting a future. Address C 655, Tribune.

Manager or Salesman.

Man of mature judgment, integrity, and honor; exceptional ability as an executive, also detail work; competent to handle important private or corporation affairs; willing to take charge of office or travel; only those who do business on strict business principles will be considered. Address C 515, Tribune.

EXECUTIVE.

Does your business need new blood to put pep in your organization? Don't feel because your name is established that your business will run along without keeping up with the times. I am 35, married, and can help with lots of energy. Address C 520, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—YOUNG MARRIED MAN 26 years of age desires connection with reliable concern. Seven years' experience in sales and office work. Can assist executive, assume responsibility, and handle large sum of detail. Address C 493, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—THOROUGHLY EXPERIenced man in credits, collections and general supervision of accounts receivable, wishes to make change. Only high class proposition will be considered. Can show clear record. Address G. N. A., 2027 Prairie-av., Chicago.

SITUATION WTD—MAN, 39, TEN YRS.' foreign selling experience, as manufacturer's agent, desires connection with Chicago house as salesman or in export department. Best Chicago references. Address D 184, Tribune.

PRIVATE SECRETARY.

Executive of unusual ability; shorthand reporter; splendid correspondent and office man; 15 yrs.' exp. Address C 63, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—AMERICAN, 40, COLlege graduate, ten years' legal practice, strictly temperate, good correspondent, with executive and managerial ability, desires secretaryship or confidential position with large firm, corporation, or individual; best references. Address D 459, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—MARRIED MAN, AGE 27, 4 years with present concern, wishes to make change; present position dead-end dept.; know the retail credit and promotion business from A to Z; can handle any dept. along this line; best refs. Address C 598, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—BUYER AND MANAGER for ladies' ready to wear department store, a live wire with lots of experience and successful record desires to make a change for the spring. Can furnish best of references. Well acquainted with all markets. Address G X 149, Tribune.

CONFIDENTIAL MANAGER.

Business man of mature age and broad executive experience; capable of managing an estate or of relieving principal of the care of business details. Address C 209, Tribune.

ADVERTISING MANAGER,

Experienced in all detail; 5 years with the largest mfr. of public reading; 9 years' experience as production manager, service man, and estimator of printing and engraving; age 29; will leave city. Address B 539, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—ADVERTISING DEPT. I am a beginner, 20 yrs. age; understand psychology, layouts and other important features in advertising; will you give me a chance? Address C 128, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—YOUNG MAN, 4 YEARS' exper. as manager of upholst., window shade, and drapery dept. of large Chicago house; buyer exper. Address D 577, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—MANAGER, 15 YEARS' experience, sales, advertising, handling dealers, jobbers dept., stores; through salesmen and mail order. Address D 240, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—CATALOGUE MAN AND buyer of rugs and furniture; general sales correspondent and office man; 11 years present employer; age 30. Address G Z 357, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—GENERAL OFFICE AND salesman; capable executive; might do some stenog. work. Exp., ref.; state your line. Address C 481, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—CIGAR STORE MANAger, Zalcro or Western city; draft exempt; married; refs. Address C 157, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—YOUNG COLLEGE MAN, legal training, business exp. Address C 534, Tribune.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Executives and Managers.

SITUATION WTD—A COPY WRITER AND sales wants a market for real ability with advertising agency or in the sales promotion branch of a live commercial businesses; must pay $2,500 annually to start and offer a fertile field for development. Address D 138, Tribune.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SOUTH AMERICA.

An experienced salesman, possessing knowledge of S. America, would like to represent an established institution in that country; college man. Address D 538, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—BY MAN NOW CONnected with one of the largest railway systems as a solicitor, to represent mfrs. or firms wanting a salesman in Chicago territory; steam or specialty; commission or otherwise. Address D 541, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—BY MAN OF UNUSUAL all around ability; exp. in sales and executive capacities; 30; married; giving up own bus. acct. war; seek connection ext., responsible house only. Address B 194, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—LIVE, HUSTLING salesman wishes to connect with reliable firm, specialty or side line, com. basis; visiting prin. cities. Address C 552, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD — AUTO ACCESSORY salesman or stock keeper; 12 years' experience. H. Kurtzman, 322 E. 53d-st. Drexel 5557.

SITUATION WTD—METAL SALESMAN; 12 years' experience type metals, Babbitts, and solder lines, will travel; A1 reference. Address C 502, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—HIGH GRADE SALESman; due to war conditions; record proves ability and integrity. Address C 112, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—MGR. LARGE TRADE organization New York City will devote part time representing Western concern East; remunerative; nominal. Address D 44, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—EXP. SPEC. MAN; SAL. and com. or expenses and com. O. L. DAVIS Co., care W. D. Co., 20 E. Jackson.

SITUATION WTD—SIDE LINE, BY SALESman who travels in Ill., Wis.; calls on all retail merchants. Address D 103, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—VARNISH AND ENAMel salesman, mfg. trade, Ill., Ind., and Mich. Address C 109, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—SALESMAN, AGED 20; h. s. grad. Address B 171, Tribune.

Professions and Trades.

SITUATION WTD—BY ENGINEER, AGE 28; licensed; refs.; 18 years exp.; all types industrial and commercial steam and electric plants; A C and D C motors, generators, refrigerators; competent on repairs and maintenance. Address C 184, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—MECH. ENG., 34 YRS. old; exp. mach. desig. in mach. tools, foundry equip., handling mach., prac. foundry exper., command Russ. and Germ. langs. Address C 52, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—MECHANICAL ENGIneer will spare time to work on new enterprises, inventions, power plant designs, reduction of power, and fuel costs. Address C 83, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—PETROLEUM GEOLogist and mining engineer; ten years' experience; now working for firm of consulting petroleum engineers; contract ends Feb. 1; age 37; married. Address D A 12, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD — ENGINEER, PREF. small wages at low pressure plant, electric elevators, sprinkler syst.; refs. Gardner, 113 S. Peoria-st.

SITUATION WTD—EXPERT DRAFTSMAN, stoker work pref. Exper. in underfeed traveling grate, and gravity types. Best refs. Address C 456, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—MECHANICAL ENGIneer will take on extra work in designing and drafting; also familiar with machine tools and millers. Address B 256, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—BY ALL ROUND MAchinist with exper. as chf. insp. and foreman of mach. shop; age 32; 14 yrs.' exp. in all. Address C 499, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—MINE SURVEYOR AND draftsman, technical graduate, 1909; experienced in Mexico; married. Address D F 12, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—ESTIMATOR, EXP. CONtractor's office, comp. to interview architects and take measurements. Address X S 251, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—DRUGGIST A NO. 1 apprentice; married; reg. in 2 states; 41 and can go out of town; best references. No. or So. Side. Address D 504, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—BY YOUNG MAN IN com. sch. shop; can run drill press, etc.; steady; age 19. Address C 307, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—SALES MGR. OR SALESman, salary; permanent position; draft exempt. Address D 194, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—ARCHT. DRAFTS. AND builder wants position as salesman; will travel; age 31. Address C 446, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD — DRAFTSMAN AND bookkeeper, tech. graduate. Address D 106, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—SHEET METAL WORKer; 25 years' experience in pattern cutting and estimating. Address B 138, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—CYLINDER PRESSMAN can take charge small shop; all grades of work; ref. Address C 71, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—CHEMIST; GOOD ANalyst, metallurgy, engineering, and general experience. Address B 139, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—FIRST CLASS MASSEUR and manicure; 15 years experience. Address B 101, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—CARPENTER JOBBING, Belmont 1084, evenings.

SITUATION WTD—A1 ENGINEER, ELEC., refrig.; competent. Address C 183, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—ENGINEER, A1 REFS. BLANCHARD, phone Seeley 1156.

SITUATION WTD—1ST ASST. ENGINEER; oil repair man. Ph. Monticello 2574.

SITUATION WTD—PLUMBER WITH STATE license. Address B 136, Tribune.

Clubs and Hotels.

SITUATION WTD—MANAGER OR ASSIST. with lt. commercial or resort hotel, out of city; 15 years' experience; good reference; state particulars, salary, etc. Address B 193, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—COL. CHEF, SMALL HOtel or priv. fam.; city ref. Drexel 4352.

Farm and Garden Help.

SITUATION WTD — BY EXPERIENCED farmer, age 35, married, 2 children, boys, 4 and 6 years old; wife can milk 2 cows. Address O. Erickson, R. R. 1, Box 112, Aurora, Ill.

SITUATION WTD—MIDDLE AGED MAN TO manage gentleman's farm; 12 years' exp.; sober, reliable, able to handle any well kept farm. Address C 403, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—CAPABLE MAN WANTS management of large farm; might purchase later. Address C 108, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—FARM MGR.; MARRIED, expert in tractors, stock, crops; bank ref. Address C 110, Tribune.

House Servants.

SITUATION WTD—BUTLER, VALET, houseman, with family; thoroughly experienced, reliable, willing; all around work; references. Address C 55, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—MAN AND WIFE, COLored; all around man; 1st class cook; best ref. Phone La Grange 1004.

SITUATION WTD—EXP. HOUSEMAN, GARdener; man; best refs. Address C 324, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—JAPANESE, EXP. COOK, butler, housework; city or country; best reference. Address C 82, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—YOUNG RELIABLE FILIpino wishes position, houseman and butler; best ref. 576 Oak-st., Winnetka, Ill.

SITUATION WTD—COUPLE, BUTLER AND houseman, wife A1 cook. BUTLER, 14 E. Ontario-st. Tel. Superior 1749.

SITUATIONS WTD—MAN AND WIFE; woman first class cook, man butler; best ref. Address D 58, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—JAPANESE TO STUDY, light gen. housework; small wages. Address C 253, Tribune.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Chauffeurs.

CHAUFFEUR AND WIFE.

Drive any car; wife exp. cook, maid, or nurse, 3 years' refs. Phone Garfield 2887.

SITUATION WTD—CHAUFFEUR; 33; MARried; 11 yrs. experience; can furnish best references; private. Address C 492, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD — CHAUFFEUR, MARried, one child; best ref.; private family; N. S. preferred. Ravenswood 9082.

SITUATION WTD—CHAUFFEUR, 25; SINgle, 7 years' exp.; mechanic; best city refs. Phone Monroe 2518.

SITUATION WTD—COL. CHAUFFEUR, married, 8 yrs.' exp.; best ref.; priv. Doug. 8279.

SITUATION WTD—CHAUFFEUR, SINGLE, age 34; first class, long exp.; will do other duties; best refs. Address D 553, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—CHAUF., 30, AMER., married; mechanic; all cars; 7 yrs.' exp.; good habits; ref. Phillips, Ray 9400.

SITUATION WTD—CHAUFFEUR, SINGLE, wants priv. position; first class ref. only; exempt from draft. Address C 94, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—COL. WILL DO; EXPERIenced colored man as chauffeur in priv family; ref. Doug. 4028.

SITUATION WTD — CHAUFFEUR, YOUNG man,

WANTED—MALE HELP.
Professions and Trades.

TOOL DESIGNERS.

Several first class tool designers with experience on punch and die or jig and fixture work.

Call or write, giving age, technical training, experience, and approximate salary expected.

Western Electric Co., Inc.,
48TH-AV. AND 24TH-ST.

TOOL AND DIE MAKERS—AI MEN, WE-quirement to accurate work and small jigs, fixtures, and compound dies. H. G. SAAL CO., 4410 Ravenswood-av.

TOOLMAKER — EXPD. MAN; GOOD JOB; best pay. Room 1114, 127 N. Desplaines-st.

WANTED — MECHANICAL draftsmen with experience on electrical apparatus, particularly switchboards, circuit breakers, and controllers. Permanent positions and every chance for advancement offered to the right men. Address Chief Clerk Engineering Dept., WESTINGHOUSE ELEC. & MFG. CO., East Pittsburgh, Pa.

WELDER—FOR FOUNDRY WORK. MELrose Park; one living on West Side preferred. Apply Free Employment Office, 504 S. Clark.

WOOLEN MILL HELP—SECOND HAND FOR carding and second hand for spinning; good wages.
Oregon City Mfg. Co., Oregon City, Ore.

Pharmacists.

PHARMACIST—REG. OR GOOD ASSISTant; good position; ref. MILLER, 55th and Blackstone.

Farm and Garden Help.

MARRIED COUPLE—ON DAIRY FARM. Man must be reliable and good worker. Wife to cook for family of two. Prefer woman who has worked in good families. Give wages and references in first letter. Address P H 309, Tribune.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

ACCIDENT AND HEALTH SALESMEN, whole part time; good comm.; Ill., Ind., Mich., Minn., Wis.; comb. policies. General Accident Co., 1811 Insurance Exch.

ACCIDENT AGENTS WANTED—ILL., WIS. and Ind.; policies liberal contract. Chicago Bonding Insurance Co., Chicago.

ADVERTISING SALESMEN

And men who have made good in specialty lines.

Rand, McNally & Co. is launching an aggressive country-wide campaign on a new war proposition.

It will require the services of a number of men answering the above specifications.

Those who qualify are assured splendid income-producing positions will be selected. MR. SAGER, 536 So. Clark-st.

BATHHOUSE PROMOTERS — TO HANDLE Eastern allotment of stock in sound company; clean-cut live wire, and hustler not capable of managing bathhouse or bath hotel; exceptional opportunity. References exchanged. Address 103, H. R. CARLIGHTON, Secretary, Manitou, Colo.

BEST AGENCY CONTRACTS

With the greatest life insurance company. See J. J. McKAY, NEW YORK LIFE, 343 S. DEARBORN, RM. 317.

IF I WOULD SHOW YOU HOW TO EARN from $50 to $60 per week in your spare time, would it interest you? And at the same time learn a profession which is self-supporting. Make application at once, Room 818, 68 W. Monroe-st. Ask for Mr. Mango. Also evenings.

MAN—HIGH CLASS, HAVING WIDE ACquaintance to sell all stock on very liberal commission. This company is backed by Chicago business men and will stand thorough investigation. Replies treated confidentially. Address D 99, Tribune.

MEN—SEVERAL; (GENTILE). OF NEAT appearance, 20 to 35, to travel and fill vacancies caused by the draft; experience unnecessary; will teach you salesmanship. Call after 8:30, 4th fl., Ohio Bldg., Congress and Wells-sts. Ask for Salesmanager.

MEN—WHO CAN SELL MEMBERSHIPS IN the oldest league of city; red blooded with lots of pep. No side line. Large commissions for right men. Ask for Mr. Fried, Rm. 315, 179 W. Washington-st.

MEN—LIVE, TO SELL THE MOST LIBERal accident and health policy ever offered; we teach you the business; all or part time. For particulars address C 461, Tribune.

MEN—TO LEAVE CITY AT ONCE; EXPErience not necessary; salary and expenses or commission. 509 S. Wabash-av., 4th flr. Ask for MR. BLOOM.

SALES MANAGERS—TWO, WITH OR OR without following. Should be aggressive, resourceful, and able to train and direct men. This proposition in addition to being highly lucrative offers exceptional opportunity to connect with one of the best organizations of its kind in the country. Room 847 First Nat. Bank Bldg., between 9:15 and 10:30 A.M. Saturday.

SALESMAN—IF YOU WILL PHONE RANdolph 5184 I will tell you in 3 minutes whether you can qualify for position on our sales force; want men who now are making $25 or more weekly and who feel that their earnings are limited in present position; will teach men selected our system of selling, where you can have an income while learning.

SALESMEN—LEARN MORE—EARN MORE. Men who have never sold or men who want to become better salesmen. We give you the co-operation and practical instruction that makes you a 100% salesman. Grow with a large progressive organization. Good money from the start. See MR. A. O. SWENSON, Room 847, 70 W. Monroe-st.

SALESMEN—MEN OF ABILITY AND CHARacter, who can qualify on a real proposition. The demand for our commodity is created by the government under the WAR INCOME TAX LAW. Our men are all satisfied with their income. Are you? Call or write H. J. BORNEMANN & CO., Room 3 Peoples Life Bldg., Randolph and Wells-sts.

SALESMEN—DRUGS: IF YOU ARE A TOP notcher selling drugs to physicians and want to improve your present connection and add materially to your income write us in confidence for interview. Address H B 561, Tribune.

SALESMAN—GOOD APPEARANCE. THIS is not R. E. subdivision, oil stock, or stock and bonds. It is a new selling proposition we are doing but. Leads fur. Come prep. to work. 512 Harris Trust Bldg.

SALESMEN—OF STRONG PERSONALITY, endowed with pep and selling ability; acquaintance with grocer and butcher trade preferred; high class salary proposition. Address H G 498, Tribune.

SALESMEN—SEVERAL YOUNG MEN OF character, 18 to 21 years of age, to learn salesmanship by selling an office specialty; moderate salary to start; advancement with progress. Address D 595, Tribune.

SALESMEN—USED TO MAKING $4,000 per yr. and up, to call on wholesale and retail druggists and grocers; side line; commission and commissions. Big advertising campaign. Address E N 485, Tribune.

SALESMEN—ONE OF THE OLDEST AND largest roofing and bldg. paper mfrs. in country wants first class, experienced salesmen for Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, and Ohio. Address H B 570, Tribune.

SALESMEN—CAN USE 15 LIVE SALESmen at once; list of live customers given; success guaranteed; men with ambition; in city; permanent. ORIGINAL PRODUCTS CO., 58 W. Washington-st.

SALESMEN—THREE SPECIALTY MEN; great war scenic; authentic history, ready to date with guarantee to end of war, including peace treaty. Leads furnished. F. F. COLLIER & SON, Suite 626 Wheeler Bldg.

SALESMEN—OUT OF TOWN SALESMEN; side line; article weighing less than one lb. Good for evening work. Address H B 548, Tribune.

SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED, WAGON, FOR established tea and coffee routes; must be able to furnish first class references and bond. Address H G 501, Tribune.

SALESMAN—TO REPRESENT THE ROYcraft shops; must be high pressure men, good personality and originality. Inquire for Mr. Phillips, 1203 Mallers Bldg.

SALESMEN—PHOTOGRAPH COUPON. Really dressed men; best proposition in city; pay every night. The Northland Studio, 19th floor Majestic Theater Bldg.

SALESMEN—ACCIDENT AND HEALTH INsurance; liberal agency contracts; city and country. Merchants Life & Casualty Co., R. 329, 79 S. La Salle-st. Chicago.

SALESMEN—OUR SIDE LINE OF HOTEL linens and china; very profitable to good salesmen. The Cross-Wells Co., Hotel and Restaurant Equipment, 17 S. Wabash-av.

SALESMEN—TO HANDLE POPULAR LINE of dresses on commission basis, with established trade preferred. SOBEL GARMENT CO., 2002 W. Division-st.

SALESMAN—BOY OVER ABOUT 18, AS assistant salesman. Apply personally after 8 a.m. 323 S. Wabash-av., 1st apt. J. Fairy.

SALESMEN—OPPORTUNITY FOR MEN who will hustle. Big earnings. It's up to you. Phone Room 413 Grand Pacific Hotel before 9:30 for appointment.

SALESMEN—2 YOUNG, LIVE PRODUCERS, under and Edison goods; good proposition. Call 841, 1603 Davis-st., Evanston.

SALESMAN—OPENING FOR LIVE SALESman with old financial house; big earnings; permanent future. Address E X 104, Tribune.

SALESMEN—CAPABLE OF MAKING $100 per week up; live leads and every assistance furnished. Address G T 284, Tribune.

SALESMEN—A FEW MEN OF UNUSUAL mental caliber for work in the loop. C. O. Erickson, 1304-7, 20 E. Jackson.

SALESMEN—TO SELL ELECTRIC VACUUM cleaners to homes; sal. and com. 916 North American Bldg.

SALESMEN—SELL NEW SPEC. TO MERchants, city, country; ref.; $25; your profit $12.50. Call or write A. Calvin, 502 Jackson Blvd.

SALESMEN AND MANAGERS—$35 TO $90 per week. It has irresistible appeal to all. Room 1, Temple.

SALESMEN—TWO; ONE GREEK. MR. ——, 816 First National Bank Bldg.

WANTED—MALE HELP.
Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SALESMEN
FOR
FORD CARS.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR HIGH GRADE, ACTIVE YOUNG MEN WITH GOOD SELLING EXPERIENCE.
LAWDER BROS.
63TH, NEAR STATE-ST.

SALESMAN — WE WANT AN EXPERIenced man with good reference, sound common sense, and strong personality, to work in Chicago; large income and quick promotion for one who can qualify. This is a real opportunity for a man of refinement (married preferred), with an eye for the future. Work highly dignified and congenial. If now employed it will pay you to change. Our men are earning $60 to $300 per week. Call at 320 McCormick Bldg., after 9:30 a. m.

SALESMEN—SPECIALTY; CITY TERRItory now ready for experienced specialty salesmen to sell, adding machines and typewriters behind local advertising campaign producing leads everywhere; price is from $44.50 to $100; terms as low as $5 per month; no salaries or drawing accounts but exceptionally liberal commissions payable weekly. Call 1510 Steger Bldg., between 9 and 12.

SALESMEN—A CORPORATION OFFERS OPportunity to 3 live wire salesmen to join its sales force; licensed by "blue sky" commissioners. This is a real opportunity for permanent connection, with every chance for advancement. Phone Randolph 5186 for interview.

SALESMAN.
A large corporation with expanding business must have AI salesman for local and outside territory; will give every possible co-operation, including drawing account, but demand good character, neat appearance, and genuine salesmanship ability; advancement assured good man. SALES MANAGER, 915-17 Manhattan Bldg.

SALESMEN—WITH PROVEN SALES ABILity, can make permanent connection with large outdoor advertising corporation. Phone Central 6836 for appointment.

SALESMEN — FINANCIAL HOUSE HAS opening for five more $1,000 per month stock salesmen to follow up live leads, coming from $10 to $15; strong selling issue; going company; active indorsement many leading men; issue approved by Securities Commission Michigan and Iowa; liberal commission with bonus; a regular weekly salary basis. Address SALES MANAGER, 824 this Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

SALESMAN—AN EXPERIENCED DISINFECtants, liquid soaps and sanitary supply salesman for established responsible Canadian house; married man given preference; guaranteed salary with commissions; we require satisfactory character references and record. Apply by letter to Mr. E. D. Martin, Canadian Disinfecting and Chemicals, Limited, care La Salle Hotel, Chicago, or in person, Feb. 1.

SALESMAN.
If you are desirous of connecting with a large, successful selling force, where ability to sell will lead to managerial position, write us at once; must have liberal education, be neat, clean record; drawing account against large commissions. HARTMAN, 918 Marshall Bldg.

SALESMEN—BIG ADVERTISING CAMpaign just starting; we want three more neat, educated young men, 21 to 30 years old, for our outside sales department; good pay to right men. Call 9 and 2, 327 S. La Salle-st., Room 635.

SOLICITORS—PUBLISHERS PAY $25 PER week to men who average 5 orders per day on monthly payment magazine club. See our quick selling combination; experience unnecessary. Room 401, 5 N. La Salle-st.

SOLICITORS—INSIDE FROM 9 TO 5 FOR soldiers, chauffeurs, and motorists; sample 35c. Mills & Mills, Fisher Bldg., Chicago.

TRAVELING SALESMEN—EXPERIENCED, clean cut, and aggressive, not over 40 years of age; must have good records as to character and sales ability. Drug trade experience preferable. Reply stating age and experience. Address C 488, Tribune.

TRAVELING REPRESENTATIVE — FOR spec. selling calendar to banks and merchants. Christian men pref. Big money. 1170 Old Colony Bldg.

TRUCK SALESMEN.

With larger earning capacities have an opportunity at Stratton-Gramm-Bernstein Truck Co. Apply SALES MANAGER, 2436-38 Michigan-av.

WANTED.

YOUNG MEN
FOR
SALES WORK.

We need for immediate openings several high grade young men who are exempt from draft and between the ages of 19 and 25.

The work is the selling of advertising on a salary and commission basis—netting about $15 per week at the start, and rapid advancement to those who show an interest in the work and ability to develop.

These men must be of good appearance at least high school graduates with fitting recommendations. Give all facts in your letter, including phone number.

Address H E 246, Tribune.

5 CITY SALESMEN.

Wholesale millinery experience, acquainted with millinery buyers out of the loop; energetic real salesman can form a permanent connection here that will pay $2,500 to $3,000 guaranteed salary and commission; references in strict confidence. Address H F 555, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

PACKERS,
ORDER PICKERS,
STOCK MEN

FOR SHIPPING ROOM.

APPLY
GREAT NOR. MFG. CO.
215 W. RANDOLPH-ST.

STOCKKEEPER — HOUSE FURNISHINGS, side line; article weighing less than one lb. Good for evening work. Address H B 548, Tribune.

SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED, WAGON, FOR established tea and coffee routes; must be able to furnish first class references and bond. Address H G 501, Tribune.

SALESMAN—TO REPRESENT THE ROYcraft shops; must be high pressure men, good personality and originality. Inquire for Mr. Phillips, 1203 Mallers Bldg.

SALESMEN—PHOTOGRAPH COUPON. Really dressed men; best proposition in city; pay every night. The Northland Studio, 19th floor Majestic Theater Bldg.

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SALESMEN—TWO; ONE GREEK. MR. ——, 816 First National Bank Bldg.

WANTED—MALE HELP.
Miscellaneous.

YOUNG MEN,
19 years and over,
TO LEARN
Telephone switchboard installation work; good opportunities for rapid advancement; steady work; pay while learning; $12 a week to start; exceptional opportunity for high school men.

Write or apply in person, 8 a. m. to 12 m.
Western Electric Co., Inc., Training School for Installers, 426 S. Clinton-st.

200 LABORERS
TO SHOVEL SNOW.
WASHINGTON PARK,
57TH-ST. AND
COTTAGE GROVE-AV.
APPLY AT ONCE.
SOUTH PARK
COMMISSIONERS.

MEN—FOR TRUCKING, SACKING, AND CHECKING CATALOGUES; ALSO MEN FOR LOADING CARS; 25 CENTS PER HOUR. APPLY THE CHAS. WILLIAMS STORES, 1315 S. WABASH-AV.

Free Employment Bureau.

MEN—FAST 45, NO CHARGE TO APPLIcant or employer. Accountant and cost man, Harvey, Ill., $150; restaurant cashier, $45 and meals; doorman, $13; licensed chauffeur, Ford truck, $15; engineer, institution, $60, board and room; steel molder, $150; strong man, warehouses, freight depots, factories, stores, snow shovelers, janitors, porters, housemen, night watchmen, bank clerks, file clerks. Call 56 E. Randolph, 2d floor.

AT NO TIME IN THE HISTORY OF OUR country has ability been more in demand than right now. Employers are seeking the best that can be had. What are your powers? Our scientific analysis will determine where you belong. SCIENTIFIC VOCATIONAL COUNSELING BUREAU, Rm. 504-5, 608 S. Dearborn.

MEN—25, PAST 45, TO DRIVE CATTLE and care for horses; no experience necessary; $65 monthly. Call 56 E. Randolph, 2d floor.

CAR CLEANERS—10, PAST 45, FOR ELEvated road; 22½c per hour; steady employment. Call 56 E. Randolph, 2d floor.

TRUCKERS—25, PAST 45, FOR EXPRESS company; $3 per day; steady employment. Call 56 E. Randolph, 2d floor.

Employment Agencies.

BIG MEN—SMALL MEN.
$600 TO $50,000.

We're short of men and craving for them in every department.
ADVERTISING DEPARTMENT—50 jobs for Sales and Advertising Managers, Assistants, Buyers and Miscellaneous Executives.
TECHNICAL DEPARTMENT—It makes no difference what priced man you are, we can place you. It's only a matter of getting in touch with the right man who knows your business. Factory Managers, Engineers, College Men, Technical Men, from $600 to $5,000.
ACCOUNTING DEPARTMENT—Traveling Auditors, Head Bookkeepers, Bookkeepers, Accountants, Assistants and Ledgermen. Opportunity was never greater.
SALES DEPARTMENT—40 Salesmen, $1,200-$2,000. If you have ever hit the right spot, if ever you got the name signed on the dotted line, here's a chance to connect with one of the biggest concerns of its kind in the country, a concern that appreciates and respects ability, one that promotes from its own ranks. Get in touch with our Sales Department immediately. These people will be here Monday morning.
We have 40 other openings in our Sales Department. Remember, all of these pay a bona fide salary or a guaranteed drawing account.
OUR CLERICAL DEPARTMENT.
SUITE 1924 THIS BUILDING.
Can use all of the young blood that they can get hold of. Young men who are desirous of climbing should get in touch with them immediately. Mr. Parsons' organization can place any Stenographer, Private Secretary, good Correspondent, or Office Clerk that will come to see him. Put your claim before him for one of these jobs in a personal way by seeing him immediately. It costs nothing to talk it over.
BUSINESS MEN'S CLEARING HOUSE.
1408-1924 Republic Bldg.

ENGINEERS AND FIREMEN WANTED—
Chief engrs. $90-$100 | Firemen ..$60-$90
S. o. cooks...$14-$18 | Engrs., 8 hr.$90-$100
Kitchen men..$10-$12 | Engrs., refrs.$28-$30
Night cook..$50, r. b. | Engrs., hoist.$90
Laundryman..$50, r. b. | Oilers .....$18-$20
Waiter ...$50, r. b. | Engr. r. hpmn.$70-$75
Counter men..$12-$14 | Maint. elect..$20-$24
Bread slicer..$14-$16 | Oiler, dredge..$18-$20
Housemen ..$35, r. b. | Learn trades..$10-$15
Bell boys ...$20-$45 | Milling mach.35c-40c
Hosp. orderl's..$40 and | Asst. engrs ...$90-$100
Bar porters ...$12-$15 | Lathe some ex.25c-35c
Lunch men ...$12-$15 | Bench hands..40c-45c
Auto washers..$20 | Assemblers ...40c-45c
Garage helps..$15-$18 | Drill press ...28c-30c
Col. auto washer..$20 | Punch press ...30c-35c
Drivers ...$12-$14 | Shear oper. ...30c-35c
Col. porters ...$12-$14 | Tool and die..50c-60c
Cost clerks ...$15-$18 | Auto repairs ..40c-50c
Office men ...$75-$100 | Auto repr. hlpr..30c-40c
Stenog'rs ...$80-$100 | Millwrights ...40c-50c
Indoor clerks..$15 | Welders ...40c-45c
Shipping clks..$65-$90 | Factr. mach. ..40c-45c
Packers ...$65-$70 | Steamfitters ...45c
Packers, mens..$65 | Blacks. hlprs..30c-35c
Elevator men..$14-$18 | Sheet metal ..30c-45c
Warehouse ...$18-$21 | Mach. hlprs ...28c-32c
GA SALES AGENCY, 166 La Salle-st.

YOUR POSITION GUARANTEED STEADY. HUNDREDS OF GOOD JOBS.
Chefs ...$18-$25 | Engineers ...$20-$32
Night cooks..$14-$17 | Firemen ...$18-$25
Kitchen men..$10-$12 | Elec. firemen ..$70-$90
Bus boys ...$10-$12 | Oilers ...$17-$20
Waiters ...$12-$14 | Coal passers..$17-$20
Countermen ...$12-$14 | Boiler room..$17-$80
Janitor ...$40, r. b. | Drill press ...30c-35c
Bell boys ...$15-$40 | Punch press ...30c-35c
Orderlies ...$20, r. b. | Welders ...40c-50c
Solicitors, porters$14-$16 | Factr. mach. ..40c-50c
Lunch men ...$15-$18 | Blacks. hlpr. ..28c-35c
Auto washers..$18-$20 | Mach. hlpr. ...28c-35c
Auto washers..$18 | Elect. elecs ...$75
Col. washers ...$22 | Elect. hlprs ...30c
Col. porters...$11-$15 | Learn trades..$10-$15
Gen. office ...$60-$80 | Bench hands..38c-50c
Shipping clerk ...$20 | Bench hands..40c-45c
Packers ...$15-$18 | Assemblers ...38-39c
Janitors ...$15-$18 | Handy mach..$18-$20
Express Co. ...$75 | Handy men...$15-$20
WASHINGTON EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
127 W. WASHINGTON-ST. 175.

THE ENGINEERING AGENCY, INC.,
ESTABLISHED 25 YEARS.
1601-1662 Monadnock Block. Harr. 4056.
OFFERS POSITIONS FOR
ENGINEERS AND DRAFTSMEN
in
Civil, Mechanical, Electrical, Chemical, Architectural, Manufacturing, and Structural Lines

MANUFACTURING EXECUTIVES:
Works Managers, Superintendents, Foremen, Master Mechanics, Cost, Efficiency, Production, Purchasing and sales.
NEW OPENINGS.
Sales Correspondents, Estimators.....$100
Chem., gray iron and heat treating..$150- 175
R. R. Map Draftsman.....$100-125
C. E. Asst., estimator, concrete.....$100-125
Contr. Supt., bldg. const.....$150- 300
Asst. Estim., conveying mach.....130
Struct. Estim., mine plants.....150
Struct. Detailer, shop drawings.....$125- 150
1662 Monadnock Block.

HIGH GRADE MEN.
WE HAVE IMMEDIATE OPENINGS
for Accountants, Bookkeepers, Correspondents, Cost Clerks, Ledgermen, Bank Bkkprs., Stenos., Shipping Clerks, General Clerks, Jr. Clerks, Boys—in fact, every sort of office position.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.
GLADER AGENCY,
314 Woman's Temple Bldg.
108 S. La Salle-st. Franklin 1014.

KINCAID, 618 S. DEARBORN.
POOL AND CAB. PLAYERS.
AUTO WASHER, PORTERS.
ELEVATOR OPERATOR.
MACHINISTS, BLACKSMITHS AND HELPERS.
TEAMSTERS, TRUCKERS.
FEMALE DISH WASHERS.
FEMALE SECOND COOK.

AUDITOR, 32-40 YRS, $1,800; BKHPR, 32-40 yrs, assist mgr., $1,800; bkhprs, $18-25 yrs., cashier, $18; bkprs, $18-$20; stenos., $15-$20; dictaphone, $20; ship. clk. (large), $18-$20; clks., good at 4g., $50 up; 25 boys, $8-$10.
SANGER, 17 N. La Salle-st.

ACCOUNTANT, $1,500-$2,000; BOOKKEEPer, $20-$25; Ledger Clerks, $75-$100; Gen. Office Clerks, $15-$20; Record Clerk, Auto Parts, $80; Stenographer and Clerk, $15-$16; Statistical Clerk, $15-$18; Junior Clerks, $7-$10.
Merchants' Cler. Exch., 903, 133 W. Wash-st.

CLERKS, BOOKKEEPERS, ASSISTANTS, STENOGRAPHERS, TYPISTS, BOYS, ETC. Can always secure a position through the Craig Agency.
CRAIG AGENCY,
Suite 614 Republic Bldg.,
State and Adams-sts.

BOOKKEEPER—$100 COST CLK., $35; AC-countants, $30 to $40; Steno., leave city. $18; Bill Clerks, long hand and typewriter, $15 to $18.
RAILWAY EXCHANGE EMP. BUREAU.
80 E. Jackson-blvd. Suite 451.

Y. M. C. A.
GOOD AND BETTER POSITIONS.
Executive, Sales, Technical, Clerical Men.
Suite 801, Central Dept. 19 S. La Salle-st.
Open daily, Tues. and Wed. evenings, 5-8.

EMPLOYMENT MGR. (SML. INTERCH. parts), $3,000-$5,000. Fdry. Supt., gas eng. const., Jr. Mech., Drafts., $80-$45. Asst. Sales Mgr., pkg. hse., and others. Efficient Service Co., 53 W. Jackson-blvd.

EXPER. BANK CLK., $125; STENO., $100. BUREAU OF EMPLOYMENT,
R. 308, 137 S. La Salle-st. K. M. Griffin.

WANTED—MALE HELP.
Employment Agencies.

BE A WINNER
VISIT THE A. R. B.
Your success is assured if you will only take advantage of our splendid opportunities. You cannot lose; if you don't accept what we have to offer it will not cost you a cent. All our openings are with sound, high grade firms. Today is the day to do it—look the following over.
Chemist, $2,600; Accountant, $150-175; Accountant and Correspondent, $150-175; Bookkeeper and Cost Man, $150; 5 S. B. positions, out of town, paying $95-110; Office Clerk, $75; Bookkeeper, $80-90; Bookkeeper and Cashier, $85-100; Credit Man, 40 to 50 years, $100; Ledgerman, $70-75; Stock Ledger Clerks, $70-75; Temporary Clerks, $12-15; Gen. Clerk, Office Clerks, $17-20; Jr. Ledger Clerks, $15-17; 2 Stock Clerks, $50-60; 5 Jr. Clerks, $40-50; 25 Office Boys, $6-11.
STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPISTS—Take advantage of our splendid offerings in this line by calling and looking over our lists.
REGISTRATION FREE.
AMERICAN RAILWAY BUREAU
(Chicago's Greatest Employment Bureau),
1131 Lumber Exch. Bldg. 11 S. La Salle-st.
Randolph 1049.

NO JOB. NO PAY.		NO JOB. NO PAY.	
Engrs., 6 day	$25	Cook	$15-$20
Engrs.	$90-$130	Kitchen men	$10-$14
Repairman, bldg.	$90	Kitch. man	$35, r. b.
Coal passer	$75	Saloon porter	$15
Col. firemen	$20-$23	Waiters	$50
Firemen	$20-$25	Bellhops	$20, r. b.
Marine elec.	$100	Bathmen	$15, r. b.
Band sawyer	$33-$38	Barmen	$70, r.
Toolmakers	$50-70c	Window washer	$70
Learn trades	$10-$15	Janitor	$75, r. b.
Shop boys	$10-$14	Store porter	$14-$18
Punch press	$28-$33	Auto washer	$18-$20
Pol. and buffer	$40-$55	Candy maker	$18
Lathe engr.	$40-55c	Watchmen	$65
Drill press	$30-35c	Office janitor	$65-$70
Shaper	$40-55c	Janitor	$60
Gauge shearer	$33-35c	Stock boys	$12
Auto repair	$40-60c	Hotel clerk	$50, r.
Val. janitor	$100	Bookkeeper	$90
Cabinetmaker	$18-$20	Gen. office	$15-$18
Engr.	$70	Checkers	$90
Lathe, some exp.	30c	Timekeeper	$60-$85
Millwrights	40c-50c	Office boys	$35
Millwrights	40c-50c	Steno.	$90
Blacksmiths	40c-45c	Steno.	$70-$75
Welders	40c-45c	Steno.	$70-$75
Factr. mach.	40c-45c	Steno.	$70-$75
Steamfitters	45c	Steno.	$70-$75
Blacks. hlprs.	30c-35c	Steno.	$70-$75
Sheet metal	30c-45c	Steno.	$70-$75
Mach. hlprs	28c-32c	Steno.	$70-$75
GA SALES AGENCY, 166 La Salle-st.			

YOUR POSITION GUARANTEED STEADY. HUNDREDS OF GOOD JOBS.
Chefs ...$18-$25 | Engineers ...$20-$32
Night cooks..$14-$17 | Firemen ...$18-$25
Kitchen men..$10-$12 | Elec. firemen ..$70-$90
Bus boys ...$10-$12 | Oilers ...$17-$20
Waiters ...$12-$14 | Coal passers..$17-$20
Countermen ...$12-$14 | Boiler room..$17-$80
Janitor ...$40, r. b. | Drill press ...30c-35c
Bell boys ...$15-$40 | Punch press ...30c-35c
Orderlies ...$20, r. b. | Welders ...40c-50c
Solicitors, porters$14-$16 | Factr. mach. ..40c-50c
Lunch men ...$15-$18 | Blacks. hlpr. ..28c-35c
Auto washers..$18-$20 | Mach. hlpr. ...28c-35c
Auto washers..$18 | Elect. elecs ...$75
Col. washers ...$22 | Elect. hlprs ...30c
Col. porters...$11-$15 | Learn trades..$10-$15
Gen. office ...$60-$80 | Bench hands..38c-50c
Shipping clerk ...$20 | Bench hands..40c-45c
Packers ...$15-$18 | Assemblers ...38-39c
Janitors ...$15-$18 | Handy mach..$18-$20
Express Co. ...$75 | Handy men...$15-$20
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127 W. WASHINGTON-ST. 175.

BOOKKEEPER—LADY, IN WHOLESALE house; must have experience in typewriting; give experience, references, and wages wanted. Address D 195, Tribune.

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CHECKER—EXPERIENCED. HARMONY Cafeteria, 328 S. Wabash.

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GIRLS FOR OFFICE WORK.

Preference given to those having high school education or business training.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.
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GIRLS—OFFICE EXPERIENCE; GOOD AT figures; state salary. Address H D 364, Tribune.

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An exceptional opportunity for live, wideawake young woman with real experience in high class millinery.
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Not now employed, over 25 years old, for special work; must be able to handle by business men interested in the business; therefore must possess tact, unusual personality, and be well educated. Liberal financial arrangement to right woman. Address E N 334, Tribune.

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WE CAN USE IMMEDIATELY SEVERAL MORE TYPISTS. PERMANENT PLACES WITH GOOD PROSPECTS FOR THE RIGHT GIRLS.

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Large west side corporation can use a few experienced typists. Permanent positions. Good salaries. Pleasant working conditions. 1307 Washington-blvd.

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CALUMET-AV., 4306, APT. 1G—TO RENT—Nicely furnished single front room, to young lady preferably; reasonable; steam heat, electric light; 7 c. express.

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DREXEL-BLVD., 3249— TO RENT—MEN'S ROOMS OF THE BETTER CLASS. Rooms with the best of furnishings, each with running water, new, modern building. Baths with shower. Ken. 4700; surf. 13 min. loop; $3.50 up. Drexel 780.

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GREENWOOD, 5465, 2D—TO RENT—FRONT room; also side room; suit for small family; no other roomers; light, well furnished, steam. Black. 3375.

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INDIANA-AV., NR. 63D—TO RENT—ELEG. furn. rm.; home comforts. Ph. Normal 928; KENWOOD, 5406—TO RENT—COZY, CLEAN light rms.; suit. or sin. room; 2 c. exp.

KENWOOD, 4357—TO RENT—LG. FRT. bedrms., mod.; 2 adj. good trans.; KENWOOD, 4357—TO RENT—LGE. FRT. rm.; neatly furn.; run. w.; stm. Mid 10067.

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FORTY-SEVENTH-ST., E., 1136, THE COLbrooke—To Rent—under new management; ex. rms. $3.50-$5 per wk. Kenw. 3185.

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INDIANA-AV., AND 42D-ST.—TO RENT—Room and board; $25-$30; use of private bath. No other roomers. Phone Randolph 2340 between 10 and 3, or Drexel 6587 from 4 to 6.

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PRAIRIE, 1756—2D APARTMENT — GENT, WHO appreciates lge. warm, newly furn. room; refined home; walk dist. Calumet 5520.

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PRAIRIE, 4047-49—TO RENT—FRT. PARlor, newly furn.; piano; $7 per week.

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WOODLAND PK., 646, 3D, NR. 34TH AND Cott.—Rent—Front room; stm.; priv. bath.

WOODLAWN, 6347, 1ST—TO RENT—LGE. warm, outside rm., opp. bath; refined home; gentleman; lady emp.; blk. L. Phone Hyde Park 1026.

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All outside rooms, single or en suite; 18 min. loop; everything new; run. wat.; $3 wk. and up; near Lincoln Pk. Diversey 4173.

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DEARBORN-STATION—TO RENT—BRIGHT, clean outside rm.; steam, elec. $2.75.

DEARBORN, N., 1013—TO RENT—2 ROOM suites; com. bath; rms.; pri.bath; mod.

DEARBORN-ST., 1259—TO RENT—LARGE furn. rm.; mod.; single or also 2 in suite.

DEMING-PL., 465, 2D — TO RENT — MODern room, 3 c. to pri. fam., nr. Clark & Pk.

DIVERSEY-PKWY., 901 — TO RENT — THE Sensible; $700 up; 2 blocks Clark-st. Swellest bachelor rooms in city; enough said; call; $3.50 and $5. Diversey 2810.

EASTWOOD, 4244, 1ST—TO RENT—2 NICE lg. furn. rms.; couple or 2 girls; wil. ex. Sun. 5836.

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FULLERTON-PKWY., 444—TO RENT—OUTside room; $3-$5; 2 blks. Dunning.

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HAZEL-AV., 4616, 3D — TO RENT—WARM front suite; 2 or 3; modern; Wilson exp. Sunny. 5018.

HOWE-ST., 2000, 2D—TO RENT—CORNER Center, front rm.; steam, elec.; bath adj.

IRVING PARK-BLVD., 3939—TO RENT—FRT. suite, 2d floor, front kitchenette, priv. bath; also lg. front room, hot and cold water; Sherman exp. L. 2 blks.

IRVING PARK-BLVD.—TO RENT—FRONT room, or share apt. Wellington 1198.

KENMORE-AV., 4911, 2D—TO RENT—BEAUtifully furn. front suite and side rooms; rent, pref. 3 unmarried. 6023.

KENMORE, 4490, 2D — TO RENT — UNusual 3 room suite; piano; also 1 single rm.; very desirable. Edgewater 1507.

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KENMORE, 4124, 2D—TO RENT—LARGE, furn. rms., up mod. apt.; st., elec., Sher. ex.

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MONTROSE, 823, 3D—TO RENT—LARGE, sunny rm., close to Wil. ex. Grace, 6124.

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OAKDALE-AV., 444, 1ST—TO RENT—MODern rm. conveniences. Ph. Graceland 5909.

RACINE-AV., 4358, 3D — TO RENT—LIGHT clean room, close to Wilson exp.

RUSH, 1040—TO RENT—ELEGANT LARGE mod. furn. rms.; choice location and home.

RUSH, 1434—TO RENT—DESIRABLE MODern furn. rms.; also 3 rms. for light housekeeping. Call 1 to 3 p. m.

RUSH, 818, APT. E—TO RENT—MODERN furn. rms.; steam; elec.; rear; walk dist.

SHERIDAN-RD., 4670—TO RENT—BEAUTIful front room, suitable for 2; use of PHONE IN ROOM; BATH, SHOWERS, HIGH CLASS SERVICE; 2 BLOCKS FROM LAKE; CLOSE TO SHOPS AND "L"; $4 TO $12 WEEKLY. SUNNYSIDE 6670.

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SHERIDAN, 5054—TO RENT—2 BEAUT. furn. rms.; connecting bath; lav., bach.; bus. couple.

SHERIDAN, 4546—TO RENT—NEWLY DEC orated; well furn. rms.; 2 with sun parlor, showers; Argyle exp. Sunnyside 6670.

SHERIDAN-RD., 4842, 2D—TO RENT—ATTRactive room adjoining bath; priv. fam., nr. Wilson exp. Sunnyside 6670.

SHERIDAN-RD., 4842, 2D — TO RENT — ELEgant rooms; priv. baths; pri. phone; hotel accommodations. Phone Sunnyside 8406.

SHERIDAN-RD., 5054, 2D—TO RENT—Dunning, side—To Rent—Beaut. fur. rms., run. w. Edg. 6869.

SHERIDAN, 4037—TO RENT—BEAUT. FUR. rm. with warm parlor; smaller one; 1 or 2; com. bath; break. opt.; Arg. exp. Streeter.

SHERIDAN, 4480—TO RENT—HOME COMforts, without the worry; rms. for discriminating people; also sgle. cot. Argyle exp. Sun. 6700.

SHERIDAN, 4338, 3D—TO RENT — FRT. rm., nicely furn.; mod.; steam; Wil. exp.

SHERIDAN-RD., 4826 — TO RENT—COMFrms. with bath; Sher. ex.; $4.50 up. Sher.

SHERIDAN, 4315 — TO RENT — LARGE, well furn. frt. rm.; also sing. rm.; Wil. ex.

SHERIDAN-RD., 5126, 2D — TO RENT — Beautiful furn. rm., bath; 1 or 2; fare 10c. WALTON-PL., 22, 2D—TO RENT—SINGLE rooms, running water, shower bath; walk distance. Superior 6263.

WILSON-AV., 4520—TO RENT—RMS. WITH lav., twin beds, also sing.; baths with shrs.

HOTELS.

HOTEL EUCLID, 6733 STONY ISLAND-AV. Rooms with bath, $25 month and up. $8 per week and up. Tel. Blackstone 07.

WISCONSIN HOTEL, OPP. LINCOLN PARK, 2626—Wisconsin-st.—Permanent and transient; 15 min. to loop. Lincoln 1343.

YOU'LL LIKE WEAVER'S HOTEL.— COZY, mod., 2 min. N.W.-L. 1016 Wilson. Edg. 2464.

NEW BACHELOR APTS.—REAS. RATES; elevator, shower baths. 1251 N. Dearborn.

HOTELS.

Hotel Del Prado

Occupies an entire block; southern exposure on Midway Boulevard (which is 700 feet wide and one mile long); right at the entrance of Jackson Park; also adjoins the Chicago Park system grounds. We have 400 rooms with bath.

TRANSPORTATION: Illinois Central express to 59th St. in 5 minutes; 12 minutes downtown. Two electric surface cars one block away.

RATES: American plan, 1 room, bath, and board, at from $17.50 to $24.50 per week per person. European plan, 1 room and bath, at from $30 to $50 per month per person.

Plenty of amusements at the Hotel Del Prado all this winter, dining and dancing for all our guests and their friends. Many families have been with us for more than 10 years. Tourists and new arrivals who contemplate making Chicago their home come out and enjoy the Hotel Del Prado service.

Large, airy, quiet rooms, luxurious beds, and a choice table in our dining room await you.

Telephone Hyde Park 2410, or come right out to our hotel, where personal attention will be shown you.

H. H. McLEAN, MANAGER.

The St. George

ON THE MIDWAY

BLACKSTONE AND 60TH.

MIDWAY 5756.

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Hotel Conveniences

and

the privacy of a home.

IDEALLY LOCATED.

Far from objectionable districts.

Near Jackson Park and University.

TRANSPORTATION UNEXCELLED.

I. C. express (15 minutes to loop) and surface cars to door. Elevated near.

FIREPROOF APARTMENTS.

Living room, kitchenette, bath, and sleeping porch inclosed in glass.

Parlors at service of guests.

EUROPEAN PLAN—$45-$60 per month. Heat, light and everything necessary for housekeeping furnished.

AMERICAN PLAN — $25-$40 per week for family of two. Includes maid service.

ST. GEORGE INN.

In connection.

Prices moderate.

Lakota Hotel

MICHIGAN BOULEVARD AT

THIRTIETH STREET.

EUROPEAN PLAN.

230 LARGE, BEAUTIFUL ROOMS, WITH PRIVATE BATHS, SINGLE OR EN SUITE.

$1.00 PER DAY AND UPWARD.

SPECIAL MONTHLY RATES TO PERMANENT GUESTS.

POPULAR PRICED CAFE.

TABLE D'HOTE BUSINESS LUNCHEON.

INSPECTION INVITED.

Hotel Warner

33D-ST. AND

COTTAGE GROVE-AV.

STRICTLY HIGH CLASS FAMILY HOTEL. 200 ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATHS. EXCELLENT CAFE AND LUNCHROOM. RECEPTION, TEA ROOMS AND PARLORS. TELEPHONE AND ELEVATOR SERVICE. EVERY MODERN APPOINTMENT. EUROPEAN PLAN. AND SURFACE LINE CARS. 15 MINUTES TO THE LOOP. CONVENIENT TO PARKS AND BOULEVARDS. SINGLE ROOMS, $1.00 UP. ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $1.50 UP. 2 ROOM SUITE WITH BATH, $3.00 UP. 3 ROOM SUITE WITH BATH, $4.50 UP. L. C. GRIFFITH, MANAGER. PHONE DOUGLAS 673.

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EXCELLENT HOTEL SERVICE.

Rooms single or en suite.

All rooms furnished in most up to date style, with baths; no kitchenettes. Nicely appointed rooms for small families. Telephone in every room.

A restaurant with home cooked meals a feature.

Popular rates. American or European plan. Ph. Kenwood 9000. F. H. ROTHWELL, Mgr.

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200 ROOMS.

FINEST BOULEVARD LOCATION.

Large, attractive rooms, with private bath, for TWO PEOPLE; $1.75 and $2 per day. Single room with bath only $1.25 a day. Every modern convenience; 15 minutes from center. Cottage rates. Fully air conditioned and Illinois Central two blocks. Phone Drexel 9573. CAFE THE BEST. MODERATE PRICES.

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NEW STANHELIN APT. HOTEL.

1 AND 2 RM. APTS. completely furnished; suitable for families, transients or single men. Regular hotel service, including maid service, valets, lights, ice, linen, phone, etc. Fine cafe in connection. Prices moderate.

6500 SHERIDAN-RD.

ROGERS PARK 7010.

"THE TYSON"

4257-59 GRAND BLVD.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED SUITES, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 rooms. Each apt. has private bathroom, kitchenette, large living room, bedroom, foyer, electric telephone service, and maid service; silverware and linen. Single suites, $12 week; $40 to $50 month; 2 room suites, $35 month up. Ph. Oakl'd 2604.

MOST EXCLUSIVE hotel on North Shore. Just opened. Every room with bath; single or en suite with private exposure. Beautiful sun parlor. Wilson, elev., Lin. 18 min. to loop; two blocks from lake.

2, 3, 4, 5 ROOM COMpletely furn. modern apts., exc. summer loc., good trans., fine for bachelors; maid service. Rate $70 per month and $20 per week up.

MODERN, FIRE PROOF; 16 minutes to loop, near beaches; block Wilson L. station. Single, 2 PLAN, 4 room suites, with bath. $45 to $75. HOMELIKE HOTEL.

COLONIAL HOTEL

6325 Kenwood-av. Ph. Blackstone 4400. Rates, $6 per week, $25 per month. AMERICAN PLAN. Under management of Hayes Bros.

MOST DESIRABLE hotel on North Shore. Private baths; special bachelor apts. Also furnished housekeeping apts. N.W. L 18 min. to loop.

NEW, MOD. ROOMS, sing. or en suite, with private baths. Ph. Wilson 6200. Phone in every room. Best transportation; $4.50 and up per wk.

100 LARGE OUTSIDE rooms with bath and phone. Perfect service; excellent cafe. One blk. west Wilson sta. 18 min. loop.

EXCLUSIVE FAMILY hotel; suites, rooms with bath. 2 blocks from lake. Phone Drexel 8100.

MODERNE

7506 SOUTH SHORE-DR. Ph. Reg. 9670. $5, Am. or European.

TO RENT—1 2 ROOM SUITES, 801-5 DREXEL-SQUARE. H. B. MORAN & CO., 8 S. DEARBORN-ST. RAND. 6840.

LINCOLN APT. HOTEL—1648 LUNT. BOGart 7200. Park; desk service for families, transients or single men. Regular hotel service, including maid service, valets, lights, ice, linen, phone, etc. Fine cafe in connection. Prices moderate.

STOP AT THE

CHICAGO HOTEL

State, 59c per day. Special weekly rates.

22 S. Clark-st., close to Madison-st.

HOTEL HARMONIA—

3000 Indiana-av. Phone Calumet 6200.

European plan. All conveniences. Rates $1 to $1.50 per day; $5 and up per week.

HOTEL NEWBERRY—

817 N. Dearborn-st., an exclusive American plan hotel; rates per week, single, $7 up; double $12 up; walking distance.

HOTEL NEW BRADFORD—

3000 Michigan-blvd. European plan. All conveniences; rates $1 to $2 per day, $3-$4 per week. Calumet 6200.

NEW MORLONDE, 4046 Sheridan-rd. Sunny. 7171. MODERN CONVENiences; perm. rates $6 wk. up; trans. $1.50.

HOTEL PRINCE, 510 S. DEARBORN-ST.—2 blocks north of Dearborn sta.—$2.50 to $3 weekly; 50c to $1.50 daily; newly furnished.

TO RENT—ELEGANT ROOMS, $5; HOTEL service; club; Calu. 853 Manitou-blvd. L. V. 5700

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD—AERONAUTICAL ENGINEER DEsires room and board in private family, Garfield Park preferred; give full particulars. Address C 323, Tribune.

BOARD WANTED—ROOM AND BOARD FOR 2 young ladies; state particulars. Address H G 240, Tribune.

BOARD, ROOM, AND CARE FOR SEMI-IN valid. Address E 418, Tribune.

ROOMMATES.

YOUNG LADY, EMP., SHARE MOD. well fur. 4 r. apt. with young woman; good trans.; S. S. $3. Address D 307, Tribune.

LADY WILL SHARE LIGHT HSKPG. APT. rms. with young lady; stm. Address X L 331, Tribune.

CONGENIAL BUSINESS LADY TO SHARE mod. 4 rm. apt. with lady. Ken. 7015.

TO RENT—HOUSES—SOUTH.

TO RENT—1906 PRAIRIE-AV. HANDSOME STONE FRONT RESIDENCE. SOUTH AND EAST EXPOSURE. 12 SPACIOUS ROOMS. Steam heat, tile bathrooms, parquet floors, beautifully finished throughout. Location and arrangement ideal for SCHOOL, STUDIO, MAIL ORDER HOUSE, OR OFFICE; $100. W. K. YOUNG & BRO., 140 S. DEARBORN.

TO RENT—3842 MICHIGAN-AV., 3 STORY granite, 16 rooms, 4 baths. FRANK H. LANG, 40 N. Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—HOUSES—NORTH.

TO RENT—10 RM. HOUSE, 29 E. OAK, $50. JAMES B. WALKER. Cent. 3210.

TO RENT—HOUSES—WEST.

TO RENT—8 ROOM COTTAGE, FURN. OR unfurn. 420 N. Sawyer-av. Garfield 1570.

TO RENT—HOUSES—SUBURBAN.

TO RENT—NORTH SHORE, EVANSTON TO Lake Forest, furnished and unfurnished modern houses. J. L. FLOYD, 35 N. Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—5 RM. BUNGALOW; 50 FT. LOT; by owner, 825 Wenonah-av., Oak Park.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSES.

TO RENT—FOR 2 MONTHS, 9 R. HOUSE; heat and janitor service included; reas. Edgewater 2334.

WANTED—TO RENT—HOUSES.

WANTED—TO RENT—6 RM. MOD. HOUSE; furnace; hot w. Address G X 575, Tribune.

TO RENT—FLATS—SOUTH.

TO RENT— TO RENT—

1 AND 2 ROOMS, 801-5 DREXEL SQUARE-BLVD. NEW FIREPROOF BUILDING.

4 ROOMS, 5472-78 UNIVERSITY-AV. SUN PARLOR AND IN-A-DOR BED.

5 ROOMS AND SUN PARLOR. 5419-23 MARYLAND-AV.

INDIVIDUAL REAR PORCHES. WHITE PANELLED DINING ROOMS AND ALL OTHER MODERN CONVENIENCES.

AGENT ON PREMISES. H. B. MORAN & CO., 8 S. DEARBORN-ST. RAND. 6840.

Delightful

2 ROOMS, 2 BATHS, NEAR UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO. ONLY $35; SOUTH EXPOSURE ON CORNER. DECORATIONS TO SUIT. KENWOOD BOILER. 1538 E. 61ST. COR. JACKSON-AV. ASK DOWLAND. ROGERS & CO. 729, 208 S. LA SALLE-ST. BLACK. 738 OR WAB. 6504.

TO RENT—

Apartments of Character. SOUTH BUILDING. 1538 E. 61st-blvd. Ultra-live 2 and 3 room suites. With bath and kitchenette. Beautiful view from Midway. PHONE WABASH 6504. Maid and Cafe Service. ROSS & CO., Agents. RAILWAY EX. BLDG.

TO RENT—CALIFORNIA APTS.

KELLSHORE HOTEL. 718-756 Irving Park-blvd. Ph. Wel. 26. 2 to 5 rooms, kitchen; fully equipped, individual maid service now active. High class cafe; commissary and hotel service. Maid service, light, gas, and linen included. $70 up.

TO RENT—1, 2, & 3 rooms with the cost of furnishings fully equipped for cozy housekeeping. Everything brand new and up-to-date.

THE MATABANICK. 5511 Kenmore-av. Edgr. 6420.

TO RENT—EASTWOOD BEACH APT. 101 EASTWOOD-AV. HOUSEKEEPING SUITES WITH HIGH GRADE APPOINTMENTS ON LEASE TO SELECT REFERENCES. SUNNYSIDE 2345.

TO RENT—THE GLENGYLE, NEW 8 STORY apt. hotel, overlooking lake; very exclusive. 2 and 3 rms., furnished apts., $110 per month, including light gas and service. 941 Glengyle-pl. east of Sheridan-rd. Phone Argyle 1. Andrew L. Johnson, Phone Sunside 4820.

TO RENT—THE HIGHLANDS, FIREPROOF apartment hotel; very exclusive; 2455 Green Bay-rd., 2 blocks Birchwood "L"; suites of 4 rms., $39.50 to $100; incl. light, gas, and service. Cafe. Phone Rogers Pk. 6100.

TO RENT—NEW FERNWOOD APTS., 4050-58 Sheridan-rd. Phone Wellington 36. Completely furnished 2 to 5 rooms kitchen, fully equipped, maid service, light and gas, linen; $20 and up per week.

TO RENT—ELEGANTLY FURN. 5 RM. apt., nr. lake and L sta. $70. H. E. HENDERSON & CO., 35S2 Sheridan-rd. R. P. 438.

TO RENT—NEWLY FURN., INCL. VIC tor, 4 r., $40; 5 r., $50. 1428 Belden-av., nr. Loyola L. and lake. Tel. Rogers Park 956.

TO RENT—MAGNOLIA TERRACE APTS. 5 rooms, completely furnished, incl. tile, nr. Argyle L. sta.; each: $13.50 per week and up. 4878 Magnolia-av. Sunnyside 6745.

TO RENT—NEW 5 ROOM APT., $40. 811-833 GALT-AV. 3 AND 4 ROOMS. 2 blocks so. of Wilcox, near lake. Inquire 811 Galt-av. Phone Wel. 1079.

TO RENT—422 DEMING-PL., APT. 8, 2 RM. apt., well furn. sun parlor, shower bath; near Lincoln Park; rent reasonable.

TO RENT—MODERN COMPLETELY FURN. 2 room apt.; in-a-dor bed; near Bismarck Garden and pk.; ex. trans. 637 Gary-pl.

TO RENT—4 ROOM FURN FLAT; STEAM heat; rent $40 per wk. 4007 Broadway. Ph. Sunnyside 5577.

TO RENT— APTS. 725 IRVING PARK-BLVD. Ph. Wel. 2972. High class 3 to 6 rooms; completely furnished.

TO RENT—444 FULLERTON-PARKWAY, 5 and 2 rm. apt.; $30 and $50. CUNNING.

Northwest Side.

TO RENT — FURNISHED APTS. IN THE RADCLIFFE, 2 AND 3 ROOMS, $40 to $60 per month. 4009 Irving Park-blvd. Phone Irving 353.

WANTED—TO RENT—FLATS.

WANTED — TO RENT — 6 OR 7 ROOM strictly modern apartment in Lincoln Park Dist.; or lake; furnished or unfurnished. Address G G 58, Tribune.

WANTED—TO RENT—4 ROOM NICELY furnished apartment desired in modern bldg.; about $45. W. J. R., Ph. Harr. 5080.

WANTED—TO RENT—MOD. 4 RM. APT., supp., conv. to loop; state details. Address D 417, Tribune.

WANTED—TO RENT—SMALL FURN. APT. heated, on West Side pref. Seeley 8148.

TO RENT—STORES—DOWNTOWN.

TO RENT — STORE 40X22, ALSO BASEment, 4000 sq. ft., S. W. cor. Wabash and Jefferson; floors carry heavy mdse. or mchy. Combined store and base. 3,280 sq. ft.; affords VERY CHEAP and desirable space. HENRY A. KNOTT. 1034, 208 S. La Salle-st.

TO RENT — STORES, 924 FEDERAL-ST., opposite Monadnock Blk.; modern building; long lease. For saloon or other lines.

TO RENT—STORES—SOUTH.

TO RENT—SINGLE OR DOUBLE STORES, with living rooms; 40 and $1200, in the most popular block in Garfield-blvd. (the State-st. of the South Side). Inquire in furniture store, 1301 E. Garfield-blvd. Drexel 5745.

TO RENT—705-7-9 E. 63D-ST. 45X125, suitable for auto salerooms, laundry, etc. will divide. Phone 1880. S. FISHER, 719 E. 63d-st. Went. 37.

TO RENT—LARGE STORE. 6818 Stony Island-av. Englewood 8950.

TO RENT—366 AND 368 E. 26TH-ST. STORES SUITABLE FOR ANY BUSINESS. FREE RENT TO MARCH 1ST. W. H. McCLELLAN, 29 E. 31st-st.

TO RENT—5967 PRAIRIE-AV., $25; HAVE fixtures for grocery or delicatessen. NEWMAN, 11 S. La Salle-st. Rand. 4980.

TO RENT—505 BOWEN-AV., GOOD STORE; cor.; very cheap. Inquire 2 doors north. CHESHIRE & SHOTWELL, 4304 Cottage Gr.

TO RENT—STORES, 1001 E. 63TH-ST., $35; 7758 S. Sacramento-blvd., $40. For drugs, barber, dry goods, baker, plumber, millinery, moderate rental. Address C 501, Tribune.

TO RENT—STORES—SOUTHWEST

TO RENT—ONE UP TO DATE STORE WITH 6 big rooms, toilet and bath, large yard, cement basement; fine for any line. Send for big light manufacturing; will make lease according to demand; moderate rent. Inquire at 1300 S. Ashland-av. Store located 1104 S. Robey.

TO RENT—STORES—NORTH.

TO RENT—STORES: SIX DIFFERENT LOcations; all good; any line of business except saloon. We have authority to make unusually low rent and give attractive leases, which will surprise you. BROOMELL BROTHERS, 111 W. Washington-st. Main 1402.

TO RENT—WANT LIVE TENANT MAY NEED FOR CHOICE LOCATION 1000 SQ. FT. L. STA. SUITABLE FOR AND NOW USED AS DRUG STORE. ADDRESS H B 556, TRIBUNE.

TO RENT — STORE, WITH A COMPLETE new cloak and suit fixtures outfit already installed; live corner; big future. 4729 Lincoln-av. Apply Lasker.

TO RENT—STORE, S. E. COR. BROADWAY and Wellington; good location for drugs, dry goods or confectionery. WM. H. MULLEN AND CO., 30 N. La Salle-st.

TO RENT—5 NEW STORES AT 542-4 N. Clark-st., nr. Belmont; $45; concession to April 1st. Good business here for any line. Phone Lincoln 44.

TO RENT—STORES—NORTHWEST.

TO RENT — STEAM HEATED STORES, basement, 2365-7 Elston-av., nr. Irving Pk. ADAMS, CARSON & CO. Franklin 780.

TO RENT—OFFICES AND STUDIOS.

Downtown.

TO RENT — FURN. PRIV. OFFICE WITH phone, R. 604, 29 S. La Salle-st. Cent. 73.

TO RENT—SMALL PRIV. WELL FURN. office, service. 20 E. Jackson. H. 1801.

TO RENT—OFFICES AND STUDIOS.

Downtown.

Mallers Bldg.

S. E. Cor. Madison-st. and Wabash-av. Most Central Location in Chicago.

Second floor corner, large space for BANK or RETAIL DISPLAY rooms; immediate possession.

Office space with unexcelled light in suites or general offices.

Apply Room 1109. — Randolph 6651.

TO RENT—FURN. 1 TO 4 PRIVATE RMS., use of reception room with attendant; 1,000 sq. ft. open space with typewriter desks, 3 stock rooms, best suite of offices in Masonic Temple; ideally adapted for mfr. distrib. sales agency, etc. NEWHOUSE. Central 544.

TO RENT—ATTRACTIVE DESK SPACE, INcluding telephone service; opportunity to reduce expenses for sales representative now having individual office. 837 Monadnock Bldg. Harrison 5748.

TO RENT — HANDSOMELY FURNISHED private office; unlimited phone, dictaphone. 608 Otis Bldg.

TO RENT—FURN. PRIV. OFC., ALSO DESK space, 17 S. La Salle. 480

TO RENT—WELL FURN. LARGE PRIVATE office, 1200 Steger Bldg., 25 E. Jackson.

TO RENT—FURN. PRIVATE OFFICE OR desk space, 20 E. Jackson. Suite 800.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE OFFICES IN LOOP, reasonable. 127 N. Dearborn. Rm. 925.

TO RENT—OUTSIDE FURNISHED OFFICE; great bargain. 503 Harris Trust Bldg.

TO RENT—LARGE, LIGHT OFFICE. RM. 2175 Transportation Bldg.

TO RENT—LIGHT PRIVATE OFFICE, $15; desk space $8. R. 550, 17 N. La Salle-st.

TO RENT—PRIVATE OFFICE, $20, OR desk room in quiet suite. Randolph 2140.

General.

TO RENT—OFFICE, SUITE OF 1, 2, 3, OR 4 rms. and reception rm., equipped for dentist or doctor. Chicago Ave. and Clark St. cor. 57th and Blackstone-av. Inquire B. Ackerman, 5657 Blackstone-av. H. P. 3370.

TO RENT—N. E. COR. WILSON AND Broadway, modern offices, rearranged for physicians and dentists. $24. GORDON STRONG & CO., 209 S. State-st. Harr. 8191.

TO RENT—FURNISHED FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT— TO RENT—

1 AND 2 ROOMS, 801-5 DREXEL SQUARE-BLVD. AGENT ON PREMISES. H. B. MORAN & CO., 8 S. DEARBORN-ST. RAND. 6840.

TO RENT—4329 ELLIS-AV., 1ST, EAST, desirable 2 rooms, completely furnished throughout; disappearing bed; sun porch; excellent trans. L. F. NORCOTT & CO., 1007 E. 63d-st

REAL ESTATE—FARM LANDS.

Minnesota.

FOR SALE—SURE REWARD AWAITS THE man who secures an AITKIN COUNTY farm before the holdings of our company are gone, for we, interested in locating settlers and the remainder of our lands, are helping you by giving prices down. If you buy of us now, you will get cheaper land on far easier terms than you will if you wait till speculators get hold of it. If you will think it stands to reason, doesn't it? Aitkin is nearest unimproved land to Chicago. DULUTH & NORTHERN RAILWAY, 161 Wolvin Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

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FOR SALE—JOIN OUR LOW RATE EXCURsion to the famous Judith Basin. December 18th, where the farmers are prosperous raising wheat, oats, alfalfa, cattle, and hogs. Write for terms. WM. H. BROWN CO., 5 No. La Salle-st., Chicago.

Oklahoma.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN—160 A. adjoining offset to production shallow Chetopa; $1,500. 2 wells, ready for pump. 1/8 R. est. 15 bbl. daily production; quick sale; $6,000. We also have proven acreage, 1,150 ft. deeper, 50 to 250 bbls. Sold to let and drill. Southern Oil Developing Co., 518 Insurance Bldg., Oklahoma City, Okla.

FOR SALE — TIMBER AND GRAZING lands, located in the famous Oklahoma oil, gas, lignite and mineral belt. Government patents. Purchaser gets all oil, gas, timber, and mineral rights. Price $5.80 to $7.50 per acre. Bank references. Call or write, WILL JAMES, 1330-34 OTIS BLDG., CHICAGO.

FOR SALE—A FEW THOUSAND ACRES RECently purchased from the government in Caddo county, Oklahoma; $12 to $20 per acre on easy terms. E. W. GAIR, 112 W. Adams-st.

Wisconsin.

FOR SALE—SETTLER'S OPPORTUNITY. 20,000 acres cutover land, $15 up per acre; 10 to 80 acres, sell to one person; $10 down per forty, balance payments extended three years, provided you live on the place and develop it. House and barn ready for use; cost added to price. Will grubstake you during farming season if you give entire time to development of land. During winter months there is a big demand for labor in mills and camps at good wages. Advance money for cow, chickens, and pig when you can supply feed. Terms and all necessary tools rented on easy basis. Soil and climate good for dairying, potatoes, root vegetables, grain, etc. Good markets, railroads, schools, and roads. Write today for further information. NORTHERN LAND CO., Box 1, Tomahawk, Wis.

FOR SALE—ON ACCOUNT OF SICKNESS owner will sacrifice his fine 80 A. farm; 50 in good timber, 30 under cultivation, balance pasture, some timber; fine creek; elegant brick house; fine big barn; basement 40x60 with 13 head Holstein cattle, 5 horses, pig, and chickens. Full equipment machinery; all crops. Price $8,500; $3,000 balance long time. Address H B 228, Tribune.

FOR SALE—500 RAILWAY FARM HOMES in Wisconsin; $15 cash, $5 monthly; suitable for diversified farmer. No crop failures. Best stock and dairy country in the west; close to markets. Special excursion if wanted. Low prices and easy terms. Write for Booklet No. 33. Address Soo Land Department, Soo Line Railway, Minneapolis, Minn.

FOR SALEOR EXCHANGE—160 ACRE FARMS IN FAMOUS dairy sections, Vilas county; most liberal selling plans ever offered to homeseekers. Write for complete and latest information. Our method of land selling. SANBORN COMPANY, Eagle River, Wis.

FOR SALE—160 A. $18 TO $30 AC.; RICH soil, clay subsoil, free clearing machinery; cash for timber while clearing; new settlers' assistance fund. Address Land Commissioner, Grandon, Wis. Gen. Office, 109 N. Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—40,000 ACRES FERTILE FARM land in the Drummond District of Bayfield County, Wis., at low price and on terms. RUST-OWEN LUMBER CO., Dept. "A," Drummond, Wis.

FOR SALE—A FEW IMPROVED, PARTLY improved. We are OWNERS. Liberal terms. Trades. LOEB-HAMMEL REALTY CO. [inc.], 343-4 Marquette Bldg., Chicago.

FOR SALE—LET US FURNISH YOU FREE information about the Chippewa Valley and Superior farming lands. Terms to suit your monthly payments. We are owners. Write Gates Land Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

FOR SALE—WE OWN 2,000 DESIRABLE $7.50 to $20 an acre; easy terms. Acts. wanted. GRIMMER LAND CO., Marinette, Wis.

FOR SALE—LAKE PROPERTY AND FARMS in Waukesha Lake region. FRANK E. BOYLE, Oconomowoc, Wis.

FOR SALE—UPPER WISCONSIN: SHEEP for sale; 400 up; 20,000 acres. Easy terms. R. M. PADGETT, 6541 Ellis-av.

Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE — BARGAINS IN FARMS FOR actual buyers or investors. Size, location, price. FRENCH & CO., 60 W. Washington-st. Central 4978.

REAL ESTATE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—SACRIFICE—OWNER FORCED to sell 5 room brick bungalow; sun parlor and fireplace; steam; fine; terms to suit buyer. Address H M 450, Tribune.

FOR SALE—6 ROOM HOUSE ON HALF lot; easy terms. Call Central 5491, 115 S. Desplaines, Room 1905.

FOR SALE—RIPE VACANT TO TRADE for contracts, mtgs., or houses. R. E. VANDERVORT Bk. Fl., 35 N. Dearborn-st.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

For Cash.

WANTED—3 FLAT BUILDING, SOUTH OF 63d-st. between Cottage Grove and Stony Island.

WANTED—TOOLEY, 6725 Stony Island, Rm. 1.

WANTED—THE BEST RESIDENCE IN ROGers Park or Evanston that $25,000 cash will buy. HENRY E. STRASSHEIM & CO., 1620 Sherman-av., Evanston.

WANTED—A GENUINE BARGAIN IN IMproved farm for $10,000, N. Ind. or Ill. Box 284 O., 730 First Nat'l Bank Bldg., Chicago.

WANTED—13 FLATS, NO. OR SO., FOR $2,000 cash and equity in good stove heated flat. Address H B 191, Tribune.

WANT 75-125 FT. FRNTG. [VACANT] W. Arenswood Pk. bet. Addison and Lawrence. Address H B 53, Tribune.

WANTED—2 OR 3 100-200 A. CHEAP; for B. or Crystal Lake pref. Address C C 155, Tribune.

WANTED—3 FLAT NORTH SIDE, FOR cash. JOHN B. DE YONEY & CO., 133 W. Washington-st.

WANTED—BY PRIVATE PARTY; BARGAIN in flat, 2, 3, or 5-r.; have cash. Address H B 478, Tribune.

By Brokers.

WANTED—WILL PAY CASH FOR EQUITY in 4, 12, 18, or 24 apt. bldgs. if a genuine, fair and make quick deal. E. E. WHOLE & CO., 79 W. Monroe-st.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

Apartments.

FOR EXCHANGE—SOUTH SIDE 8 APARTment building; rental $3,800 per annum. Price $31,000; What have you clear for equity? NEWTON B. LAUREN & CO., 110 S. Dearborn-st.

Iowa.

CHOICE IOWA FARMS.

Some trade will be accepted.

Write me what you have, black soil from two towns, in Mitchell, one of Iowa's banner counties. Some corn, small crops, well, and alfalfa; face the south on main road; a little farm you would be glad to own. Price, $100 per acre; will put in farm at 5% small town in the nine mile from small town in the south farm land of county; house in poor condition, but good and large enough for present use; $1,000 mtg. $6,500. No trade for city truck garden or general farm. $150 per acre; can leave at 5% on mtg. Some in main street and two miles from main street and seat of Mitchell county. 1,000 people; every acre smooth; a few scrubby oaks of little or no value. Write for block list; prices. This would make two fine farms divided. Owner too old to work. $200 per acre; can leave farm at 5%; a reasonable amount of trade for a reasonable amount of trade in farms. T. W. JACKSON, Osage, Ia.

Louisiana.

OPPORTUNITY

for purchasers now our railroad lands of Mississippi and Louisiana; terms of new packing plants, creameries, co-operative planting farms; farm of stumps and waste land paper gum and pines and cypress; report of clearing, drainage of the U. S. and State governments; prizes to increase food supply; brochure on farming conditions; invite out-of-town lands and home seekers, dairymen, farmers, and others to take advantage of this opportunity by taking up farm and live out of the large crops; easy terms; railroad maps, schools, and churches.

Here are low priced and on long time; the timber having been sold by lumber companies have no further use for the lands and are anxious to dispose of them at once; their great agricultural worth is to be use to you and our realty is the most desirable investment you can make. Are you looking for desirable lands? WALTER L. FISHER, Commissioner, N. O. Industrial Commissioner, 1140 Conway Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

Nebraska.

RICH SOIL IN KALKASKA AND Charlevoix Counties, Michigan; good roads, schools, churches and markets. Healthful climate, clover and alfalfa; 20, 40, or 80 acres at $20 per acre. Small down payment. Balance easy terms. You buy direct from owner. You become independent. Wage earners become independent by buying here. SWIGART & SON, 247 First Nat. Bank Bldg., Chicago.

40 A.; 30 CLRD.; 8 RM. HOUSE; $2,000; $1,250; $150 cash, bal. to suit. SS-TINNEY CO., Fremont, Mich.

Indiana.

40 A. NEAR CHICAGO; A1 level soil; completely stocked; $1,000 per acre. $35 buys 5 A. Call 4734 Kimball-av.

Iowa.

FOR EXCHANGE—FOR MY CLEAR 125 FT. on boulevard corner, I want a 6 flat for west side; rental value $2,400 per yr.; my corner worth $12,500; will assume $6,000. Address H B 257, Tribune.

WANTED—CLEAR FARM, WORTH ABOUT $20,000, or N. Side res., for my 18 apt. flat building; will give splendid deal. Address H B 146, Tribune.

EXCHANGE—3 FLAT, NORTH SIDE, near Irving Park; $4,500, and 6 flat, south side, $6,000; $2,500, for 6 flat, east Broadway, $25,000-$30,000. GEO. W. KELLY, 4610 N. Clark.

WANTED—MODERN 9 ROOM HOUSE $17,000; Fullerton-av. east of Hamlin; will accept as part payment for high grade investment same district. Address H B 408, Tribune.

EXCHANGE—15 FLAT; MTG. $34,000; RENTals, price $48,000; some trade, balance mtg. Will assume if furnished. Address H B 477, Tribune.

EXCHANGE—MODERN 3 FLAT S. S. lot, $9,000; rent $1,200; price $8,500. Clear lot will pay cost of improvement. Address H B 408, Tribune.

EXCHANGE—1626-28-30 FARGO-AV. near Jackson Park; 3 flats, $2,000 to $3,000; will trade for vacant or improved. Address H B 487, Tribune.

EXCHANGE—HIGH GRADE APT. EQUITIES for gasoline cars. Address H B 209, Tribune.

EXCHANGE—HIGH GRADE 18 APT. Sheffield-av. near Belmont; new, 4 and 5 rooms; rent $10,500; mtg. $55,000. Address H B 209, Tribune.

EXCHANGE—SEVERAL PIECES OF IMproved property for cash if bargain. Full particulars. DAVID LEVY, 1209 Ashland-blk.

EXCHANGE—4 FLAT, EDGEWATER DIST. rent $864; small mtg. for res. Address H B 209, Tribune.

Business Property.

EXCHANGE—8 STOVE HEATED STORES and flats; rent $2,220; price, $24,000; mtg. $15,000; will clear city property for equity. 1 STORY, CLARK-ST. BUSINESS property; 3 lots; 50 ft. front; 133 ft. deep; garage location, 86x140, near Grand-av. North Side income property. Owner, 5 S. Wells-st. Room 1, Tel. Franklin 5589.

Illinois.

FOX RIVER VALLEY DAIRY farms, from 10 to 220 acres.

FOR SALE—BY PRIVATE PARTY; BARGAIN in 7 A. poultry farm, Elgin, Ill. Address H B 478, Tribune.

OWNER WILL SACRIFICE 5 acre farm Cook co.; must be sold soon; $1,000 unless cash more terms H B 230 Tribune.

5 ACRE FARM; ALL BLACK soil; 1 mile from loop, adjoining Downers Grove; $2,000. T. TYDEN, 30 N. Dearborn-st., Chicago.

TRACTS OF 5 TO 20 A. WEST of Cicero; $500 per A. CASEY Bldg., Main 4724.

Indiana.

FOR EXCHANGE—SOUTH SIDE 8 APARTment building; rental $3,800 per annum. Price $31,000; What have you clear for equity? NEWTON B. LAUREN & CO., 110 S. Dearborn-st.

Iowa.

CHOICE IOWA FARMS.

Some trade will be accepted.

Write me what you have, black soil from two towns, in Mitchell, one of Iowa's banner counties. Some corn, small crops, well, and alfalfa; face the south on main road; a little farm you would be glad to own. Price, $100 per acre; will put in farm at 5% small town in the nine mile from small town in the south farm land of county; house in poor condition, but good and large enough for present use; $1,000 mtg. $6,500. No trade for city truck garden or general farm. $150 per acre; can leave at 5% on mtg. Some in main street and two miles from main street and seat of Mitchell county. 1,000 people; every acre smooth; a few scrubby oaks of little or no value. Write for block list; prices. This would make two fine farms divided. Owner too old to work. $200 per acre; can leave farm at 5%; a reasonable amount of trade for a reasonable amount of trade in farms. T. W. JACKSON, Osage, Ia.

Louisiana.

OPPORTUNITY

for purchasers now our railroad lands of Mississippi and Louisiana; terms of new packing plants, creameries, co-operative planting farms; farm of stumps and waste land paper gum and pines and cypress; report of clearing, drainage of the U. S. and State governments; prizes to increase food supply; brochure on farming conditions; invite out-of-town lands and home seekers, dairymen, farmers, and others to take advantage of this opportunity by taking up farm and live out of the large crops; easy terms; railroad maps, schools, and churches.

Here are low priced and on long time; the timber having been sold by lumber companies have no further use for the lands and are anxious to dispose of them at once; their great agricultural worth is to be use to you and our realty is the most desirable investment you can make. Are you looking for desirable lands? WALTER L. FISHER, Commissioner, N. O. Industrial Commissioner, 1140 Conway Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

Nebraska.

RICH SOIL IN KALKASKA AND Charlevoix Counties, Michigan; good roads, schools, churches and markets. Healthful climate, clover and alfalfa; 20, 40, or 80 acres at $20 per acre. Small down payment. Balance easy terms. You buy direct from owner. You become independent. Wage earners become independent by buying here. SWIGART & SON, 247 First Nat. Bank Bldg., Chicago.

40 A.; 30 CLRD.; 8 RM. HOUSE; $2,000; $1,250; $150 cash, bal. to suit. SS-TINNEY CO., Fremont, Mich.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

Farms and Acres.

WANTED—FOR MY CLEAR 110 ACRE farm, ½ mile from depot, southern Michigan, grows apples, cherries, and grapes; 2 completely cultivated, privately owned 17 years; $200 per acre; will trade for Chicago apartment property on South Side. Address G X 162, Tribune.

EXCHANGE—JASPER CO., IND., GOOD 400 acre improved farm; 300 acres cultivated; cash price $35,000; 1st mtg. $15,000, 5 yrs.; will accept desirable Chicago property and assume; only real farmexchange answer; long time 2d mtge. loan $10,000 guaranteed; clear details and owners only. Address H B 86, Tribune.

EXCHANGE—231 ACRES WITH 14 ROOM house 55 miles to Chicago for large apt. bldg. on N. S. BECK, 3930 N. Robey-st.

Houses.

$2,500 EQUITY IN NEW STM. HTD. RESIdence, delightfully modern, for small clear suburban home. D. W. NEWTON & CO., 447 N. Kedzie-av.

EXCH. 8 R. HOUSE, ½ ACRE, LIBERTYville, for rental income or land. ROBT. F. MUELLER, 29 S. La Salle-st.

Vacant.

FOR EXCHANGE—I WISH TO EXCHANGE a large, clear piece of vacant, located on Grace-st. near Francisco-av., as first payment on a two flat or garage; will assume a reasonable mortgage for a desirable property. Address F M 543, Tribune.

FOR SALE OR TRADE — IMP. VACANT, 2 lots; business lots; $18,000; clear; will divide; Lawrence and Elston. Address D 487, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—PROPERTIES AND FARMS FOR each, Can match any trade. State your wants for what you don't want. Describe fully. Arthur C. Lueder, 40 N. Dearborn-st.

WANTED—OLD IMPROVED CITY PROPERties and clear farms for exchange; a Can match any deal. C. J. CRAPERHAUS, 1340 E. 53d-st., Hyde Park 2976.

WANTED—6 OR 12 FLAT BLDG., NEW south of Jackson Pk. nr. lake; have 8 clear brick bldgs., stove heat; to trade. WILLIAM G. MONIGER & CO., 35 S. Dearborn.

WILL FIND TRADE FOR YOUR PROPERTY at once. HENRY E. STRASSHEIM & CO., 5026 Broadway. Edgewater 3302.

TO EXCHANGE—1 COPPER MINE, $250,000; 1 lead, silver $150,000. Make offer. SHAW, 230 S. La Salle-st. Wabash 6677.

LET US TRADE YOUR REAL ESTATE YOU don't want for what you do want. ROHN & SIMONS, 140 N. Dearborn-st.

TO LEASE & WANTED TO LEASE.

NORTH SIDE HIGH CLASS BUS. VACANT, for a lease of years. Write for list. Address G T 493, Tribune.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

5½% FOR PREFERRED SECURITY 5½% The names on our books include many borrowers and investors, and their families, who have been doing business with us since 1871. FORTY-SEVEN YEARS. WM. C. HEINEMANN & CO., 10 S. La Salle-st.

WE HAVE LARGE FUNDS ALWAYS ON hand to make second mortgage real estate loans. We also purchase first and second mortgage paper at liberal discount and let you know on same day we turn it down. CHICAGO MORTGAGE CORPORATION, 731 W. 12th. Phone Canal 1908.

SECOND MORTGAGES UP TO $20,000 made in 48 hours. Can quote you exceptionally low rates on well secured flat bldgs. and business property. Monthly payments and decrease in principal. S. H. NEWMAN. R. 1605, 11 S. La Salle-st. Rand. 4980.

C. G. MITCHELL & CO., 55 AND 6%% MONEY TO LOAN. QUICK ACTION. ANY AMOUNT. WE LOAN MONEY ON SUBURBS. WE LOAN MONEY TO BUILD. 69 W. WASHINGTON-ST. RAND. 351. ESTABLISHED 1890.

PROPERTY OWNERS, ATTENTION — I make 2d and 3d mtge. loans from $50 up on a few hours' notice. A call will convince you my rates are lowest in Chicago and my method of repayment the easiest. Loans also made to property owners on their own notes. C. E. REESING, Rm. 340, 140 S. Dearborn-st.

OLD ESTAB. MORTGAGE BANKING HOUSE will make choice 1st mtg. bond issues at current rates and commission, as an exceptional value. State amounts wanted and location of property. Address H G 526, Tribune.

TO LOAN — $ $ $ — MONEY ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE.

HIBERNIAN BANK, 208 S. LA SALLE-ST. LOANS ON REAL ESTATE, IMPROVED OR Vacant. Building loans a specialty. Quick action.

H. O. STONE & CO., Phone Main 1865. 111 W. Washington-st.

LOANS AT LOWEST RATES on Chicago Real Estate. UNION TRUST CO., 9 S. DEARBORN-ST.

SEE US FOR WHAT MONEY YOU WISH to borrow on Chicago real estate. H. O. CUMMINGS & CO., [Established 1890.] 40 N. Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN. On Chicago and suburban real estate. FIRST MORTGAGES FOR SALE. MEAD & COE, 39 W. Washington-st.

PRIVATE FUND, $100 TO $100,000 TO loan on 1st and 2d mtgs., 5½%; quick action, honorable dealing. H. K. GODDMAN, 21440, 111 W. Washington-st. Franklin 3533.

2d MORTGAGE LOANS IN 1 DAY; PRIvate funds, low rates, easy payments. We buy mortgages. See us first. SIMMONS BROS., 400, 69 W. Washington-st.

G. H. SCHNEIDER & CO., 10 S. LA SALLE-st. Telephone Franklin 3902.

REAL ESTATE LOANS. LOWEST RATES. BUILDING LOANS. PROMPT SERVICE.

SECOND MORTGAGE LOANS, $100 TO $200,000 made quickly on vacant and improved. Repayable in small monthly payments. 6%. F. A. MacHUGH, 160 W. Jackson-blvd.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED REAL estate. QUINLAN & TUCK, 40 N. Dearborn-st. 701 Davis-st. Evanston.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED CHICAGO real estate. WM. D. BERFOOT & CO., 58 and 60 W. Washington-st.

LOAN, 5 TO 10 YR. TERMS; ANN. PMTS. Arthur B. Coty & Sons, Loan Arts. State Mut. Life Ins. Co., 105 S. La Salle. Rand. 1445.

1ST MORTGAGE LOANS MADE PROMPTly on Chicago real estate. NEWBURY & CO., 6 N. Clark-st.

DRAPER & KRAMER, 25 N. DEARBORN-st.—Bldg. loans made on Chicago real estate in amounts of $1,000-$25,000. Mtgs. for sale.

JOHN B. KNIGHT CO., 74 W. Washington-st.

Real Estate. Loans. Rents. Insurance.

LOANS ON CHICAGO IMPROVED PROPERty. Bldg. loans 5% to 6%. CHARLES HILDRETH & CO., 26 W. Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE. OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 192 N. Clark-st.

EDGAR M. SNOW & CO., 69 W. WASHINGton-st., make large and small loans on imp. Chicago real estate at low current rates.

1ST MORTGAGE LOANS MADE IN CITIES of 25,000 and above. LEVY BROS., Westminster Bldg., Chicago.

CENTRAL REAL ESTATE LOANS WITHout commission. Northwestern Mutual Life Ins. Co., WM. SCOTT BOND, 25 N. Dearborn.

LOANS ON REAL PROPERTY AT BEST terms and rates. WM. A. BOND & CO., 25 N. Dearborn-st.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN ON 2D MORTgages. Benj. Biesinger, 69 W. Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON NORTH SHORE property. MASON & SMART, 1580 Sherman-av., Evanston, Ill.

LOANS FROM $2500 UP; VACANT OR IMproved city or suburban; mtgs bought and sold. ARTHUR C. LUEDER, 40 N. Dearborn.

$600 TO $2,000; $5,000, $7,500, 6% MORTGAGES FOR SALE. JOHN CARTHY & CO., 56 W. WASHINGTON-ST.

SECOND MORTGAGE LOANS ON IMPROVed city real estate; 6% discounting. A. E. WESTMAN, 139 N. Clark-st.

HAVE SPECIAL FUND FOR CHOICE 2D mortgage loans. Phone Main 4424 or address H. G. 850, Tribune.

MUST LOAN ESTATE FUNDS AT ONCE; LOW INT. ADDRESS D 543, TRIBUNE.

NORTH SHORE LOANS PROMPTLY MADE. McGIRR & ORR, 68 W. Washington-st.

MORTGAGES.

GREENEBAUM SONS' BANK AND TRUST Co.—First class Chicago first mortgages and bonds bearing 6 per cent for sale, $100, $500, $1,000, and upwards. Call or write 1st Nat. Corner La Salle and Madison-sts.

BONDS AND MORTGAGES ON CATHOLIC church property in denominations of $100 to $1,000 for sale. CREDIT & COMMERCE, 105 N. Clark-st.

SECOND MORTGAGE BONDS IN DENOMInations of $50 and larger, yielding 8 to 10%; payment of principal and interest guaranteed. Address H B 487, Tribune.

FOR SALE—CITY EDGE 6% REAL ESTATE mortgages, $100 and upwards. UNITED STATE BANK, 6000 S. Halsted.

6% 1ST MORTGAGES ON CHICAGO REAL estate, $1,000 per bit, collected without charge. WILL J. BELL, 68 W. Wash.-st.

1ST MORTGAGES ON IMPROVED FARMS to net 6%. S. T. BUTLER, Rookery Bldg.

LOANS—PERSONAL PROPERTY.

CHICAGO STATE PAWNERS' SOCIETY, Under State control. LOANS ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC. Lowest Rates.

You can pay loans back by partial payments. 32 W. Washington-st., N. E. Cor. Dearborn-st. Bank Floor, over Washington Shirt Co.

LOANS ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND jewelry at lowest rates. Geo. M. Poe, Reliable American Pawnbroker, 34 W. Monroe.

FINANCIAL.

WE PUT OVER DEALS OF MAGNITUDE. Mergers and consolidations our specialty. HARTMAN & PRATT, 39 S. La Salle-st.

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO, 134 SO. La Salle-st., makes loans on central property at current rates without commission.

INHERITANCE AND TRUST INVESTMENTS bought or collected. Loans. NORTON & CO., 1433 Conway Bldg., 111 W. Wash.-st.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

SHERWOOD & COMPANY, LISTED AND UNLISTED SECURITIES, 137 S. LA SALLE-ST.; CHICAGO.

COLLINS & COMPANY, CHEROKEE OIL.

AUTOMOBILES—GASOLINE.

USED DODGE BROTHERS MOTOR CARS. Good sturdy cars ready for any amount of hard service. Look well and run well. Two corking good bargains on hand today. Come and see them. Will accept your Ford as part payment. Dodge Brothers tour.....$400 Dodge Brothers rdstr.....475 Overland roadster.....300 Maxwell touring.....200 Fords.....$150 to 300 Time Payments. Peshkel Motor Co. Dodge Brothers Motor Cars. 2412 Michigan-av.

Closed Cars

We have some exceptional values, such as Marmon, Packard, Pierce Arrow, Peerless, Chalmers, Paige and White. Will sell these cars at bargain prices; terms if desired. MARMON CHICAGO CO., 2430 Michigan-av. Calumet 543.

COUPE—

We have one 4 pass. coupe, electrically started and lighted, good running condition, for immediate sale; $175. OVERLAND TRADING CO., 1444 S. Michigan-av. Ph. Calumet 7234.

1914 FIAT, 4-75, 7 PASSENGER TOURING car, roomy, powerful machine with lots of speed. Good paint. Seat covers in addition to complete equipment. A reliable and high grade machine. $1,000 (No. 8131. Ask for complete descriptive bulletin. PACKARD MOTOR CAR CO. OF CHICAGO, Michigan-av. at 24th-st. Calumet 7400.

$800 TAKES LATEST MODEL 6 CYL. 5 passenger Studebaker; driven from coast; Continental engine, just overhauled; paint, tires, and everything in fine condition. This is a snap at this price. MORTIMER, 1631 Michigan-av. Calumet 1061.

I HAVE A 1917 HAYNES, 6 CYL., 7 PASS. has just been overhauled and repainted; looks and runs like new car, that I will sell and guarantee. If you want a bargain, investigate this one. MORTIMER, 1631 Michigan-av. Calumet 1061.

SEND FOR OUR BULLETIN USED CAR bargains. This week's special bargain 1918 new 7 pass. Premier car, including two extra tires, bumper, spotlight, and full equipment. Can be shown by appointment. ROAMER MOTOR CAR COMPANY, 2420 Michigan-av. Calumet 6820.

A BEAUTIFUL WHITE TOWN CAR, 1916 model, looks like new, mechanically perfect. Car sold for $4,000.00 years ago. Must dispose of this car immediately. Will sell right. Must be seen to be appreciated. 2640 Michigan-av. See Hadley Outland. Cal. 5311.

TERMS

We have a number of fine Used Cars at extremely low prices; cash or time payments. MARQUETTE MOTOR SALES CO., 341 Monadnock Block. Harrison 4352.

STUTZ ROADSTER, VERY CLASSY, PRACtically new; 1918 Bearcat model; 16 valve motor; 5 wire wheels; 2 extra cord tires; trunk rack; driven 4,300 miles; price $1,975. Call evenings or Sundays only. Address B 147, Tribune.

JORDAN COUPE, 4 PASS., 1917 MODEL; A very snappy looking high grade car; just recently perfect; priced $1,650; original cost was $2,770. Chicago Motor Car Co., 2313 Michigan.

WOODS DUAL POWER COUPE, 4 PASS.; the famous combination gas and electric power plant; absolutely like new; cord tires; fine physical condition; sacrifice at $1,000. Chicago Motor Car Co., 2313 Michigan.

1916 STEARNS KNIGHT COUPE; RUN 25 miles; 4 cyl., 4 pass. Your wonderful chance to save some money on this beautiful job. Sold on account of sickness. SNOW, 1420 Michigan-av. Cal. 5600.

1918-SAXON SIX, SPECIAL SEDAN; BEAUtiful car; driven about 1,000 miles; wire wheels; practically new cord tires, including extra wheel and tire; must sell at once, regardless of price. 2437 Michigan-av. Calumet 543.

HARMON 34—7 PASS. TOUR. CAR; PRIvately owned, painted gray; excellent mechanical condition; extra tire; has seen very little service. Call Commercial Harmon Chicago Co., 2430 Michigan-av. Calumet 543.

FOR SALE — APPERSON JACKRABBIT touring car in first class mechanical condition; self-starter, electric lights, fully equipped, including heater. Snap for a doctor. Apply 209 N. Michigan. Central 3035.

1916 STUDEBAKER 5 PASS. TOUR.—6 cyl., painted military blue, equipped with seat covers, good tires; spare mounted; excellent mechanical condition. Bruno, 3129 N. Hamlin. Monticello 2367.

PACKARD, 1914 MODEL, BIG 6 CYLINder, 5 pass. touring; fine impression of touring body; engine and mechanical parts in fine condition. Limousine body, like new. Address C 156, Tribune.

FORDS. FORDS. FORDS. 50 Ford cars, all models. Prices $100 and up. Many cars practically new must be sold today. L. & M., 2901 N. Halsted-st.

FORDS—20 DELIVERIES, 1918-17-16 MODels, for everyone's need, for sale or open and closed panel bodies; all forced foreclosure cars; can save $25 to $150; must sell at once. 5044 Lincoln-av. Lincoln 4466.

1917 TOURING CAR, SIX SEDAN, DRIVEN less than 5,000 miles; cord tires, like new; must sell at once regardless of price. 2437 Michigan-av. Calumet 543.

1917 HUDSON SUPER SIX CABRIOLET, looks like brand new car; practically new tires; must sell at once regardless of price. 2437 Michigan-av. Calumet 543.

1917 HAYNES 5 PASS., FULLY EQUIPPED, lots of extras; new tires; exceptional snap; to move quick $875. Chicago Motor Car Co., 2313 Michigan.

1916 FORD, PANEL BOX DELIVERY CAR, fine condition; $325. Argo roadster, starter; $200. 3800 Fullerton.

STUDEBAKER SEDAN, 4 CYL., 5 PASS.; upholstered in broadcloth; excellent mechanical condition; paint like new; $400 takes it. Bird-Sykes Co., 2215 Mich.

1918 FORD TOURING CAR, RUN ONLY from agency to garage, 30 ft., in Goodyear tires all around; also coil lock. See owner, 2142 Haddon-av.

1917 OAKLAND, 5 PASS., SEE 7 COVERS, bumper, delivery car, extra tire. TRIANGLE MOTORS, INC., 2211 Michigan-av. Calumet 6813.

BIG BARGAIN — STUDEBAKER CABRIOlet, 3 passenger closed car, for summer or winter, complete $350 for quick sale. Cash and diamonds. 1104 S. Halsted.

FAIRY CHOICE SELECTION OF HIGH grade used cars. LOUIS GEYLER CO., 25th and Calumet. Calumet 3226.

E. M. F., 5 PASS.; DEM. TOP; 6 GOOD tires; good mechanical and coach condition; price $140; cash. Paramount Auto Exchange, 1462 Michigan-av. Calumet 7231.

1916 CHEVROLET MODEL 6 CYL., 5 PASS.; fully equipped, driven 2,500 mi.; perfect condition. Address H B 665, Tribune.

BUICK—LATEST MODEL 6 CYL., 7 PASS.; fully equipped, driven 1,250 mi.; perfect condition. Address H G 243, Tribune.

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF USED CARS. HARRY NEWMAN-STRATTON CO., 2447 Michigan-av. Calumet 5820.

FOR SALE—1917 ALLEN SEDAN, EXCELlent condition throughout, attractive price. Stanley Motor Carriage Co., 2300 Michigan-av. Calumet 1051.

FOR SALE—1917 BUICK 5 PASSENger, 6 cylinder, model D 45; must dispose of this at once. Call Douglas 2214.

BUICK, LATEST MODEL, 6 CYL., 5 PASS., perfect condition. 1,500 mi.; perfect condition. Address G N 231, Tribune.

1916 STEARNS KNIGHT COUPE; RUN 25 miles; 4 cyl., 4 pass. Your wonderful chance to save some money on this beautiful job. Sold on account of sickness. SNOW, 1420 Michigan-av. Cal. 5600.

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FOR SALE—1917 ALLEN SEDAN, EXCELlent condition throughout, attractive price.

AUTOMOBILES—GASOLINE.

MORTGAGE SALE. On Jan. 19th, 2 P. m., will sell at Public auction: 1 model D-6-45, 5 pass. Buick car, 1-7 pass. 6 cyl. Auburn, 1-7 pass. Cadillac, 1-5 pass. Velie, 1-5 pass. Ford, 1 Lexington roadster. These cars can now be seen, and sale will be held at CHARLES LANGE & BROS. CO., 2736-46 Armitage-av. Humb. 747. MARTIN & MARTIN, ATTYS.

AUTO FINANCE CO. WILL SELL YOU ANY MAKE OF CAR NEW OR USED, OR PURCHASE SAME FROM ANY DEALER OR INDIVIDUAL ON EASY PAYMENT PLAN. ALSO ADVANCE MONEY ON YOUR CAR. TAKE UP DEALERS' NOTES, AND GIVE EXTENDED TIME FOR PAYM

To Tribune Advertisers

The Tribune will publish as usual and circulate as usual every weekday and every Sunday.

As next Monday will be a holiday by direction of the Fuel Administrator, advertising in next Monday's Tribune will be particularly desirable and productive.

Newspapers will be in great demand and subscribers will have more time than usual to read and digest advertising.

Advertising copy for next Monday's Tribune should be ordered early, because the situation will be similar to that of last New Year's Day, when The Tribune was forced to reject many columns of advertising because of inability to print more than a certain number of pages.

The Sunday Tribune will be distributed as usual to upwards of 600,000 families, The Daily Tribune to more than 360,000.

IT IS IMPORTANT

that your copy for Tribune advertising, classified or display, be ordered in at once for *both* Sunday and Monday.

Always productive, Tribune advertising will be a better buy than usual every Sunday and Monday of this coal-conservation period.

The Chicago Tribune

The World's Greatest Newspaper

(Trade Mark Registered)